

# UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI MILANO-BICOCCA

## **COURSE SYLLABUS**

# **Nursing Care in Penitentiary**

2425-2-I0101D122

#### **Aims**

The aim is to enable students to approach health management in a detained person in prison and in Protected Medicine facilities.

In particular, the focus will be on:

- Reflecting on health and frailty in the prison setting
- Getting to know the reality of care in the prison environment by understanding some organisational models present in the Lombardy region today.
- Reflect on possible conflicts of values that may arise in the care of the detained person.
- Reflect on the importance of collaboration between the health team (nurse, doctor, etc.) and the security team (prison police) in order to carry out synergic actions to guarantee the health status of the detained person.
- Get to know some peculiar care situations that characterise the life of the detained person (e.g. hunger strike, solitary confinement, etc.).

### Contents

Reflect on health and fragility in the penitentiary context

Understand the reality of healthcare in the penitentiary system, including some organizational models currently present in the Lombardy region

Reflect on potential value conflicts that may arise in the care of incarcerated individuals

Reflect on the importance of collaboration between the healthcare team (nurses, doctors, etc.) and security staff (prison officers) in order to create synergistic actions to ensure the health of incarcerated individuals

Understand some peculiar care situations that characterize the life of incarcerated individuals

#### **Detailed program**

Reflecting on health and frailty in the prison environment

- -Physical and psychological conditions of prisoners >> Examine studies and statistics on the prevalence of mental disorders in prisons, considering stress factors, isolation and lack of social support. Analysing reports on chronic diseases, malnutrition, and access to medical care within prisons.
  - Prison health policies >> Reflect on current health policies and their impact on prisoners' health, with a focus on initiatives to improve health care.

Understand the reality of healthcare in the penitentiary system, including some organizational models currently present in the Lombardy region

- Health care organisational models in prisons in Lombardy >> Examine some of the existing health care structures, the personnel employed, and the resources available.
- Integration with the National Health Service (SSN) >> Study how prisons collaborate with the SSN to provide health and psychological care to inmates.
- Case studies >> Analysing examples of good practice and critical issues

Reflect on possible conflicts of values that may arise in the care of the detained person

- Ethics and deontology in prison care >> Examine the ethical dilemmas faced by healthcare and security professionals, such as patient confidentiality versus security.
- Human rights >> Reflect on how prisoners' human rights are respected or violated in daily practice and how
  conflicts between security and prisoner welfare are managed.

Reflect on the importance of collaboration between health teams (nurse, doctor, etc.) and security teams (prison police) in order to implement synergetic actions to guarantee the health status of the detained person

- Collaboration models >> Study of effective collaboration models between health and security personnel.
- Joint training >> Analysis of joint training programmes and their impact on collaboration and prisoners' health.
- Practical experiences >> testimonies and case studies illustrating how collaboration has improved prisoners' health management.

Getting to know some peculiar care situations that characterise the life of the detained person

- Hunger strike >> Study of care guidelines and practices for dealing with hunger-striking inmates.
- Solitary confinement >> Analysis of the psychological and physical effects of prolonged isolation and mitigation strategies.
- Emergency situations >> Insight into how health emergencies are handled in prisons, including protocols and available resources.

### **Prerequisites**

Defined by teaching regulations

#### **Teaching form**

- 4 hours delivered in face-to-face mode
- 4 hours delivered in face-to-face interactive mode (debate, case discussion, meeting with experts)

#### **Textbook and teaching resource**

DECRETO LEGISLATIVO 22 giugno 1999, n. 230 Riordino della medicina penitenziaria, a norma dell'articolo 5 della legge 30 novembre 1998, n. 419. https://www.normattiva.it/uri-res/N2Ls?urn:nir:stato:decreto.legislativo:1999-06-22;230!vig=

DECRETO DEL PRESIDENTE DEL CONSIGLIO DEI MINISTRI 1 aprile 2008 Modalita' e criteri per il trasferimento al Servizio sanitario nazionale delle funzioni sanitarie, dei rapporti di lavoro, delle risorse finanziarie e delle attrezzature e beni strumentali in materia di sanita' penitenziaria. (GU Serie Generale n.126 del 30-05-2008) https://www.gazzettaufficiale.it/eli/id/2008/05/30/08A03777/sg

Enggist, Stefan, Møller, Lars, Galea, Gauden & Udesen, Caroline. (2014). Prisons and health. World Health Organization. Regional Office for Europe. https://iris.who.int/handle/10665/128603

Ministero della Salute "Linee guida per l'assistenza sanitaria in carcere" https://www.salute.gov.it/imgs/C\_17\_pubblicazioni\_781\_ulterioriallegati\_ulterioreallegato\_1\_alleg.pdf

Internet sites for further information

https://www.sanitapenitenziaria.org/ Società Italiana di Medicina e Sanità Penitenziaria https://www.who.int/europe/health-topics/prisons-and-health – OMS Europa Salute e Carcere

https://www.coe.int/en/web/cpt European Committee for the Prevention of Torture and Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (CPT)

#### **Semester**

second semester

#### **Assessment method**

frequency

# Office hours

The lecture is available by appointment, which can be scheduled via email at massimo.alberio@unimib.it.

# **Sustainable Development Goals**

 ${\tt GOOD\ HEALTH\ AND\ WELL-BEING\ |\ QUALITY\ EDUCATION\ |\ PEACE,\ JUSTICE\ AND\ STRONG\ INSTITUTIONS}$