

# UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI MILANO-BICOCCA

# **SYLLABUS DEL CORSO**

# Inferential Statistics

2526-1-F5603M003-F5603M003-1

## Learning objectives

The module aims at providing adequate knowledge of some of the main inferential techniques for data analysis, with a focus on the estimation of unknown parameters and hypothesis testing.

Students will be able to identify suitable techniques for the type of data and for the inferential problem to be addressed. Students will develop a critical approach to the interpretation of analyses produced by others, with specific attention to the assessment of the validity of the assumptions at the basis of the analysis. Students will be able to select the correct way of presenting data analyses to a non-technical audience. Finally, students will develop autonomous instruments to understand more advanced statistical techniques which might go beyond those studied during the course.

#### **Contents**

Essential review of probability theory; Samples and sampling distribution; Limit theorems; Likelihood-based inference; Point and interval estimation; Hypothesis testing; Non-parametric methods (time permitting); Statistical software for the implementation of the above methods.

### **Detailed program**

Relevant probability distributions and their properties; Samples and sampling distributions; Law of large numbers; Central limit theorem and its applications; Monte Carlo approximations; Random number generation; Statistical models; Bernoulli model; location Normal model; location-scale Normal model; Likelihood function; Estimators; Sufficient statistics; Maximum likelihood estimation; Mean squared error; Bias and variance of an estimator; Consistency of an estimator; Confidence intervals; Confidence intervals for the Bernoulli model; Confidence

intervals for the location Normal model; Confidence intervals for the location-scale Normal model; Hypothesis testing; P-values and statistical significance; One-sided and two-sided tests; Hypothesis assessment via confidence intervals; Testing hypotheses for the Bernoulli model; Testing hypotheses for the location Normal model; Testing hypotheses for the location-scale Normal model; Distribution-free (non parametric) methods: method of moments and Bootstrap method (time permitting); Statistical software (STATA) for the implementation of the above methods.

## **Prerequisites**

Basic statistics; Descriptive statistics; Basic probability theory; Random variables; Probability distributions; Basic knowledge of mathematical analysis, including the solution of simple optimization problems.

## **Teaching methods**

Lectures accompanied by some laboratory sessions. Specifically, the schedule includes:

- 5 lectures of 3 hours each (lecture format)
- 6 lectures of 2 hours each (lecture format)
- 4 laboratory sessions of 2 hours each (interactive format)

80% of the sessions will be held in person and 20% remotely.

#### Assessment methods

The exam is written and consists of questions about theory and exercises. The former verify students' knowledge and understanding of the main concepts of the subject; the latter measure students' ability in the application of such concepts to solve simple practical problems.

There are no mid-term exams.

#### **Textbooks and Reading Materials**

The textbook is:

Evans, M.J., Rosenthal, J.S., *Probability and statistics. The science of uncertainty. (second edition)*. Ed. Freeman, 2010.

Further materials will be provided through the e-learning website. Reference to the textbook is crucial to attend the course and for the assignments.

Second cycle of first semester
Teaching language
English
Sustainable Development Goals

Semester