

# UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI MILANO-BICOCCA

# SYLLABUS DEL CORSO

## Metodi e Modelli Stocastici

2223-1-F4001Q106

#### **Aims**

To provide a selection among methods, concepts and advanced models of probability theory and stochastic processes, from a theoretical and practical point of view.

At the end of the course, students will have acquired the following:

- *knowledge*: a selection among advanced results of probability theory (large deviations), stochastic processes (continuous-time Markov chains) and stochastic modeling (random graphs);
- *competence*: operational understanding of the probability language and advanced proof techniques (e.g. coupling);
- skills: ability to apply theoretical notions to the solution of exercises and the analysis of problems and models.

## **Contents**

The course starts with an introduction to **large deviations**, a theory that provides tools to investigate the probability of rare events at exponenial scale. In the second part of the course some advanced results for **discrete time**Markov chains are given, as well as an introduction to the **continuous** counterpart. In particular, the **Poisson**process will receive great attention since is the most important example of continuous-time stochastic process having discrete states. In the third part of the course we shall study topics related to **random walks**, a fundamental and rich object in probability. In the last part of the course we will discuss the theory of **random graphs**, a research topic that is receiving great attention.

## **Detailed program**

#### 1. Large deviations

- Cramer's Theorem
- Relative entropy and Sanov's Theorem
- Large deviations principle
- Contraction principle, Varadhan's lemma, Gärtner-Ellis Theorem

#### 2. Discrete & Continuous-time Markov chains

- Reminders (irreducibility, classification of states, ...)
- Markov property
- Invariant measures and convergence to equilibrium
- Semigroups and generators on countable spaces

### 3. Poisson process

- · Law of the increments
- Asymptotic properties
- · Waiting time paradox

#### 4. Random walks

- a) Random walks
  - Simple random walk on the integers
  - Polya's Theorem for simple random walks on the square lattice
- b) Random walks in random environments (RWRE)
  - Dirichlet problem for random walks on graphs
  - Solomon's theorem for RWRE on the integers
- \*c) Countable Markov chains
  - · Lyapunov function criteria for recurrence and transience
  - Applications
  - Another proof of Polya's Theorem
  - Branching processes with migration
  - Excited random walks

### 5. Random graphs

- Introduction to random graphs
- Erdos-Renyi model
- Connectivity and giant component in the Erdos-Renyi model
  - \*we may not cover some (or all the) material in this topic, depending on the speed of classes

## **Prerequisites**

The knowledge, competences and skills taught in classical probability and stochastic processes courses (random variables, martingales, conditional law) as well as those taught in mathematical analysis courses.

## **Teaching form**

Lectures and recitations in the classroom, divided into:

- theoretical lectures, focused on the knowledge of definitions, results and relevant examples;
- practical lectures, focused on the skills necessary to apply the theoretical knowledge and competences to both the analysis of models and the solution of exercises.

## Textbook and teaching resource

#### Reference textbooks:

- Q. Berger, F. Caravenna, P. Dai Pra, *Probabilità: un primo corso attraverso esempi, modelli e applicazioni* (II edizione), Springer (2021).
- E. Pardoux. Markov Processes and Applications: Algorithms, Networks, Genome and Finance, Wiley (2008).
- T. M. Liggett. Continous time Markox Processes (An Introduction), American Mathematical Society (2010).
- F. den Hollander. Large Deviations, Fields Institute Monographs, vol. 14. AMS (2008).
- R. van der Hofstad. Random Graphs and Complex Networks, Cambridge University Press (2017).
- G. Last, M. Penrose. Lectures on the Poisson Process, Cambridge University Press (2017).
- S. Asmussen, Applied Probability and Queues, Springer (2003).
- R. Durrett. *Probability: theory and examples*. 5th edition (2019). The book can be downloaded for free from his personal webpage https://services.math.duke.edu/~rtd/.
- R. Lyons and Y. Peres, *Probability on Trees and Networks*, Cambridge University Press (2016). The book can be downloaded for free from Lyons homepage https://rdlyons.pages.iu.edu/prbtree/book.pdf.

#### Other material:

- · Lecture notes
- · Other references / notes by the teacher

#### Semester

Spring term

#### Assessment method

The exam consists of two parts\*:\* **individual assignment of exercises** contribuiting one sixth to the final grade, and an **oral exam** contribuiting five sixths to the final grade, which will be converted as a 30 point score.

The **individual assignment of exercises** consists in the resolution of some exercises proposed during the course, which have to be solved autonomously by the students and due (at least) one week before the oral exam. This examination tests the continuity of learning as well as practical skills.

The **oral exam** consists in an interview lasting about 30-60 minutes and tests the knowledge of definitions, statements and examples presented during the course, as well as presentation skills related to a selection of topics and detailed proofs.

There will be 5 exam sessions (two between June and July, one in September and two in February).

## Office hours

By appointment

# **Sustainable Development Goals**

**QUALITY EDUCATION**