

UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI MILANO-BICOCCA

SYLLABUS DEL CORSO

Chimica Fisica Applicata

2122-3-E2702Q099

Aims

D1 - KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING ABILITY

At the end of this formative activity, the student will have to demonstrate to be able to:

- 1 Describe the ionic transport processes in solution and in simple solid state systems
- 2 Describe the basic principles of conductivity in solution
- 3 Describe the basic principles of electrochemistry in solution

D2 - ABILITY TO APPLY KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING

At the end of this formative activity, the student will have to demonstrate to be able to:

- 1 Determine the ionic transport properties in simple systems
- 2 Use the laws of Fick
- 3 Understand and use the Nernst and Butler-Volmer equations
- 4 Understand and use the concepts of migration and diffusion.

D3 - AUTONOMY OF JUDGMENT

At the end of this formative activity, the student will have to demonstrate to be able to:

- 1 Choose the most useful techniques for the analysis of transport properties in solution and in simple state solid systems
- 2 Apply the concepts of conductivity and electrochemistry to the study of devices of technological interest

D4 - COMMUNICATION SKILLS

Knowing how to describe in a clear and concise written form, and to present orally the objectives, the procedure and the results of the processes carried out.

D5 - LEARNING SKILLS

Expected results:

- 1 Collect and understand new information useful for rationalizing transport and electrochemical properties
- 2 Collect and understand information about the technological evolution of electrochemical devices of technological interest, such as batteries and fuel cells.

Contents

lonic conductors: ion-solvent interaction, ion-ion interaction and transport properties.

Fundamentals of Electrodics: electrochemical thermodynamics and kinetics.

Applications to electrochemical devices.

Detailed program

Fundamental aspects, development and the relation of electrochemistry to other science. Ionic conductors: ion-solvent interaction, ion-ion interaction and Debye-Hückel theory; diffusion, migration and conductivity; solid state electrolytes. Fundamentals of Electrodics: electrochemical potential, double-layer theories and adsorption phenomena; electrochemical thermodynamics and Nernst low, electrode types; electron transfer at the interface and overpotential, charge transfer overpotential, exchange current, symmetry factor, Butler Volmer equation and Tafel low, diffusion overpotential and limiting current, other kinds of overpotential.

Electrochemical applications.

Prerequisites

Standard physics and mathematics knowledge. Basic chemical thermodynamics and kinetics.

Teaching form

Lectures

Textbook and teaching resource

Slides

Bockris Reddy, Modern Electrochemistry 1 – Ionics (second edition)

Bockris Reddy Gamboa-Aldeco, Modern Electrochemistry 2A – Fundamental of Electrodics (second edition)

Bard Faulkner: Electrochemical Methods, Fundamental and Applications (2° Edition)

Semester

first semester

Assessment method

The verification of the learning of the results foreseen by the descriptors D1-D5 is carried out through an interview, during which the student is asked at least two questions on different parts of the program (conductivity, electrochemistry). The interview, in addition to ascertaining the acquisition of knowledge and disciplinary skills, will tend to verify the student's capacity for critical analysis, judgment autonomy and expository skills.

Office hours

By appointment