



UNIVERSITÀ  
DEGLI STUDI DI MILANO-BICOCCA

## SYLLABUS DEL CORSO

### Analisi Matematica II

1920-2-E3501Q008

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#### Aims

A basic course in integral and differential calculus in several variables and ordinary differential equation

Expected learning outcomes include

Knowledge: acquiring the notion of Banach space with some classic examples in mind: continuous / limited functions on a compact interval. Understanding of the definitions and main results of the differential calculus in several variables and of the theory of ordinary differential equations

Capacity: acquire the main integration techniques for functions of several variables in domains delimited by

regular curves as well as the ability to apply the aforementioned abstract knowledge to concrete problems.

## Contents

Complete metric spaces and Banach spaces: examples. Sequences and series of functions. Directional derivatives, differentiable functions, higher order derivatives, critical points and local extrema. Integral calculus in several variables: Fubini's theorem; change of variables; polar, spherical and cylindrical coordinates. Ordinary differential equations: existence, uniqueness and continuous dependence on initial data. Implicit function theorem and Lagrange multipliers.

## Detailed program

1. Differential calculus in more than one variable.
  1. Directional derivatives. Differentiable functions. Link between the directional derivatives in the case of differentiable functions. Bonds between continuity and derivability and differentiability. Higher order derivatives. Derivatives of compound functions.
  2. Maximum and minimum in open sets: necessary condition for differentiable functions and level curves.
  3. Positive defined/semidefinite matrices and related Matrix criteria Hessian. Taylor's formula arrested on the second order. Convexity and related criteria for the recognition of their extrema.
  4. Recognition of the maximums and minima by the Hessian matrix
2. Integral calculus in more than one variable.
  1. Definition of Riemann integral for a real valued function of several variables.
  2. Measurable sets according to Peano-Jordan: necessary and sufficient condition for measurability in the case of bounded sets. Examples of measurable and non-measurable sets.
  3. Reduction method (Fubini's theorem) for multiple integrals. The center of gravity of a two-dimensional measurable set. Solid volume.
  4. Change of variables in double and triple integrals (\*): polar, spherical and cylindrical coordinates. Volume of rotation solids: Guldino's theorem.
  5. Improper integrals.
3. Curves and surfaces.
  1. Regular / piecewise regular curves in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . Length of a curve: equivalent definitions and independence from the parametrisation (proof of the Theorem 15.4 of the book of Giusti is not required). Curvilinear abscissa
  2. Theorem of implicit functions (Dini) in the two-dimensional case. Cartesian surfaces; sufficient conditions for one surface to be locally a chart. Vector product and theorem of Dini in the case of a function from  $\mathbb{R}^3$  to  $\mathbb{R}^2$  (without proof)
  3. Maximum and minimum in compact sets: Lagrange multipliers (proof only in the case of a constraint in  $\mathbb{R}^2$ ).
4. Sequences and series of functions
  1. Normed vector spaces: examples ( $C([a, b])$ ,  $B(I)$  (with  $I$  interval)  $C^n([a, b])$ ). Banach spaces.
  2. Theorem of contractions.
  3. Pointwise and uniform convergence for sequences / series of functions. Weierstrass criterion for the series of functions. Uniform convergence and boundedness/ continuity of the limit function. Pointwise / uniform convergence for derivatives of functions. Limits of sequences of integrable functions.
  4. Power series: convergence radius. Taylor series. approximation of integrals through the use of power series.
5. Differential equations
  1. Cauchy problem for first order equations. Theorem of existence and local uniqueness. Extension of solutions. Maximal solution and related properties (\*). Sublinearity condition. Theorem of existence and global uniqueness (proof is not required in the sublinear case).
  2. Equations of order  $n$ : equivalence with a system of the first order. Linear systems of the first order. Structure of the space of the solutions of a homogeneous system of the first order. Solutions in the non-homogeneous case. The Variation of constants method in the case of an equation of order  $n$ .

3. Exponential matrix: definition and properties. Calculation of the exponential matrix in the case where the matrix is diagonalizable on the real field. The calculation is required in the other cases only for  $3 \times 3$  matrices.
4. Solution methods for some particular equations and systems.

## **Prerequisites**

Analysis I, Linear Algebra, Geometry I

## **Teaching form**

lessons (8cfu), exercises (4cfu) and tutoring. Lessons in Italian

## **Textbook and teaching resource**

Textbook: C.Pagani; S.Salsa: Analisi Matematica 2 Ed. Zanichelli

Other teaching resources

Enrico Giusti: Analisi Matematica II ed. Bollati Boringhieri.

A. Bacciotti; F. Ricci: Lezioni di Analisi Matematica 2 Ed. Levrotto & Bella /Torino

C.Pagani; S.Salsa: Analisi Matematica 1 Ed. Zanichelli

Enrico Giusti: Analisi Matematica 2, old edition, Bollati Boringhieri

## **Semester**

First semester.

## **Assessment method**

Oral and written exam: weighted 1/2 and 1/2 of the final mark

In the written test it is required to demonstrate to be able to apply the theoretical contents of the course to solve problems. The oral test requires the ability to expose the statements and proofs of the theorems, the definitions, the examples / counterexamples and the calculation techniques introduced.

During the year there are 5 exam sessions in the following periods: two in the month of February, one in June, one in July and one in September. Each exam session includes a written test and then, in case of passing the written test, a theoretical / oral test a few days away. During the period of the lessons there will be two partial written tests which, in case of a positive overall result, will allow to directly support the oral exam in the month of February.

Minimum grade in the written part: 16/33 to be admitted to the oral exam

## **Office hours**

By appointment.

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