

# UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI MILANO-BICOCCA

# **SYLLABUS DEL CORSO**

# Malattie del Sangue A

1920-3-H4101D260-H4101D063M

#### **Aims**

To use the knowledge of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry and others basic disciplines in dealing with organ and/or apparatus pathologies.

To be able to critically evaluate the commonly used diagnostic methods in medical practice.

To recognize the signs and symptoms of major diseases, to understand the results of laboratory and instrumental tests.

To know the pathogenesis and prognosis of the handled diseases.

#### **Contents**

#### HAEMATOLOGY:

Etiology, anatomical and clinical characteristics of the main hematological (anemia, leukemia, myeloproliferative syndromes, coagulopathy). Interpretation of clinical signs and laboratory information for diagnosis; Including NGS techniques. Main therapeutic programs in hematologybased on evidence.

#### **Detailed program**

BLOOD DISEASES History and Examination in Hematology — Laboratory Examinations in Hematology (Hemocromocytometric Examination, Leukocyte Formula, Including Next Generation Sequencing Techniques Stem and progenitor cells of hematopoietic cells - the bone marrow - Classification and general clinical aspects of anemia — Anemia megaloblastic - anemia hypochromic, microcytic - deficiency anemia - anemia normochromic, normocitiche - Classification of hemolytic anemias - hereditary spherocytosis (general outline, to be completed in the Pediatrics course) - Emolytic enzymopathic anemia Emoglobinopathies and Thalassemies (general outline, to be completed in the Pediatrics course) - Anemia immunoemolitiche - Anemia from fragmentation of red blood cells blood groups - Transfusions of red blood cells and related complications - Classification of disorders of stem cell - Aplastic anemia, myelodysplasia - Acute myelogenous leukemia — Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia - Chronic myeloid leukemia - Chronic lymphocytic leukemia - Polycythemia Vera - Myelofibrosis - idiopathic thrombocythemia - lymphoma non-Hodgkin - Hodgkin's lymphoma - myeloma and monoclonal gammopathy - pathophysiological mechanisms of coagulation and laboratory diagnostic methods - clinical signs of bleeding disorders - Thrombocytopenia and platelet - congenital coagulopathy: hemophiliac - Coagulopathies acquired - platelet transfusions - Oncemopathic Therapy Elements - Autologous and Allogene Peripheral Stem Cell Stem Cell Transplantation.

#### **Prerequisites**

See "Patologia medico-chirurgica 3"

### **Teaching form**

See "Patologia medico-chirurgica 3"

#### Textbook and teaching resource

See "Patologia medico-chirurgica 3"

#### Semester

second term

#### Assessment method

See "Patologia medico-chirurgica 3"

## Office hours

by email

