

UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI MILANO-BICOCCA

SYLLABUS DEL CORSO

Gestione delle Emergenze Idrogeologiche

2223-1-F7501Q101-F7501Q110M

Aims

The primary objective is to provide the methodological knowledge and comprehension skills necessary for risk assessment and management with particular reference to drogeological risk.

The risk management cycle will be analysed in all its phases: from prevention and mitigation activities to the warning system. In this context, the Civil Protection system will be addressed in both the national and regional regulatory frameworks, with particular attention to the aspects of forecasting, prevention, rescue and overcoming emergencies.

The exercises will cover notions of thematic cartography aimed at emergency planning and will be carried out with the use of GIS tools

Contents

Program:

- Introduction to natural hazards
- · geological event concept
- Concept of risk applied to natural processes
- Risk and emergency management
- · Emergency planning
- Flood hazard
- Landslide hazard
- · Mitigation and monitoring
- · Insurance aspects

Detailed program

- 1. Introduction to natural hazards
 - * state of instability of the Italian territory
 - * state of the environment
- 2. concept of geological event
- 3. Concept of risk applied to natural processes
 - · Hazard, Vulnerability and Value
- 4. Risk management and emergency management
 - · Risk management cycle
 - Regulatory situation
 - Civil Protection Code
- 5. Emergency planning
 - Civil protection plans (contents of the plan, methods of implementation according to scale, regional, provincial, municipal).
 - relationship between spatial planning and emergency planning (CLE, emergency boundary condition, seismic microzonation)
 - warning system
- 6. Flood hazard
 - from catchment area to hydrometric thresholds
 - main Italian rainfall regimes,
 - river basin concept, morphological characteristics of river basins and parameters to represent them
 - hydrological characteristics of natural watercourses: hydrological regime
 - flow and flow transfer (flow models), regulation of the outflow of a natural watercourse;
- 7. Landslide hazard
- 8. Mitigation and monitoring works
- 9. Insurance aspects applied to natural hazards

Prerequisites

nothing

Teaching form

- Lessons tutorials, 4 credits 32 hours
- Laboratory experiences, 2 credits 20 hours

Textbook and teaching resource

Didactic material provided by the teacher and available on UNIMIB elearning website

Semester

second semester

Assessment method

PROJECT WORK, Development of a project; original idea or analysis of an existing case (e.g. municipal civil protection plan).

Oral interview on the project.

Office hours

To be agreed by email

Sustainable Development Goals

SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES | CLIMATE ACTION | LIFE ON LAND