UNIVERSITÀ
DEGLI STUDI DI MILANO-BICOCCA

COURSE SYLLABUS

Low Environmental Impact Materials and Processes

2425-1-FSM01Q012

Aims

The course is aims at providing the knowledge and methodological bases to know and understand the principles that define sustainable and / or green chemistry in all the aspects related to this topic. The course presents underlying concepts, i.e., the 12 Principles of Green Chemistry, and their manifestations in the real world, in form of European regulations like the REACH and in form of processes and modern practices in research and development as well as in production within areas that are based on or comprise chemical transformations. The impact of sustainability on chemical processes and production is discussed introducing and applying sustainability parameters like atom economy or carbon footprint.

Knowledge and understanding
At the end of the course the student will have a fundamental understanding of:
• The main parameters to be evaluated to define a low environmental impact process.
• The correct definitions of green chemistry.
• The main indicators of environmental sustainability.
• The connections between sustainable and/or green processes and the (bio-based) circular economy.
• The scientific challenges connected to moving from an oil-based economy to a bio-based economy.
• The difference between sustainable processes, green processes and processes that are both sustainable and green.

Applying knowledge and understanding
At the end of the course the student will be able to:
• apply the concepts of green chemistry learned in the course that form the basis of sustainable development according to the UN 2030 agenda.
• judge whether a process qualifies as a green and/or sustainable process.
• describe means of sustainable processing.
• understand the impact of concepts like lab-on-a-chip and model organisms for sustainability.
• calculate some of the main environmental sustainability indicators in the chemical sector.

Making judgements

At the end of the course the student will be able to:
• apply the acquired knowledge in various contexts.
• transfer the concepts and approaches introduced in a certain context to connected fields.
• elaborate the concepts of sustainable and green processing discussed in the course.
• analyze the phases of the life of a product or a process;
• critically evaluate the results obtained from the application of the models;
• identify possible interventions to reduce the impacts.

Communication skills
At the end of the course the student should be able to
• analyse a chemistry-related problem in a clear and concise way.
• explain orally with a suitable language the objectives, the procedures and the results of the elaborations carried out.

Learning skills
At the end of the course the student should be able to different from those presented during the course, and to understand the topics covered in the scientific literature concerning the sustainability issue.

Contents

• The concepts of green chemistry and sustainable chemistry, their commonalities and their differences.
• The concept of biorefinery for the production of sustainable raw materials.
• Responsible and sustainable use of non-renewable resources such as metals, aspects of recycling within a circular economy.
• The reactivity of chemical compounds in the environment.
• Sustainable processes for the production of standard materials, platform chemicals and performance materials.
• Sustainable processes in the field of chemistry for the production of fine chemicals.
• Sustainability in the field of nanomaterials.
• Aspects on sustainable energy and batteries, including their recycling.

Detailed program

• Evolution of sustainability in industrial syntheses on the basis of selected examples.
• Evolution of the concepts of green chemistry and sustainable chemistry.
• Common points and differences between green chemistry and sustainable chemistry.
• Description of the main renewable resources suitable for substituting oil as main raw material source for the chemical industry with particular reference to the structure of lignocellulosic materials.
• The concept of bio-refinery with examples and applications in Italy and Europe, also in view of the circular economy.
• Synthesis of chemicals from renewable sources with sustainable processes.
• Sustainable and / or green concepts for performing chemical reactions, for example flow chemistry.
• Sustainable processes in chemistry-related fields: point-of-care-devices, organ-on-a-chip, model organisms.
• Synthesis and advantages of sustainable nanomaterials, and associated regulatory aspects.
• Synthesis of new biodegradable and non-biodegradable materials starting from renewable sources with sustainable processes.
• Recycling, downcycling and upcycling as tools for the circular economy.
• The integration of sustainable processes within the circular economy and their construction.
• Description of the challenges associated with the recycling and reuse of various materials, including precious metals; concept of urban mining.

• Distribution of elements across various environments using (anthro)biogeochemical cycles.
• Sustainable mining activities.
• Regulatory tools, especially REACH, for implementing sustainability and environmental compatibility in socio-economic contexts and legislation.
• Case studies.

Prerequisites

• Basic knowledge of organic and inorganic chemistry and biology.
• Basic notions of thermodynamics.

Teaching form

• 6 CFUs of theoretical lessons in the classroom (48 hours):
-> 20 two-hour lectures, in person, Delivered Didactics;
-> 4 two-hour lectures, in person, reading and discsussing scientific articles in aula, Mixed Didattics / Seminar.
• Case studies, to be prepared during the lessons by the students in groups according to various schemes, with final discussions together.

Textbook and teaching resource

• M. Aresta, A. Dibenedetto, F. Dumeignil
Biorefineries – An introduction
De Gruyter
• P.T. Anastas
Green Chemistry - Theory and Practice
Oxfod University Press
• slides
• notes shown during lectures and additional material on selected topics, i.e., scientific articles, made available on the e-learning website of the course.

Semester

II semester (March - June)

Assessment method

The final exam consists of an oral exam at the end of the course, with a score between 18-30/30, which consists of the discussion of various topics discussed during the lessons, linking the concepts to an industrial process or to a new biorefinery or green chemistry process presented in a scientific article, to arrive at a critical evaluation of the

presented process from the point of view of overall sustainability.

Evaluation will be based on the following criteria: (1) knowledge and understanding; (2) ability to connect different concepts; (3) autonomy of analysis and judgment; (4) ability to use scientific language correctly.

The discussion of the exam is based on a short 10-minute powerpoint presentation that must be prepared by the student for the exam; the article and / or documentation of the process to be evaluated will be sent to the student one week before the exam.

In the event of a pandemic emergency, the exam will always be as described above, but held on the Webex platform.

Office hours

Always, after scheduling an appointment *via* phone or e-mail.

Sustainable Development Goals

QUALITY EDUCATION