

# UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI MILANO-BICOCCA

# **COURSE SYLLABUS**

# Social Psychology - 2

2324-1-E2401P011-T2

#### Learning area

KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS USEFUL TO UNDERSTAND AND CHANGE THE RELATIONS AMONG INDIVIDUALS AND THE PSYCHOSOCIAL PROCESSES UNDERLYING GROUPS, ORGANIZATIONS AND SOCIAL SYSTEMS

## Learning objectives

Knowledge and understanding

- · Cultural and historical framework of Social Psychology and theoretical models of the discipline
- · Research methods in social psychology
- · Psychosocial processes related to individual and group behaviour

Applying knowledge and understanding

- The ability to dialogue with other disciplines
- The ability to apply the psychosocial models in different contexts: family, groups, communities

#### **Contents**

By the end of the course students will be expected to: recognize the key areas of social psychology, demonstrate a basic knowledge of the major theoretical frameworks in social psychology and demonstrate a basic knowledge of the relationship between theoretical perspectives and research methodologies.

## **Detailed program**

- The social and cultural origins of Social Psychology
- Main theoretical models in Social Psychology
- Types of research designs and research methods in social psychology (experimental method, laboratory method, field research, action research);
- The relationships between Social Psychology and other sciences (Physics, Biology, Sociology, Economics, History) Social Psychology and General Psychology, Psychodynamic Psychology, Clinical Psychology.
- Social Psychology main topics:
  - attitudes,
  - persuasive communication,
  - stereotypes and prejudices,
  - social representations,
  - conformity and social influence processes,
  - group and relationships between groups,
  - social cognition.

## **Prerequisites**

Nothing specific.

#### **Teaching methods**

The lessons aim to stimulate the reflexivity of students and students on the topics covered and their articulations also through questions and enjoyment of films or other mass media material.

All the material (lecture notes and, if possible, films) is made available on the e-learning site of the course.

#### **Assessment methods**

The exam is based on a written test and an oral exam, which focus on the entire program of the course and which are mandatory.

The written test, which consists of a multiple-choice exam to be performed on the computer in an IT laboratory, is aimed at ascertaining the acquisition of the basic knowledge of the discipline. The outcome of the written test consists of a suitability or non-suitability assessment for the subsequent oral examination.

Once the student has passed the written test, can therefore access the oral exam. The objective is to ascertain the acquisition of knowledge related to the main theories and research topics of the discipline, as well as the ability to understand the psychosocial processes through which it is possible to describe individual, group and social functioning.

The answers will be evaluated in relation to the correctness of the contents, the capacity to synthesize, to argue, and to identify the connections between the different areas, to the development of skills concerning a critical

reading of the phenomena discussed.

## **Textbooks and Reading Materials**

Hogg M.A.; Vaughan G. M. *Psicologia sociale. Teorie e applicazioni.* Milano: Pearson (Chapters 10 and 11 excluded)

Palmonari A., Cavazza N. Ricerche e protagonisti della Psicologia Sociale. Bologna: Il Mulino.

Slides (from the e-learning's course page)

Although this course is held in Italian, for Erasmus students, course material can also be available in English, and students can take the exam in English if they wish to do so.

# **Sustainable Development Goals**

GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING | QUALITY EDUCATION | GENDER EQUALITY | REDUCED INEQUALITIES