

COURSE SYLLABUS

Human Anatomy and Stomatognathic System I

2021-1-H4601D002-H4601D006M

Aims

Knowledge of the general anatomy and basic of the anatomy of the stomatognathic apparatus

Contents

Knowledge of the general features of the normal anatomy necessary to understand the basis of pathological changes

Detailed program

General Anatomy - Anatomic terms; planes, lines and anatomical landmarks; terms related to movement; principles of organization of the human body: cells, tissues, organs, systems; serous cavities and connective spaces, their location and content.

Muscular-skeletal system - Classification of the bones, muscles and joints. The skull: cranium and facial bones: general architecture of the skull and main characteristics of the individual bones; base of the skull: cranial fossae and major foramina with the structures that each transmits; cranial sutures; neonatal skull; nasal cavity, orbital cavity, paranasal sinuses; temporo-mandibular joint; general features of mimic and masticatory muscles. The vertebral column: general characteristics of the vertebrae and regional differences; atypical cervical vertebrae: atlas and axis; joints of the vertebral column; general features of the muscles of the back. Neck: main characteristics of the muscles of the neck. Chest: bones and cartilages of the thoracic cage; joints of the ribs and costal cartilages; muscles of the thorax, respiratory muscles, in particular diaphragm muscle. Shoulder girdle and upper limb: main characteristics of the different bones; shoulder and elbow joints, main features of the other joints; muscles of the shoulder, the rotator cuff, arm muscles, general features of forearm and hand muscles. Pelvis and lower limb: study of the hip bones in detail, main characteristics of the other bones; joints and ligaments of the pelvis, hip joint, knee joint, main features of the other joints; hip and thigh muscles, muscles of the leg, general features of foot muscles; Scarpa's triangle and adductor canal. Abdominal wall: anterolateral and posterior abdominal wall muscles; inguinal

ligament; inguinal canal. Pelvic floor; pelvic diaphragm; perineum.

Cardiovascular system - Heart: surface, structure, chambers of the heart, conducting system; heart vessels; pericardium; mediastinum: definition, borders and contents. Blood vessels: vessels structure (arteries, veins and capillaries); pulmonary and systemic vascularization, with major focus on: aorta and its branches; Polygon of Willis; blood supply of the upper and lower limbs; blood supply of the organs; superior and inferior vena cava venous system; portal vein system; anastomosis.

Lymphatic system - General organization of the lymphatic drainage. Thoracic duct. Position, relations, macroscopic and microscopic anatomy of the lymphoid organs: thymus, spleen, lymph nodes and tonsils; main lymph node chains.

Respiratory system - Nose, nasal and paranasal cavities. Position, relations, macroscopic and microscopic anatomy of the organs of the respiratory tract: pharynx, larynx, trachea, bronchi, lungs. Blood supply of the organs. Visceral and parietal pleura.

Digestive System - Oral cavity. Salivary glands. Position, relations, macroscopic and microscopic anatomy of the organs of the gastrointestinal tract: esophagus, stomach, small intestine (duodenum, jejunum, ileum), large intestine (cecum, appendix, colon and rectum). Other organs of the digestive system: liver, bile ducts, gallbladder, pancreas; their position, relations, macroscopic and microscopic anatomy, with focus on the different types of hepatic lobules. Blood supply of the organs. Peritoneum: general arrangement, ligaments, omenta, mesenteries, intraperitoneal and retroperitoneal relationships of the different organs.

Urinary system-Position, relations, macroscopic and microscopic anatomy of the organs of the urinary tract: kidneys, with focus on the structure of the nephron, bladder, ureter, male and female urethra. Blood supply of the organs.

Endocrine system-General characteristics of hormones. Position, relations, macroscopic and microscopic anatomy of the endocrine organs: pituitary gland and its connection with the hypothalamus, thyroid, parathyroid, adrenal gland, endocrine pancreas, pineal gland. Blood supply of the organs. General characteristics of GEP system.

Female reproductive system-Position, relations, macroscopic and microscopic anatomy of the female genital organs: ovary, uterus, fallopian tube, vagina. Blood supply of the organs. External genitalia: morphology, relations and structure. Main characteristics of placenta.

Male reproductive system-Position, relations, macroscopic and microscopic anatomy of the male genital organs: testis, epididymis, vas deferens, prostate, seminal vesicles and bulbourethral glands. Structures of the spermatic cord. Blood supply of the organs. External genitalia: morphology, relations and structure.

Integumentary system-Skin and its appendages. Mammary gland: position, relations, macroscopic and microscopic anatomy. Blood supply of the skin and mammary gland.

Special senses

Eye: the orbit and its contents, basic concepts on the structure of the eye-ball and its muscles. Lacrimal apparatus.

Ear: general structure and components of the outer, middle, inner ear.

Laboratories

To deepen and to reinforce the lectures' topics, gross anatomy laboratories will be provided. During this interactive teaching, students will use anatomy models, as well as they will be guided in the solution of quizzes and easy clinical cases, in small groups and under the supervision of the teacher.

In particular, by using anatomy models, students will recognize the main features of:

- Skull and skeleton
- Upper and Lower limbs
- Heart
- Thorax and Abdomen
- Male and Female Pelvis
- Eye and Ear
- Brain

Besides that, multimedia sources and 3D virtual models will be used to further improve anatomy knowledge.

Exam simulations will also be performed with multiple choice questions and/or open questions.

Prerequisites

College level scientific knowledge

Teaching form

Frontal lessons and practical experiences. Virtual dissection by using the 3D Anatomage Table.

During the Covid-19 emergency, lessons will be provided in presence (according to the rules given by the University) and in streaming. The link will be uploaded in the E-learning platform, as well as the recorded lessons.

During the Covid-19 emergency, in case of impossibility to provide the practical experiences in presence, learning material will be made available online on the e-learning platform. The microscopic anatomy laboratories will be provided by in streaming lessons.

Textbook and teaching resource

- G. Barbatelli e altri autori. Anatomia Umana. Fondamenti. Con istituzioni di istologia. Edi-Ermes
- G. Anastasi e altri autori. Trattato di Anatomia Umana (3 volumi). Edi-Ermes (ed), 2009.
- "Prometheus" testo-atlante di Anatomia, II edizione, 3volumi
- S. Standring. Anatomia del Gray – Le basi anatomiche per la pratica clinica – 41° ed. EDRA
- Ellis H, Mahadevan V. Anatomia Clinica - Edizione italiana a cura di F. Cappello - Idelson-Gnocchi (2019)
- Rezzani R, Rodella LF. Anatomia microscopica e diagnosi differenziale d'organo. EdiSES
- Mescher AL. Junqueira, istologia di base: Testo e atlante. Piccin
- Young B. Wheather, istologia e anatomia microscopica. Edra-Masson

Atlanti:

- Netter. Atlante di Anatomia umana, Frank H. Netter, Editore: Edra

- Anatomia umana. Atlante. Curatori: G. Anastasi, C. Tacchetti, Editore: Edi. Ermes

Semester

1st and 2nd terms

Assessment method

A mid-course assessment is scheduled for the end of the first semester, by a multiple choice quiz focused on Cytology, Histology, Gross Anatomy. Moreover, the knowledge of microscopic anatomy will be assessed by the identification of a histological slide.

At the end of the course, the assessment will be based on an oral examination focused on Head Anatomy.

During the Covid-19 emergency oral exams will be performed only online, using Esamionline platform for the written examination and the WebEx platform (with a public link on E-learning) for the oral one.

Office hours

Mon-Fri by appointment
