

SYLLABUS DEL CORSO

Introduzione Ai Modelli Statistici

2122-1-F8203B029

Learning objectives

The course deals with the fundamental methodological and applied aspects of statistical modelling, according to both the descriptive and inferential perspectives. Main topics are the simple and multiple linear regression model for population data and sample data, and their analysis with the SAS software. The course is addressed expressly to three-year-degree graduates without previous education in statistics or quantitative methods.

Knowledge and understanding. This teaching will provide knowledge and understanding concerning:

- _____
- the application of the main methods for bivariate analysis through numerical exercises to be solved with the pocket calculator (i.e., without the aid of any statistical software)
- the logic and working of the SAS software and its use to carry out bivariate analyses and set up linear regression models along with the relative graphical representations
- the reading and interpretation of the analysis outputs produced by the SAS software.

Ability to apply knowledge and understanding. At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- apply the basic methods of bivariate analysis, establish the correct role for the variables (i.e., whether dependent or independent), and build the most suitable regression models according to the purposes of the analysis and the nature of the available data
- select a linear regression model that is both parsimonious and of fair goodness of fit through descriptive or

inferential statistical criteria

- interpret analysis results critically and identify any margin for improvement in the construction of the basic models applied according to either an interpretative-descriptive or a predictive perspective
- import external data files of various sources and formats into SAS and use the basic SAS syntax autonomously.

The course allows the student to acquire the main theoretical and applicative bases relating to the bivariate analysis and linear regression models necessary in any working context where data files are used and for the advancement of the university studies.

Contents

Mean and linear dependence relationships, mathematical versus statistical interpolation, regression function. Simple and multiple linear regressions for population data and sample data. Regression model selection using descriptive and inferential criteria. Outlines of the binomial logistic regression model. Analyses of empirical cases with the SAS software.

Detailed program

- Introduction to the principal concepts of dependence for quantitative population data: Mean dependence and linear dependence. Mathematical interpolation versus statistical interpolation. Regression function. Least-squares fitting criterion
- Linear regression: Least-squares line, goodness-of-fit, extension to more than one explicative variables, multiple and partial correlations, qualitative regressors
- Simple and multiple linear regression models for sample data: Normal multivariate distribution and its properties, model specification, assumptions, least-squares and maximum likelihood estimation methods, confidence intervals, testing statistical hypotheses
- Multiple regression model selection: Descriptive and inferential criteria
- Outlines of the binomial logistic regression model: Model specification, linear and multiplicative forms, odds and odds ratio, parameter estimation, testing statistical hypotheses, goodness-of-fit
- Analyses of empirical cases with the SAS software

Prerequisites

Knowledge of the topics covered in undergraduate courses of Statistics and Statistical Inference is recommended.

Teaching methods

Theoretical lectures in the classroom and practical exercises in the statistical-informatics laboratory with the SAS software.

Assessment methods

The exam consists of an oral test addressed to the theoretical and applicative topics dealt with during the course.

The theoretical questions concern the methodological aspects of the topics covered in the course and aim at verifying the theoretical knowledge acquired on the logic and essential aspects underlying population data analyses or sample data analyses, bivariate analyses, formal specification of regression models, determination or estimation of the parameters, assessment of model goodness-of-fit, and drawing of statistical inference in a modelling perspective. They also aim at verifying the ability to use the symbolic-formal statistical language autonomously, to provide definitions appropriately and to prove the main theoretical results analytically.

Textbooks and Reading Materials

- Teaching material uploaded on the course e-learning website (restricted access with password)
- Delwiche, L.D., Slaughter, S.J. (2012), The Little SAS Book: A Primer, SAS Institute
- Freund, R. J., Wilson, W. J., and Sa, P. (2006), Regression Analysis: Statistical Modeling of a Response Variable, 2nd edition, Academic Press
- Johnston, J. (1993), Econometrica, 3rd edition, Franco Angeli, Milano
- Littell, R. C., Freund, R. J., and Spector, P. C. (2002), SAS for Linear Models, 4th Edition, Cary, NC: SAS Institute Inc.
- Piccolo, D. (2010), Statistica, Il Mulino, Bologna
- Spencer N. (2004), SAS Programming - The One-Day Course, 1st Edition, Chapman and Hall/CRC, New York
- Zelterman, D. (2010), Applied Linear Models with SAS, Cambridge University Press, New York
- Zenga, M. (2014), Lezioni di Statistica Descrittiva, Giappichelli, Torino

Semester

First semester, first period

Teaching language

Italian
