



UNIVERSITÀ  
DEGLI STUDI DI MILANO-BICOCCA

## SYLLABUS DEL CORSO

### Intercultural Capacity

2324-2-F8701N082

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#### Learning objectives

The intercultural communication component of the curriculum of intercultural relations of the degree Program is constituted by two interconnecting parts taught by prof. Ida Castiglioni and by prof. Milton Bennett, "Intercultural Communication" and "Intercultural Capacity," respectively.

The main objective of the Intercultural Capacity course is to establish the relationship among perceptual development, intercultural sensitivity, and intercultural competence. The intersection of these concepts explains and guides how people develop greater competence in dealing with cultural "otherness".

#### Contents

The first part of the course will provide with competencies for describing, interpreting, and evaluating a culture; for the majority of people this still means referring mainly to its symbols and its "objective aspects". From an intercultural viewpoint, we'll talk about subjective aspects of culture through the development of so called etic categories of observation. 1) the pragmatic use of language; 2) nonverbal communication; 3) communication styles; 4) conflict styles; 5) perceptual (cognitive) styles; 6) value orientations.

The second part of the course will explicate Milton Bennett's Developmental Model of Intercultural Sensitivity in terms of constructivist perception theory and its application to exercising competence in intercultural relations. The model differentiates "ethnocentrism"—the denial of, defense against, or minimization of cultural otherness, and "ethnorelativism"—the acceptance of, adaptation to, or integration of cultural otherness. Movement through the stages is explained in terms of recognizing and reconciling dichotomies such as stability and change, and unity and diversity. The reconciliation of issues in ethnorelativism generates a form of ethicality that is well-adapted to intercultural and multicultural situations, which in turn is a necessary guide for personal development and change agency in small and large organizations.

## Detailed program

Research in the field of intercultural communication of the last 25 years, shows our interconnected and multicultural world demands both an intercultural mindset and an intercultural skillset. The intercultural skillset is necessary for communicating effectively and appropriately in a variety of cultural settings, both in international cross-border initiatives (e.g. international cooperation) and in domestic multicultural workforce management (e.g. increasingly social services are becoming multicultural in Italy and in Europe). The ability to use a framework for learning to learn is crucial in order to be able to identify potential misunderstandings (not only between different national/ethnic cultures, but also disciplinary differences, for instance) or areas of appropriate behavior. Also, current research shows how intercultural competence is associated to different stages of evolution. Where we are on this hypothetical continuum affects how and what we can learn from contact with intercultural difference. This is defined as Intercultural Sensitivity (Bennett, 2001).

The debate on intercultural competence will be accompanied by reflections and exercises in order to generate in the group a larger intercultural capacity.

## Prerequisites

Course faculty strongly encourage class attendance.

A basic knowledge of English language is necessary as the **course is taught in English**.

Erasmus students are welcome. They are invited however to come to class and follow through with actual presence and reading of assigned materials.

## Teaching methods

The course is organized through initial presentations and group discussions, followed by structured exercises. Every exercise creates the opportunity to apply different competences and to discuss implications both at a personal and professional level. Participants are encouraged to bring their own case studies to class in order to better understand the leverages to value cultural diversity and how to face natural resistance to change.

Structured exercises will provide the opportunity to “make experience” of every developmental position of the Developmental Model of Intercultural Sensitivity: the experience of perceiving cultural difference; the experience of creating categories; the experience of the cultural context; the experience of alternative cultural frameworks; and the experience of choosing one’s cultural frame.

## Assessment methods

Attending students will have intermediate steps of assessment and will make a final essay in Italian or English, according to preference, agreed upon during class time which will imply a small project or field research on the basis of the provided literature which will be discussed during the oral test.

Non attending students will sustain an oral exam in Italian or English, according to preference, in which they will have to demonstrate the understanding of texts and their application to concrete life experience.

Professor Ida Castiglioni will be the referent for final exams.

## Textbooks and Reading Materials

M. Bennett (2015) (a cura di), *La comunicazione interculturale. Paradigmi, Principi e Pratiche*, Franco Angeli, Milano.

M. Bennett (2013) Basic concepts of intercultural communication: Paradigms, principles, and practices. Boston, Intercultural Press

Non attending students must also read:

Bennett, M. (2017). "Constructivist intercultural communication." In Y. Kim (Ed), *Encyclopedia of Intercultural Communication*. Wiley.

Bennett, M. (2017). "Developmental model of intercultural sensitivity." In Y. Kim (Ed). *Encyclopedia of Intercultural Communication*. Wiley.

Bennett, M. (2013). "Stereotypes/generalizations." In C. Cortes (Ed) *Multicultural America: A multimedia encyclopedia*. New York: Sage.

Bennett, M. (2013). "Ethnocentrism/xenophobia." In C. Cortes (Ed) *Multicultural America: A multimedia encyclopedia*. New York: Sage.

all articles will be uploaded on the e-learning platform

## Sustainable Development Goals

QUALITY EDUCATION | GENDER EQUALITY | REDUCED INEQUALITIES | SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES

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