

# UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI MILANO-BICOCCA

# SYLLABUS DEL CORSO

# Farmacologia dei Chemioterapici

2425-1-F0601Q056

#### **Aims**

Due to the medical need in the control of bacterial and viral infections as well as of tumors, the Pharmacology of Chemotherapeutics is a discipline in continuous evolution. Through this course, students acquire knowledge concerning the mechanism of action of the chemotherapeutics used actually. Furthermore, the most innovative therapeutic strategies, based on advanced technologies, are presented. In particular: a) Knowledge and understanding: at the end of the course the student will have acquired the knowledge about the mechanism of action of Chemotherapeutics and the ability to properly understand the relationship between the molecular mechanism and therapeutic effect; b) Applying knowledge and understanding: the student will be able to propose alternatives to the current pharmacological strategies, such as nwe formulations or new drug delivery, applied in order to bypass actual problems; c) Making judgements: the student will be able to propose alternatives to the current pharmacological strategies on the basis of the knowledges acquired during the course; d) Communication skills: at the end of the course the student will have acquired adequate pharmacological language throught which he'll be able to describe the pharmacology of Chemotherapeutics; e) Learning skills: the student will have expertise useful to be applied in other pharmacological studies or in research project.

#### **Contents**

The course will describe the chemotherapy of antibacterial, antiviral and antineoplastic drugs and innovative strategies against cancer such as anti-angiogenic therapy, anticancer immunotherapy and gene therapy of cancer

### **Detailed program**

1) Mechanism of action of antibacterial drugs (cell wall inhibitors, inhibitors of protein synthesis, metabolic inhibitors of folic acid synthesis). 2) Mechanism of action of antiviral drugs (entry inhibitors, viral replication inhibitors). 3)

Mechanism of action of antineoplastic drugs (antimitotic drugs, alkylating agents, DNA synthesis inhibitors). The toxicity of chemotherapeutics and the acquisition of resistance are described with particular regard to the molecular mechanism underlying the multidrug resistance. Finally, the most innovative strategies against cancer are proposed such as antiangiogenic drugs, anticancer monoclonal antibodies and cancer gen therapy (i.e. suicide gene therapy and p53 replacement).

## **Prerequisites**

Background: molecular and cellular biology and microbiology. Specific prerequisites: none.

## **Teaching form**

Frontal lessons including the analysis and discussion of literature

Teaching language: italian

# Textbook and teaching resource

Slides showed at lesson, reviews e research articles are available on e-learning platform

#### Semester

Firs tsemester

#### **Assessment method**

Oral examination. The questions aim to assess the acquisition of the basic knowledge and to evaluate the concepts comprehension, the ability to connect the different issues and the ability to discuss about a pharmacological problem. A group project (3 students max) will be proposed and its evaluation will be the 30% of the final mark.

#### Office hours

Contact: on demand, upon request by mail to lecturer

# **Sustainable Development Goals**

GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING