



UNIVERSITÀ  
DEGLI STUDI DI MILANO-BICOCCA

## SYLLABUS DEL CORSO

### Teoria dei Numeri e Crittografia

2324-1-F4001Q073

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#### Aims

In line with the educational objectives of the Degree in Mathematics, the course aims to provide the student with some of the fundamental concepts, methods and some techniques of Number theory, essential for understanding the main asymmetric Cryptographic systems based on modular arithmetic or on elliptic curves over finite fields.

The student is expected to have knowledge of main probabilistic primality tests, the deterministic test AKS; the knowledge of the structure of the group of elliptic curves over finite fields, with applications to the problem of discrete logarithm and of factorisation. It is also expected they have the ability to give proofs presented in the course, using given techniques to solve easy problems and the ability to study some more details of results presented during the course.

#### Contents

Some classical results in Number Theory are presented, with particular regard to factorization methods and primality tests, using modular arithmetic and Elliptic Curves.

#### Detailed program

- Integers and finite fields; Euler function; modular arithmetic
- Definition of a Cypher: public and private key
- Some topics about Prime numbers: Notes on Dirichlet's Theorem; Number Prime Theorem.
- An introduction to Dirichlet's characters.
- Prime numbers and factorization: pseudoprimes; primality tests (Fermat, Jacobj, Miller-Rabin AKS); (p-1)-pollard method for factorization; complexity of the alghoritms.
- Some remark about Riemann's zeta function; Euler'sFactorization; Riemann's hypothesis; extended

Riemann's hypothesis and some consequence on primality tests.

- Diffie-Hellman cypher; discrete logarithm
- Elliptic curves; group of the points of an elliptic curve on a finite field.
- Endomorphisms.
- Torsion points and Weil pairing.
- Hasse Theorem
- Cryptosystems on elliptic curves.
- Discrete Logarithm on Elliptic Curves
- Digital Signature: DSA, ECDSA
- Isogenies and cryptographic attacks.

## Prerequisites

Basic Algebra: algebraic structure; abelian groups; finite fields.

## Teaching form

Lectures (8 credits). They will be of two different kind: they will give knowledge of basic definitions, relevant results and theorems. On the other side, we intend to give skills to use results and knowledge in solving exercises and analysing problems

Some exercise will be made available regularly on the e-learning website to encourage participation

## Textbook and teaching resource

Main reference books:

- N. Koblitz, A course in Number Theory and Cryptography, volume 114 of Graduate texts in Mathematics, Springer-Verlag, second edition, 1994..
- H.E. Rose, A course in Number Theory, II edizione, Oxford: Clarendon press, 1994
- Lawrence C. Washington, Elliptic Curves, Number Theory and Cryptography CRCPress

Other help books:

- Maria Welleda Baldoni, Ciro Ciliberto, Giulia Maria Piacentini Cattaneo, Elementary Number Theory, Cryptography and Codes, 2009 Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg
- Graham Everest, Thomas Ward Introduction to Number Theory, Springer-Verlag London Limited 2005
- A. Languasco, A. Zaccagnini, Introduzione alla Crittografia, Hoepli Editore, 2004

## Semester

II term.

## **Assessment method**

Written and Oral examination.

- The written part consists of exercises where the students show their ability in using methods and tools introduced in the course.
- The oral part consists of two parts:
  - 1) discussion about written part;
  - 2) the student may decide between:
    1. to give a classical oral exam, where he must show his competence about subjects considered in the lectures, also giving motivations for applications of theoretical topics;
    2. to give a talk about a particular subject, which was considered not very deeply in the course.

In any case, the oral exam must verify the full knowledge of the subjects considered in the course, and the capacity of the student to be rigorous in the exposition.

The final result is achieved considering the average between the mark obtained in written+discussion (together), and the mark obtained in the subsequent oral part.

Mark range: 18-30/30.

## **Office hours**

By direct agreement.

## **Sustainable Development Goals**

QUALITY EDUCATION

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