

# UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI MILANO-BICOCCA

# SYLLABUS DEL CORSO

# Anatomia Umana Normale ed Apparato Stomatognatico I

2021-1-H4601D002-H4601D006M

### **Aims**

Knowledge of the general anatomy and basic of the anatomy of the stomatognathic apparatus

#### **Contents**

Knowledge of the general features of the normal anatomy necessary to understand the basis of pathological changes

## **Detailed program**

General Anatomy - Anatomic terms; planes, lines and anatomical landmarks; terms related to movement; principles of organization of the human body: cells, tissues, organs, systems; serous cavities and connective spaces, their location and content.

Muscular-skeletal system - Classification of the bones, muscles and joints. The skull: cranium and facial bones: general architecture of the skull and main characteristics of the individual bones; base of the skull: cranial fossae and major foramina with the structures that each transmits; cranial sutures; neonatal skull; nasal cavity, orbital cavity, paranasal sinuses; temporo-mandibular joint; general features of mimic and masticatory muscles. The vertebral column: general characteristics of the vertebrae and regional differences; atypical cervical vertebrae: atlas and axis; joints of the vertebral column; general features of the muscles of the back. Neck: main characteristics of the muscles of the neck. Chest: bones and cartilages of the thoracic cage; joints of the ribs and costal cartilages; muscles of the thorax, respiratory muscles, in particular diaphragm muscle. Shoulder girdle and upper limb: main characteristics of the different bones; shoulder and elbow joints, main features of the other joints; muscles of the shoulder, the rotator cuff, arm muscles, general features of forearm and hand muscles. Pelvis and lower limb: study of the hip bones in detail, main characteristics of the other bones; joints and ligaments of the pelvis, hip joint, knee joint, main features of the other joints; hip and thigh muscles, muscles of the leg, general features of foot muscles; Scarpa's triangle and adductor canal. Abdominal wall: anterolateral and posterior abdominal wall muscles; inguinal

ligament; inguinal canal. Pelvic floor:pelvic diaphragm; perineum.

Cardiovascular system - Heart: surface, structure, chambers of the heart, conducting system; heart vessels; pericardium; mediastinum: definition, borders and contents. Blood vessels: vessels structure (arteries, veins and capillaries); pulmonary and systemic vascularization, with major focus on: aorta and its branches; Polygon of Willis; blood supply of the upper and lower limbs; blood supply of the organs; superior and inferior vena cava venous system; portal vein system; anastomosis.

Lymphatic system - General organization of the lymphatic drainage. Thoracic duct. Position, relations, macroscopic and microscopic anatomy of the lymphoid organs: thymus, spleen, lymph nodes and tonsils; main lymph node chains.

Respiratory system - Nose, nasal and paranasal cavities. Position, relations, macroscopic and microscopic anatomy of the organs of the respiratory tract: pharynx, larynx, trachea, bronchi, lungs. Blood supply of the organs. Visceral and parietal pleura.

Digestive System - Oral cavity. Salivary glands. Position, relations, macroscopic and microscopic anatomy of the organs of the gastrointestinal tract: esophagus, stomach, small intestine (duodenum, jejunum, ileum), large intestine (cecum, appendix, colon and rectum). Other organs of the digestive system: liver, bile ducts, gallbladder, pancreas; their position, relations, macroscopic and microscopic anatomy, with focus on the different types of hepatic lobules. Blood supply of the organs. Peritoneum: general arrangement, ligaments, omenta, mesenteries, intraperitoneal and retroperitoneal relationships of the different organs.

Urinary system-Position, relations, macroscopic and microscopic anatomy of the organs of the urinary tract: kidneys, with focus on the structure of the nephron, bladder, ureter, male and female urethra. Blood supply of the organs.

Endocrine system-General characteristics of hormones. Position, relations, macroscopic and microscopic anatomy of the endocrine organs: pituitary gland and its connection with the hypothalamus, thyroid, parathyroid, adrenal gland, endocrine pancreas, pineal gland. Blood supply of the organs. General characteristics of GEP system.

Female reproductive system-Position, relations, macroscopic and microscopic anatomy of the female genital organs: ovary, uterus, fallopian tube, vagina. Blood supply of the organs. External genitalia: morphology, relations and structure. Main characteristics of placenta.

Male reproductive system-Position, relations, macroscopic and microscopic anatomy of the male genital organs: testis, epididymis, vas deferens, prostate, seminal vesicles and bulbourethral glands. Structures of the spermatic cord. Blood supply of the organs. External genitalia: morphology, relations and structure.

Integumentary system-Skin and its appendages. Mammary gland: position, relations, macroscopic and microscopic anatomy. Blood supply of the skin and mammary gland.

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In particular, by using anatomy models, students will recognize the main features of:

- Skull and skeleton
- Upper and Lower limbs
- Heart
- Thorax and Abdomen
- Male and Female Pelvis
- Eye and Ear
- Brain

Exam simulations will also be performed with multiple choice questions and/or open questions.

# **Prerequisites**

College level scientific knowledge

# **Teaching form**

Frontal lessons and practical experiences. Virtual dissection by using the 3D Anatomage Table.

During the Covid-19 emergency, lessons will be provided in presence (according to the rules given by the University) and in streaming. The link will be uploaded in the E-learning platform, as well as the recorded lessons.

During the Covid-19 emergency, in case of impossibility to provide the practical experiences in presence, learning material will be made available online on the e-learning platform. The microscopic anatomy laboratories will be provided by in streaming lessons.

#### Textbook and teaching resource

- G. Barbatelli e altri autori. Anatomia Umana. Fondamenti. Con istituzioni di istologia. Edi-Ermes
- G. Anastasi e altri autori. Trattato di Anatomia Umana (3 volumi). Edi-Ermes (ed), 2009.
- "Prometheus" testo-atlante di Anatomia, II edizione, 3volumi
- S. Standring. Anatomia del Gray Le basi anatomiche per la pratica clinica 41° ed. EDRA
- Ellis H, Mahadevan V. Anatomia Clinica Edizione italiana a cura di F. Cappello Idelson-Gnocchi (2019)
- Rezzani R, Rodella LF. Anatomia microscopica e diagnosi differenziale d'organo. EdiSES
- Mescher AL. Junqueira, istologia di base: Testo e atlante. Piccin
- Young B. Wheather, istologia e anatomia microscopica. Edra-Masson

#### Atlanti:

- Netter. Atlante di Anatomia umana, Frank H. Netter, Editore: Edra
- Anatomia umana. Atlante. Curatori: G. Anastasi, C. Tacchetti, Editore: Edi. Ermes

#### Semester

1st and 2nd terms

#### Assessment method

A mid-course assessment is scheduled for the end of the first semester, by a multiple choice quiz focused on Citology, Histology, Gross Anatomy. Moreover, the knowledge of microscopic anatomy will be assessed by the identification of a histological slide.

At the end of the course, the assessment will be based on an oral examination focused on Head Anatomy.

During the Covid-19 emergency oral exams will be performed only online, using Esamionline platform for the written examination and the WebEx platform (with a public link on E-learning) for the oral one.

#### Office hours

Mon-Fri by appointment