

# UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI MILANO-BICOCCA

## **SYLLABUS DEL CORSO**

# Clinica Neurologica in Riabilitazione

2425-2-I0201D136-I0201D207M

#### **Aims**

- "To know the main categories of neurological diseases: epidemiology, symptoms and signs, diagnosis, clinical course, and therapy."Sure,
- To analyze and evaluate pathologies with a medical and scientific approach from a gender perspective to improve not only the understanding of the various aspects underlying the differences but also the adequacy of health interventions. This aims to foster greater attention to the collection of anamnesis, instrumental, and laboratory data, as well as the drafting of medical records and reports in relation to the patient's gender.

#### **Contents**

NEUROLOGICAL CLINIC
DEMYELINIZING DISEASES
EXTRA-PYRAMID DISEASES
dementias
CEREBROVASCULAR DISEASES
DISEASES OF THE MOTONEURON
Brain infections
Neuropathies
Pathologies of the cervical and lumbosacral plexuses

#### **Detailed program**

1. Headaches and Craniofacial Pain. Primary Headaches**Pathophysiology**: Biological processes and underlying mechanisms. - **Genetics**: Genetic aspects involved. - **Therapy**: pharmacological and non-

- pharmacological treatments. Tension-Type Headache Clinical: Clinical manifestations and symptoms. Pathophysiology: Pathophysiological mechanisms. Diagnosis: Diagnostic methods. Therapy: Treatment options. Autonomic Trigeminal Cephalalgias Cluster Headache Primary Exertional Headache
- 2. Cerebrovascular Diseases Stroke- Epidemiology: Distribution and frequency. Risk Factors: Predisposing elements. Etiology: Causes of stroke. Atherosclerosis of the Neck and/or Intracranial Circulation Vessels Occlusion of Cerebral Perforating Arteries Cardiogenic Embolism Clinical Presentations General Symptomatology and Anatomoclinical Symptomatology Topographic Anterior Circulation Posterior Circulation Lacunar Syndromes Spinal Cord Vascular Syndromes Transient Ischemic Attack Subclavian Steal Syndrome Diagnostic Pathway Neurological Assessment Scales Acute Phase Therapy Primary and Secondary Prevention Cerebrovascular Pathology from Other Causes
- 3. Encephalopathies- Pathophysiology- Clinical- Diagnosis- Therapy
- 4. Epilepsy- Epidemiology- Pathophysiology- Etiology- Classification- Diagnosis
- Therapy- Status Epilepticus
- 5. Multiple Sclerosis and Other Demyelinating Diseases Multiple Sclerosis Epidemiology
- Etiology and Risk Factors Pathogenesis Clinical and Clinical Variants Course-Pathophysiology Correlation - Prognosis - Diagnostic Criteria and Methods - Therapy
- 6. Dementias- Alzheimer's Disease Epidemiology Clinical Etiopathogenetic Mechanisms Diagnostic Procedures Therapeutic Strategies- Lewy Body Dementia Epidemiology Clinical Therapy- Vascular Dementia Epidemiology Diagnosis and Clinical Characteristics Pathogenesis Diagnostic Pathway Therapy
- 7. Parkinson's Disease and Other Movement Disorders- Parkinson's Disease Epidemiology Etiopathogenesis Pathological Anatomy Clinical Diagnosis Prognosis Therapy (Non-Pharmacological, Pharmacological, Surgical)- Parkinsonisms- Other Movement Disorders Multiple System Atrophy Clinical Diagnosis Therapy Corticobasal Degeneration Progressive Supranuclear Palsy Choreic Syndromes
- 8. Ataxias- Pathogenesis- Clinical and Epidemiological Aspects- Clinical and neuropathological Presentations
- 9. Myopathies- Classification- General Clinical Characteristics- Progressive Muscular Dystrophies-General Treatment Principles for Myopathies
- 10. Neuromuscular Junction Diseases- Myasthenia Gravis Epidemiology Pathogenesis Classification Clinical Characteristics Diagnosis Therapy Factors influencing Disease Course
- 11. Motor Neuron Diseases- **Epidemiology- Clinical- Prognosis- Diagnostic Criteria- Etiopathogenesis- Pathological Anatomy- Diagnostic Pathway-** \**Therapy*
- 12. Peripheral Neuropathies- General Considerations- Clinical Approach- Critical Illness Polyneuropathy/Myopathy
- 13. Central Nervous System Infections- General- Etiology- Meningitis- Encephalitis
- 14. Traumas Spinal Traumas Clinical Degenerative Spine Pathology Lumbar Disc Herniation Cervical Disc Herniation

#### **Prerequisites**

to know the anatomy of the nervous system, neurophysiology, neurological semeiotics

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Expository Teaching (DE) with content presentation and illustration by the teacher. 3 hours will be conducted in Expository Teaching mode (TEL-DE) delivered in the form of video lectures by the course instructor.

# Textbook and teaching resource

textbook of neural repair and rehabilitation

#### Semester

first semester

#### **Assessment method**

written test with open question or oral exam upon request, from which clinical reasoning skills must be highlighted

#### Office hours

on demand

### **Sustainable Development Goals**