



**AVIFAUNA
ITALIANA**



AVIFAUNA ITALIANA

escluse le specie accidentali, non regolari
e introdotte

19 Ordini
64 Famiglie
332 Specie (+ 1 ex)



GAVIIFORMES
Gaviidae



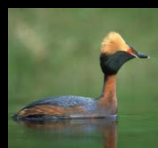
FALCONIFORMES
Accipitridae
Pandionidae
Falconidae



COLUMBIFORMES
Columbidae



PASSERIFORMES
Alaudidae
Hirundinidae
Motacillidae



PODICIPEDIFOR.
Podicipedidae



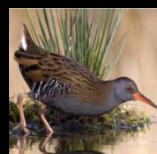
GALLIFORMES
Tetraonidae
Phasianidae



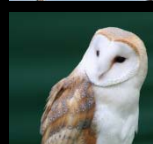
CUCULIFORMES
Cuculidae



PROCELLARIIFOR.
Procellariidae
Hydrobatidae



GRUIFORMES
Rallidae
Gruidae
Otididae



STRIGIFORMES
Tytonidae
Strigidae



PELECANIFORMES.
Sulidae
Phalacrocoracidae



CHARADRIIFOR.
Haematopodidae
Recurvirostridae
Burhinidae
Glareolidae
Charadriidae
Scolopacidae
Stercorariidae
Laridae
Sternidae
Alcidae



CAPRIMULGIFORMES
Caprimulgidae



CICONIIFORMES
Ardeidae
Ciconiidae
Threskiornithidae



APODIFORMES
Apodidae



PHOENICOPTERIFORMES
Phoenicopteridae



CORACIIFORMES
Alcedinidae
Meropidae
Coraciidae
Upupidae



ANSERIFORMES
Anatidae



PICIFORMES
Picidae

Cinclidae
Troglodytidae
Prunellidae
Turdidae
Sylviidae
Muscicapidae
Timaliidae
Aegithalidae
Paridae
Sittidae
Tichodromidae
Certhiidae
Remizidae
Oriolidae
Laniidae
Corvidae
Sturnidae
Passeridae
Estrildidae
Fringillidae
Emberizidae

Strumenti normativi fauna omeoterma

Direttive comunitarie



- 79/409/CEE Dir. Uccelli → 2009/147/CE: concernente la conservazione degli uccelli selvatici
- 92/43/CEE Dir. Habitat: relativa alla conservazione degli habitat naturali e seminaturali e della flora e della fauna selvatiche

Norme nazionali



- L. 394, 1991 Legge quadro sulle aree protette
- DPR. 357/1997 Recepimento Dir. 92/43/CEE
- L. 157, 1992 Norme per la protezione della fauna selvatica omeoterma e per il prelievo venatorio
- DM 3 aprile 2000 Elenco nazionale ZPS e SIC (Rete Natura 2000)

Norme regionali



- LR. 10/2008 Disposizioni per la tutela e la conservazione della piccola fauna, della flora e della vegetazione spontanea
- LR. 26/1993 Norme per la protezione della fauna selvatica e per la tutela dell'equilibrio ambientale e disciplina dell'attività venatoria

**Dir. 79/409/CEE e Dir. 2009/147/CE
Concernente la conservazione
uccelli selvatici
“Dir. Uccelli”**



26.1.2010

IT

Gazzetta ufficiale de

26.1.2010

IT

(Atti adottati prima del 1° dicembre 2009)

DIRETTIVA 2009/147/CE

concernente

IL PARLAMENTO EUROPEO E IL CONSIGLIO
EUROPEA,

visto il trattato che istituisce la Comunità europea
l'articolo 175, paragrafo 1,

Articolo 4

1. Per le specie elencate nell'allegato I sono previste misure speciali di conservazione per quanto riguarda l'habitat, per garantire la sopravvivenza e la riproduzione di dette specie nella loro area di distribuzione.

A tal fine si tiene conto:

- a) delle specie minacciate di sparizione;
- b) delle specie che possono essere danneggiate da talune modifiche del loro habitat;
- c) delle specie considerate rare in quanto la loro popolazione è scarsa o la loro ripartizione locale è limitata;
- d) di altre specie che richiedono una particolare attenzione per la specificità del loro habitat.

L. 157/92

Norme per la protezione della fauna omeoterma e per il prelievo venatorio

ASSETTO ED UTILIZZAZIONE DEL TERRITORIO CACCIA E PESCA

LEGGE 11 febbraio 1992, n. 157

«Norme per la protezione della fauna selvatica omeoterma e per il prelievo venatorio».

(G.U. 25 febbraio 1992 n. 46 suppl. ord.)

Art. 1. — *Fauna selvatica.* — La fauna selvatica è patrimonio indisponibile dello Stato ed è tutelata nell'interesse della comunità nazionale ed internazionale.

L'esercizio dell'attività venatoria è consentito purché non contrasti con l'esigenza di conservazione della fauna selvatica e non arrechi danno effettivo alle produzioni agricole.

Le regioni a statuto ordinario provvedono ad emanare norme relative alla gestione ed alla tutela di tutte le specie della fauna selvatica in conformità alla presente legge, alle convenzioni internazionali ed alle direttive comunitarie. Le regioni a statuto speciale e le province autonome provvedono in base alle competenze esclusive nei limiti stabiliti dai rispettivi statuti. Le province attuano la disciplina regionale ai sensi del-

Art. 2. — *Oggetto della tutela.* — Fanno parte della fauna selvatica oggetto della tutela della presente legge le specie di mammiferi e di uccelli dei quali esistono popolazioni viventi stabilmente o temporaneamente in stato di naturale libertà nel territorio nazionale. Sono particolarmente protette, anche sotto il profilo sanzionatorio, le seguenti specie:

a) mammiferi: lupo (*Canis lupus*), sciacallo dorato (*Canis aureus*), orso (*Ursus arctos*), martora (*Martes martes*), puzzola (*Mustela putorius*), lontra (*Lutra lutra*), gatto selvatico (*Felis sylvestris*), lince (*Lyn lyn*), foca monaca (*Monachus monachus*), tutte le specie di cetacei (*Cetacea*), cervo sardo (*Cervus elaphus corsicanus*), camoscio d'Abruzzo (*Rupicapra pyrenaica*);

b) uccelli: marangone minore (*Phalacrocorax pigmeus*), marangone dal ciuffo (*Phalacrocorax aristotelis*), tutte le specie di pellicani (*Pelecanidae*), tarabuso (*Botaurus stellaris*), tutte le specie di cicogne (*Ciconiidae*), spatola (*Platalea leucorodia*), mignattaio (*Plegadis falcinellus*), fenicottero (*Phoenicopterus ruber*), cigno reale (*Cygnus olor*), cigno selvatico (*Cygnus cygnus*), volpoca (*Tadorna tadorna*), fistione turco (*Netta rufina*), gobbo rugginoso (*Oxyura leucocephala*), tutte le specie di rapaci diurni, (*Accipitriformes e falconiformes*), pollo sultano (*Porphyrio porphyrio*), otarda (*Otis tarda*), gallina prataiola (*Tetrax tetrax*), gru (*Grus grus*), piviere tortolino (*Eudromias morinellus*), avocetta (*Recurvirostra avocetta*), cavaliere d'Italia (*Himantopus himantopus*), occhione (*Burhinus oedichnemus*), pernice di mare (*Glareola pratincola*), gabbiano corso (*Larus audouinii*), gabbiano corallino (*Larus melanocephalus*), gabbiano roseo (*Larus genei*), sterna zampenere (*Gelochelidon nilotica*), sterna maggiore (*Sterna caspia*), tutte le specie di rapaci notturni (*Strigiformes*), ghiandaia marina (*Coracias garrulus*), tutte le specie di picchi (*Picidae*), granchio corallino (*Pyrhocorax pyrrhocorax*);

c) tutte le altre specie che direttive comunitarie o convenzioni internazionali o apposito decreto del presidente del consiglio dei ministri indicano come minacciate di estinzione.

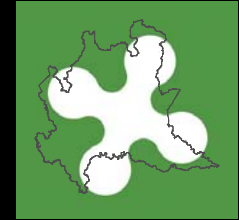
Le norme della presente legge non si applicano alle talpe, ai ratti, ai topi propriamente detti, alle arvicole.

Il controllo del livello di popolazione degli uccelli negli aeroporti, ai fini della sicurezza aerea, è affidato al ministro dei trasporti.



Legge Regionale 26/1993

Norme per la protezione della fauna selvatica e per la tutela dell'equilibrio ambientale e disciplina dell'attività venatoria



ASSETTO ED UTILIZZAZIONE DEL TERRITORIO CACCIA E PESCA

ASSETTO ED UTILIZZAZIONE DEL TERRITORIO CACCIA E PESCA

LEGGE REGIONALE 16 agosto 1993
«Norme per la protezione della fauna selvatica e per la tutela dell'equilibrio ambientale e disciplina dell'attività venatoria».

(B.U. 19 agosto 1993, n. 33, 1° suppl.)

Titolo I **DISPOSIZIONI GENERALI**

Art. 1. — Finalità. — La regione Lombardia, nel rispetto dei principi di razionale gestione del territorio e di tutela dell'ambiente, nonché disciplina il prelievo venatorio, le tradizioni locali e dell'equilibrio ambientale, e trasferisce ad essa funzioni ad essa trasferite a norma della legge n. 157/92 (2) e ricomprese nell'allegato A della presente legge.

Art. 1. — Finalità. — La regione Lombardia, nel rispetto dei principi di razionale gestione del territorio e di tutela dell'ambiente, nonché disciplina il prelievo venatorio, le tradizioni locali e dell'equilibrio ambientale, e trasferisce ad essa funzioni ad essa trasferite a norma della legge n. 157/92 (2) e ricomprese nell'allegato A della presente legge.

Art. 4. — Fauna selvatica oggetto della tutela. — Fanno parte della fauna selvatica, oggetto della presente legge, i mammiferi e gli uccelli dei quali esistono popolazioni viventi, stabilmente o temporaneamente, in stato di naturale libertà nel territorio regionale.

2. Sono particolarmente protette, anche sotto il profilo sanzionatorio, le specie di fauna selvatica, comunque presenti nel territorio regionale, elencate nell'art. 2, comma 1, della legge n. 157/92 (2) e ricomprese nell'allegato A della presente legge.

3. La tutela della fauna selvatica, a norma dello stesso art. 2 della legge n. 157/92 (2), non comprende le talpe, i ratti, i topi propriamente detti e le arvicole.

professionali agricole maggiormente rappresentative a livello regionale;

d) un rappresentante per ciascuna delle tre associazioni ve-

Linee guida e azioni di conservazione

EU



- LIFE+ (strumento finanziario)

- **Identificazione delle emergenze:**
Classificazione SPEC: *Species of European Conservation Concern*
(*BirdLife International*)

- **Linee guida**

European Union action plans for
the 52 most threatened bird species of
Annex I of the Birds Directive, including
globally threatened species that occur in
Europe

Italia



- Piani d'azione nazionali (Ministero Ambiente)

Lombardia



- Progetti specifici di reintroduzione, *restocking* o *management*

Wild Birds: Action plans

Since 1993, the European Commission has supported the development and implementation of the following **Action Plans for the most threatened bird species of Annex I of the Birds Directive, including globally threatened species that occur in Europe.**

These plans, which have been prepared by **BirdLife International**, are the result of an extensive process of consultation and consensus building involving scientific experts, government agencies and representatives of non-governmental organisations throughout Europe.

The plans provide a valuable **tool to help Member States focus limited resources** on ensuring that actions taken for endangered species are based on sound science and are targeted at the most critical measures aimed at recovery of these species.

As each of the species covered by the plans are considered as priority for funding under the LIFE programme the help ensure that potential applicants for funding focus on actions that are recognised as the most important and urgent for these species.

European Commission - Environment - Nature & Biodiversity - Windows Internet Explorer

http://ec.europa.eu/environment/nature/conservation/wildbirds/action_plans/index_en.htm


European Commission - Environment - Nature & Biodiversity

A to Z | About this site | Contact | FAQ | Sitemap | What's new? | Search | Legal notice

European Commission
Environment

European Commission > Environment > Nature & Biodiversity

Home | Who's who | Policies | Integration | Funding | Resources | News & Developments



NATURE & BIODIVERSITY

- EU Biodiversity Policy
- EU Nature Legislation
- Natura 2000 Network
- Beyond Natura 2000
- Species protection
- Invasive Alien Species
- Climate Change
- Partnerships
- Knowledge Base
- Information

Wild Birds: Action plans

Action plans Annex I Bird species considered as "Priority for funding under LIFE"

[Action plan per species](#)

Introduction

Whereas there is no list of 'priority' bird species given in Annex I of the birds Directive the Ornis Committee has agreed a list of species which are considered as priority for the purpose of LIFE Nature funding. This includes all globally threatened species that regularly occur in the European Union.

Since 1993 the European Union has supported the development of action plans for priority birds. These plans have been prepared by BirdLife International. The work for waterfowl has been undertaken in partnership with Wetlands International.

Internet | Modalità protetta: disattivata

00:25

http://ec.europa.eu/environment/nature/conservation/wildbirds/action_plans/per_species_en.htm

Action plan per species

all documents are in [pdf](#) format



[Accipiter gentilis arrigonii](#) (40KB)



[Accipiter nisus granti](#) (33KB)



[Acrocephalus paludicola](#)
(80KB)



[Aegypius monachus](#) (85KB)



[Anser erythropus](#) (104KB)



[Aquila adalberti](#) (80KB)





 **Ministero**

[Home](#)

[Il Ministro](#)

[Uffici diretta collaborazione](#)

[Segretario generale](#)

[Segretariato generale](#)

[Direzioni generali](#)

[Organismi di supporto](#)

[Comitati e Commissioni](#)

[Enti ed Organismi Vigilati](#)

[Trasparenza, Valutazione e Merito](#)

 **Informazioni**

[Biblioteca](#)

Sei in: [Home](#) - [Archivio biblioteca](#) - I Quaderni di Conservazione della Natura - Collana

I Quaderni di Conservazione della Natura - Collana

La collana "Quaderni di Conservazione della Natura" nasce dalla collaborazione instaurata tra la Direzione Conservazione della Natura del Ministero dell'Ambiente e della Tutela del Territorio e l'Istituto Nazionale per la Fauna Selvatica "A. Ghigi".

Scopo della collana è quello di divulgare le strategie di tutela e gestione del patrimonio faunistico nazionale elaborate dal Ministero con il contributo scientifico e tecnico dell'I.N.F.S.

I temi trattati spaziano da quelli di carattere generale, che seguono un approccio multidisciplinare ed il più possibile olistico, a quelli dedicati a problemi specifici di gestione alla conservazione di singole specie.

Sono stati finora pubblicati i seguenti Quaderni:

- N. 1 - Raccolta delle norme nazionali e internazionali per la conservazione della fauna selvatica e degli habitat

Aree Tematiche:



Direzioni e divisioni di competenza:

- Direzione per la protezione della natura e del mare

Argomenti chiave:

- Tutela flora e fauna

Tipologia:

pubblicazioni


MINISTERO DELL'AMBIENTE
E DELLA TUTELA DEL TERRITORIO
Servizio Conservazione della Natura


ISTITUTO NAZIONALE
PER LA FAUNA SELVATICA
"ALESSANDRO GHIGI"

Gianluca Serra, Luca Melega e Nicola Baccetti
(a cura di)

**Piano d'azione nazionale
per il Gabbiano corso
(*Larus audouinii*)**



Quaderni di Conservazione della Natura


MINISTERO DELL'AMBIENTE
E DELLA TUTELA DEL TERRITORIO
Servizio Conservazione della Natura


ISTITUTO NAZIONALE
PER LA FAUNA SELVATICA
"ALESSANDRO GHIGI"

Marco Zenatello e Nicola Baccetti
(a cura di)

**Piano d'azione nazionale
per il Chiurlottello
(*Numenius tenuirostris*)**



Quaderni di Conservazione della Natura

Disponibili on-line dal sito del Ministero



MINISTERO DELL'AMBIENTE
E DELLA TUTELA DEL TERRITORIO
Servizio Conservazione della Natura



ISTITUTO NAZIONALE
PER LA FAUNA SELVATICA
"ALESSANDRO GHIGI"

Alessandro Andreotti
(a cura di)

**Piano d'azione nazionale
per il Pollo sultano
(*Porphyrio porphyrio*)**



Quaderni di Conservazione della Natura



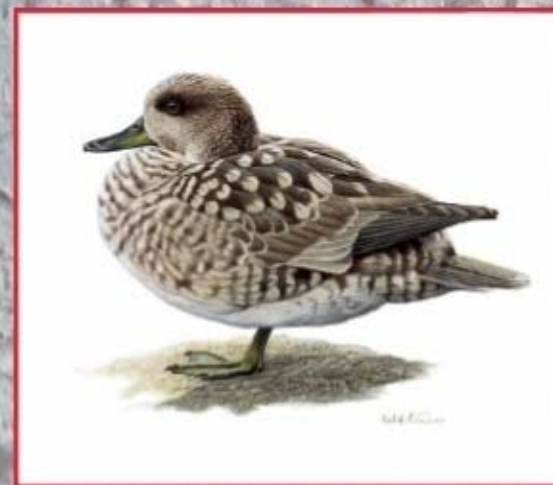
MINISTERO DELL'AMBIENTE
E DELLA TUTELA DEL TERRITORIO E DEL MARE
Direzione Protezione della Natura



ISTITUTO NAZIONALE
PER LA FAUNA SELVATICA

Alessandro Andreotti
(a cura di)

**Piano d'azione nazionale
per l'Anatra marmorizzata
(*Marmaronetta angustirostris*)**



Quaderni di Conservazione della Natura
NUMERO 23

Disponibili on-line dal sito del Ministero



MINISTERO DELL'AMBIENTE
E DELLA TUTELA DEL TERRITORIO E DEL MARE
Direzione Protezione della Natura



ISTITUTO NAZIONALE
PER LA FAUNA SELVATICA

Alessandro Andreotti e Giovanni Leonardi
(a cura di)

**Piano d'azione nazionale
per il Lanario
(*Falco biarmicus feldeggii*)**



Quaderni di Conservazione della Natura
NUMERO 24



MINISTERO DELL'AMBIENTE
E DELLA TUTELA DEL TERRITORIO E DEL MARE
Direzione Protezione della Natura



ISTITUTO NAZIONALE
PER LA FAUNA SELVATICA

Luca Melega
(a cura di)

**Piano d'azione nazionale
per la Moretta tabaccata
(*Aythya nyroca*)**



Quaderni di Conservazione della Natura
NUMERO 25

Disponibili on-line dal sito del Ministero


MINISTERO DELL'AMBIENTE
E DELLA TUTELA DEL TERRITORIO E DEL MARE
Direzione Protezione della Natura


ISTITUTO NAZIONALE
PER LA FAUNA SELVATICA

Fernando Spina e Giovanni Leonardi
(a cura di)

**Piano d'azione nazionale
per il Falco della regina
(*Falco eleonora*)**



Quaderni di Conservazione della Natura
NUMERO 26


MINISTERO DELL'AMBIENTE
E DELLA TUTELA DEL TERRITORIO E DEL MARE


ISPRA
Istituto Superiore per la Protezione
e la Ricerca Ambientale

A cura di
Alessandro Andreotti e Giovanni Leonardi

**Piano d'azione nazionale
per il Capovaccaio
(*Neophron percnopterus*)**



Quaderni di Conservazione della Natura
NUMERO 30

Disponibili on-line dal sito del Ministero



Armando Gariboldi
Alessandro Andreotti
Giuseppe Bogliani

La conservazione degli uccelli in Italia

Strategie
e azioni



Regione Lombardia
Agricoltura



La fauna selvatica in Lombardia

*Rapporto 2008 su distribuzione, abbondanza
e stato di conservazione di uccelli e mammiferi*



a cura di Vittorio Vigorita e Laura Cucè



Regione Lombardia COLTIVARE IL FUTURO

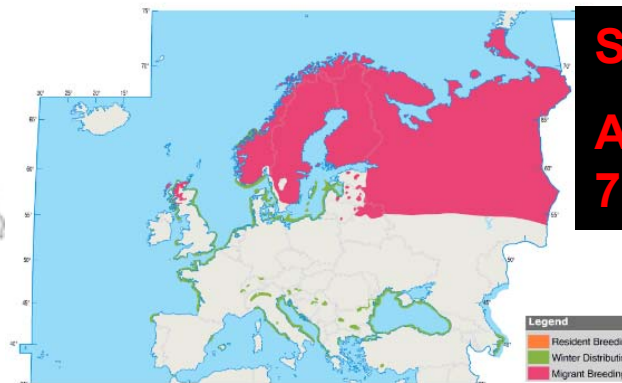
**Gaviiformes
Gaviidae (3 spp)**

SPEC 3

**Allegato I
79/409/CEE**



Strolaga minore *Gavia stellata* M reg, W



SPEC 3

**Allegato I
79/409/CEE**

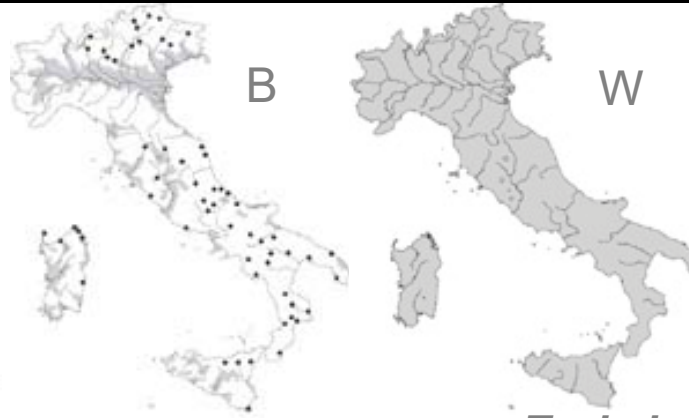
Strolaga mezzana *Gavia arctica* M reg, W



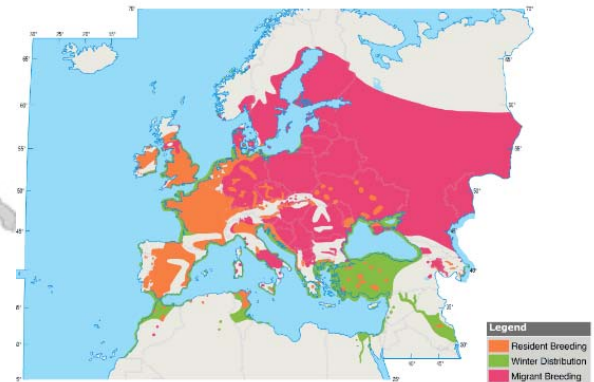
**Allegato I
79/409/CEE**

Strolaga maggiore *Gavia immer* M reg, W

Podicipediformes Podicipedidae (5 spp)



Tuffetto *Tachybaptus ruficollis* SB par, M reg, W

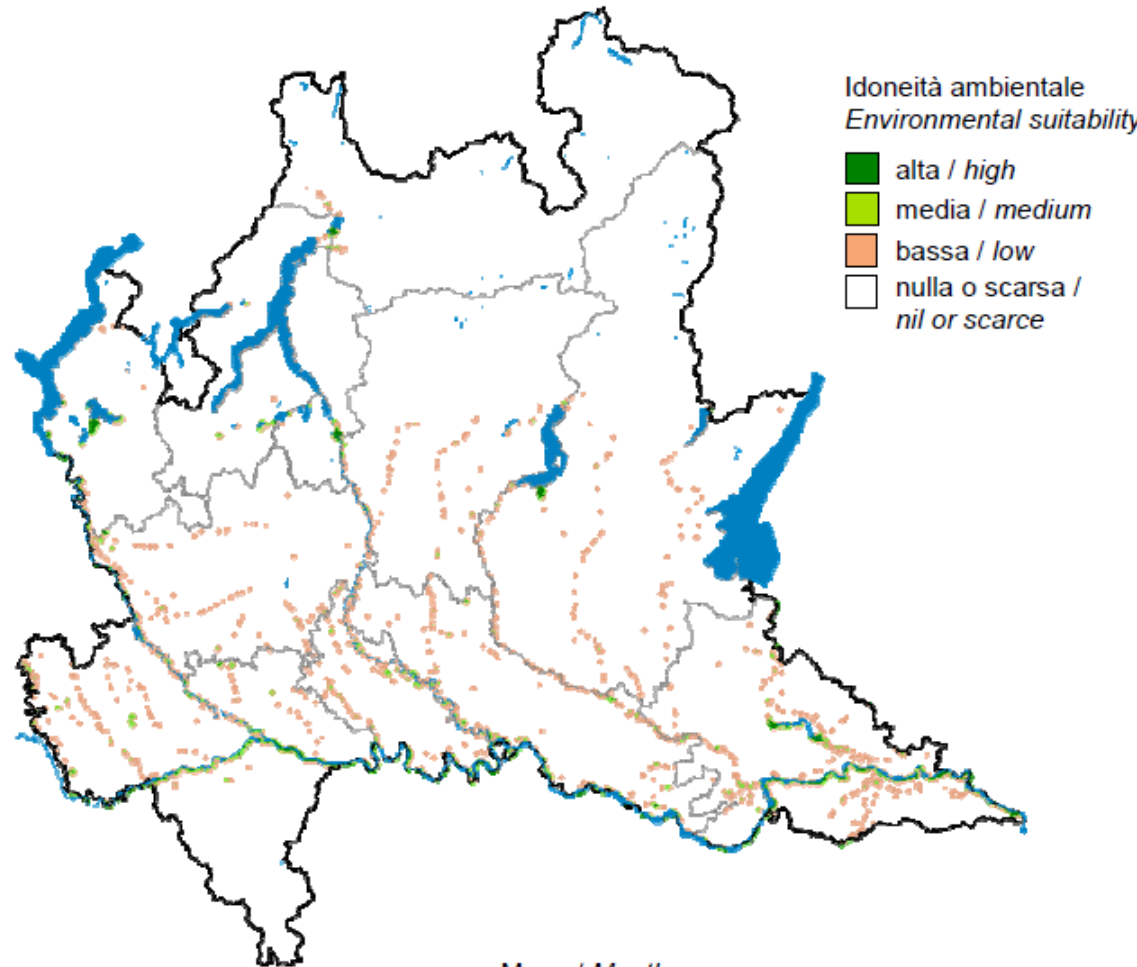


Svasso maggiore *Podiceps cristatus* SB par, M reg, W

Habitat: nidifica presso piccoli laghi prealpini, fiumi ampi a lento decorso

AVES – Podicipediformes – Podicipedidae

Tuffetto – Little Grebe
Tachybaptus ruficollis



	Mese / Month											
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

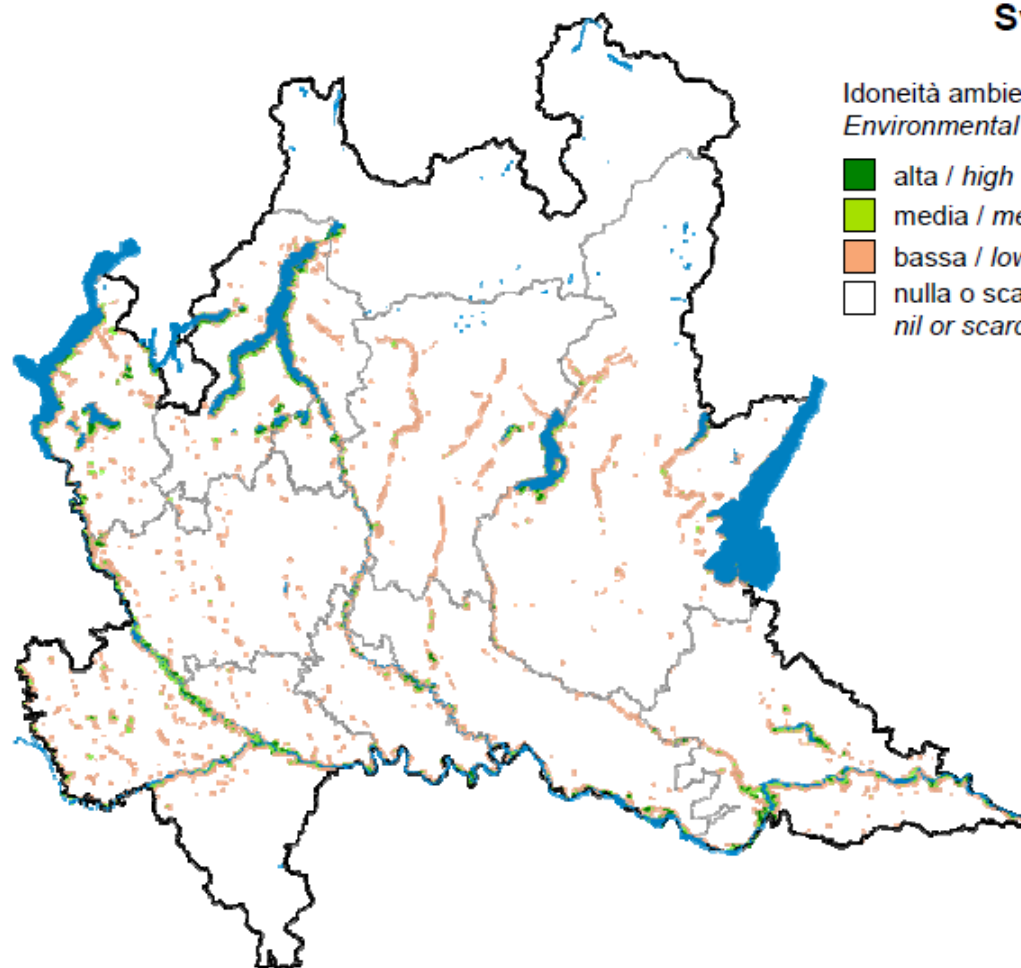
(150 – 200)

sconosciuto / unknown

Habitat: nidifica presso corpi idrici con ricca vegetazione ripariale

AVES – Podicipediformes – Podicipedidae

Svasso maggiore – Great Crested Grebe
Podiceps cristatus



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / *high*
- media / *medium*
- bassa / *low*
- nulla o scarsa / *nil or scarce*



Mese / *Month*

FENOLOGIA / <i>PHENOLOGY</i>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / <i>Breeding</i>												
Migrazione / <i>Migration</i>												
Svernamento / <i>Wintering</i>												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(500 – 800)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(in aumento / *increasing*)

**Podicipediformes
Podicipedidae (5 spp)**

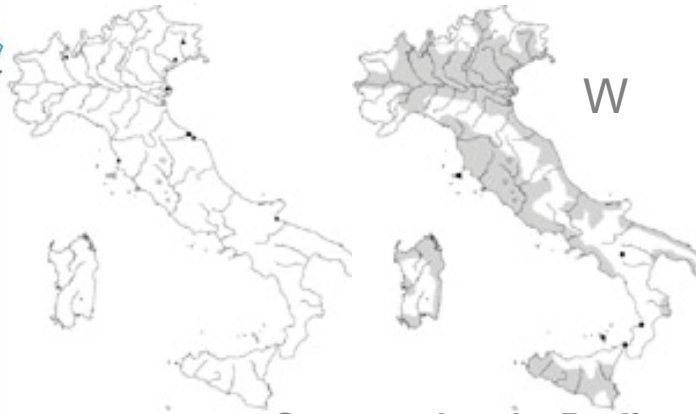
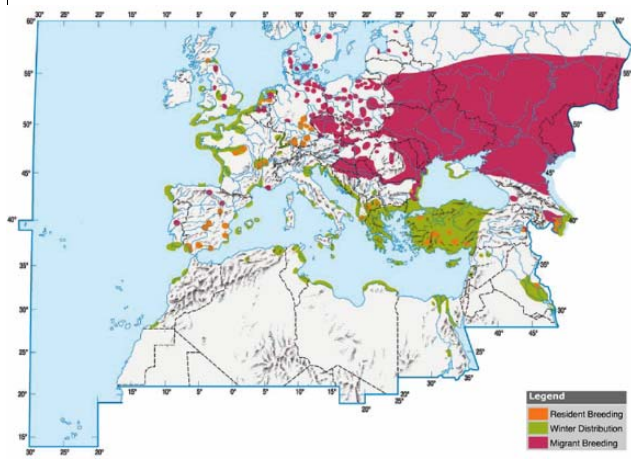


Swasso collorosso *Podiceps grisegena* M reg, W



**SPEC 3
Allegato I
79/409/CEE**

Swasso cornuto *Podiceps auritus* M reg, W

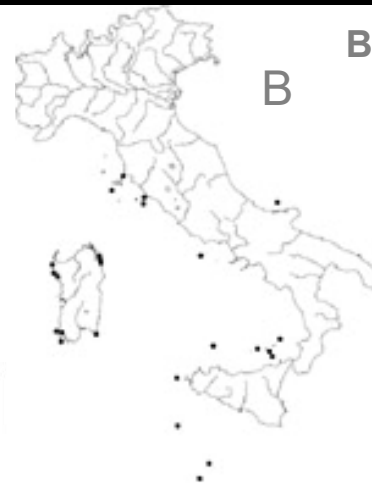
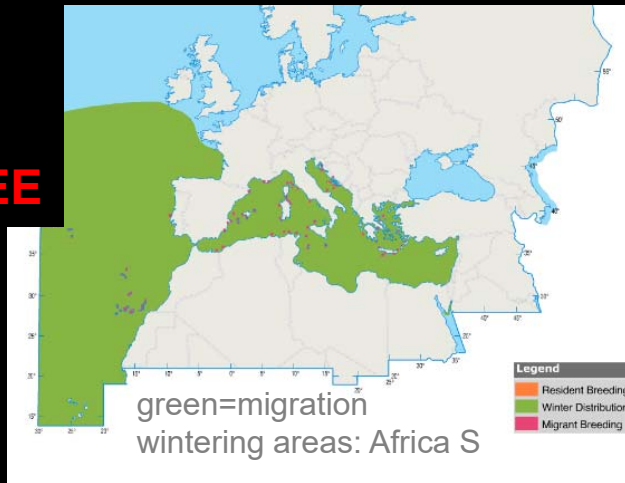


Swasso piccolo *Podiceps nigricollis* M reg, W, B

Procellariiformes
Procellariidae (2 spp)

SPEC 2

Allegato I
79/409/CEE



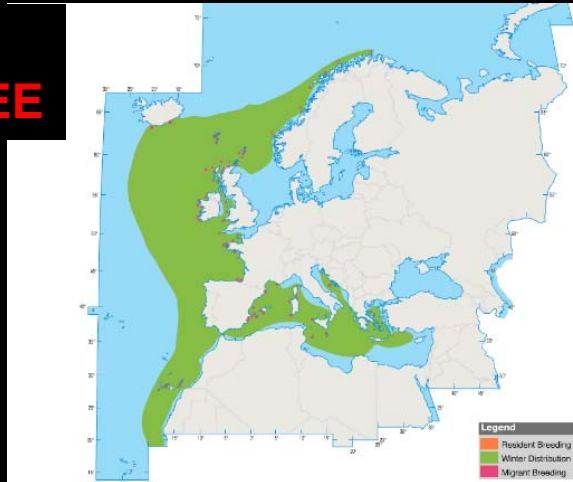
Berta maggiore *Calonectris diomedea*
M reg, B, W par



Berta minore mediterranea *Puffinus yelkouan*
M reg, B, W par (SB par?)

Procellariiformes
Hydrobatidae (1 sp)

Allegato I
79/409/CEE



Uccello delle tempeste europeo
***Hydrobates pelagicus* M reg, B, W par**

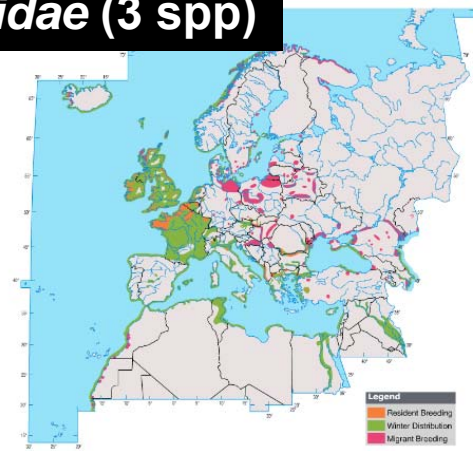
Pelecaniformes
Sulidae (1sp)



***Sula Morus bassanus* M reg, W**



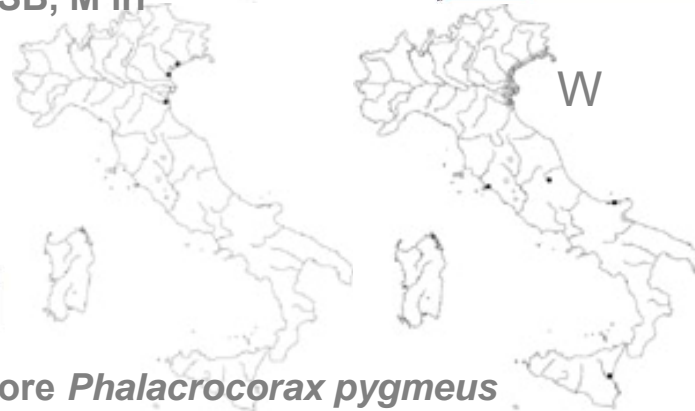
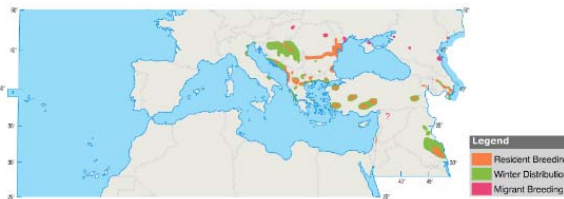
Pelecaniformes
Phalacrocoracidae (3 spp)



Cormorano
Phalacrocorax carbo M reg, W, SB



Marangone dal ciuffo
Phalacrocorax aristotelis SB, M irr



Marangone minore *Phalacrocorax pygmeus*
M reg, W, B

SPEC 1

Allegato I
79/409/CEE

Species Action Plan
for the
Mediterranean Shag *Phalacrocorax aristotelis desmarestii*
in Europe



Final Draft, December 1999

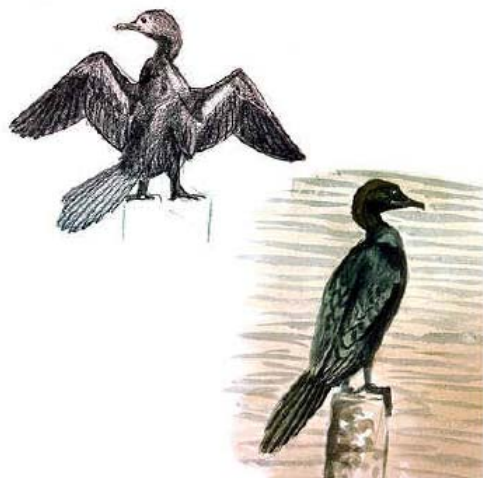
Prepared by BirdLife International on behalf of the
European Commission

Marangone dal ciuffo mediterraneo *Phalacrocorax aristotelis desmarestii*

La sottospecie mediterranea è considerata a rischio; la principale minaccia è rappresentata dalle morti accidentali causate da reti da pesca, nasse e soprattutto ami dei palamiti. È sensibile alle trasformazioni ambientali delle coste all'inquinamento delle acque specie da metalli pesanti, alla drastica riduzione delle risorse alimentari. Il disturbo ai siti riproduttivi può localmente costituire un ulteriore fattore limitante.



ACTION PLAN FOR THE PYGMY CORMORANT
(Phalacrocorax pygmeus) IN EUROPE



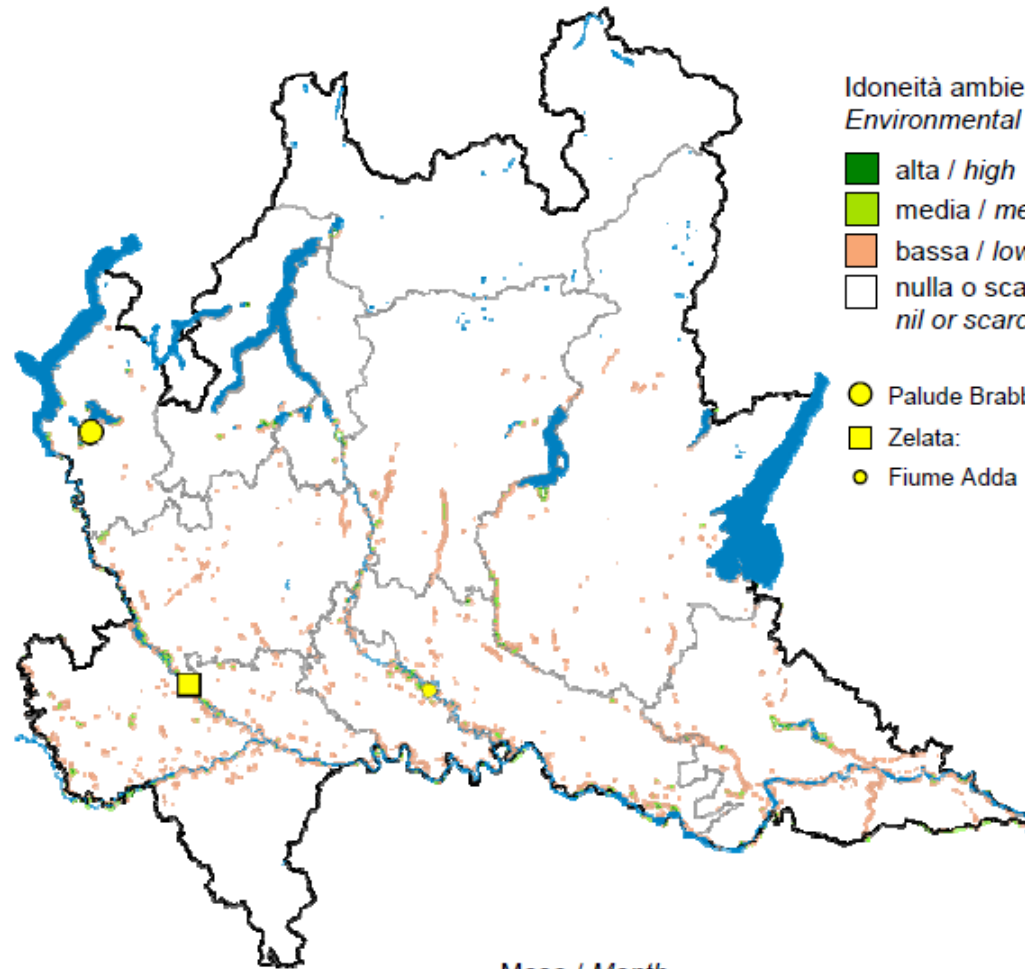
Compiled by:

A.J. CRIVELLI (Station Biologique de la Tour du Valat, France)
T. NAZIRIDES (University of Thessaloniki, Greece)
H. JERRENTUP (Society for Protection of Nature and Ecodevelopment, Greece)

Habitat: nidifica in colonie, in corrispondenza di boschi igrofili fluviali e altre aree umide

AVES – Pelecaniformes – Phalacrocoracidae

Cormorano – Cormorant
Phalacrocorax carbo

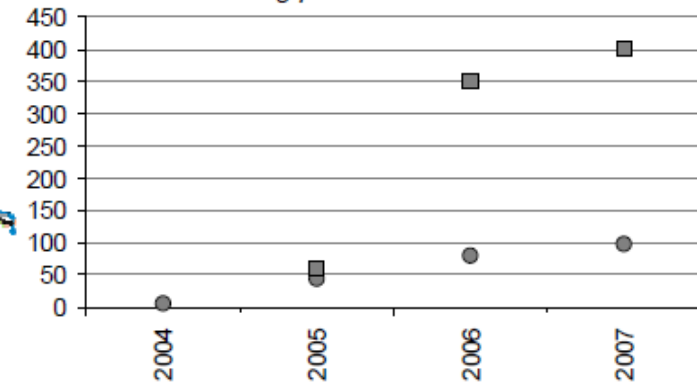


Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce

- Palude Brabbia: Colonia stabile / Established colony
- Zelata: Colonia stabile / Established colony
- Fiume Adda: Colonia in formazione / Establishing colony

Coppie nidificanti nelle colonie stabili
Breeding pairs in established colonies



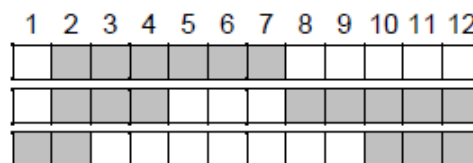
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY

Riproduzione / Breeding

Migrazione / Migration

Svernamento / Wintering

Mese / Month



POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

500

in aumento / increasing

Ciconiiformes
Ardeidae (9 spp)

SPEC 3

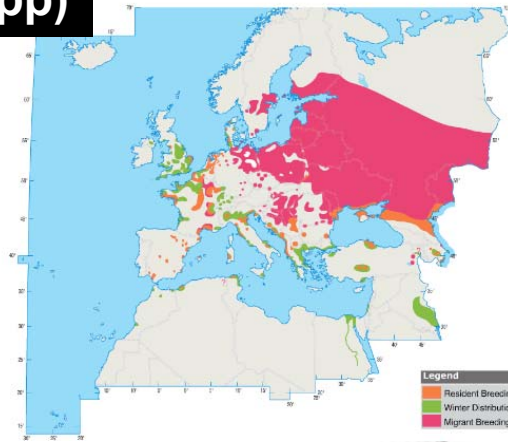
Allegato I
79/409/CEE

SPEC 3

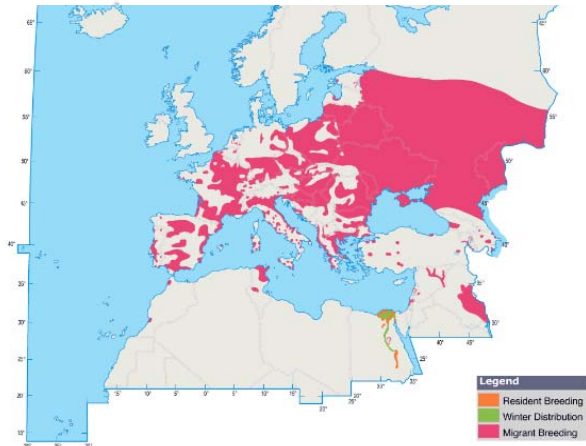
Allegato I
79/409/CEE

SPEC 3

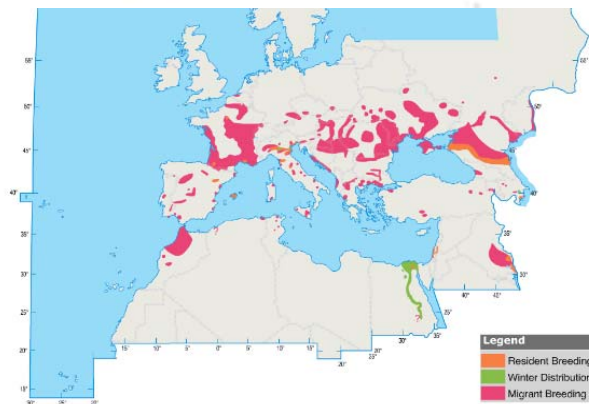
Allegato I
79/409/CEE



Tarabuso *Botaurus stellaris* SB par, M reg, W



Tarabusino *Ixobrychus minutus* M reg, B



Nitticora *Nycticorax nycticorax* M reg, B, W par

EUROPEAN UNION ACTION PLANS FOR 52 PRIORITY BIRDS SPECIES – BITTERN

Full legal protection.

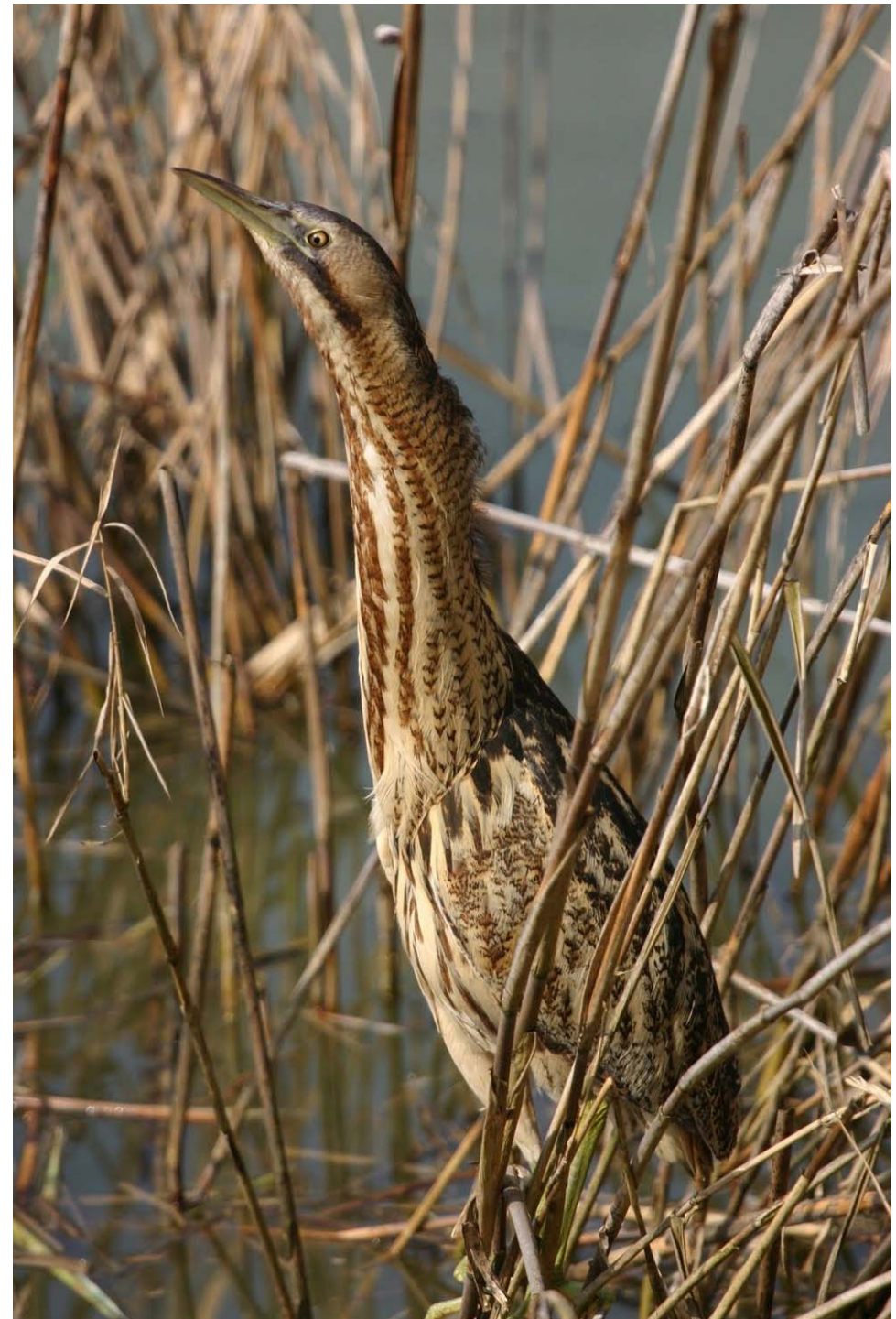
The Bittern was described as a **common breeder in Italy in the 19th century**, but habitat loss and perhaps hunting pressure caused its disappearance from most of its former range. **Apparently suitable, but unoccupied, reedbeds still occur in a number of areas** - in north eastern Italy, there are large wetlands with extensive reedbeds along the Adriatic coast and the Po Delta.

Elsewhere, there are individual large reedbeds in Sardinia and Apulia. However, there are few records of booming males from these regions. **No national census has been carried out, so a tentative estimate of 35-65 booming males is not wholly reliable.**



Table 1: Breeding population of the Bittern in Europe (taken from Tucker & Heath 1994)

Country	Breeding population Size (prs)	Year	Trend	Breeding range trend
European Union				
Austria	(100-150)	-	(F)	0
Belgium	2-13	1981-90	-1	-1
Denmark	57-76	1991	+2	(0)
Finland	100-150	1992	+2	+1
France	300-350	1990	-1	-1
Germany	400-600	-	-2	0
Italy	20-30	-	(-1)	(-1)
Netherlands	150-275	1989-91	-2	-2
Portugal	(1-5)	1989	-	-
Spain	25-25	-	-2	-2
Sweden	200-300	1987	0	0
United Kingdom	16-16	1988-91	-2	-2
<hr/>				
EU total	1370-2000	NB: No breeding Bitterns in Greece, Ireland or Luxembourg		
Non-EU				
Albania	1-10	1964	-1	(-1)
Belarus	950-1,200	1990	(0)	0
Bulgaria	(10-50)	-	(-1)	(0)
Croatia	30-50	-	-1*	-1*
Czech Republic	20-30	-	-1	-1
Estonia	200-300	-	+1	0
Hungary	400-500	-	0	0
Latvia	200-300	-	(0)	(0)
Lithuania	200-250	1985-88	(0)	(0)
Moldova	150-200	1990	-1	-1
Poland	1,100-1,400	-	0	0
Romania	(500-2,000)	-	(-1)	0
Russia	(10,000-30,000)	-	(-1)	(0)
Slovakia	50-150	-	-1	-1
Slovenia	(5-10)	-	(0)	(0)
Turkey	(30-500)	-	(-1)	0
Ukraine	4,000-4,300	1988	0	0
<hr/>				
Non-EU total	17,825-37,250			
European total (approx) 19,000-43,000				
Trends:	+2 Large increase +1 Small increase 0 Stable			
(1970-1990)	-2 Large decrease -1 Small decrease			
Data quality:	Bold = reliable quantitative data			
	Normal type = incomplete quantitative data			
	Brackets () = no quantitative data			
	* = data quality not provided			

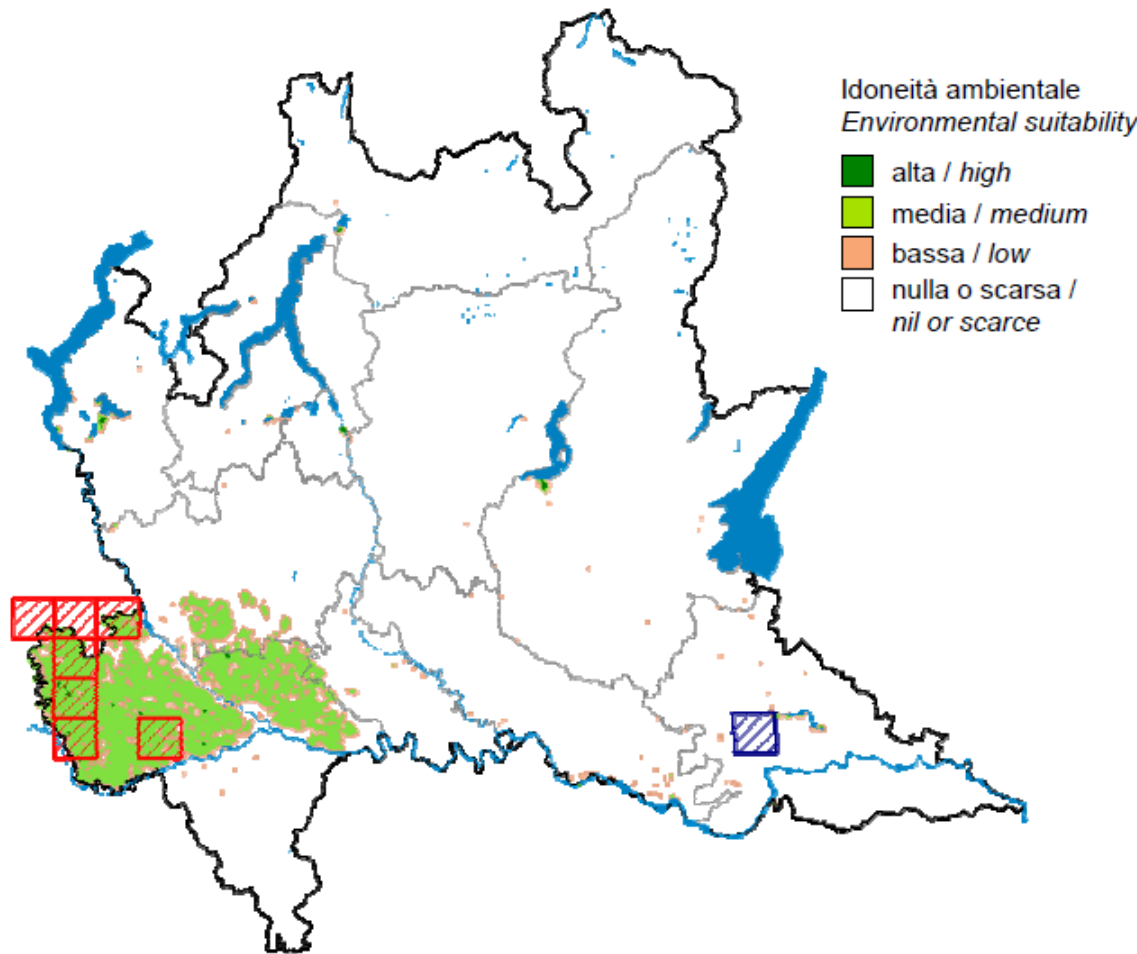


Habitat: Nidifica in zone paludose con vasti canneti e con specchi d'acqua aperti.

SPEC 3, Allegato I 79/409/CEE

AVES – Ciconiiformes – Ardeidae

Tarabuso – Bittern
Botaurus stellaris



	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (maschi cantori)
POPULATION (singing males)

(10 – 20)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

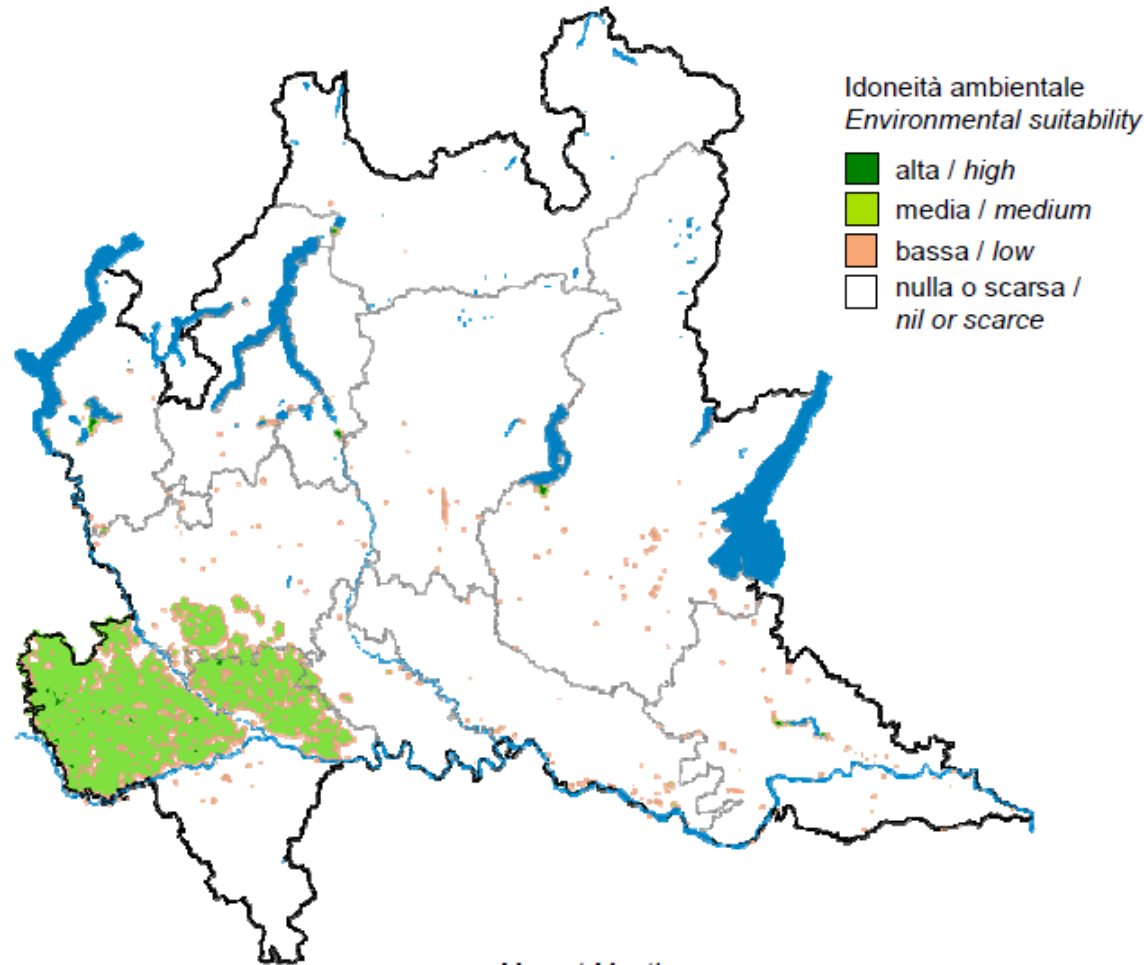
sconosciuto / unknown

Habitat: Nidifica lungo le fasce golenali del Po e dei maggiori fiumi e nelle aree risicole.

SPEC 3, Allegato I 79/409/CEE

AVES – Ciconiiformes – Ardeidae

Tarabusino – Little Bittern
Ixobrychus minutus



	Mese / Month											
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

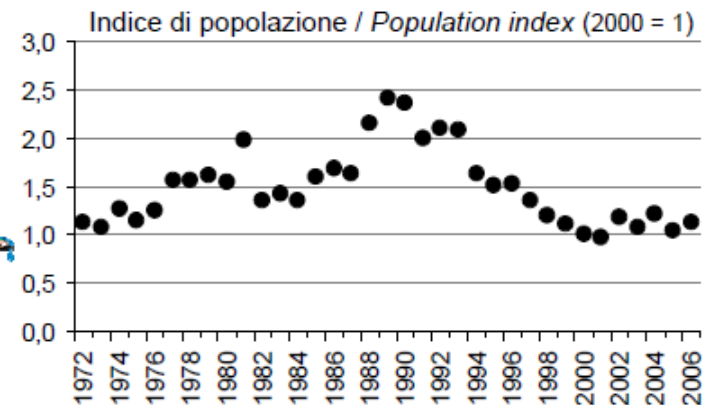
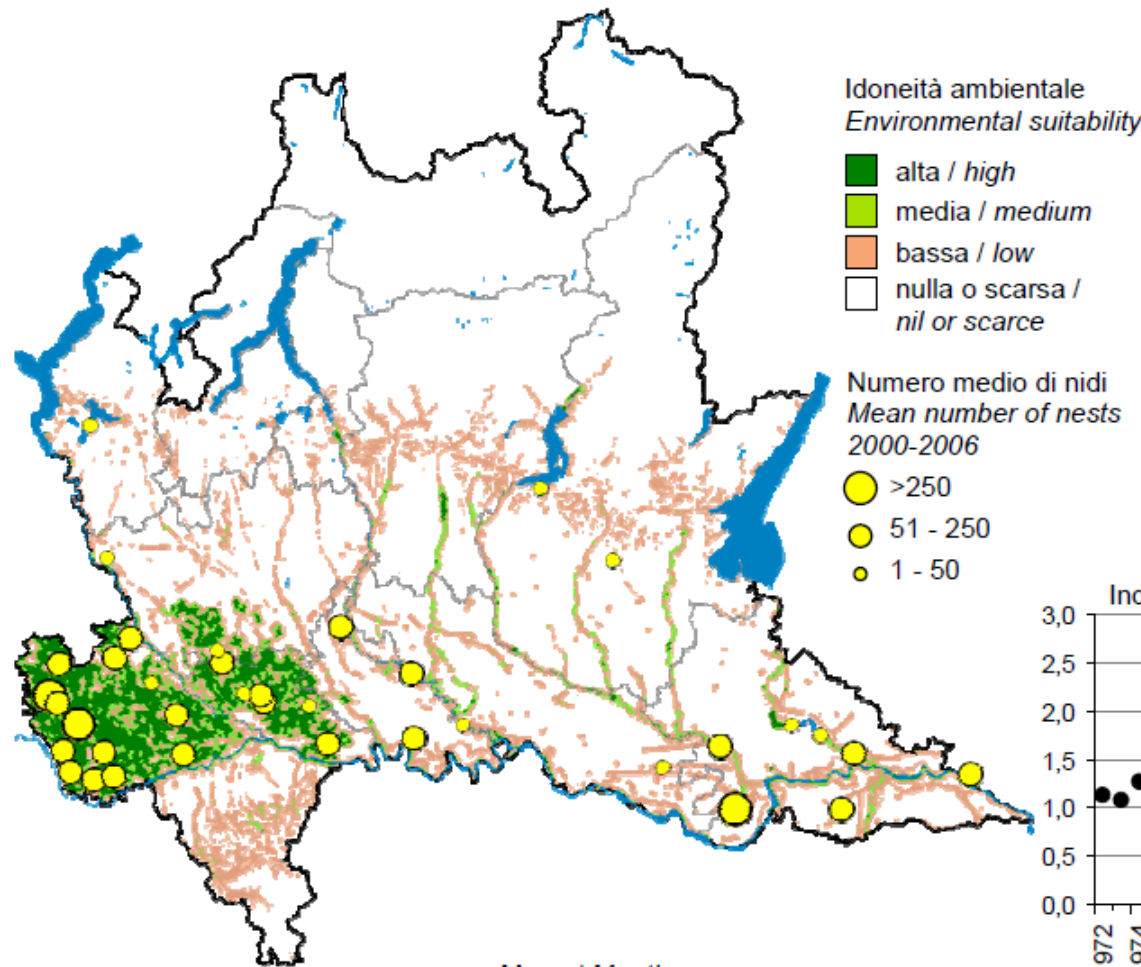
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(250 – 500)	(in diminuzione / declining)

Habitat: nidifica in colonie (in media 300-400 nidi), quasi sempre assieme ad altri ardeidi, che rimangono occupati per molti anni se l'ambiente non si altera, poste in boschi ripariali di ontano e saliceti.

**SPEC 3, Allegato I
79/409/CEE**

AVES – Ciconiiformes – Ardeidae

Nitticora – Night Heron
Nycticorax nycticorax



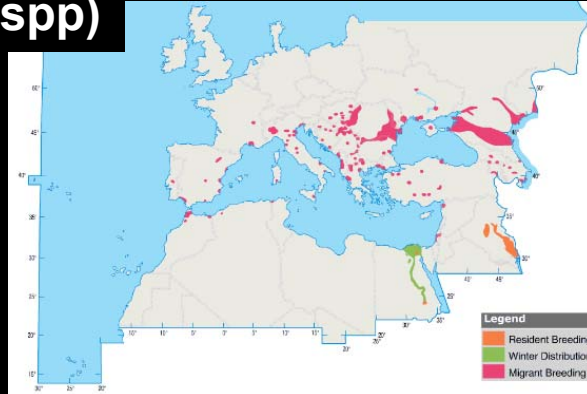
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(6.000)	stabile / stable

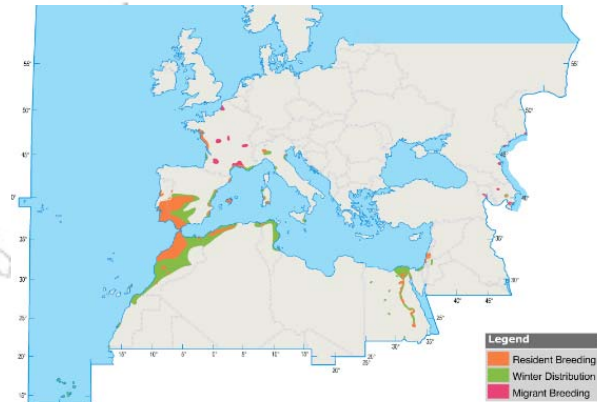
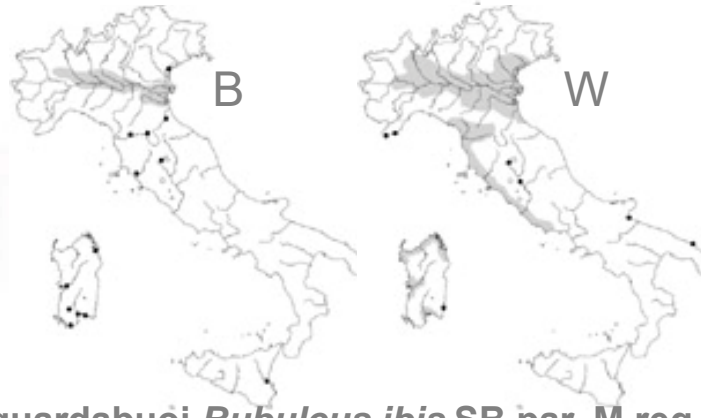
Ciconiiformes
Ardeidae (9 spp)

SPEC 3

Allegato I
79/409/CEE

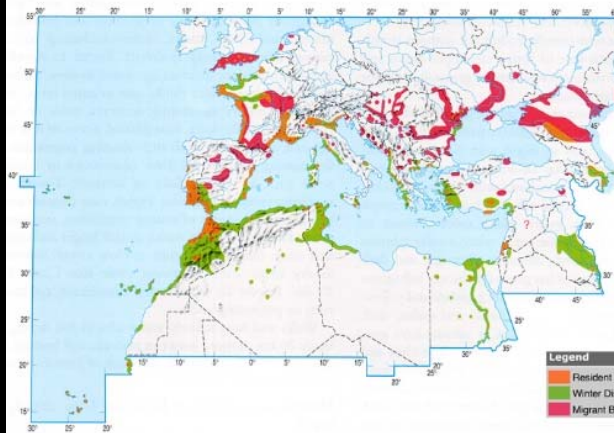


Sgarza ciuffetto *Ardeola ralloides* M reg, B, W irr



Airone guardabuoi *Bubulcus ibis* SB par, M reg, W par

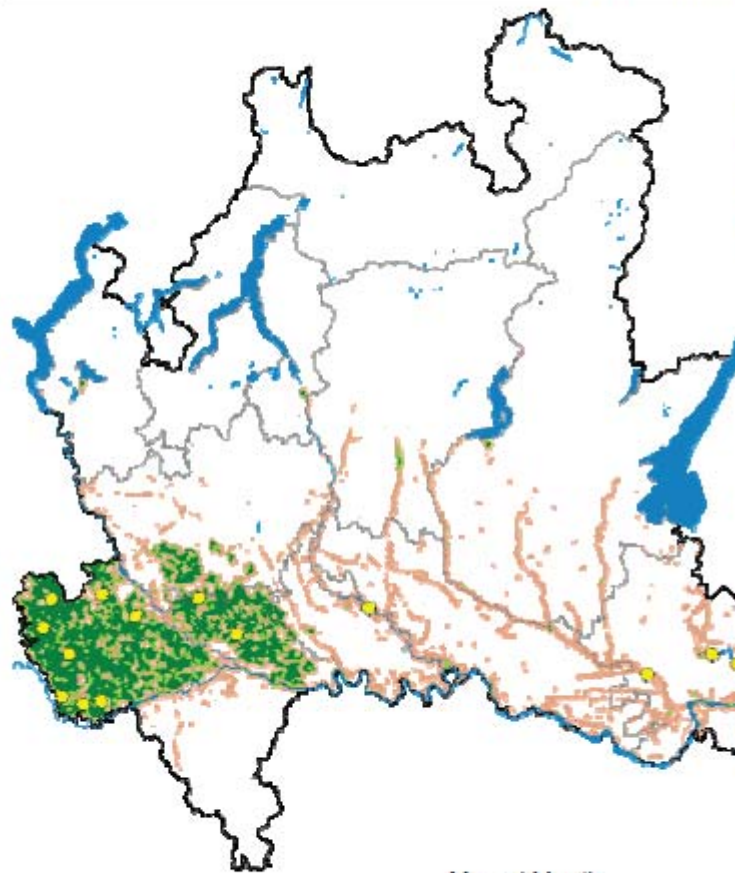
Allegato I
79/409/CEE



Garzetta *Egretta garzetta* M reg, B, W par

AVES – Ciconiiformes – Ardeidae

Sgarza ciuffetto – Squacco Heron
Ardeola ralloides

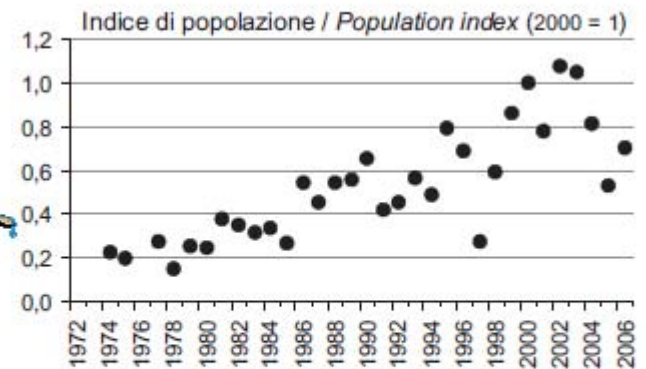


Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce

Numero medio di nidi
Mean number of nests
2000-2006

- 1 - 50

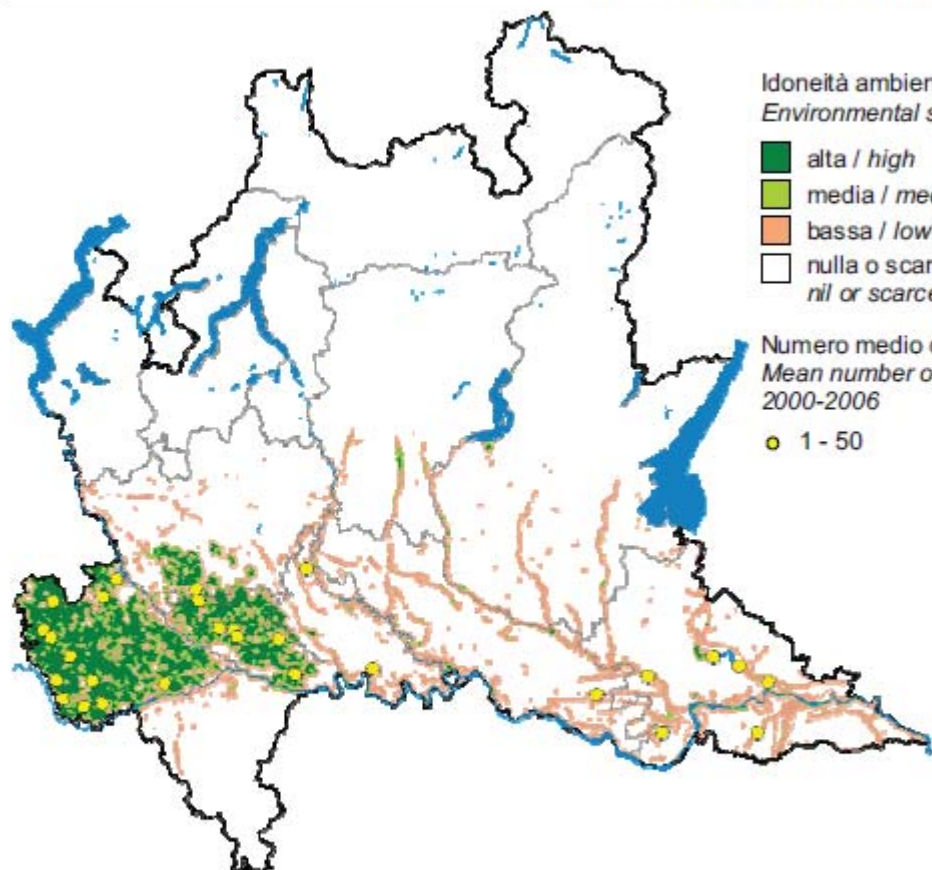


FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(150)	in aumento / increasing

AVES – Ciconiiformes – Ardeidae

Airone guardabuoi – *Cattle Egret*
Bubulcus ibis



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce

Numero medio di nidi
Mean number of nests
2000-2006

- 1 - 50



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

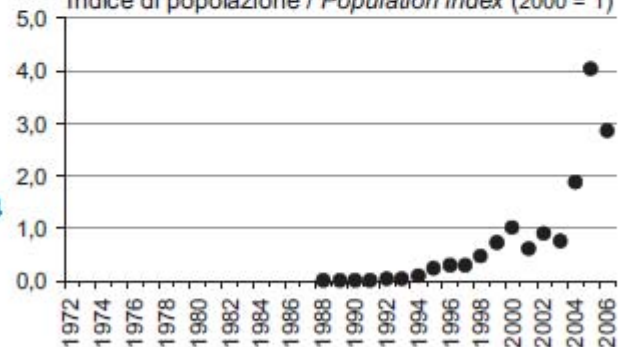
Mese / Month

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12



sedentaria / sedentary

Indice di popolazione / *Population index* (2000 = 1)



POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

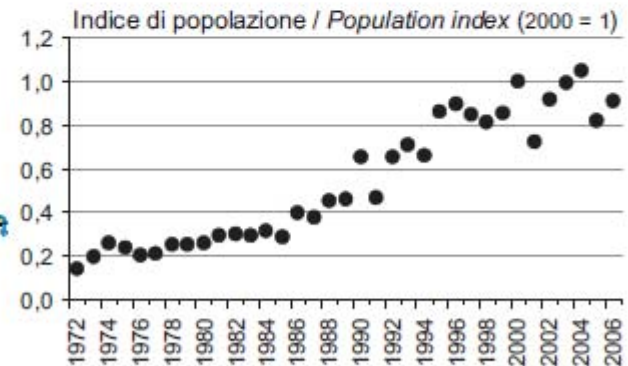
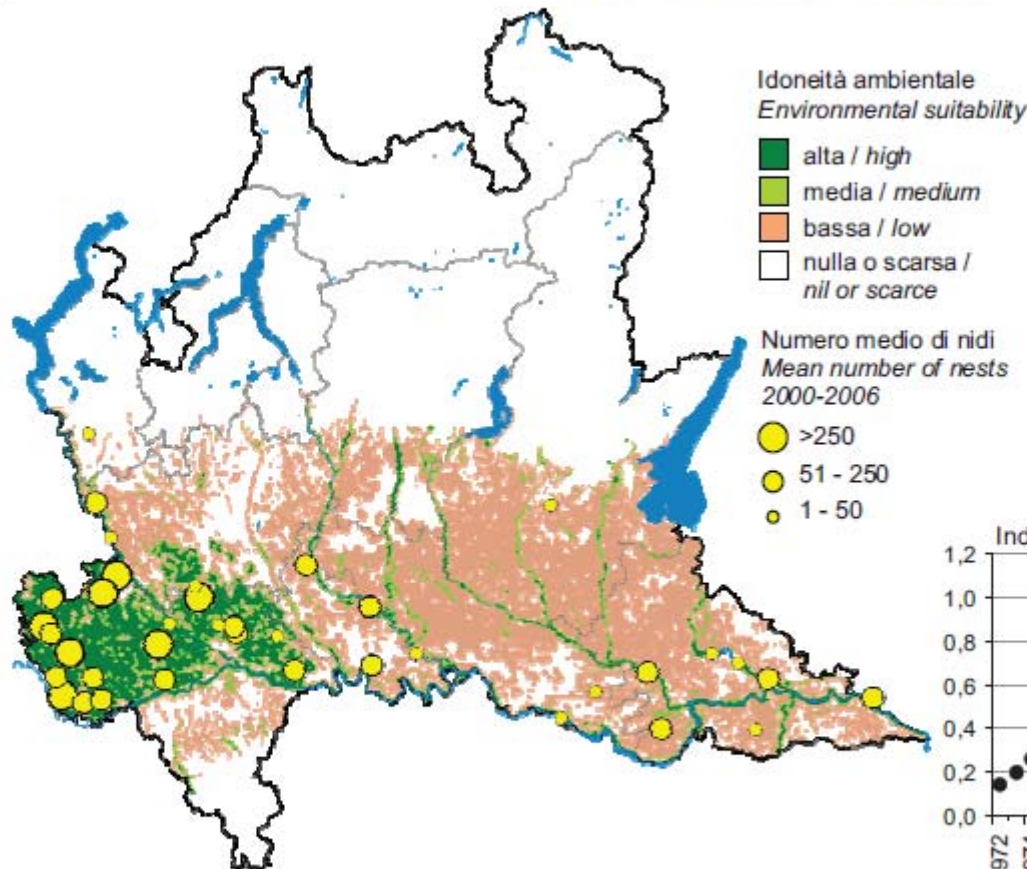
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(250 – 500)

in aumento / increasing

AVES – Ciconiiformes – Ardeidae

Garzetta – Little Egret
Egretta garzetta

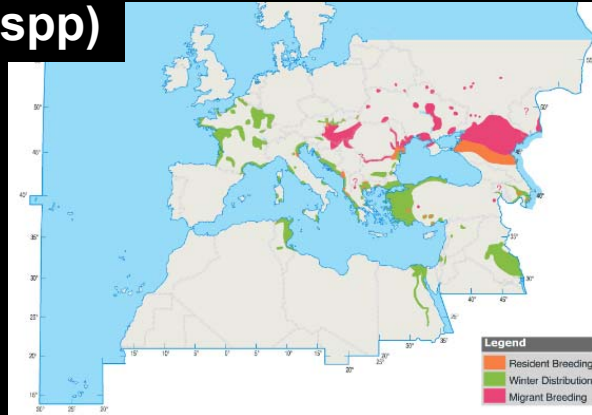


FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

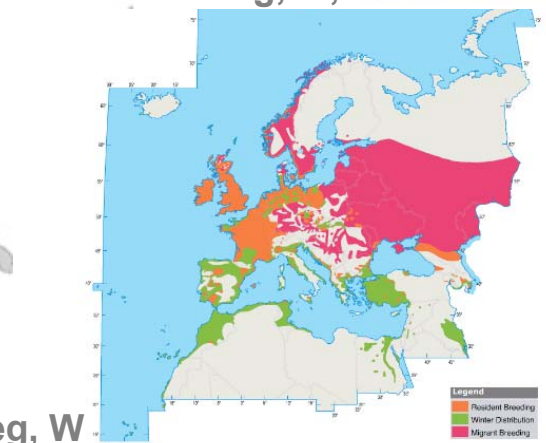
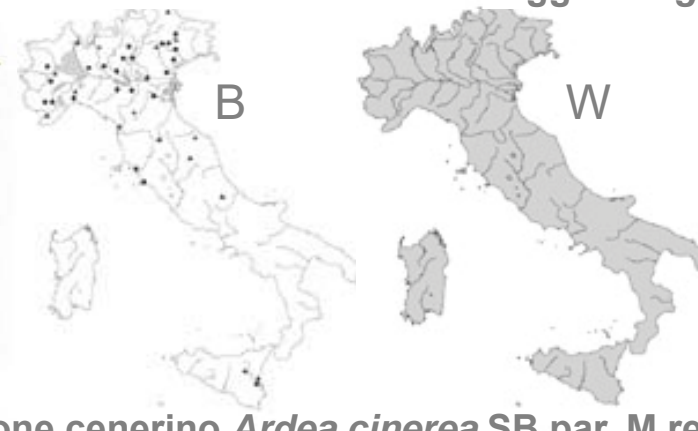
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) / POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO / MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(9.000)	in aumento / increasing

Ciconiiformes
Ardeidae (9 spp)

Allegato I
79/409/CEE



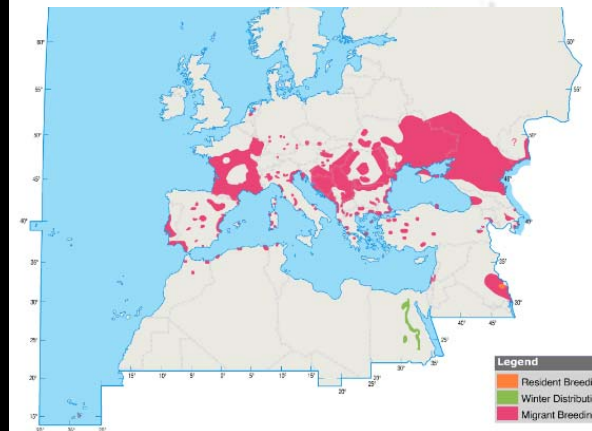
Airone bianco maggiore *Egretta alba* M reg, W, B



Airone cenerino *Ardea cinerea* SB par, M reg, W

SPEC 3

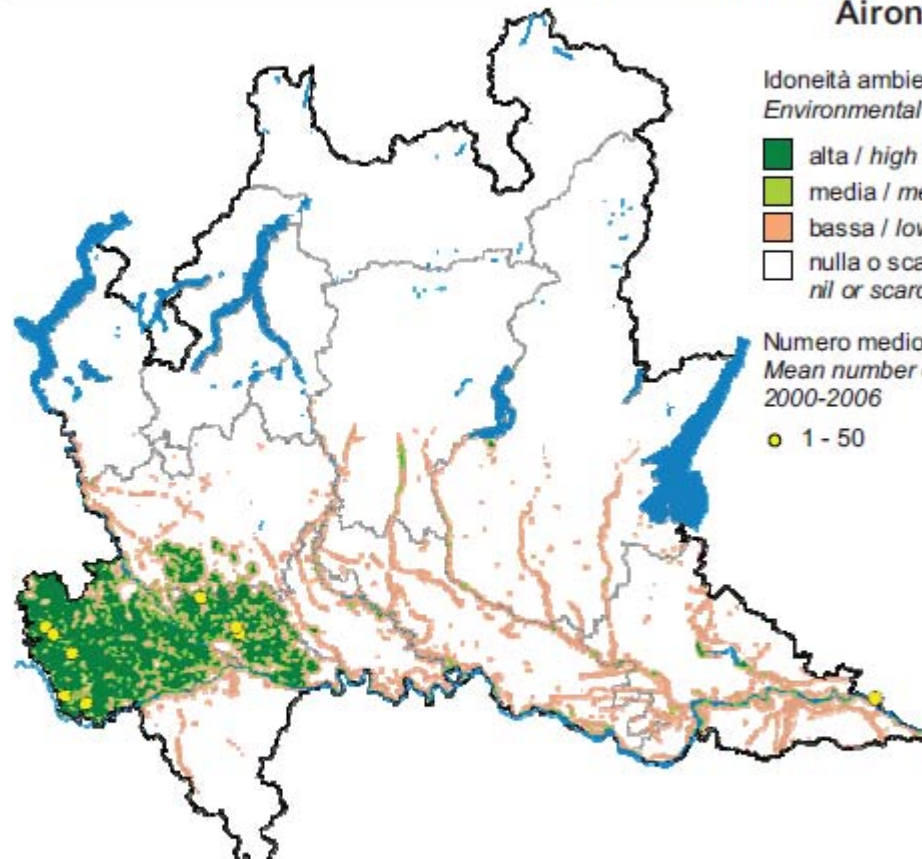
Allegato I
79/409/CEE



Airone rosso *Ardea purpurea* M reg, B, W irr

AVES – Ciconiiformes – Ardeidae

Airone bianco maggiore – Great White Egret
Egretta alba

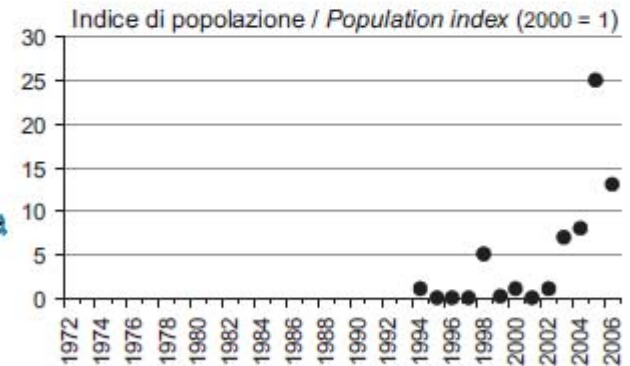


Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce

Numero medio di nidi
Mean number of nests
2000-2006

- 1 - 50

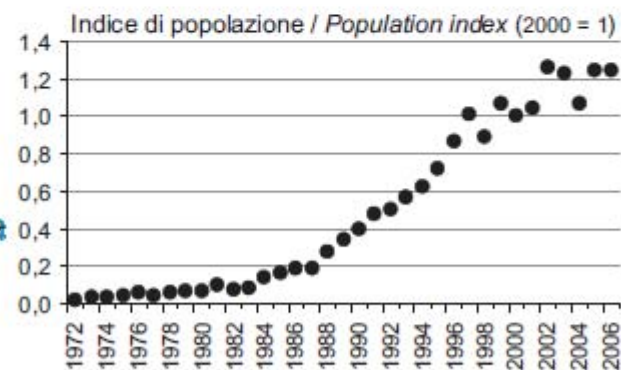
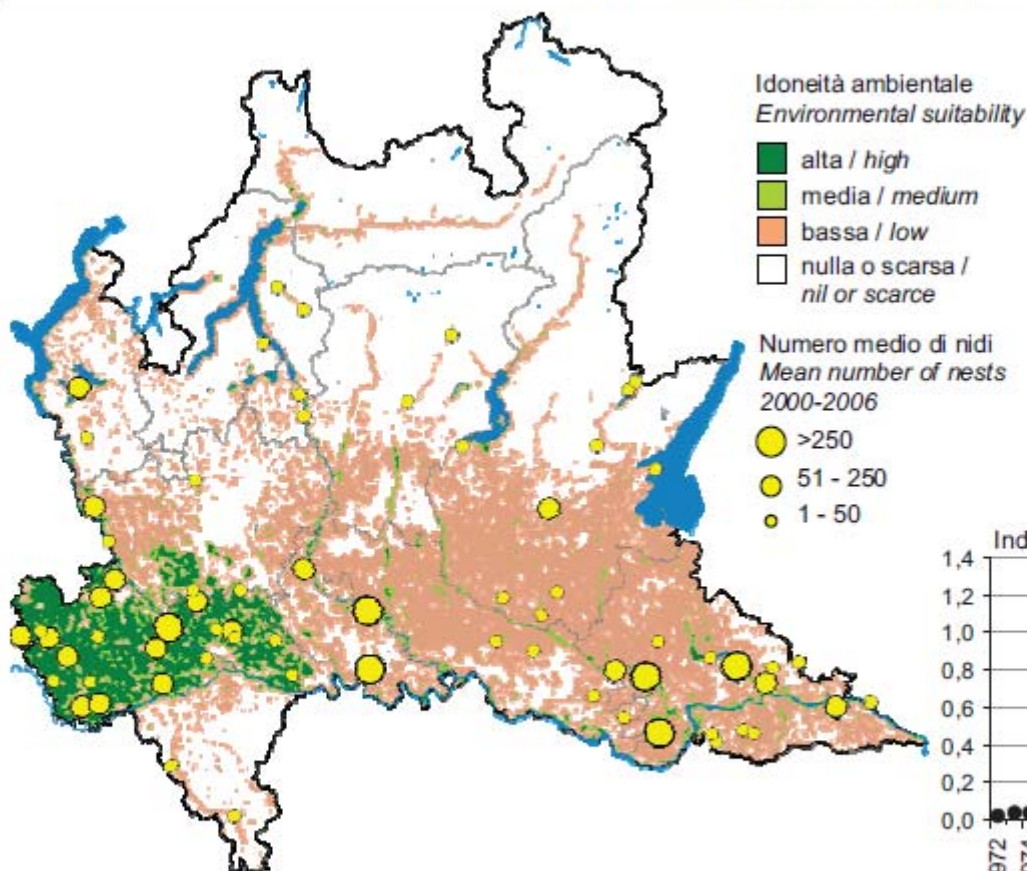


FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / <i>Breeding</i>												
Migrazione / <i>Migration</i>												
Svernamento / <i>Wintering</i>												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) <i>POPULATION (breeding pairs)</i>	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO <i>MEAN ANNUAL TREND</i>
(<50)	in aumento / <i>increasing</i>

AVES – Ciconiiformes – Ardeidae

Airone cenerino – Grey Heron
Ardea cinerea

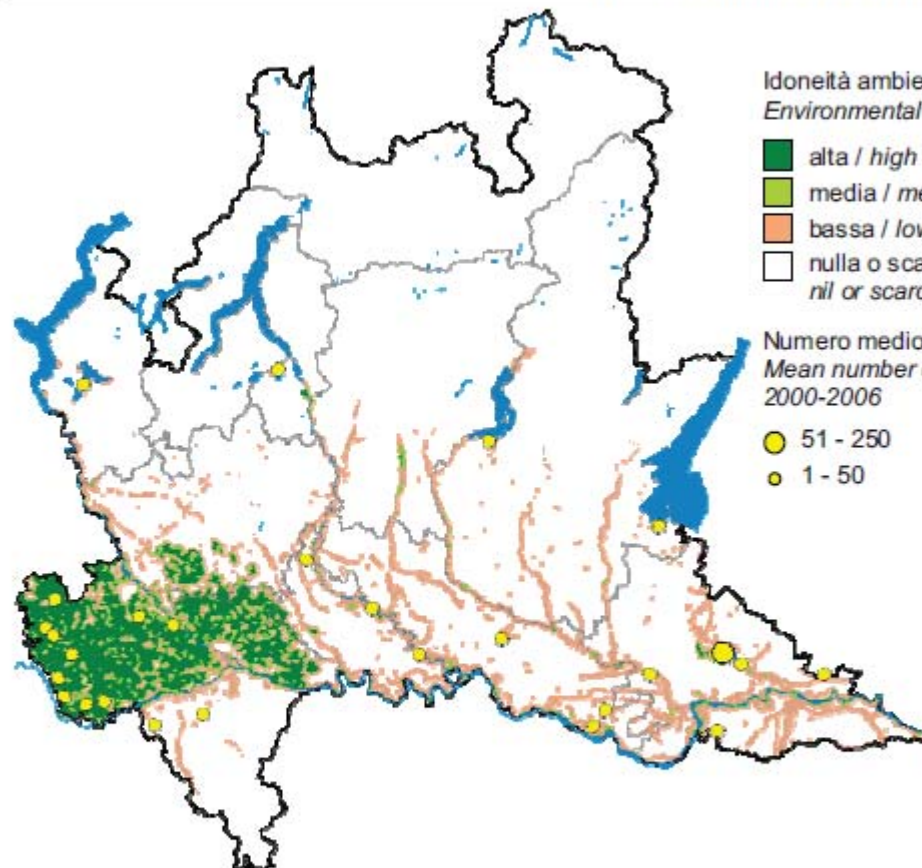


FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) <i>POPULATION (breeding pairs)</i>	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO <i>MEAN ANNUAL TREND</i>
(2.500 – 3.000)	in aumento / increasing

AVES – Ciconiiformes – Ardeidae

Airone rosso – Purple Heron
Ardea purpurea

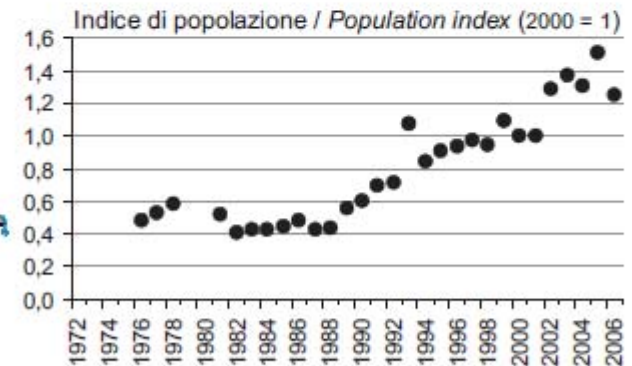


Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce

Numero medio di nidi
Mean number of nests
2000-2006

- 51 - 250
- 1 - 50



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) <i>POPULATION (breeding pairs)</i>	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO <i>MEAN ANNUAL TREND</i>
(450)	in aumento / increasing

Ciconiiformes
Ciconiidae (2 spp)

SPEC 2

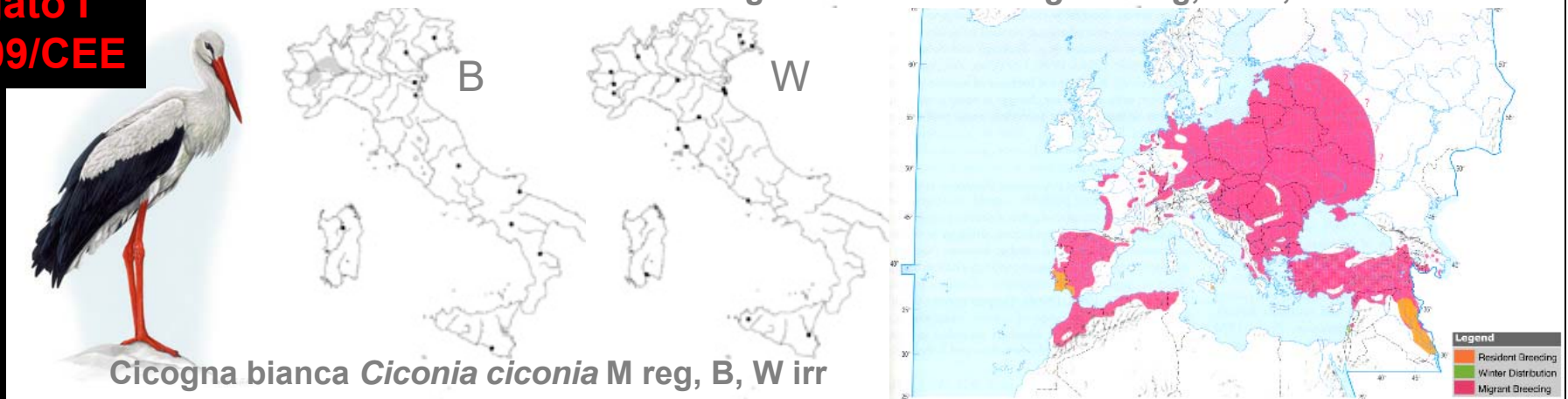
Allegato I
79/409/CEE

SPEC 2

Allegato I
79/409/CEE



Cicogna nera *Ciconia nigra* M reg, W irr, B



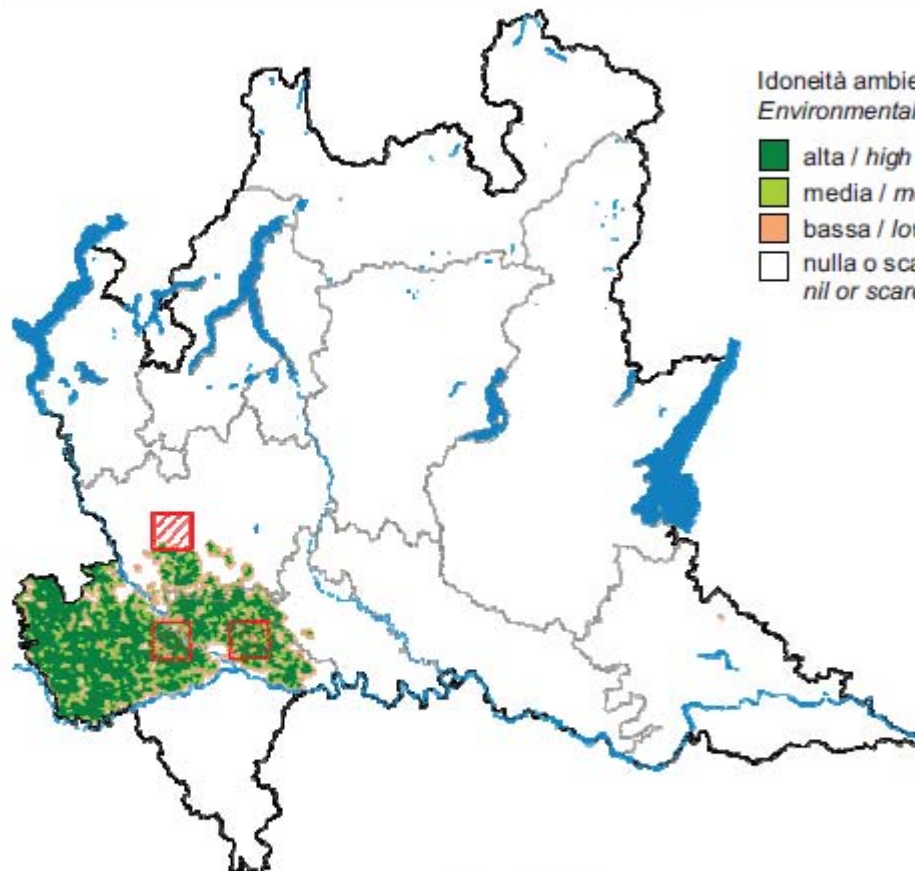
Cicogna bianca *Ciconia ciconia* M reg, B, W irr



W: individui da
allevamento e
reintroduzione

AVES – Ciconiiformes – Ciconiidae

Cicogna bianca – White Stork
Ciconia ciconia



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



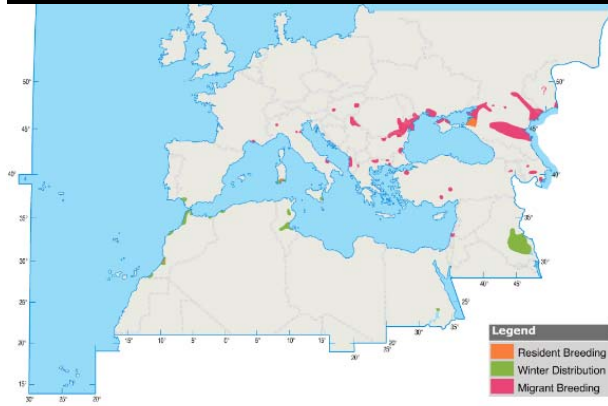
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(13 – 15)	in aumento / increasing

Ciconiiformes
Threskiornithidae (2 spp)

SPEC 3

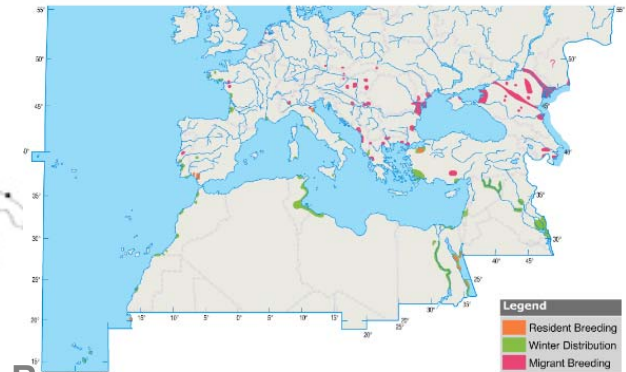
Allegato I
79/409/CEE



Mignattaio Plegadis falcinellus M reg, B, W par

SPEC 2

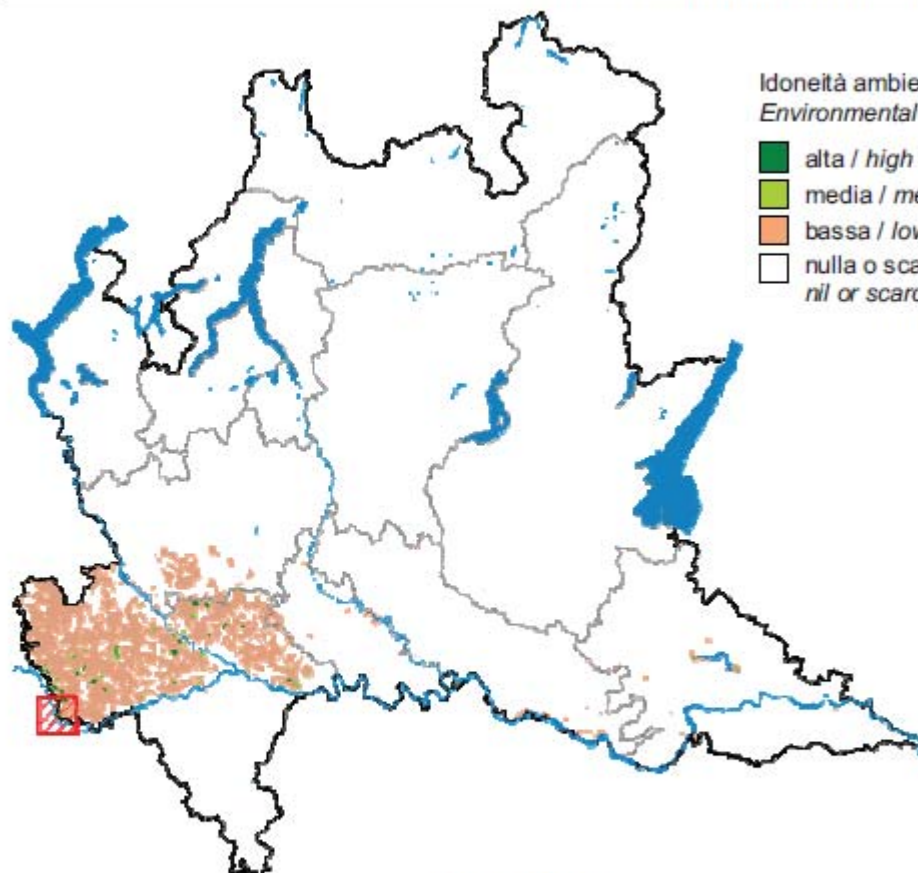
Allegato I
79/409/CEE



Spatola Platalea leucorodia M reg, W par, B

AVES – Ciconiiformes – Threskiomithidae

Mignattaio – Glossy Ibis
Plegadis falcinellus



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

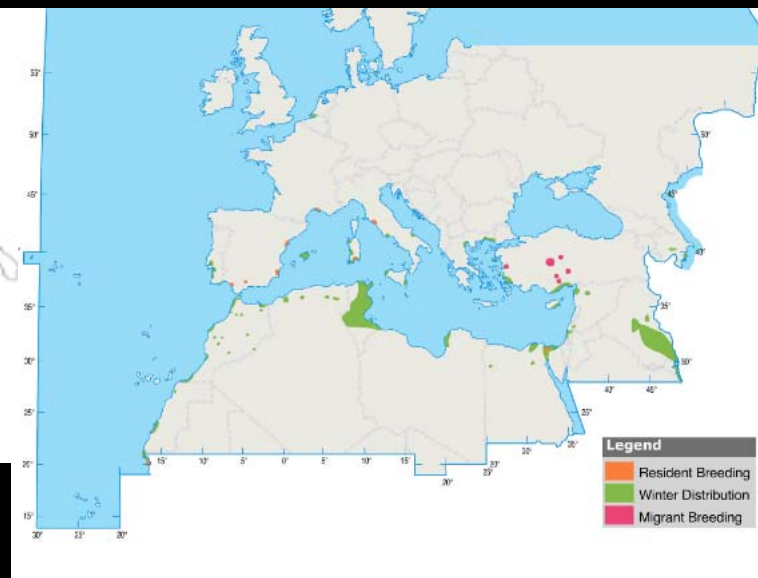
- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(5)	

Phoenicopteriformes
Phoenicopteridae (1 sp)

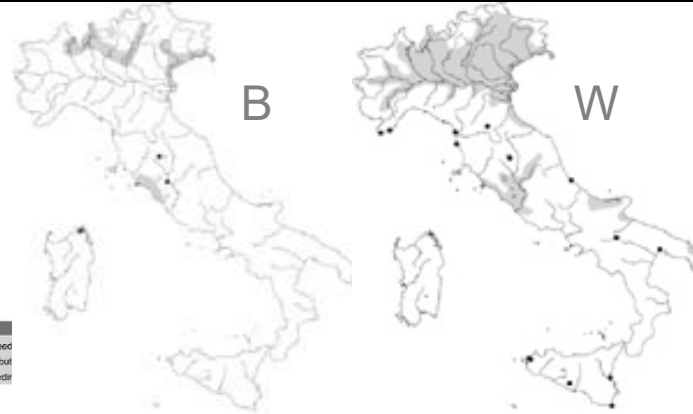


Fenicottero Phoenicopterus ruber
M reg, W, SB par

SPEC 3

Allegato I
79/409/CEE

Anseriformes Anatidae (28 spp)

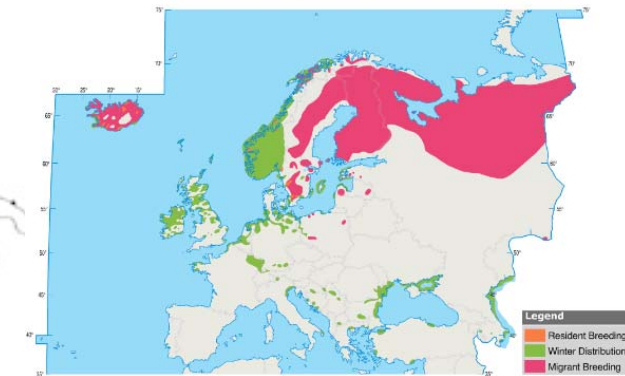


Cigno reale *Cygnus olor* SB, M reg, W

**Allegato I
79/409/CEE**

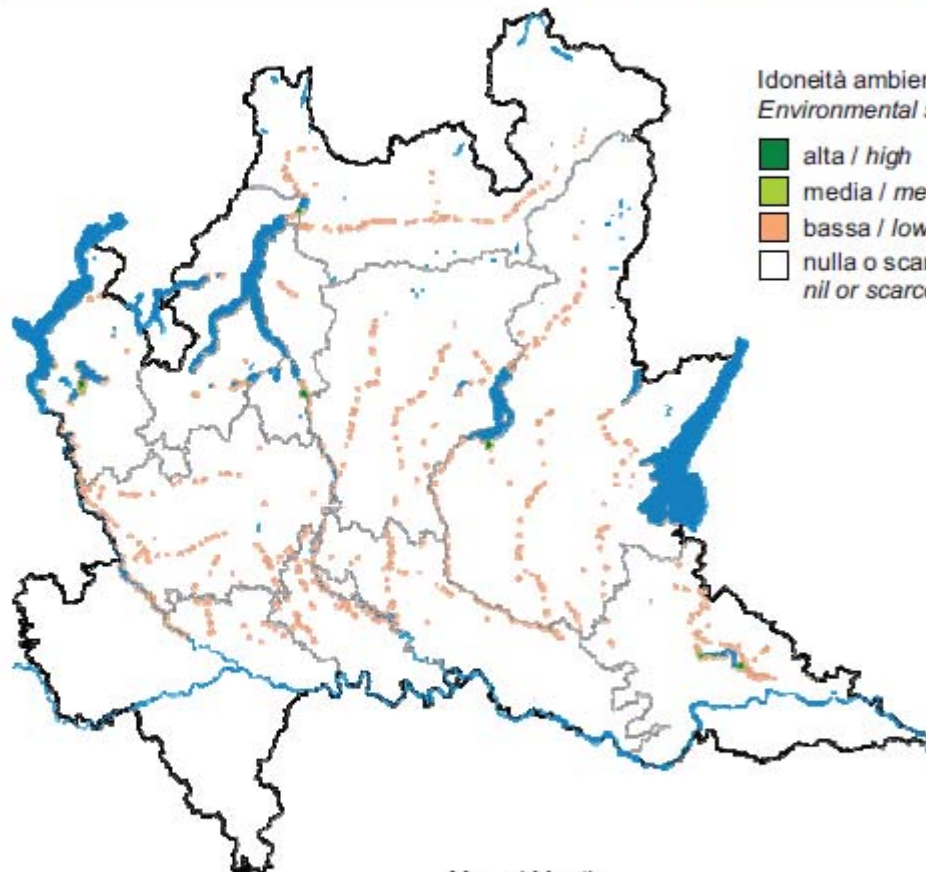


Cigno selvatico *Cygnus cygnus* M reg, W par



AVES – Anseriformes – Anatidae

Cigno reale – *Mute Swan*
Cygnus olor

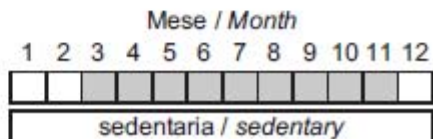


Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / *high*
- media / *medium*
- bassa / *low*
- nulla o scarsa / *nil or scarce*



FENOLOGIA / *PHENOLOGY*
Riproduzione / *Breeding*



POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

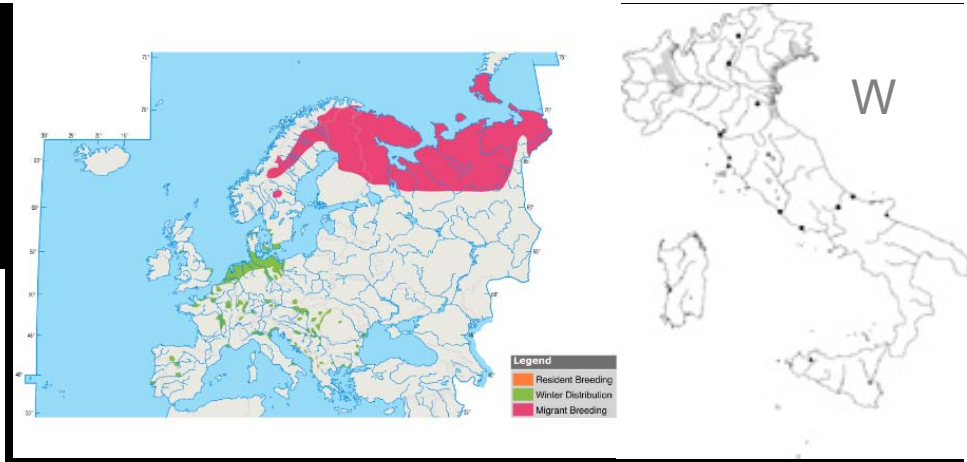
(50 – 100)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(in aumento / *increasing*)

**Anseriformes
Anatidae (28 spp)**

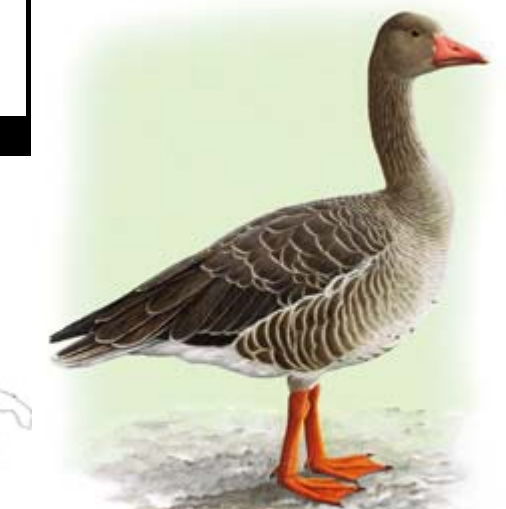
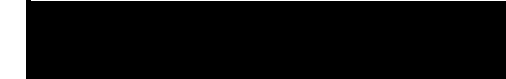
**Oca lombardella
Anser albifrons M reg, W**



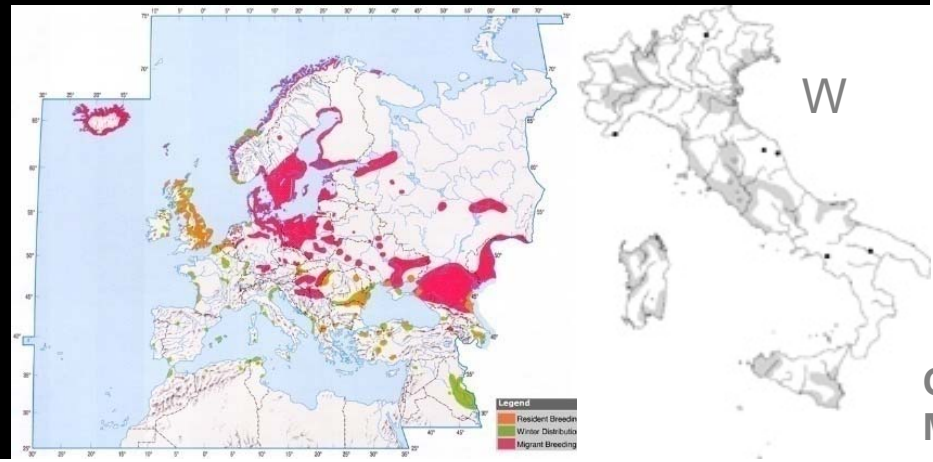
**Oca granaiola della taiga
Anser fabalis M reg, W**



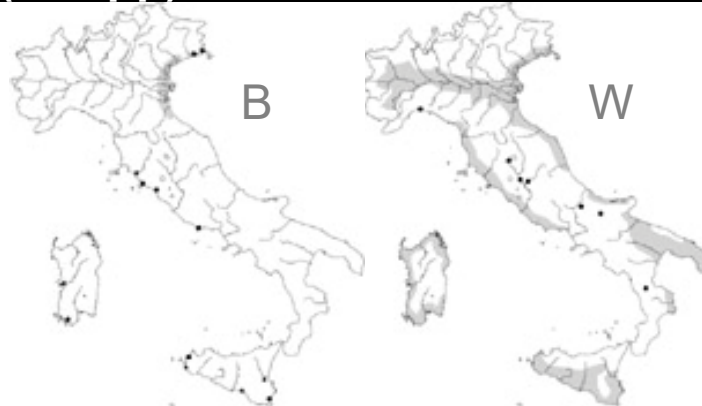
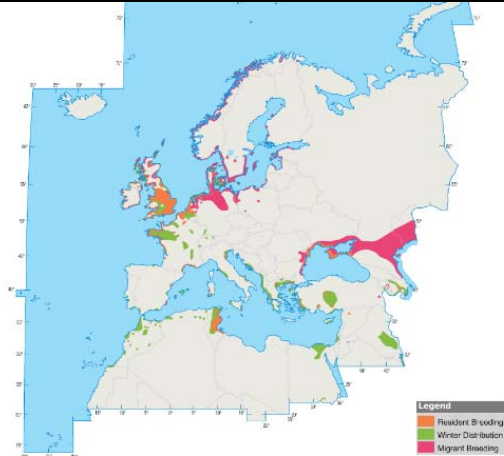
***A.a.flavirostris* Allegato I, 79/409/CEE**



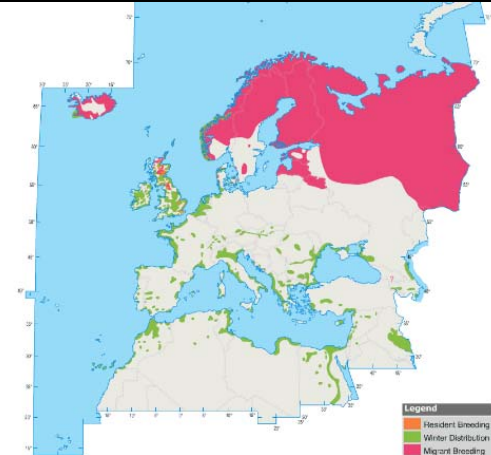
**Oca selvatica *Anser anser*
M reg, W (B reintrodotta)**



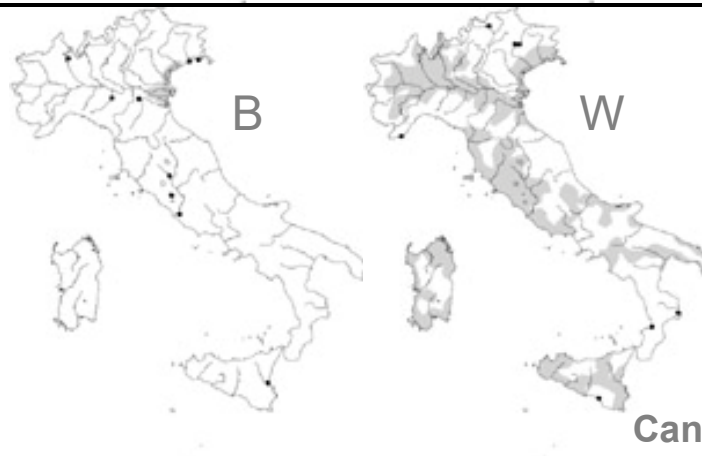
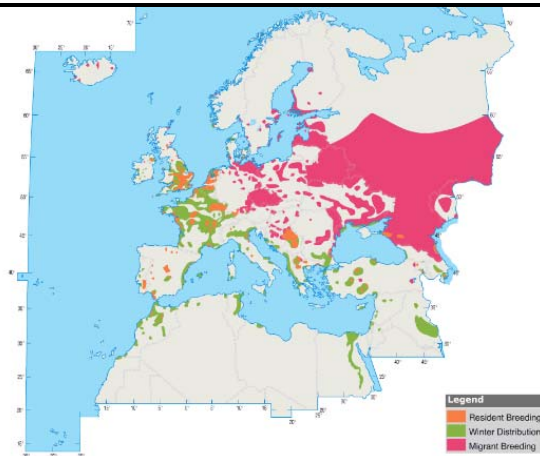
Anseriformes, Anatidae (28 spp)



Volpoca *Tadorna tadorna* M reg, W, B



Fischione *Anas penelope* M reg, W, B irr

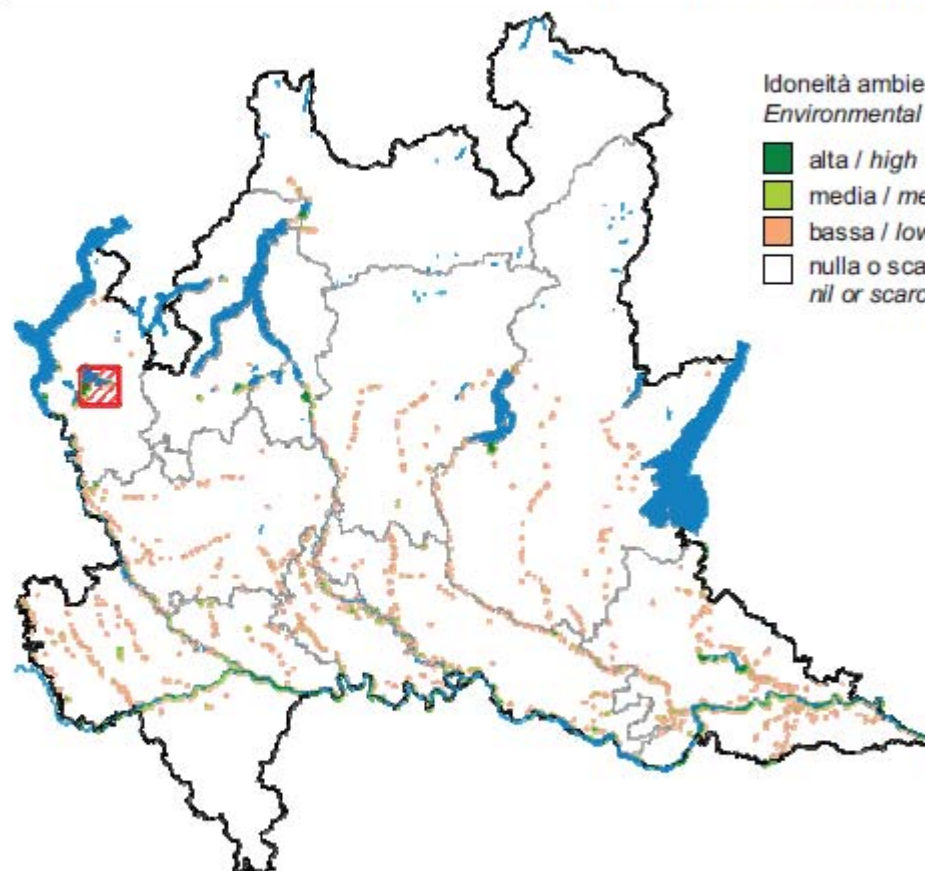


SPEC 3

Canapiglia *Anas strepera* M reg, W, B

AVES – Anseriformes – Anatidae

Canapiglia – Gadwall
Anas strepera



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY

Mese / Month

Riproduzione / Breeding
Migrazione / Migration
Svernamento / Wintering

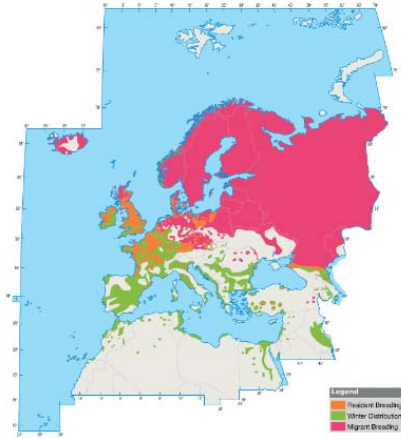
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

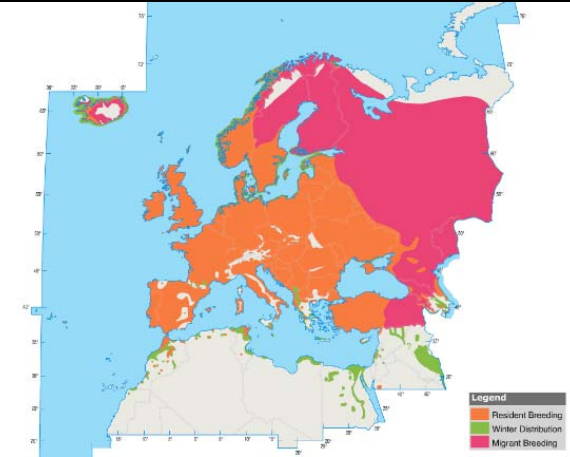
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(<10)	
-------	--

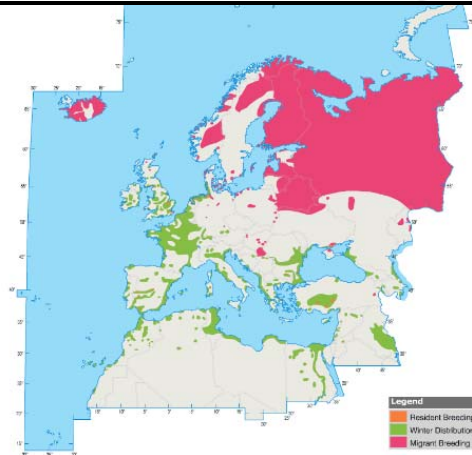
Anseriformes, Anatidae (28 spp)



Alzavola *Anas crecca* M reg, W, B



Germano reale *Anas platyrhynchos* SB, M reg, W

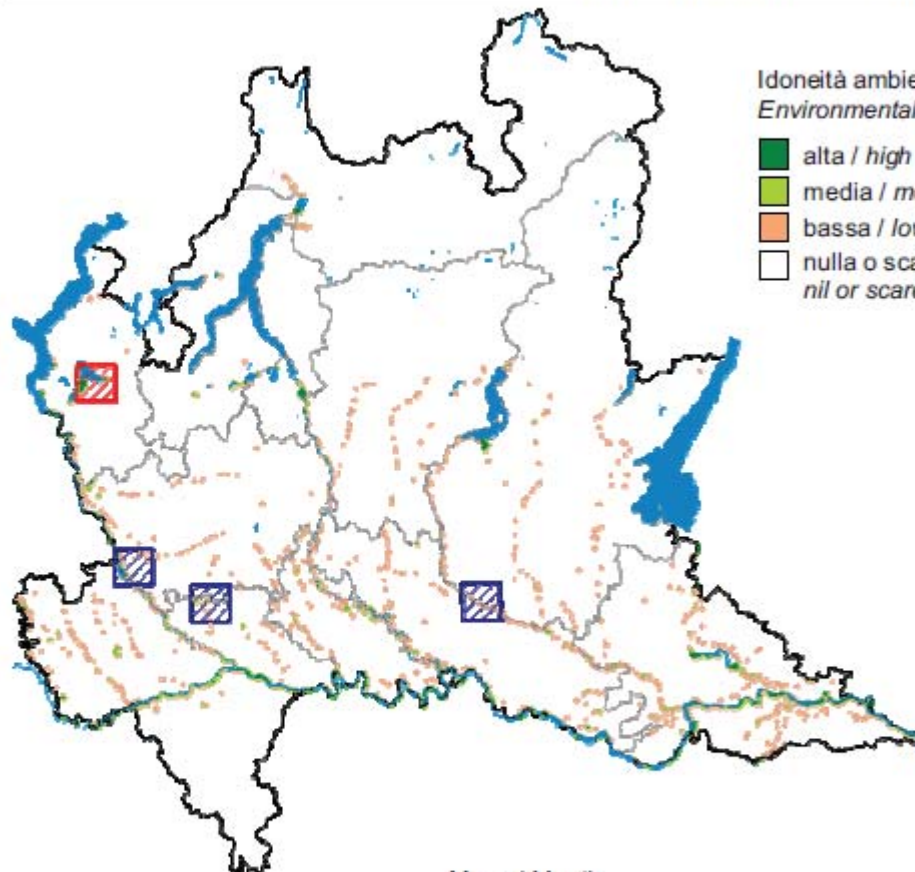


SPEC 3

Codone *Anas acuta* M reg, W, B irr

AVES – Anseriformes – Anatidae

Alzavola – Teal
Anas crecca



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce

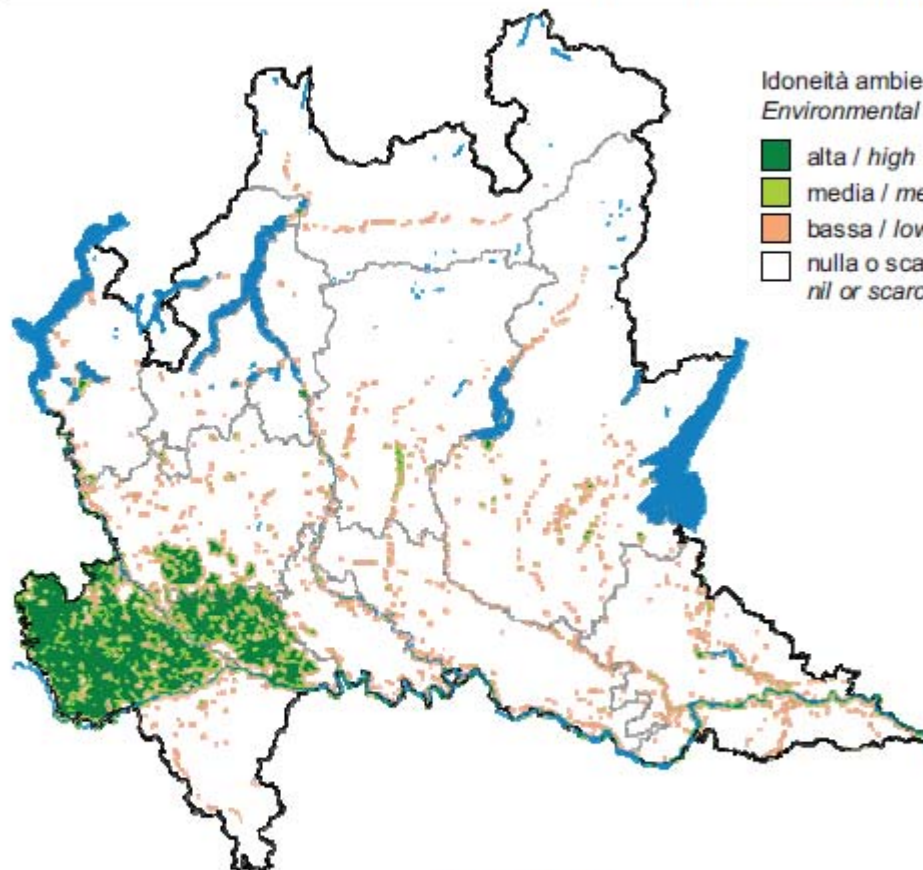


FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(<10)	

AVES – Anseriformes – Anatidae

Germano reale – *Mallard*
Anas platyrhynchos



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

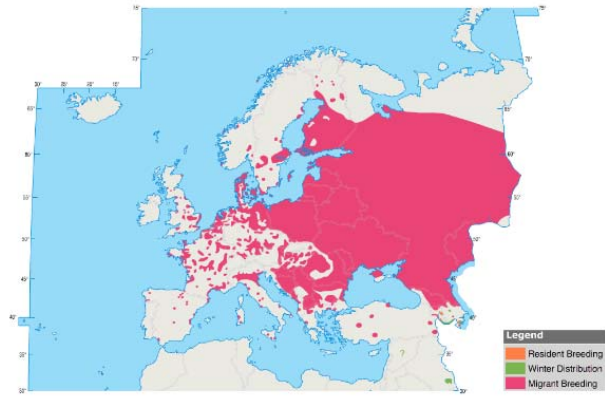
- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) <i>POPULATION (breeding pairs)</i>	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO <i>MEAN ANNUAL TREND</i>
(2.500 – 5.000)	(stabile / stable)

Anseriformes, Anatidae (28 spp)

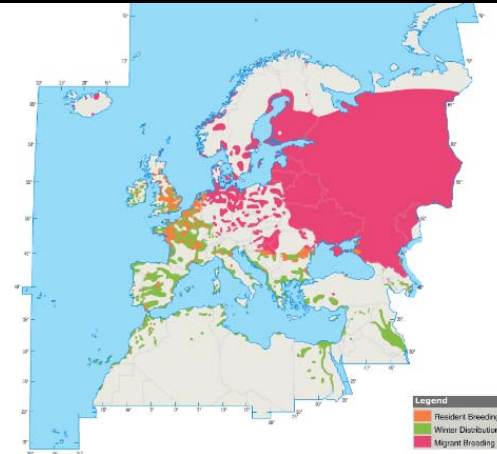


SPEC 3

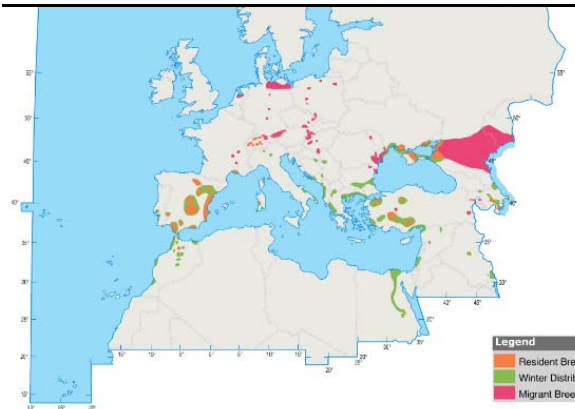


Marzaiola *Anas querquedula* M reg, B, W irr

SPEC 3



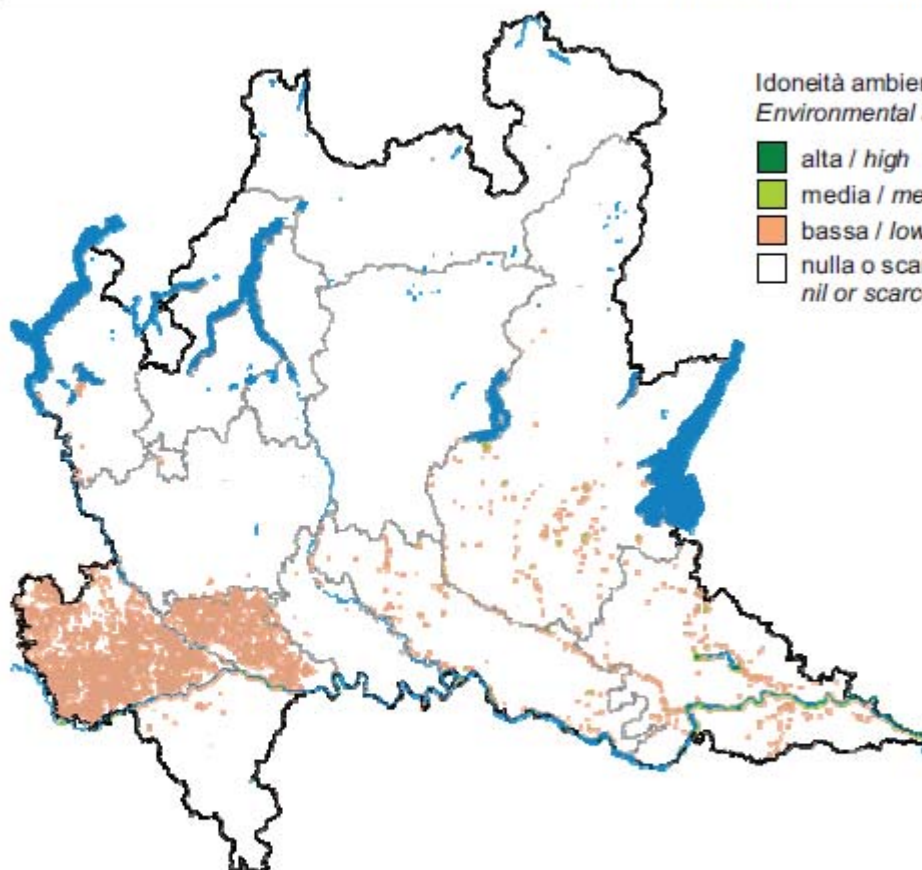
Mestolone *Anas clypeata* M reg, W, B



Fistione turco *Netta rufina* M reg, W, B

AVES – Anseriformes – Anatidae

Marzaiola – Garganey
Anas querquedula



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY

Mese / Month

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

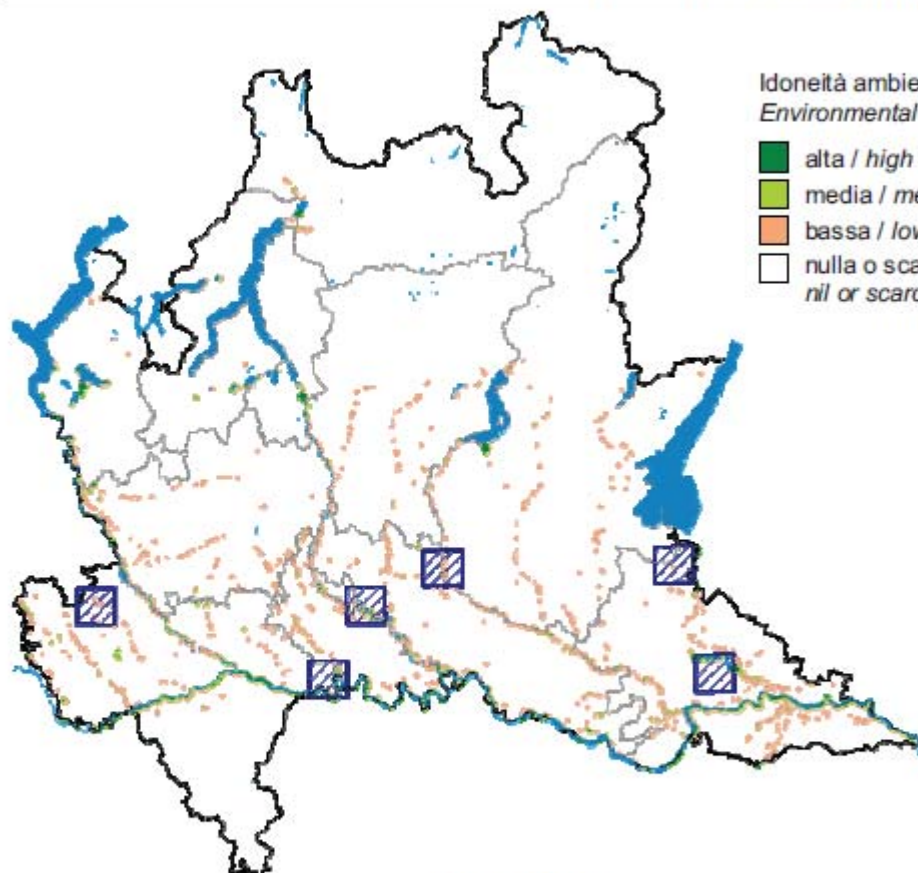
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(<50)

(in diminuzione / declining)

AVES – Anseriformes – Anatidae

Mestolone – Shoveler
Anas clypeata



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding
Migrazione / Migration
Svernamento / Wintering

Mese / Month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

?	
---	--

Anseriformes, Anatidae (28 spp)

SPEC 1
Allegato I 79/409/CEE



Anatra marmorizzata *Marmaronetta angustirostris* B, M reg, W irr

Species Action Plan for the Marbled Teal
Marmaronetta angustirostris / in the European Union



Prepared by:



SEO/BirdLife

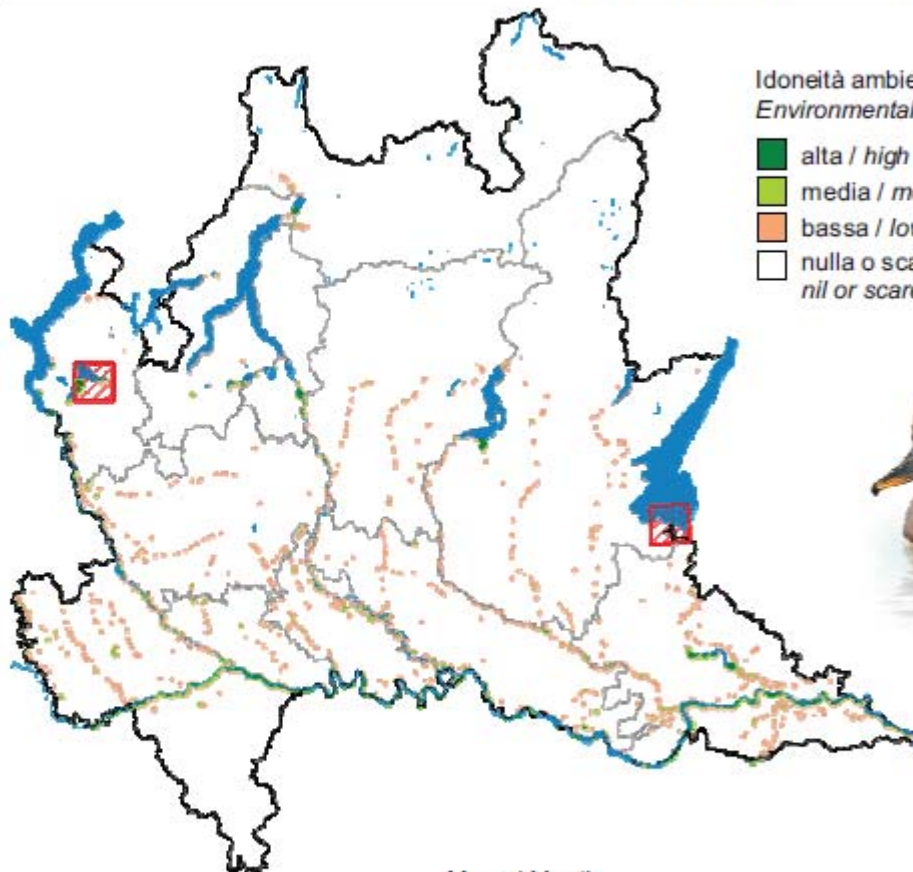


On behalf of the European Commission



AVES – Anseriformes – Anatidae

Fistione turco – Red-crested Pochard
Netta rufina



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

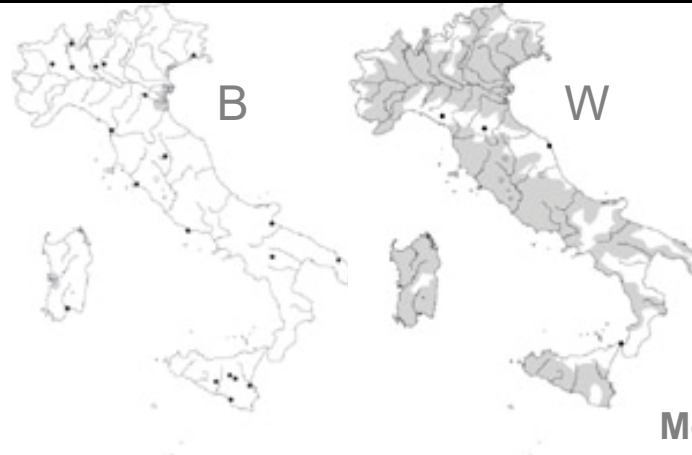
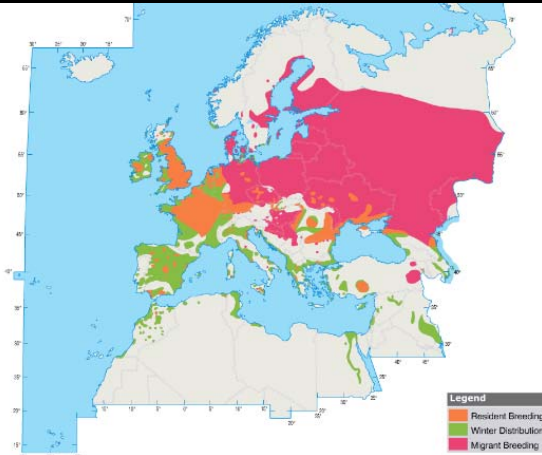
- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) <i>POPULATION (breeding pairs)</i>	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO <i>MEAN ANNUAL TREND</i>
(<10)	

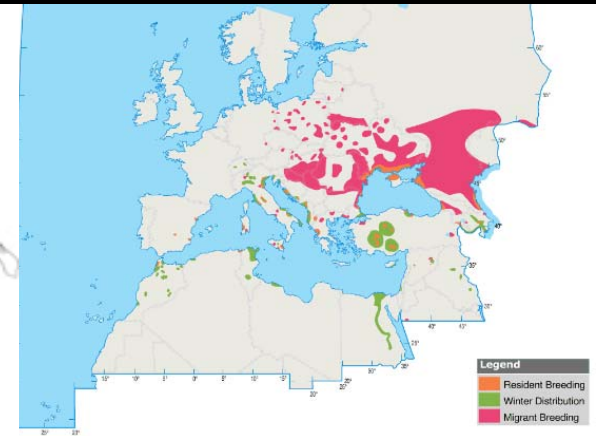
Anseriformes, Anatidae (28 spp)



SPEC 2

Moriglione *Aythya ferina* M reg, W, B

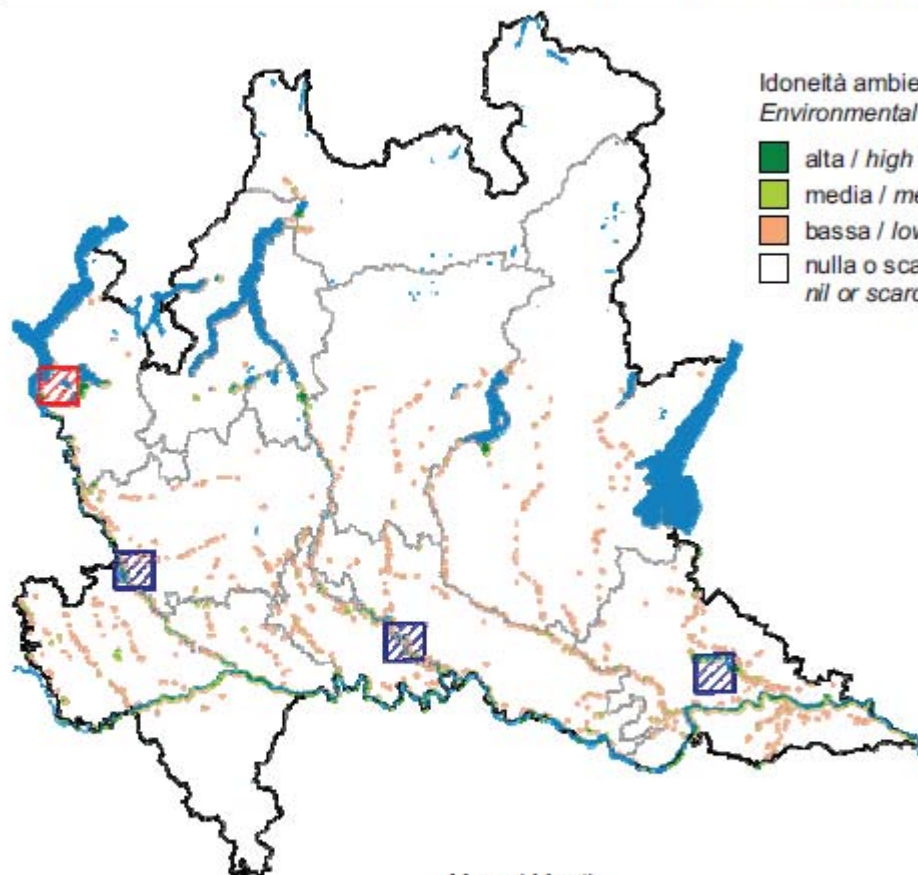
SPEC 1



Moretta tabaccata *Aythya nyroca* M reg, W, B

AVES – Anseriformes – Anatidae

Moriglione – Pochard
Aythya ferina



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce

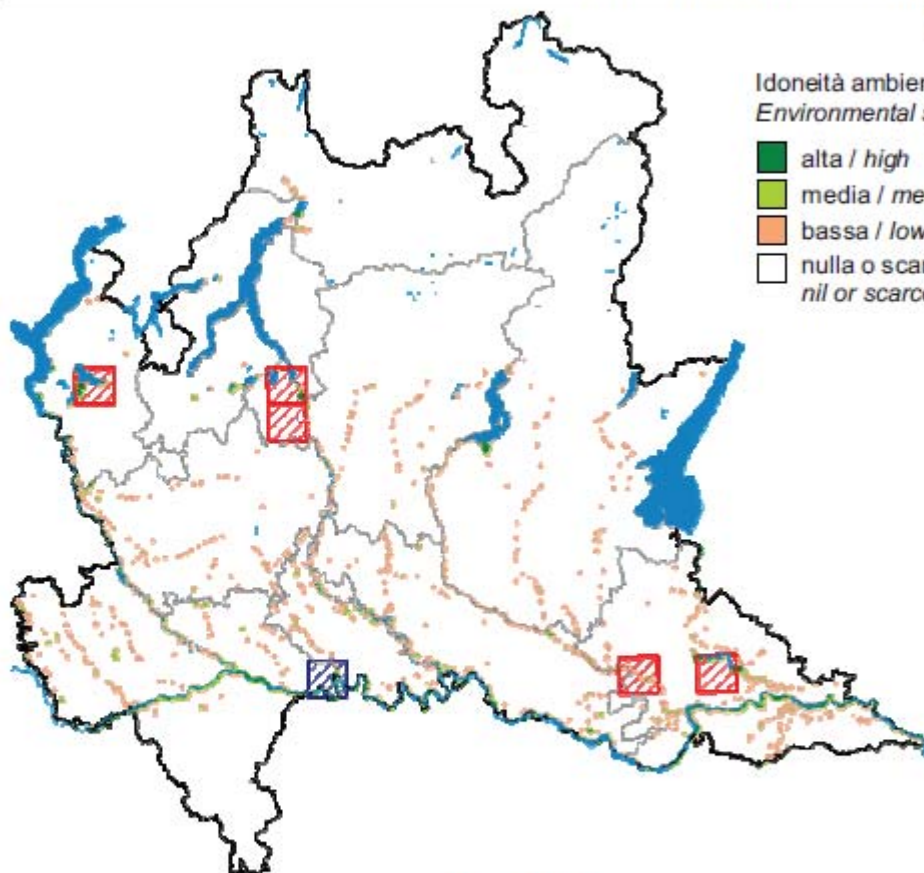


	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) <i>POPULATION (breeding pairs)</i>	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO <i>MEAN ANNUAL TREND</i>
?	

AVES – Anseriformes – Anatidae

Moretta tabaccata – Ferruginous Duck
Aythya nyroca



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

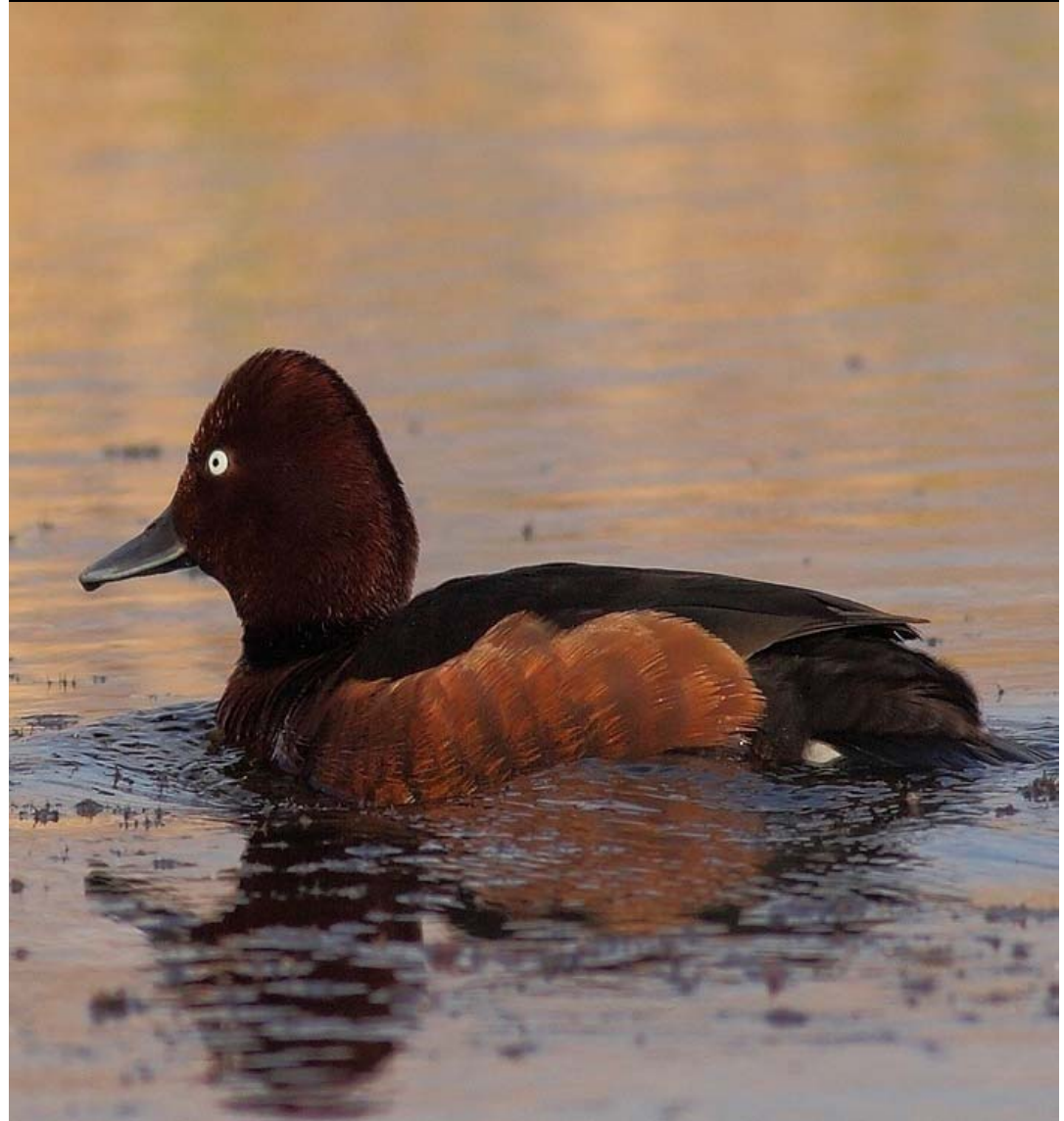
- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) <i>POPULATION (breeding pairs)</i>	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO <i>MEAN ANNUAL TREND</i>
(<10)	

Ferruginous Duck
(*Aythya nyroca*)



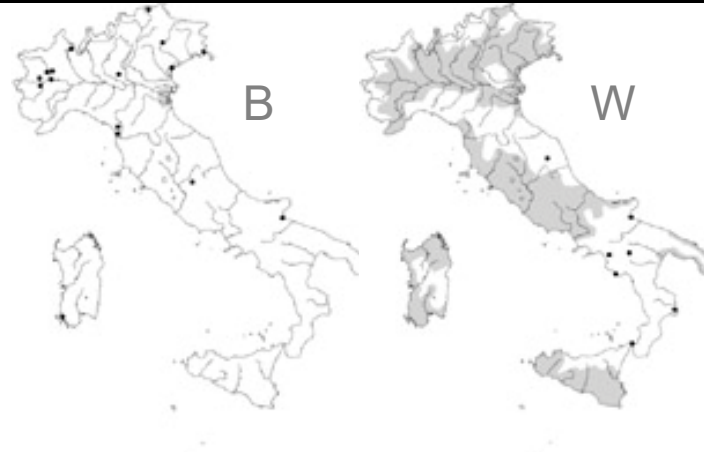
Breeding population estimates and trends of the Ferruginous Duck in Europe (1976-1996)

SPEC 1

Country	Size (pairs)	Trend ³
Albania	100-300	-1
Armenia	10-100	?
Austria	150-200	0
Azerbaijan	150-200	-1
Belarus	50-75	-2
Bosnia-Herzegovina	150-500	?
Bulgaria	110-160	-1
Croatia	1000-3000	0
Czech Republic	0-3	-2
Georgia	10-1000	?
Germany	1-20	-2
Greece	200-250	0
Hungary	500-600	-1
Italy (inc. Sardinia)	30-50	0
Lithuania	10-100	0
Moldova	20-100	-2
Netherlands	0-1	F
Poland	250-300	-1
Romania	8000	-1
Russia (European)	500-1500	-2
Slovakia	20-40	-1
Slovenia	5-15	-2
Spain	0-4	-2
Switzerland	0-1	F
Turkey	500-600 ⁴	-1
Ukraine	1500-5000	-2
Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	3-5	-1
Yugoslavia	150-1500	?
TOTAL	13,000-24,000	-1



Anseriformes, Anatidae (28 spp)



SPEC 3

Moretta *Aythya fuligula* M reg, W, B

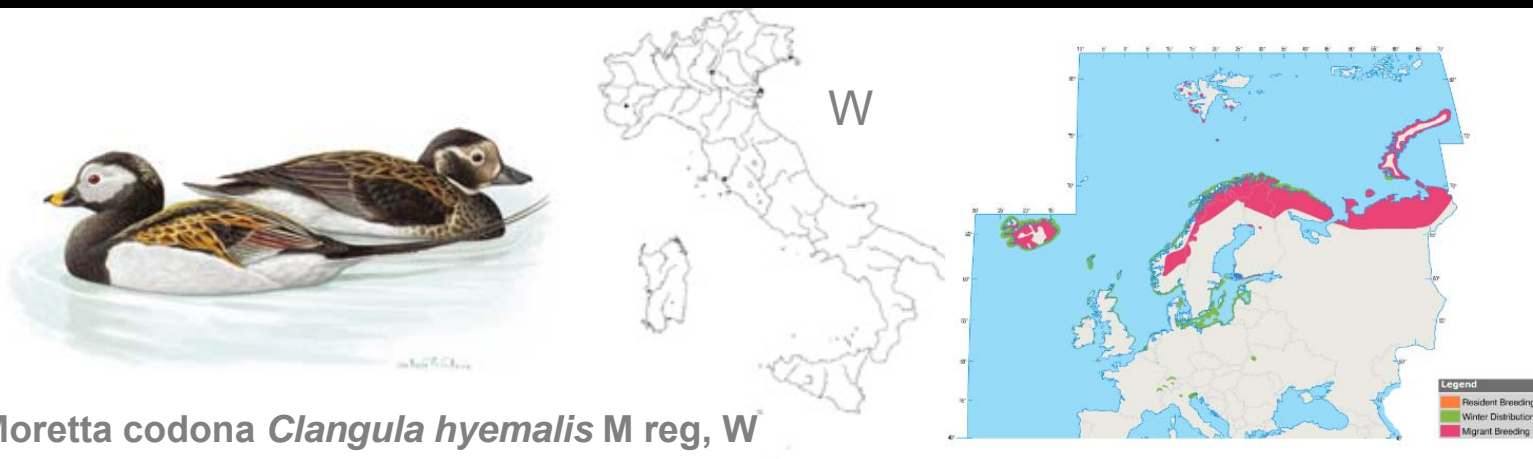


SPEC 3w



Moretta grigia *Aythya marila* M reg, W

Anseriformes, Anatidae (28 spp)

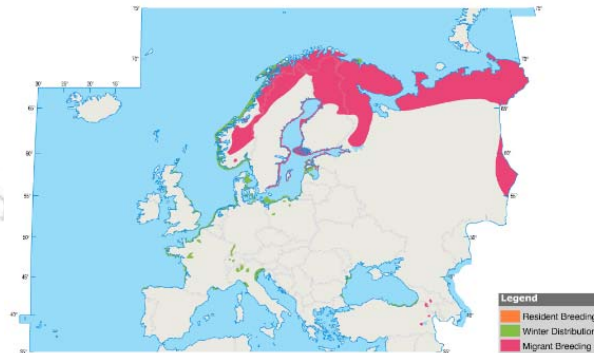


Anseriformes, Anatidae (28 spp)

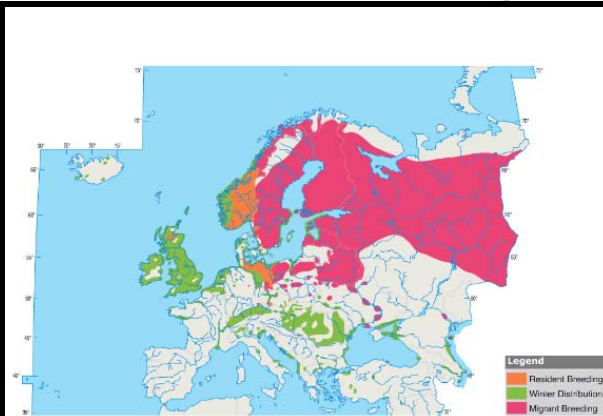


Orchetto marino *Melanitta nigra* M reg, W

SPEC 3



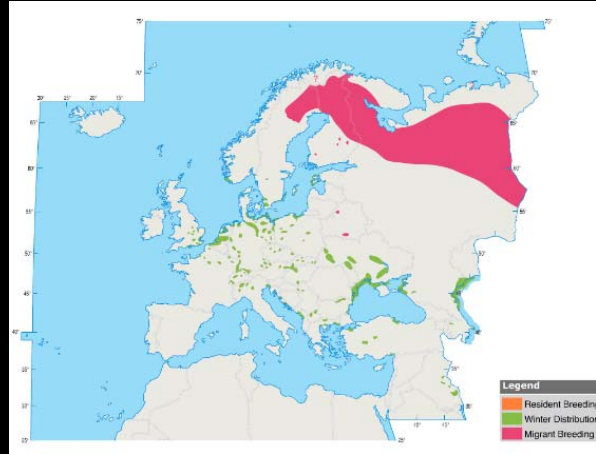
Orco marino *Melanitta fusca* M reg, W par



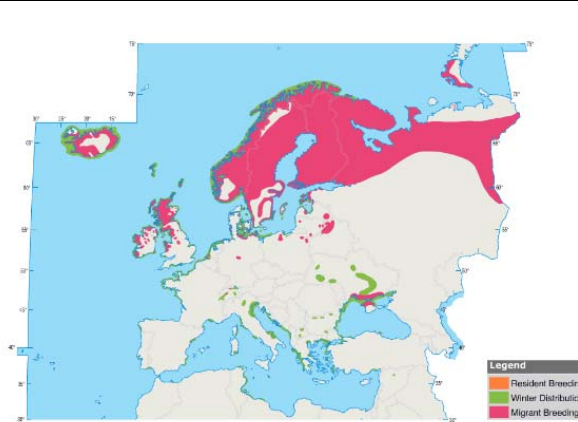
Quattrocchi *Bucephala clangula* M reg, W

Anseriformes, Anatidae (28 spp)

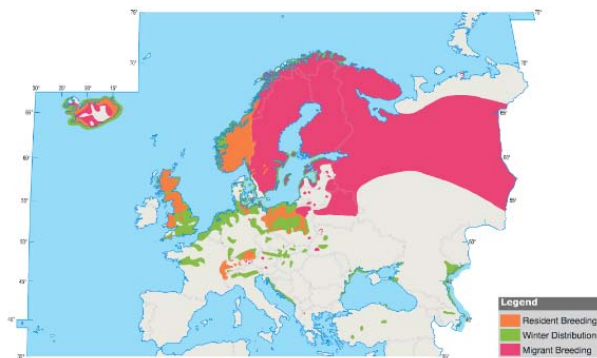
SPEC 3, Allegato I 79/409/CEE



Pesciaiola *Mergus albellus* M reg, W



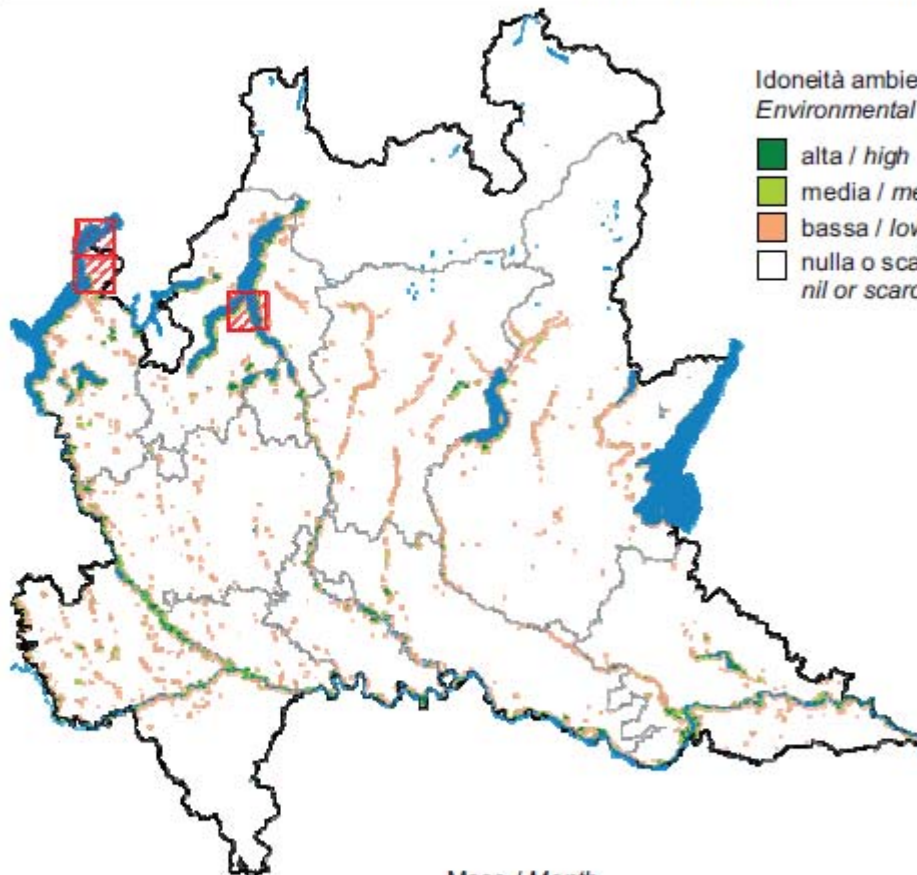
Smergo minore *Mergus serrator* M reg, W



Smergo maggiore *Mergus merganser* M reg, W, B irr

AVES – Anseriformes – Anatidae

Smergo maggiore – Goosander
Mergus merganser



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY

Riproduzione / Breeding

Migrazione / Migration

Svernamento / Wintering

Mese / Month

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

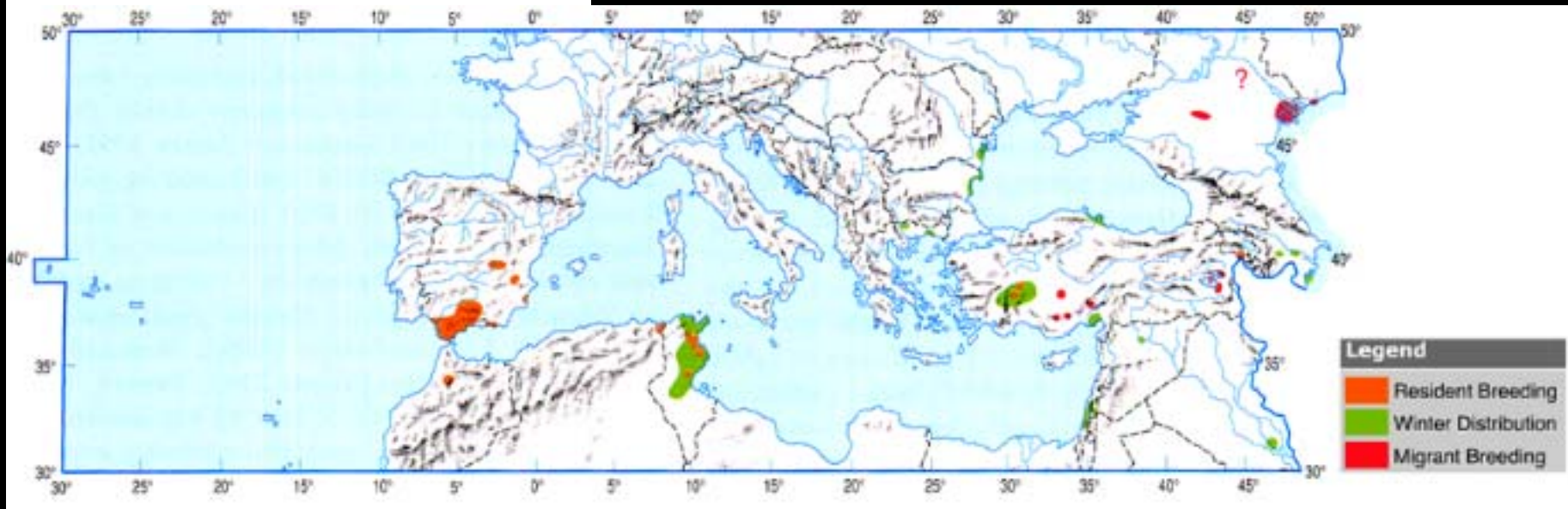
(<10)

Anseriformes, Anatidae (28 spp)



Gobbo rugginoso *Oxyura leucocephala* ex

SPEC 1
Allegato I 79/409/CEE



ACTION PLAN FOR THE WHITE-HEADED DUCK
(Oxyura leucocephala) IN EUROPE

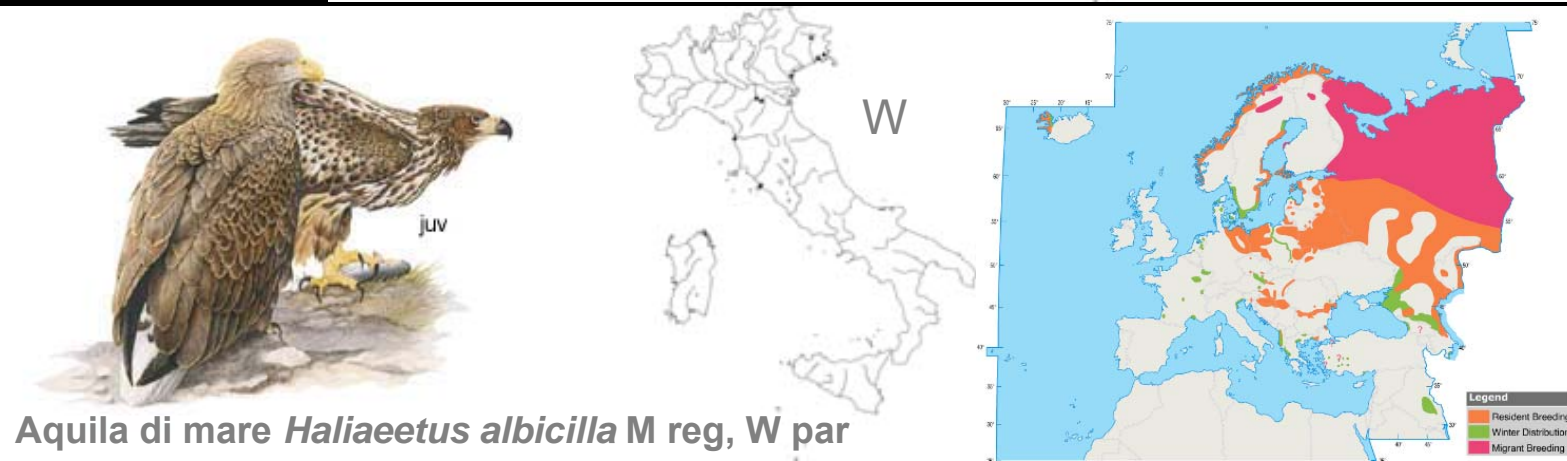
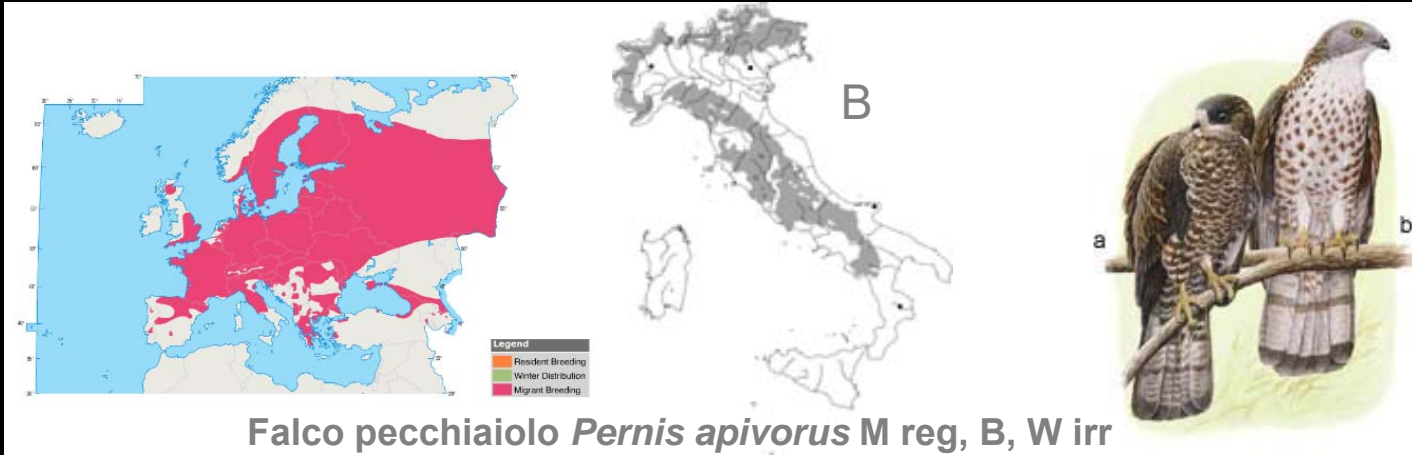


Compiled by:

A. GREEN (The Wildfowl & Wetlands Trust, U.K.)
B. HUGHES (The Wildfowl & Wetlands Trust, U.K.)

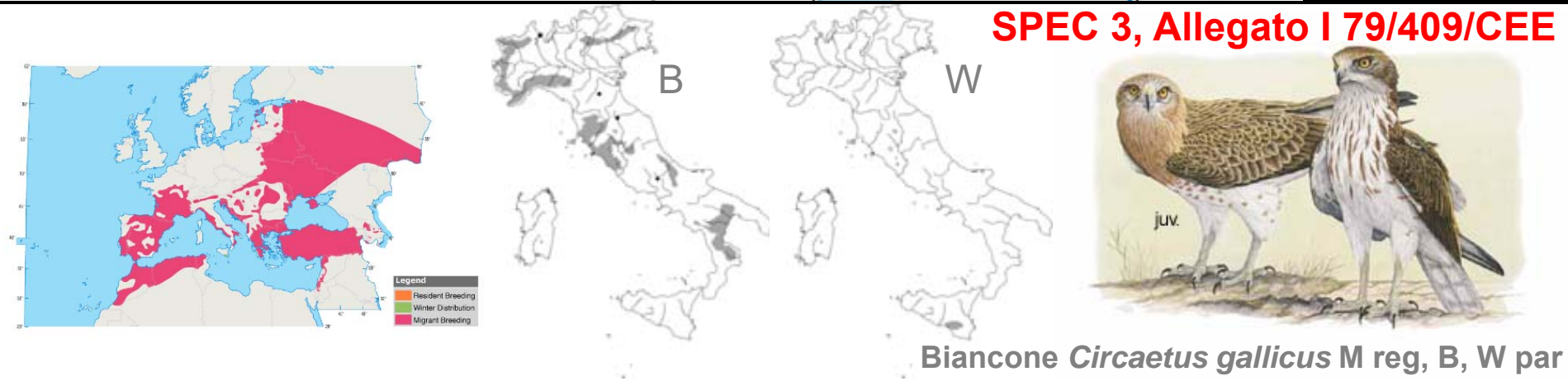
Falconiformes, Accipitridae (20 spp)

**Allegato I
79/409/CEE**



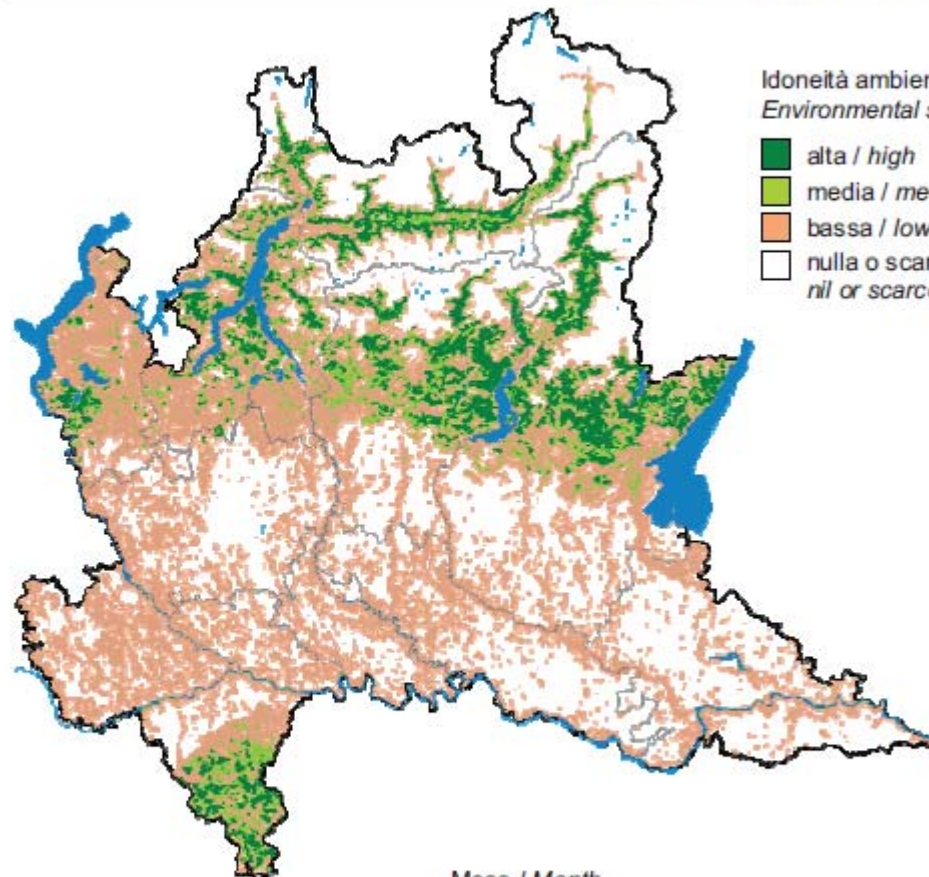
**SPEC 1
Allegato I
79/409/CEE**

SPEC 3, Allegato I 79/409/CEE



AVES – Accipitriformes – Accipitridae

Falco pecchiaiolo – *Honey Buzzard*
Pernis apivorus



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce

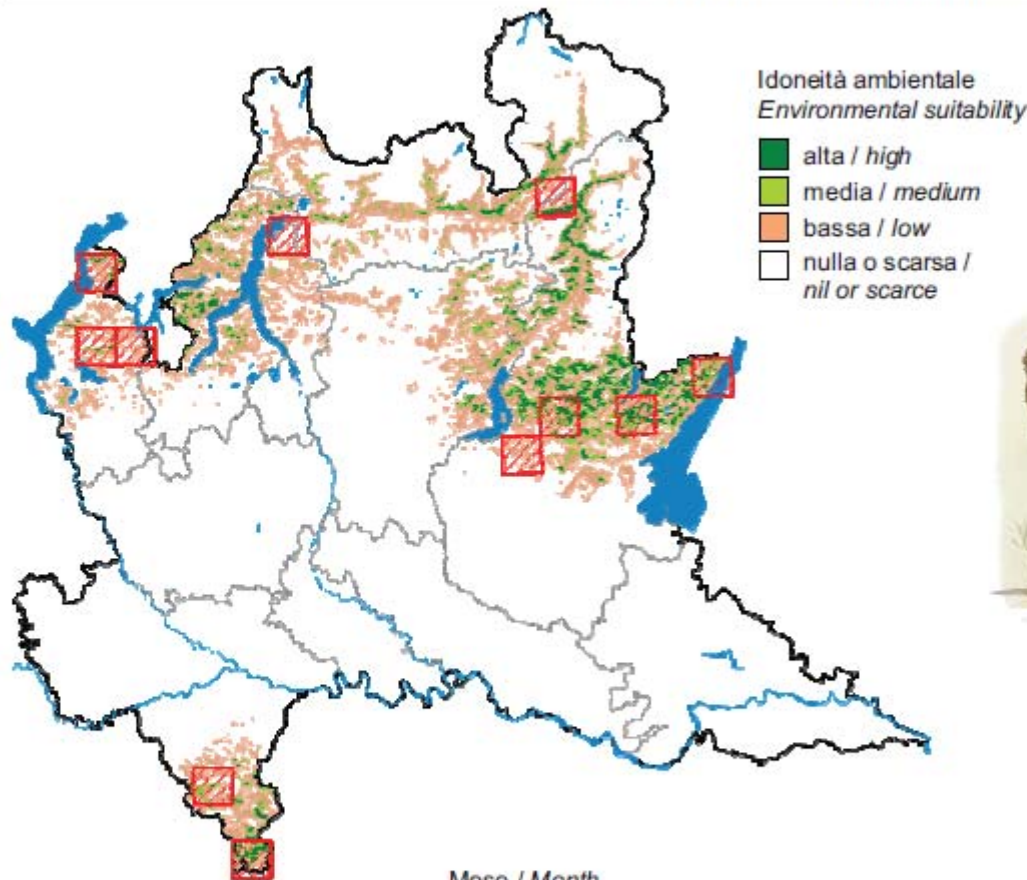


FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) <i>POPULATION (breeding pairs)</i>	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO <i>MEAN ANNUAL TREND</i>
(<250)	sconosciuto / unknown

AVES – Accipitriformes – Accipitridae

Biancone – Short-toed Eagle
Circaetus gallicus

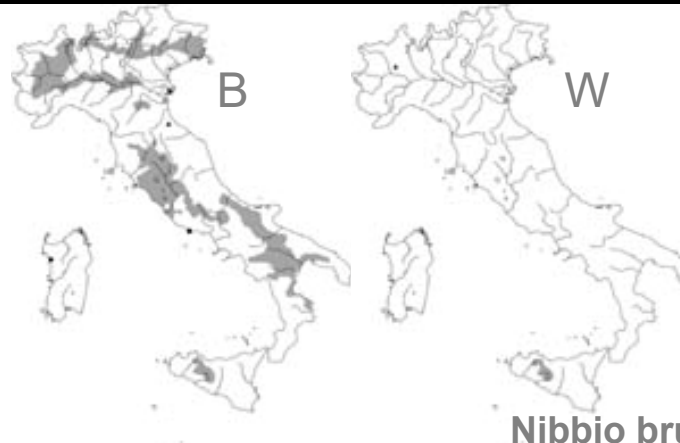
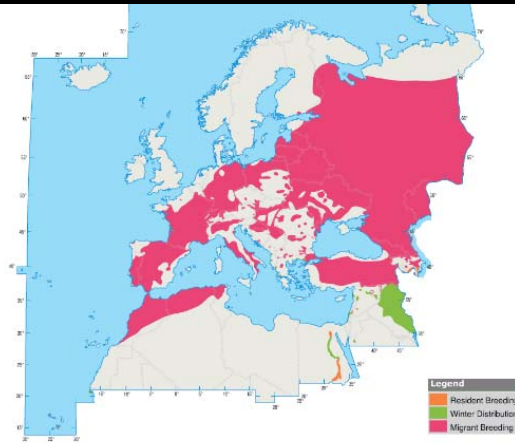


FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(<20)	sconosciuto / unknown

Falconiformes, Accipitridae (20 spp)

SPEC 3, Allegato I 79/409/CEE

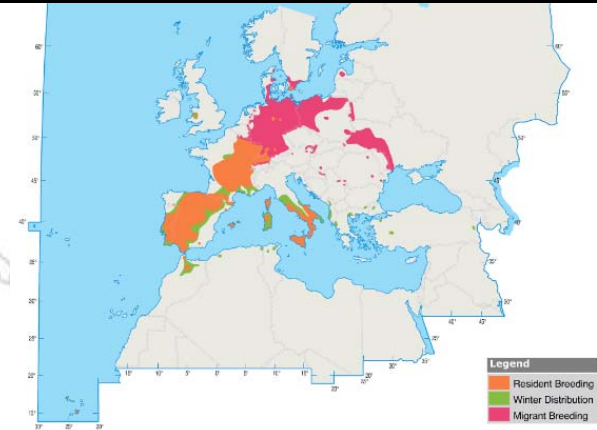


Nibbio bruno *Milvus migrans* M reg, B, W par

SPEC 2, Allegato I 79/409/CEE



Nibbio reale *Milvus milvus* SB, M reg, W par



Species Action Plan for the red kite *Milvus milvus*
in the European Union



Prepared by:

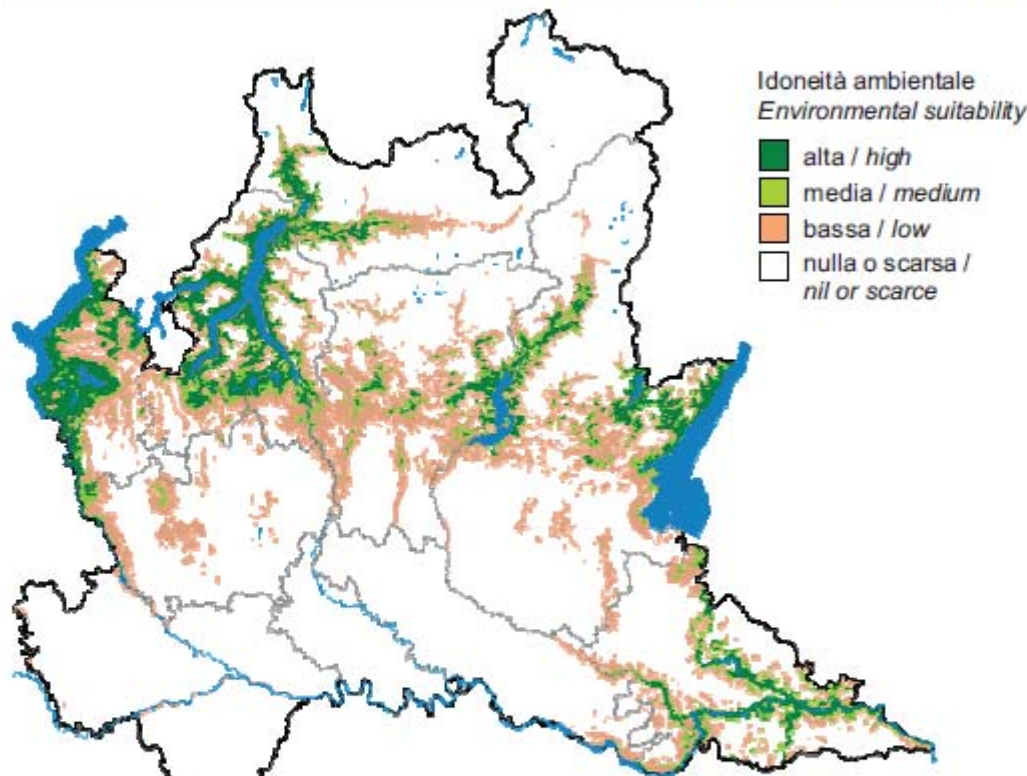


On behalf of the European Commission



AVES – Accipitriformes – Accipitridae

Nibbio bruno – Black Kite
Milvus migrans



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) <i>POPULATION (breeding pairs)</i>	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO <i>MEAN ANNUAL TREND</i>
(300 – 600)	(stabile – fluttuante) <i>(stable – fluctuating)</i>

Falconiformes, Accipitridae (20 spp)

**SPEC 3,
Allegato I
79/409/CEE**

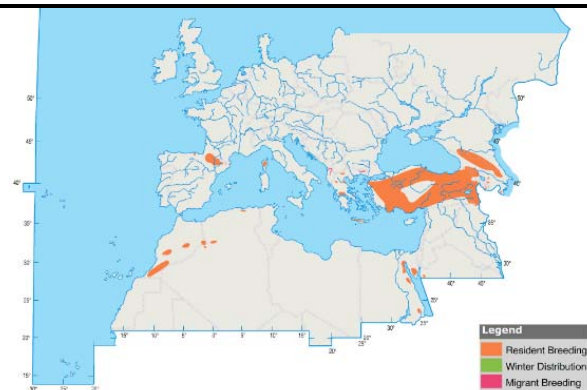


Capovaccaio *Neophron percnopterus* M reg, B, W irr



Grifone *Gyps fulvus* SB, M irr, W irr

**Allegato I
79/409/CEE**



Gipeto *Gypaetus barbatus* SB, M irr, W irr

**SPEC 3,
Allegato I
79/409/CEE**

Species Action Plan for the Egyptian Vulture *Neophron percnopterus*
in the European Union



Prepared by:



SEO/BirdLife

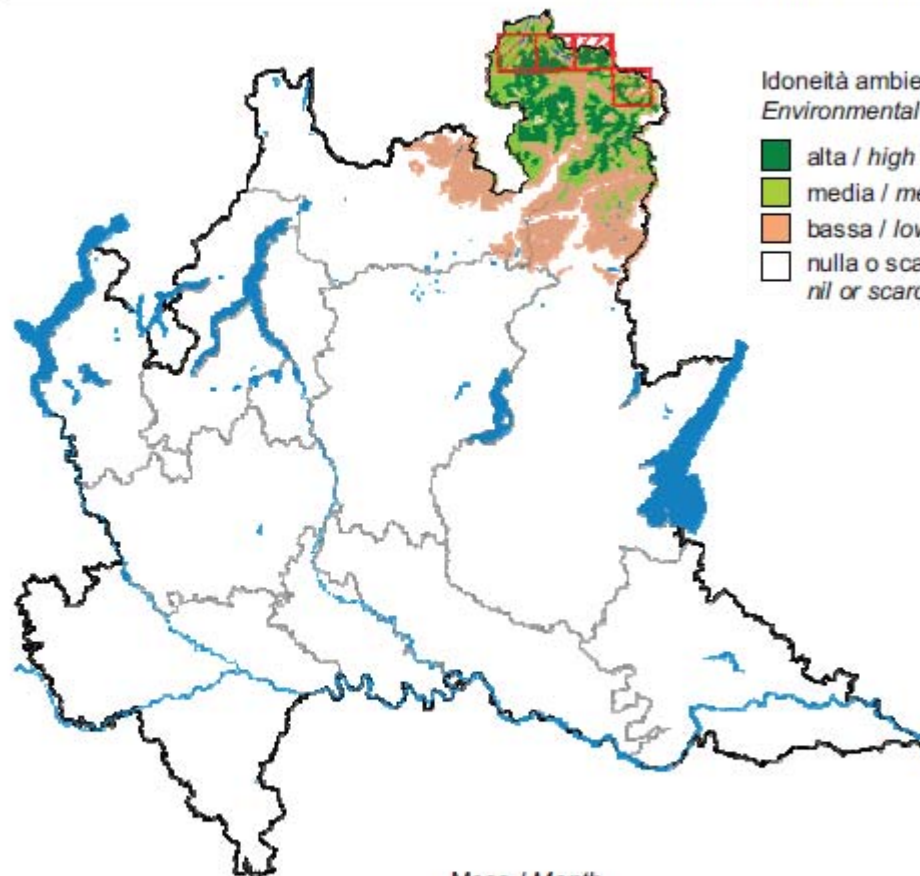


On behalf of the European Commission



AVES – Accipitriformes – Accipitridae

Gipeto – Lammergeier
Gypaetus barbatus

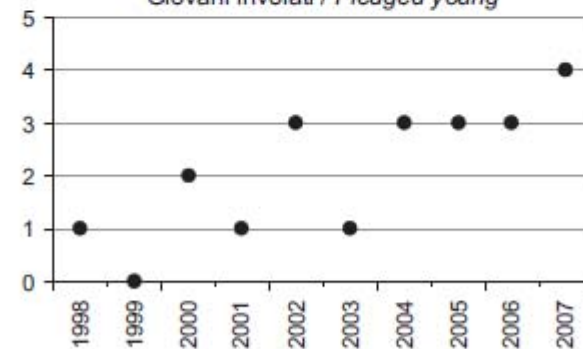


Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



Giovani involati / Fledged young



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding



POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

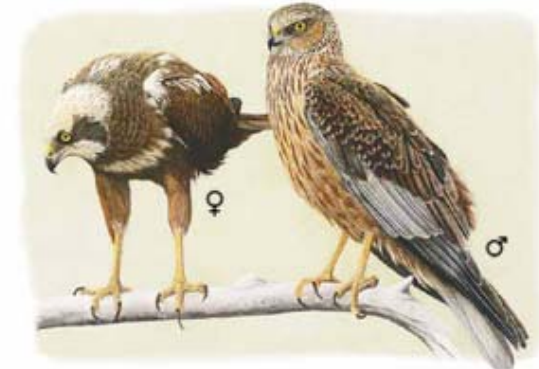
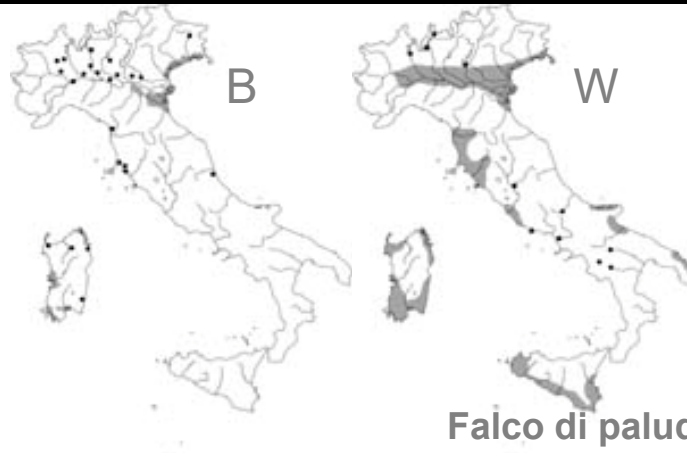
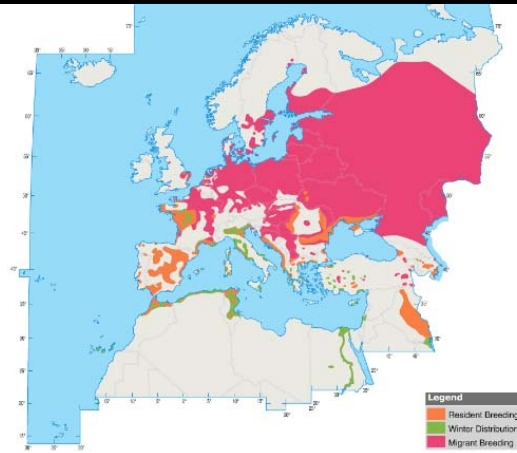
4

Lammergeier
(*Gypaetus barbatus*)



Falconiformes, Accipitridae (20 spp)

Allegato I 79/409/CEE

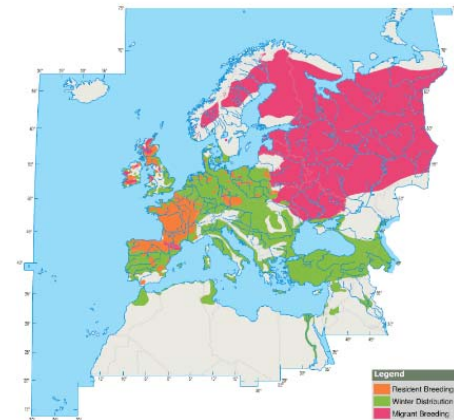
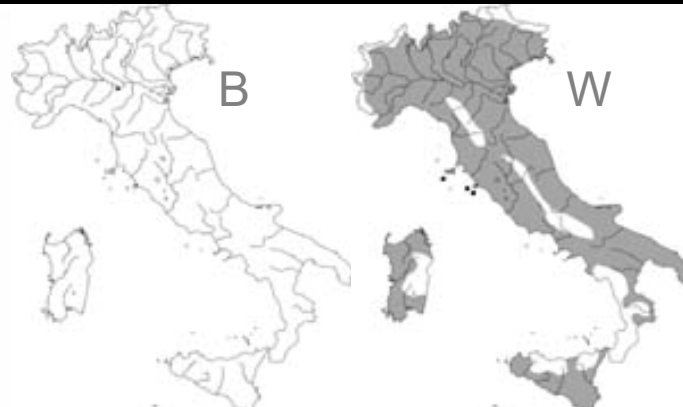


Falco di palude *Circus aeruginosus* SB, M reg, W

SPEC 3, Allegato I 79/409/CEE

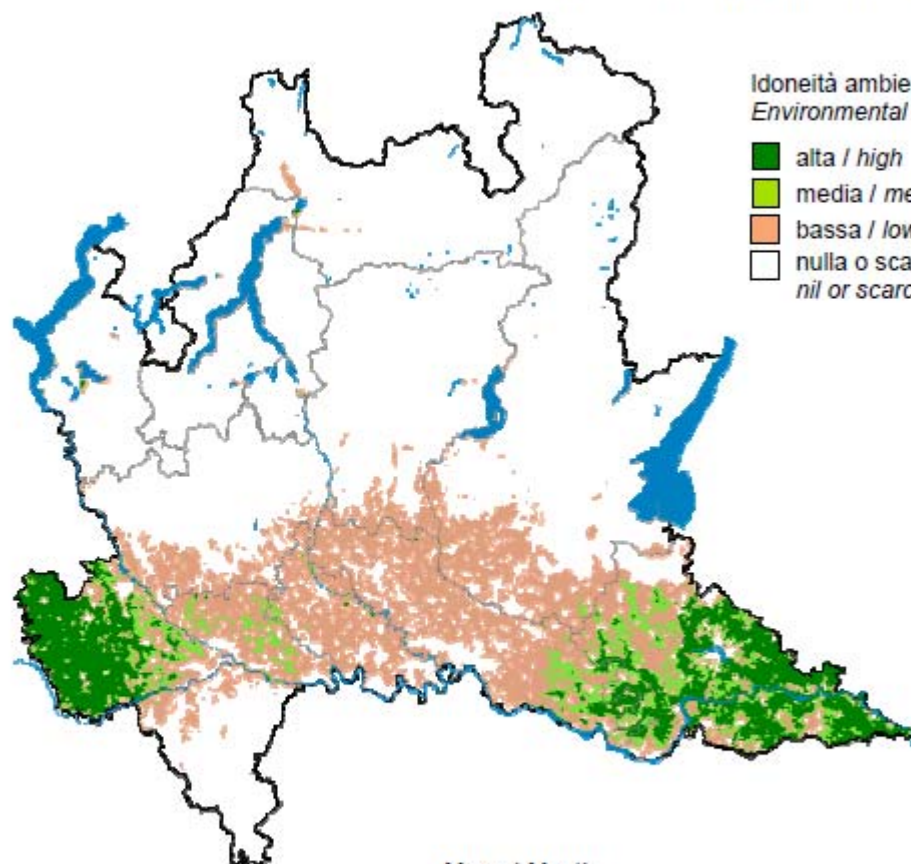


Albanella reale *Circus cyaneus* M reg, W



AVES – Accipitriformes – Accipitridae

Falco di palude – *Marsh Harrier*
Circus aeruginosus



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce

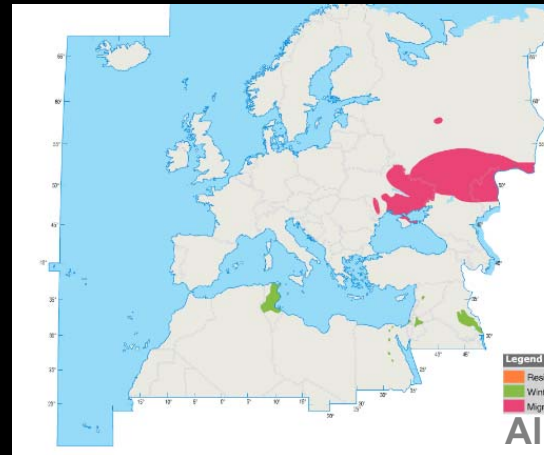


FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(200 – 350)	(in aumento / increasing)

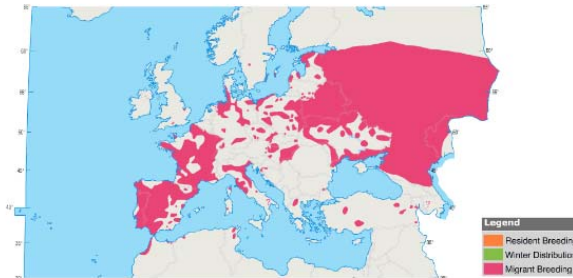
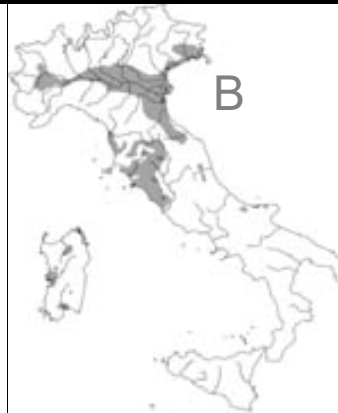
Falconiformes, Accipitridae (20 spp)

SPEC 1, Allegato I 79/409/CEE



Albanella pallida *Circus macrourus* M reg

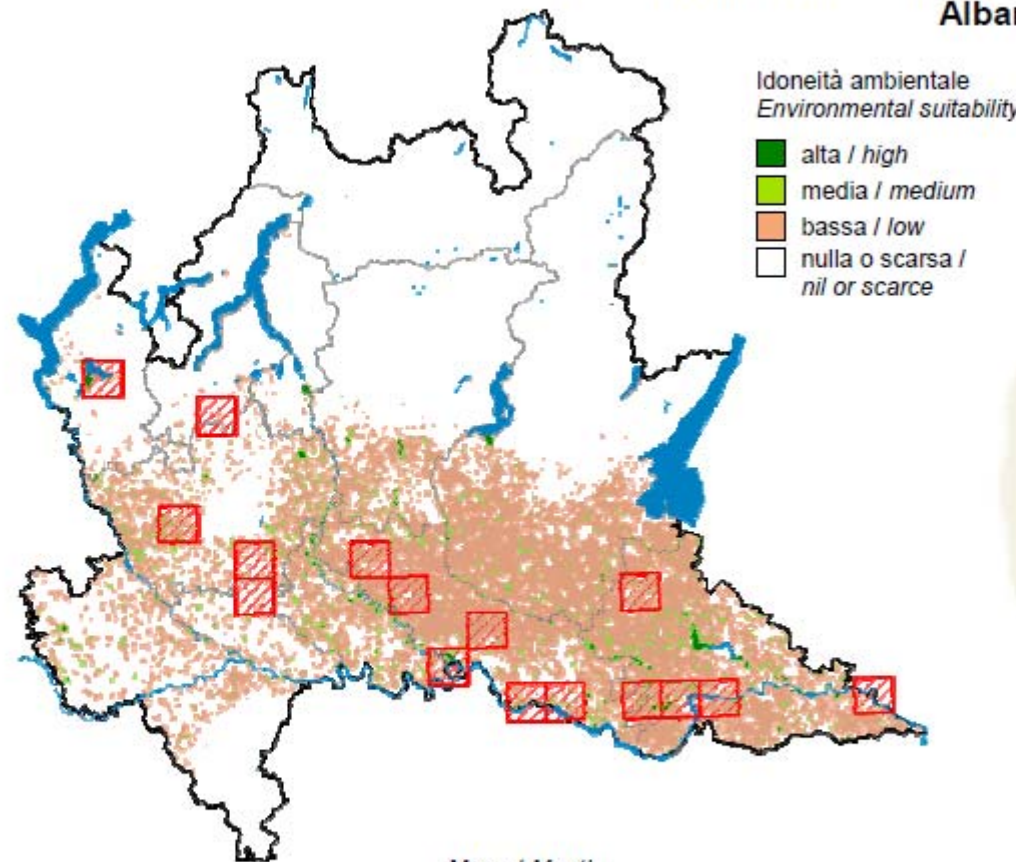
Allegato I 79/409/CEE



Albanella minore *Circus pygargus* M reg, B

AVES – Accipitriformes – Accipitridae

Albanella minore – Montagu's Harrier
Circus pygargus



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

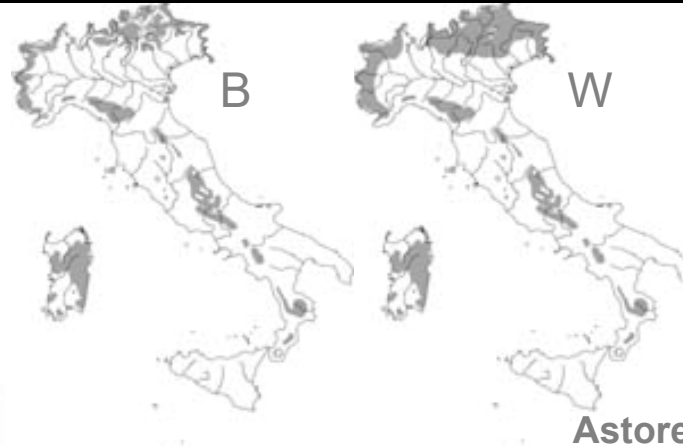
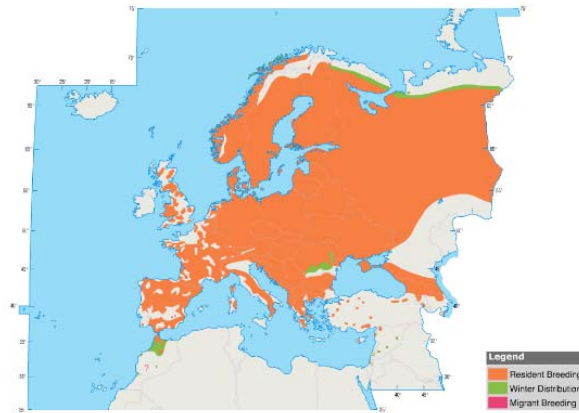
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

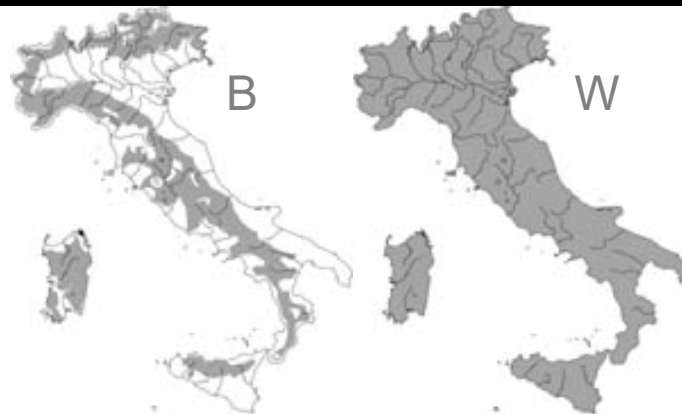
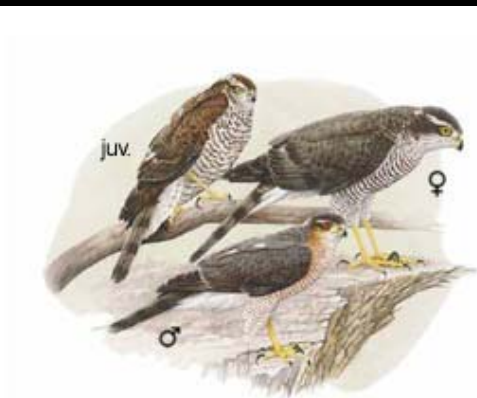
(<150)

sconosciuto / unknown

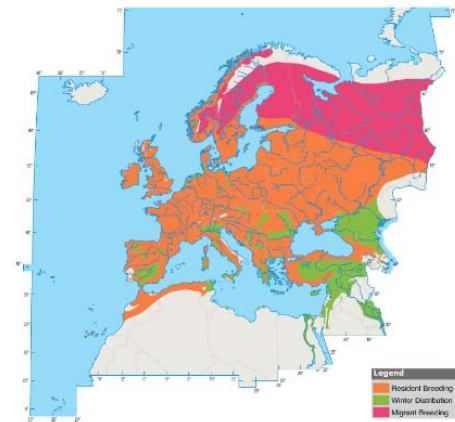
Falconiformes, Accipitridae (20 spp)



Astore *Accipiter gentilis* SB, M reg, W par

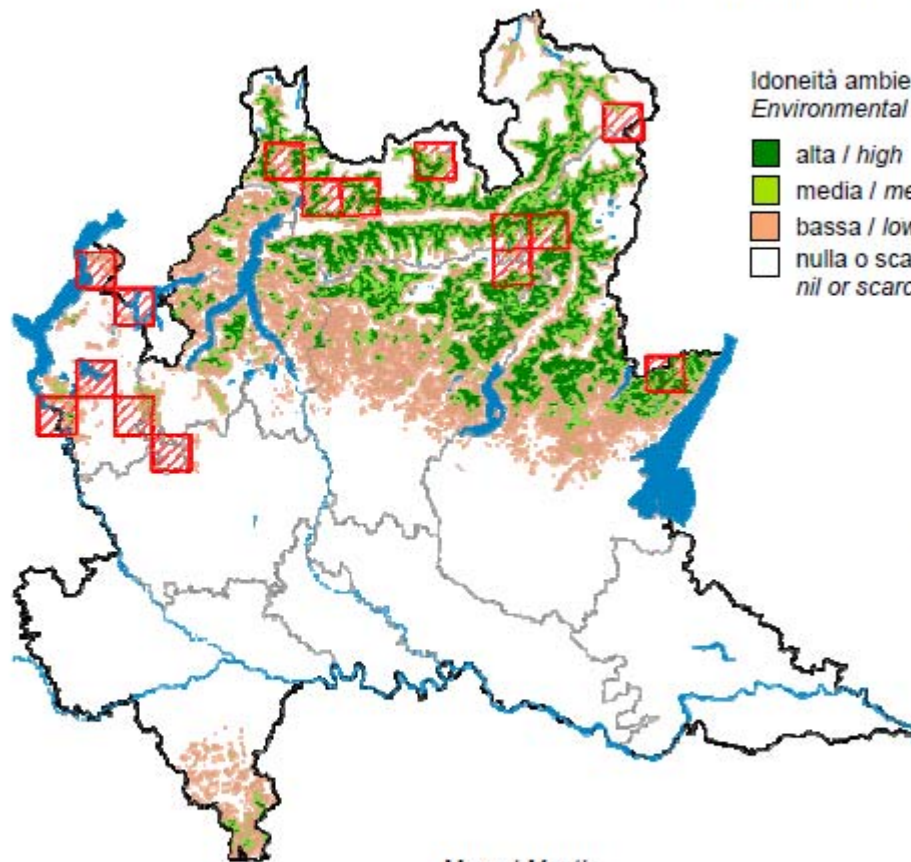


Sparviero *Accipiter nisus* SB, M reg, W



AVES – Accipitriformes – Accipitridae

Astore – Goshawk
Accipiter gentilis



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) <i>POPULATION (breeding pairs)</i>	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO <i>MEAN ANNUAL TREND</i>
(<50)	sconosciuto / unknown

Management Statement

Corso-sardinian Goshawk *Accipiter gentilis arrigonii*

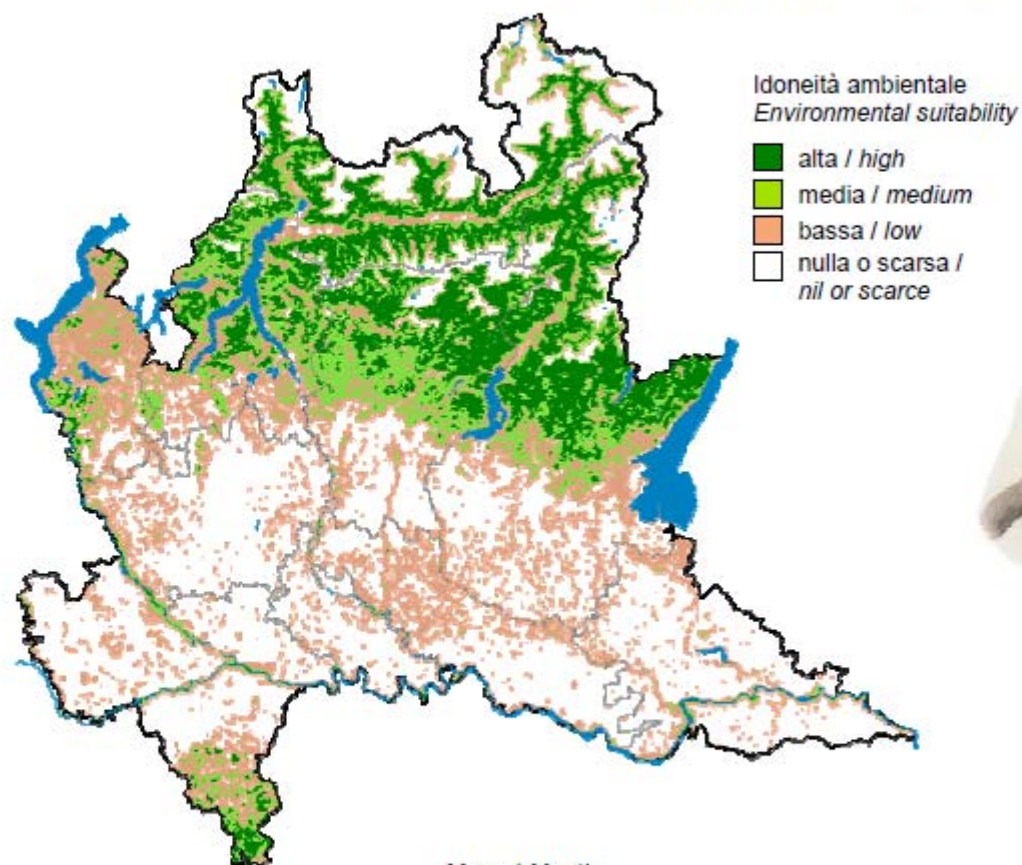


Final draft, December 1999

Prepared by BirdLife International on behalf of the
European Commission

AVES – Accipitriformes – Accipitridae

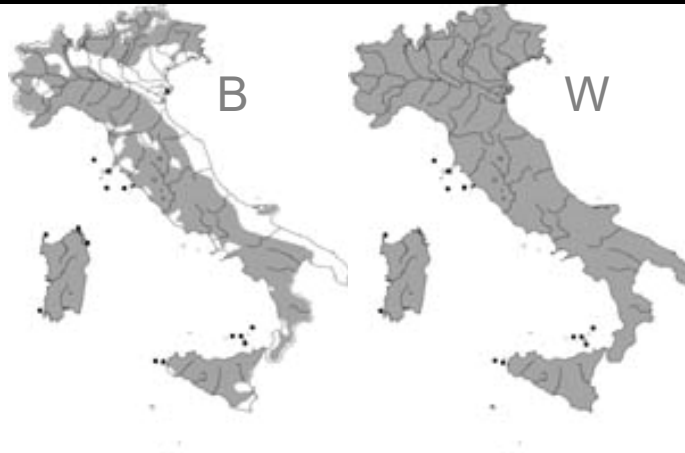
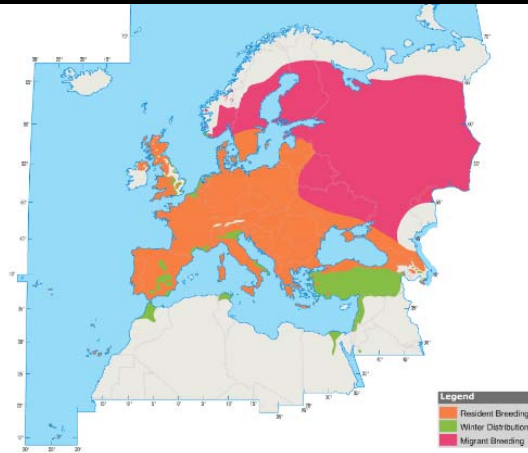
Sparviero – Sparrowhawk
Accipiter nisus



	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(350 – 500)	sconosciuto / unknown

Falconiformes, Accipitridae (20 spp)



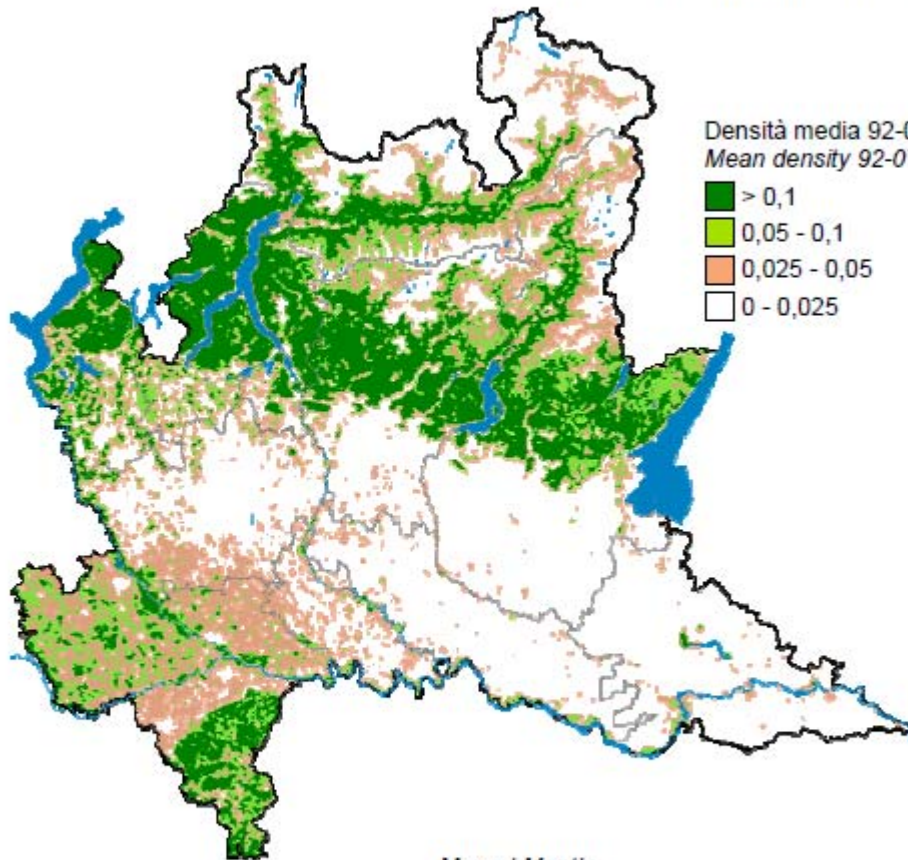
Poiana *Buteo buteo* SB, M reg, W



Poiana calzata *Buteo lagopus* M reg, W

AVES – Accipitriformes – Accipitridae

Poiana – Buzzard
Buteo buteo

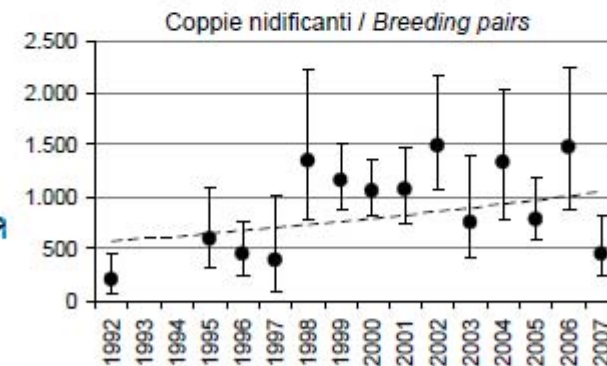


Densità media 92-07 (coppie / km²)
Mean density 92-07 (pairs / km²)

- > 0,1
- 0,05 - 0,1
- 0,025 - 0,05
- 0 - 0,025



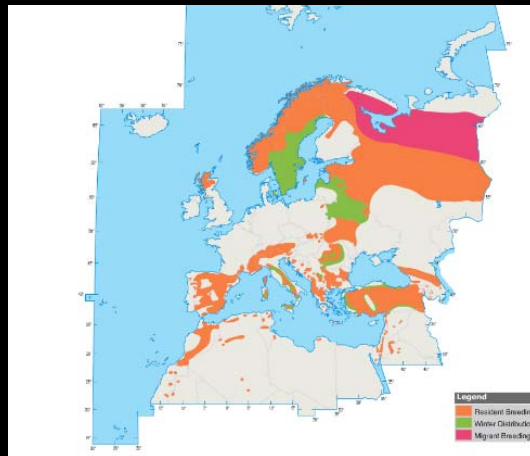
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												



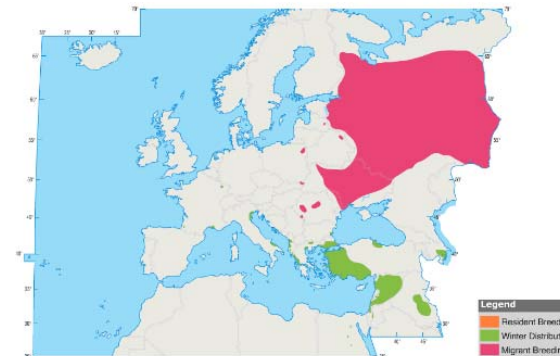
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)		ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07:	950	stabile – fluttuante
2007:	450	stable – fluctuating

Falconiformes, Accipitridae (20 spp)

SPEC 3
Allegato I
79/409/CEE



Aquila reale Aquila chrysaetos SB, M irr, W irr

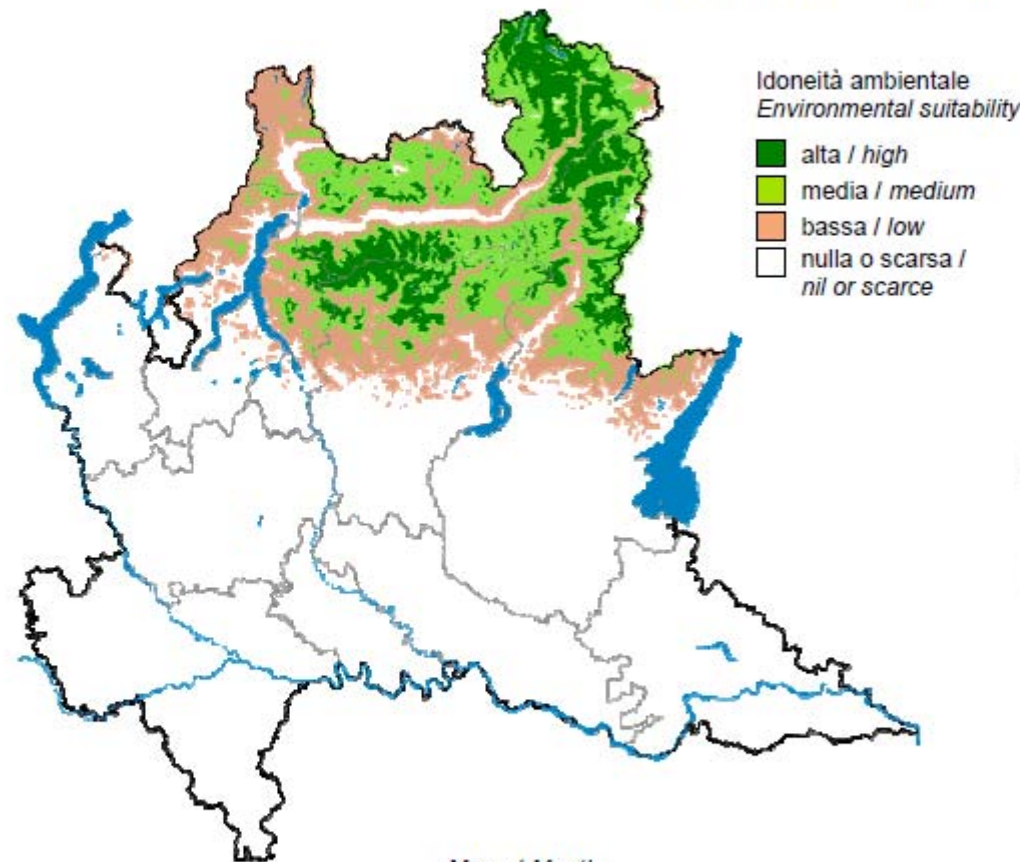


Aquila anatraia maggiore Aquila clanga M reg, W par

SPEC 1
Allegato I
79/409/CEE

AVES – Accipitriformes – Accipitridae

Aquila reale – Golden Eagle
Aquila chrysaetos



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
 Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
 POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(55 – 60)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
 MEAN ANNUAL TREND

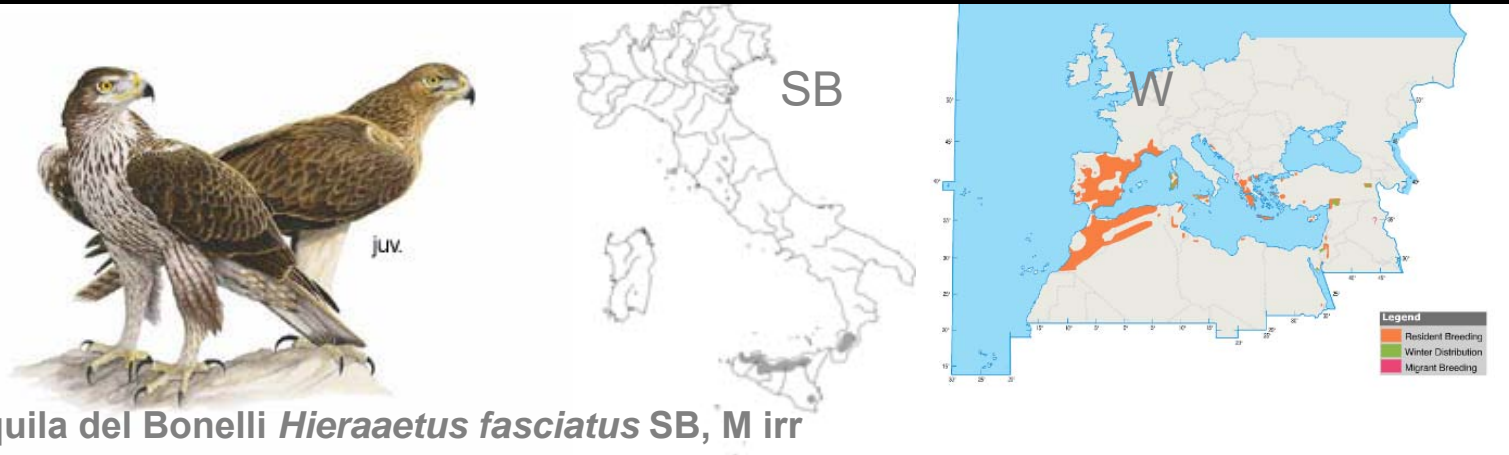
(in aumento / increasing)

Greater Spotted Eagle
(Aquila clanga)



Falconiformes, Accipitridae (20 spp)

SPEC 3
Allegato I
79/409/CEE



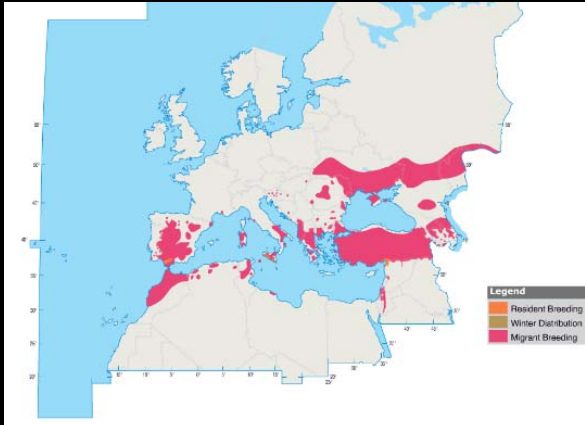
SPEC 3
Allegato I
79/409/CEE

Bonelli's Eagle
(Hieraetus fasciatus)



Falconiformes, Falconidae (9 spp)

SPEC 1, Allegato I 79/409/CEE

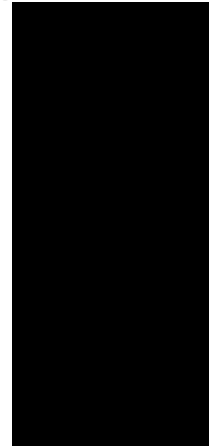
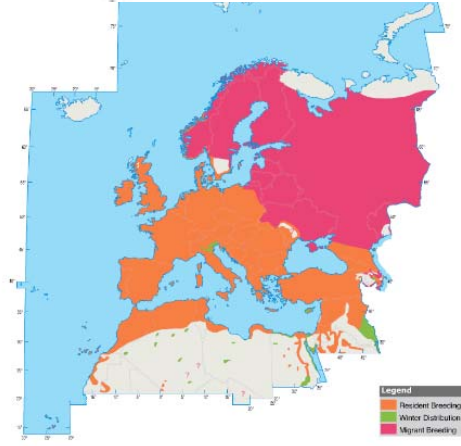


Grillaio *Falco naumanni* M reg, B, W par

SPEC 3



Gheppio *Falco tinnunculus* SB, M reg, W



Falco cuculo *Falco vespertinus* M reg, B, W irr

SPEC 3

**INTERNATIONAL ACTION PLAN FOR
THE LESSER KESTREL (*Falco naumanni*)**

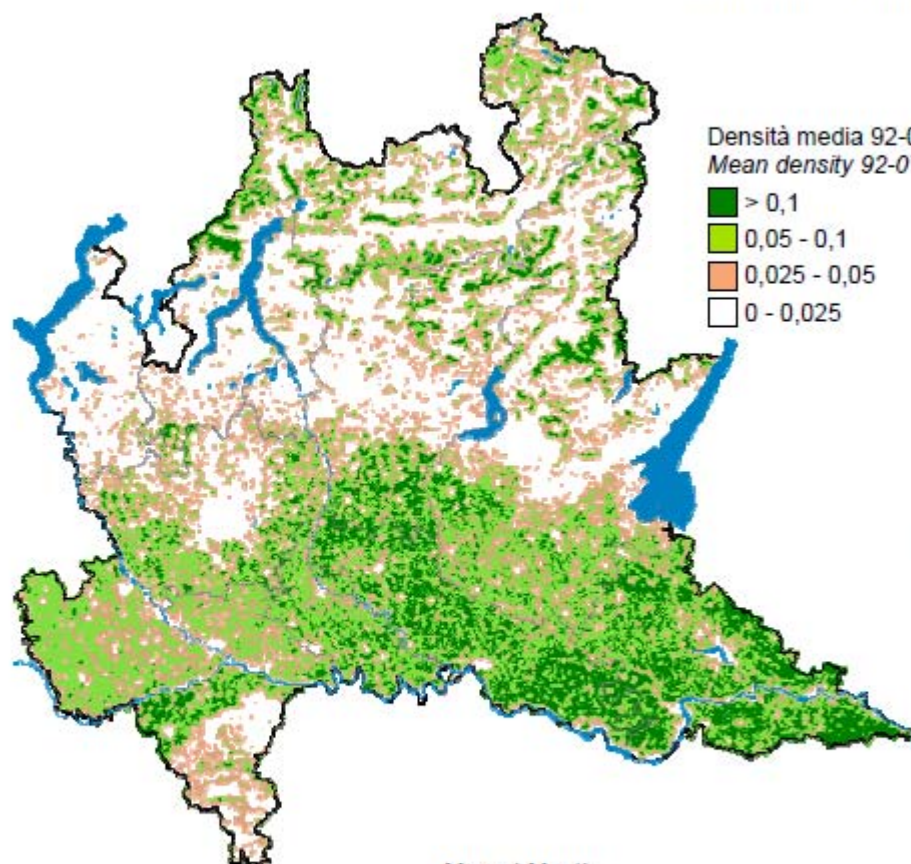


Compiled by:

JEAN-PIERRE BIBER (Bureau NATCONS, Switzerland)

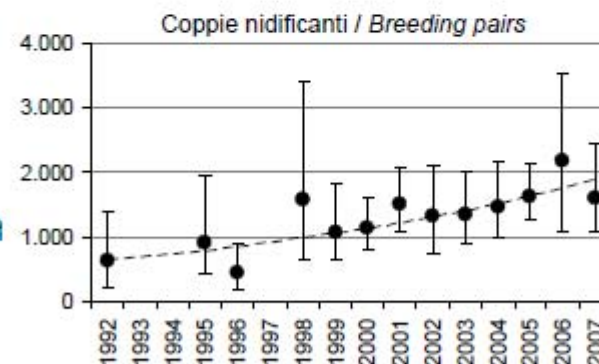
AVES – Falconiformes – Falconidae

Gheppio – Kestrel
Falco tinnunculus



Densità media 92-07 (coppie / km²)
Mean density 92-07 (pairs / km²)

- > 0,1
- 0,05 - 0,1
- 0,025 - 0,05
- 0 - 0,025



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 1.150	+7,7%
2007: 1.600	

European Species Action Plan
for the Red-footed Falcon *Falco vespertinus* Linnaeus, 1766



Prepared by:

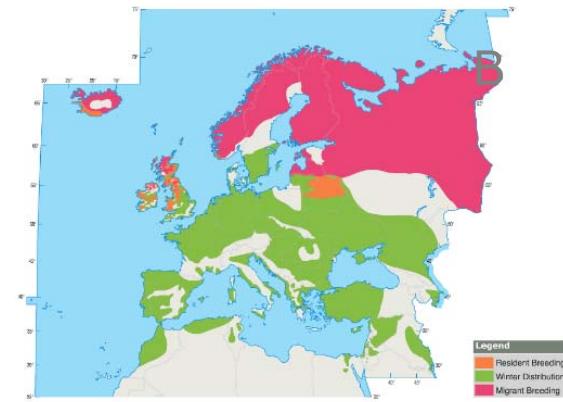


on behalf of the European Commission



Falconiformes, Falconidae (9 spp)

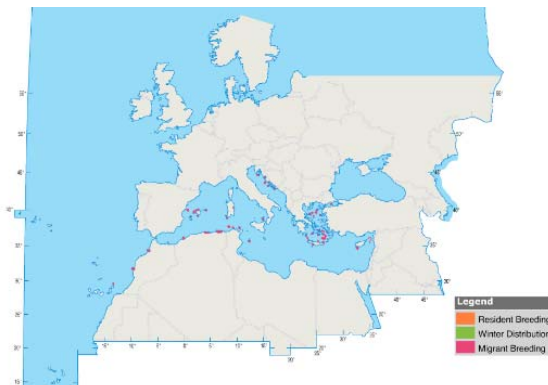
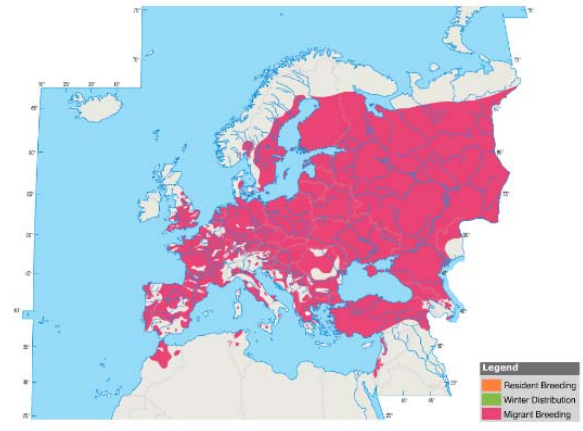
Allegato I 79/409/CEE



Smeriglio *Falco columbarius* M reg, W



Lodolaio *Falco subbuteo* M reg, B, W irr



Falco della regina *Falco eleonora* M reg, B, W irr

**SPEC 2,
Allegato I
79/409/CEE**

International Species Action Plan

Eleonora's falcon *Falco eleonora*

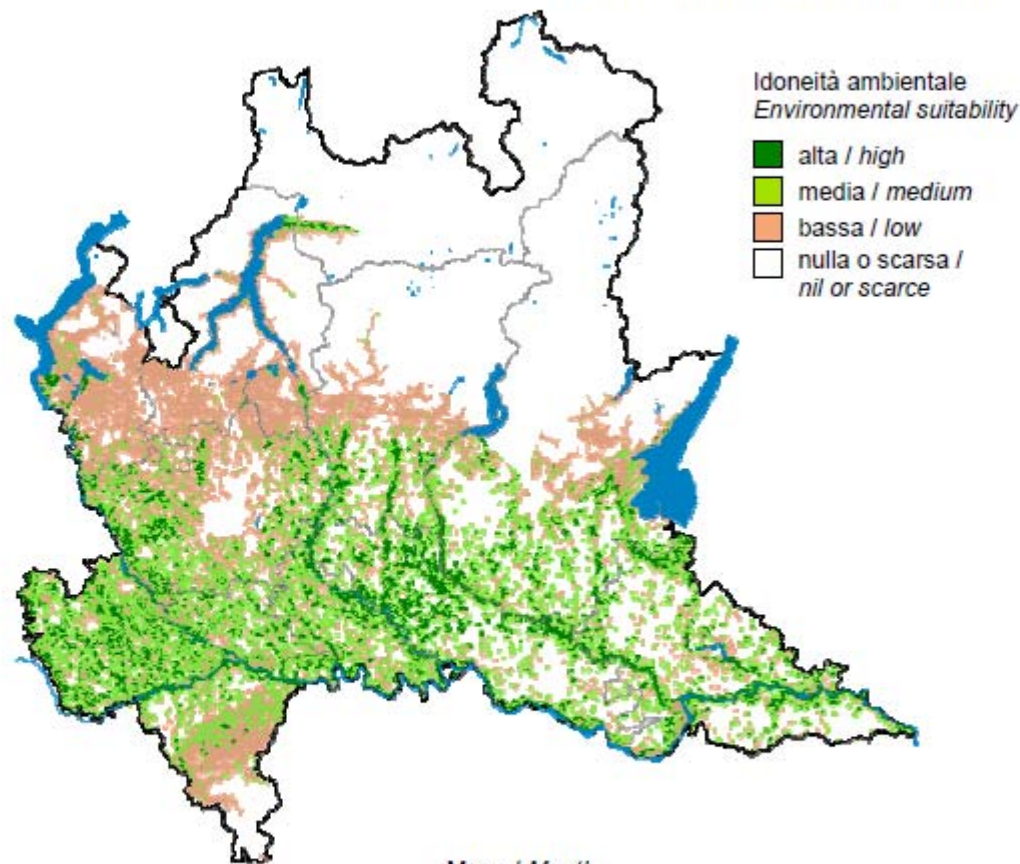


Final draft, December 1999

Prepared by BirdLife International on behalf of the
European Commission

AVES – Falconiformes – Falconidae

Lodolaio – Hobby
Falco subbuteo

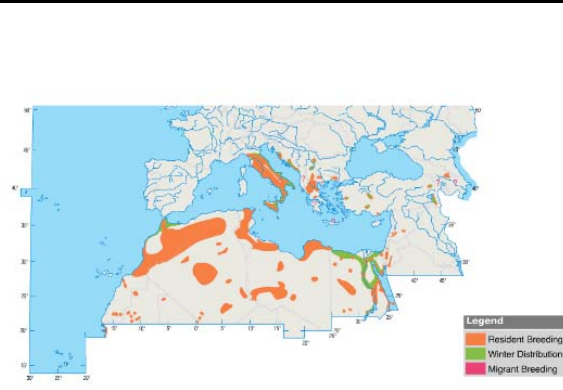


	Mese / Month											
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) <i>POPULATION (breeding pairs)</i>	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO <i>MEAN ANNUAL TREND</i>
(250 – 500)	(in aumento / increasing)

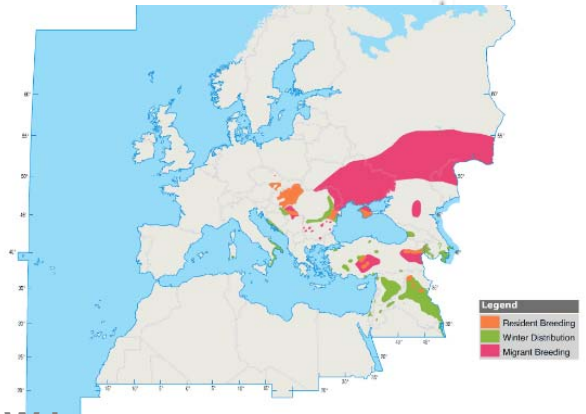
Falconiformes, Falconidae (9 spp)

SPEC 3, Allegato I 79/409/CEE

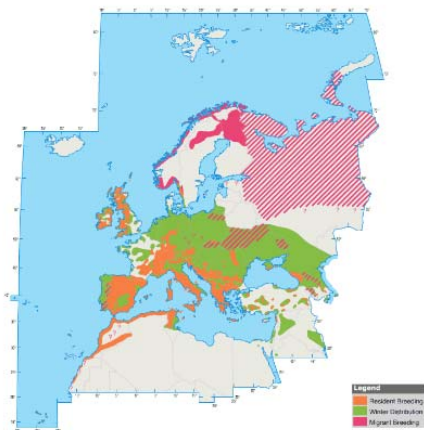
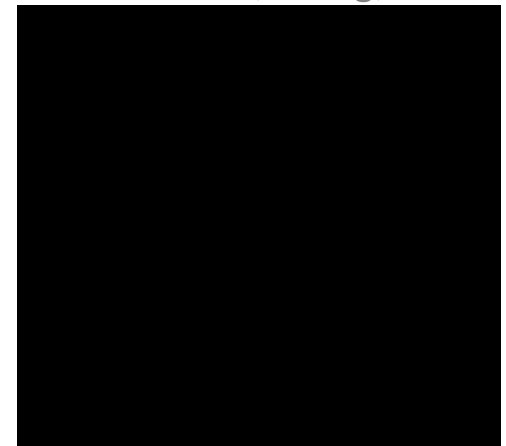


Lanario *Falco biarmicus* SB, M reg, W irr

**SPEC 1
Allegato I
79/409/CEE
2009/147/CE**



Sacro *Falco cherrug* M reg, W irr



Pellegrino *Falco peregrinus* SB, M reg, W par

**Allegato I
79/409/CEE**

International Species Action Plan

Lanner Falcon *Falco biarmicus*

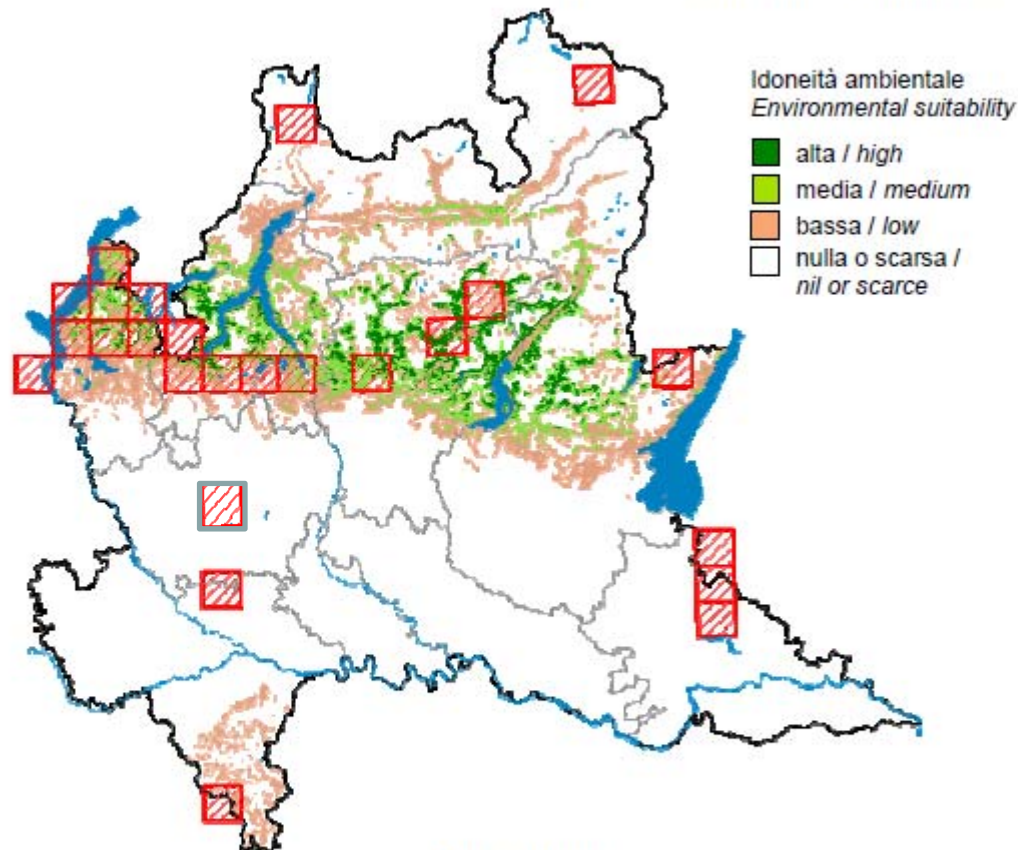


Final Draft, December 1999

**Prepared by BirdLife International on behalf of the
European Commission**

AVES – Falconiformes – Falconidae

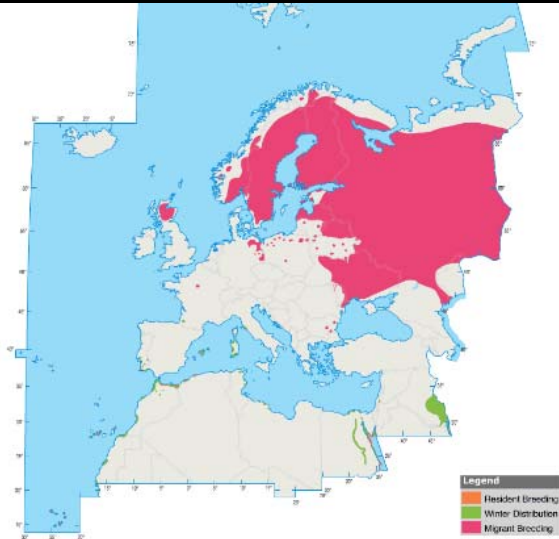
Pellegrino – Peregrine Falcon
Falco peregrinus



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	sedentaria / sedentary											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(<50)	(in aumento / increasing)

Falconiformes, Pandionidae (1 sp)



Falco pescatore *Pandion haliaetus* M reg, W par

SPEC 3

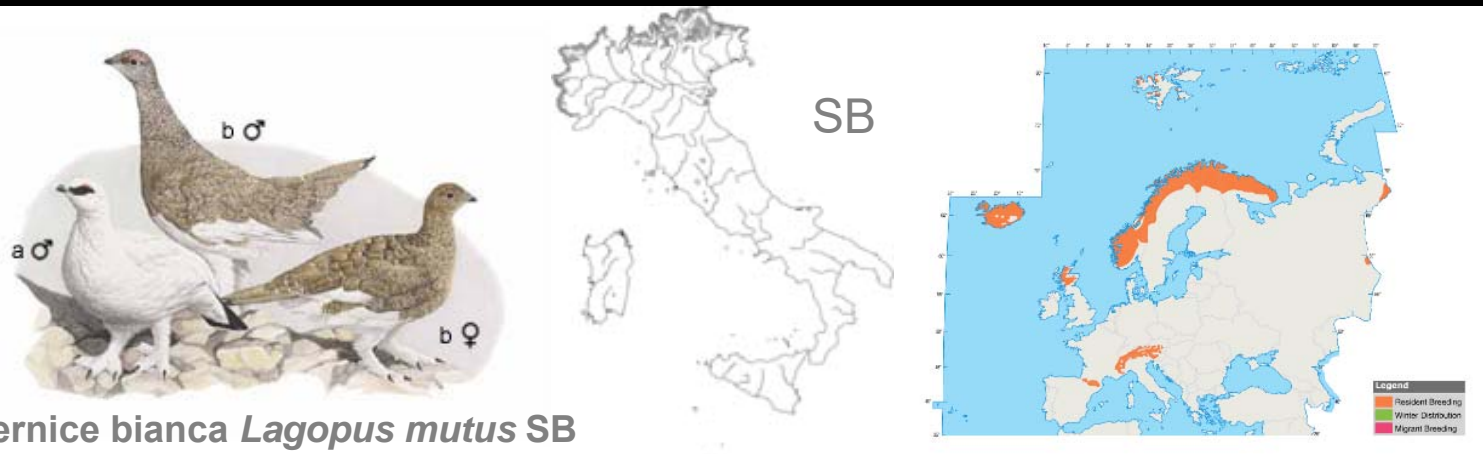
B: estinto Sicilia c. 1968, Sardegna 1965-1969?

**Allegato I
79/409/CEE**

**2011: DOPO 42 ANNI IL FALCO PESCATORE TORNA
A NIDIFICARE IN ITALIA
Parco della Maremma**

Galliformes, Tetraonidae (4 spp)

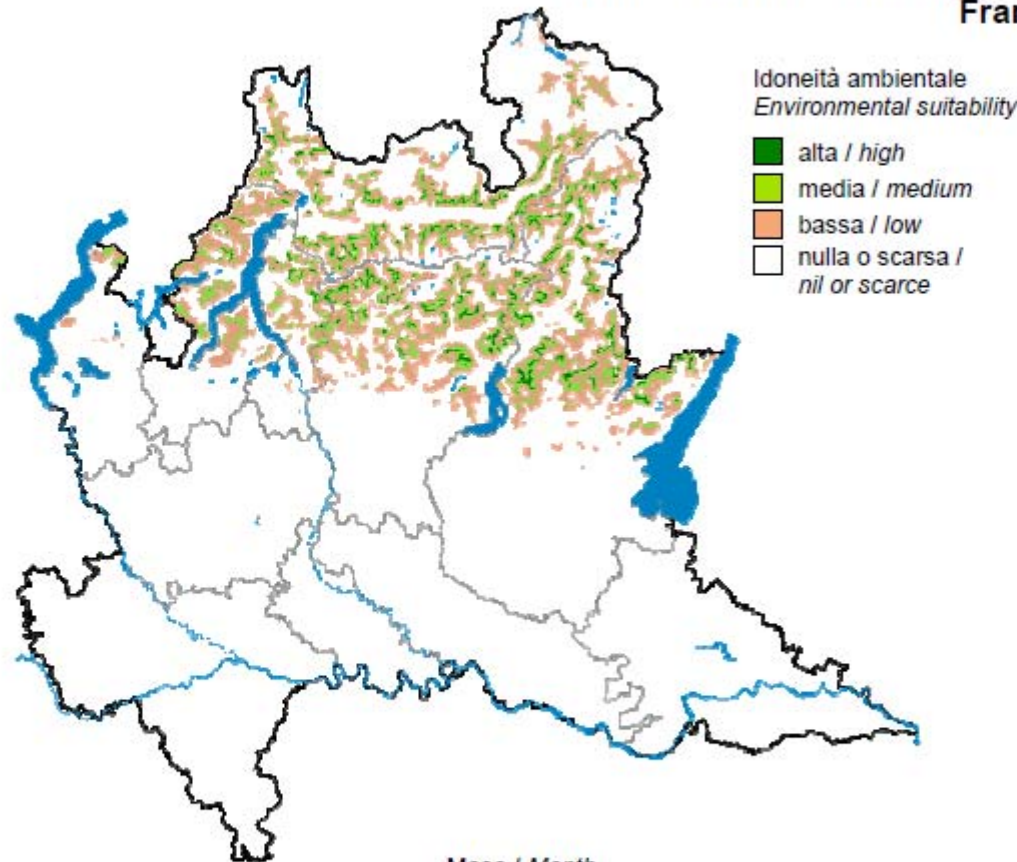
**Allegato I
79/409/CEE**



**Allegato I
79/409/CEE**

AVES – Galliformes – Tetraonidae

Francolino di monte – Hazel Grouse
Bonasia bonasia



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(500 – 1.000)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

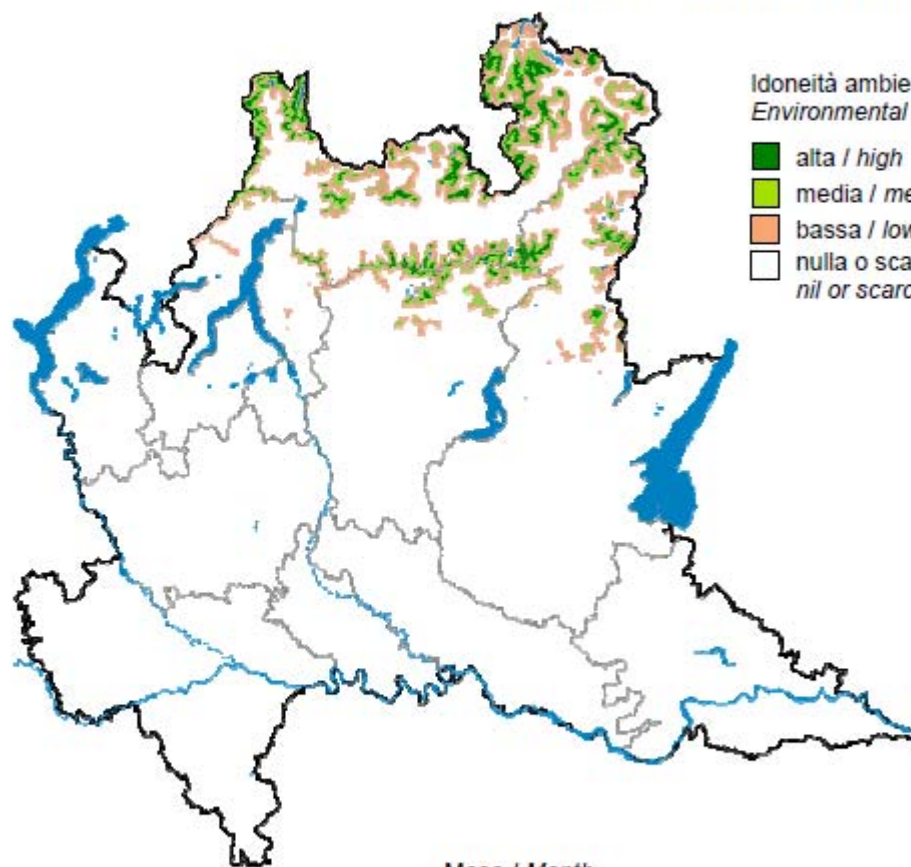
(stabile / stable)

SPECIE CACCIABILE

Allegato I 79/409/CEE

AVES – Galliformes – Tetraonidae

Pernice bianca – Ptarmigan
Lagopus mutus



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

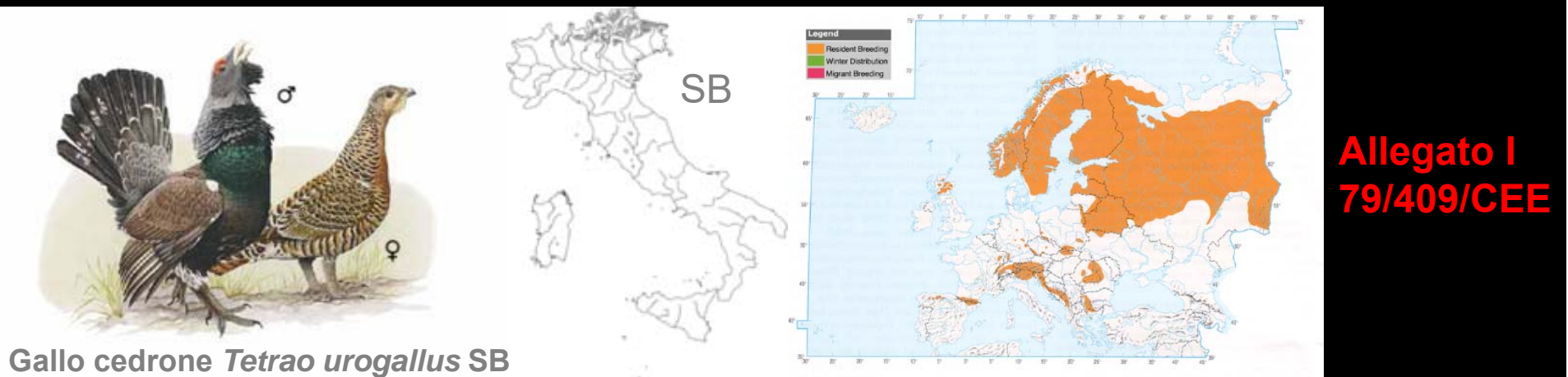
(200 – 400)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(in diminuzione / declining)

Galliformes, Tetraonidae (4 spp)

SPEC 3
Allegato I
79/409/CEE



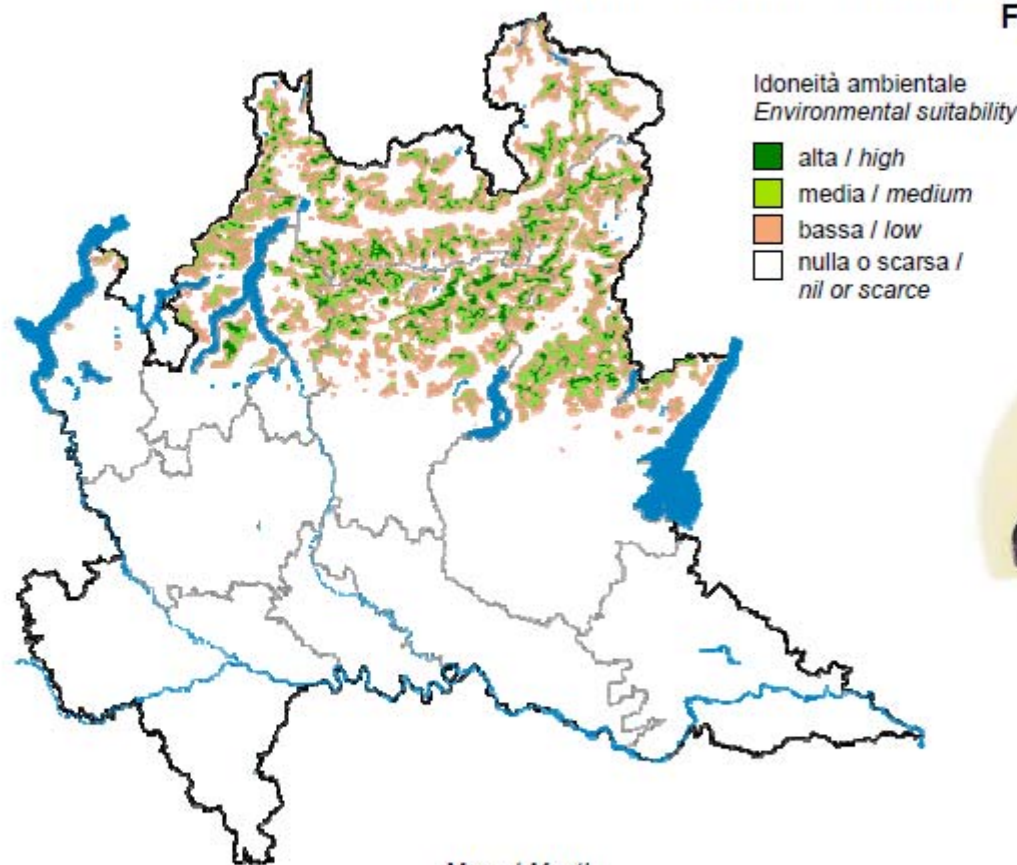
SPECIE CACCIABILE

SPEC 3

Allegato I 79/409/CEE

AVES – Galliformes – Tetraonidae

Fagiano di monte – *Black Grouse*
Tetrao tetrix



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

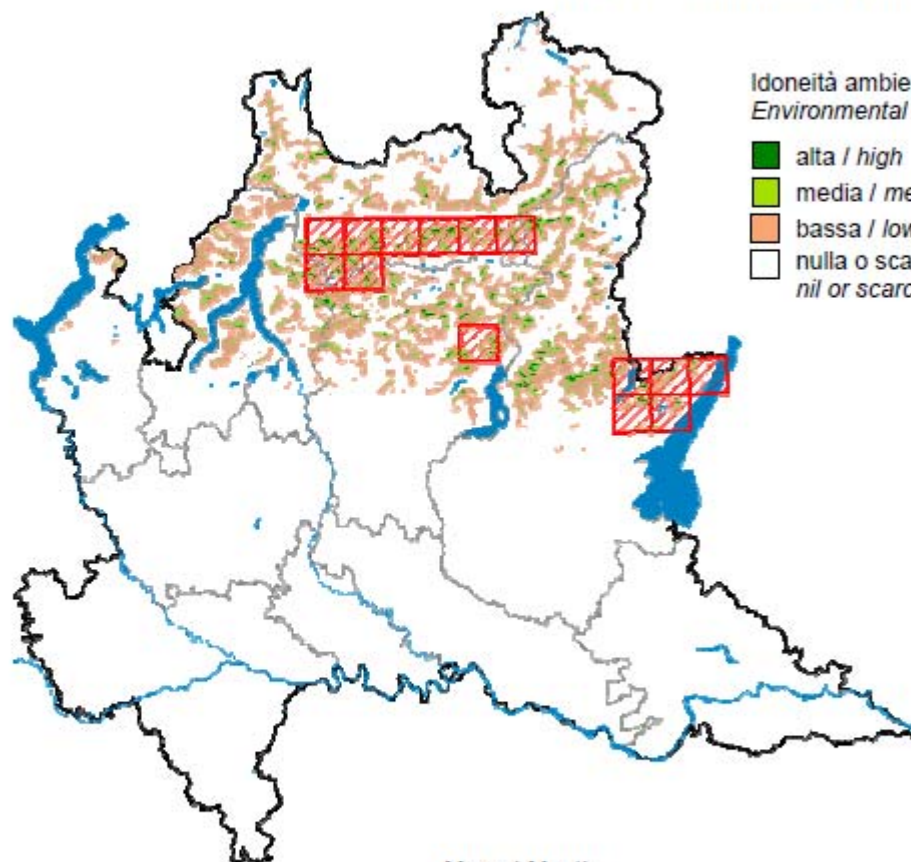
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(900 – 1.300)	(stabile / stable)
---------------	--------------------

AVES – Galliformes – Tetraonidae

Gallo cedrone – *Capercaillie*
Tetrao urogallus



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / *high*
- media / *medium*
- bassa / *low*
- nulla o scarsa / *nil or scarce*



FENOLOGIA / *PHENOLOGY*
Riproduzione / *Breeding*

Mese / <i>Month</i>											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / <i>sedentary</i>											

POPOLAZIONE (maschi cantori)
POPULATION (singing males)

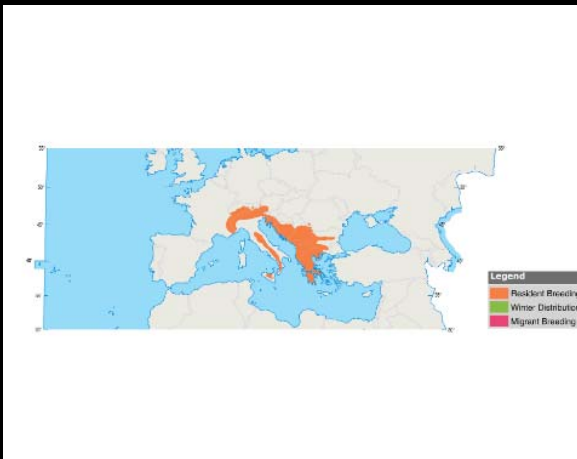
15 – 20

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

in diminuzione / *declining*

Galliformes, Phasianidae (6 spp)

SPEC 2, Allegato I 79/409/CEE



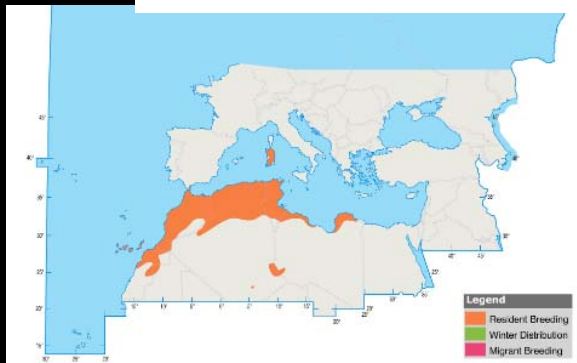
Coturnice *Alectoris graeca* SB

SPEC 2



Pernice rossa *Alectoris rufa* SB

**SPEC 3,
Allegato I
79/409/CEE**



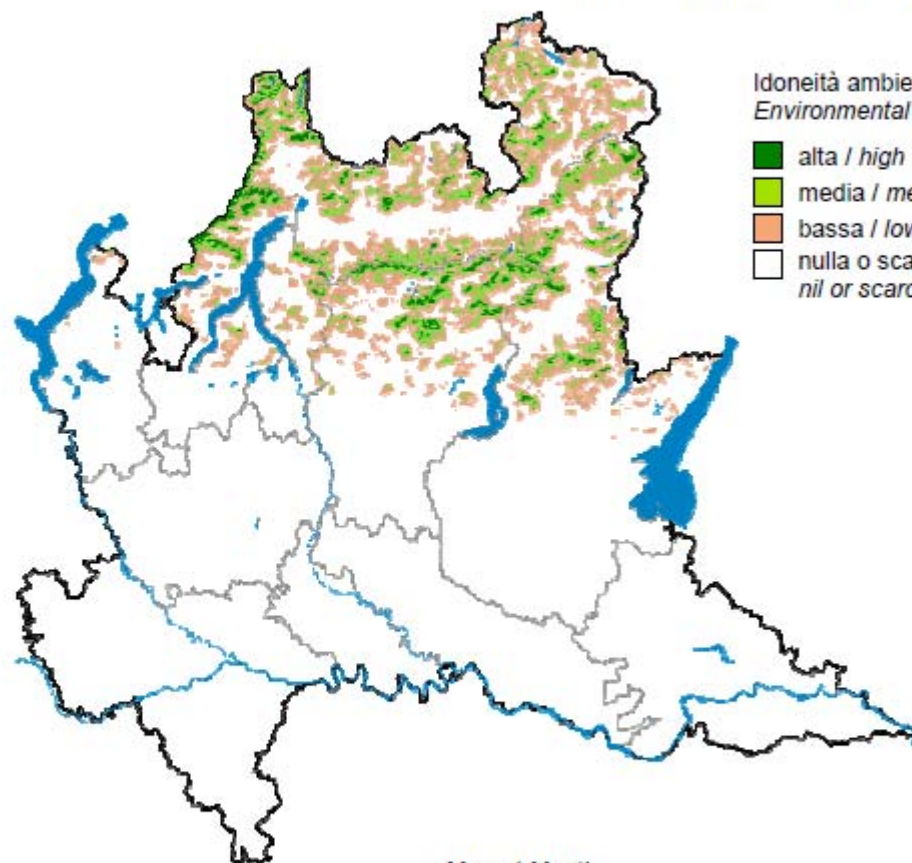
Pernice sarda *Alectoris barbara* SB

SPECIE CACCIABILE

SPEC 2, Allegato I 79/409/CEE

AVES – Galliformes – Phasianidae

Coturnice – Rock Partridge
Alectoris graeca



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(900 – 1.300)

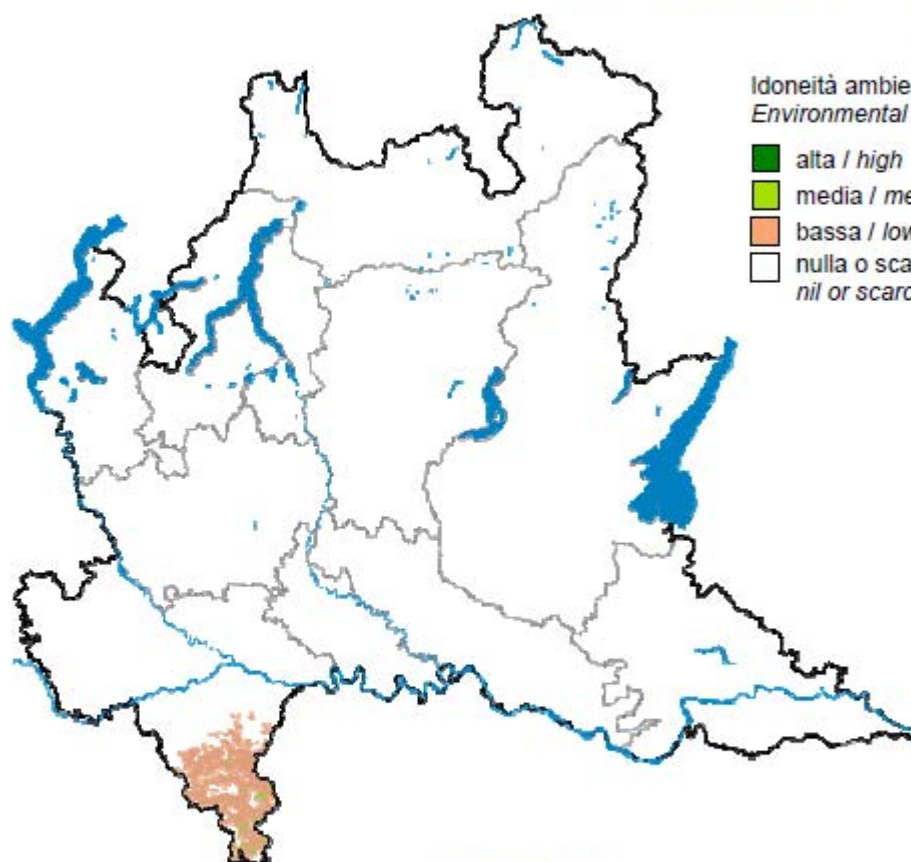
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(in diminuzione / declining)

AVES – Galliformes – Phasianidae

Pernice rossa – Red-legged Partridge

Alectoris rufa



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

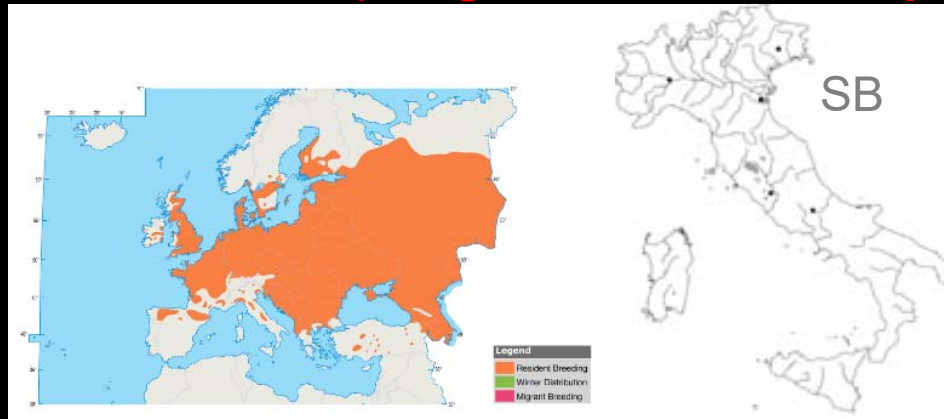
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(<200)	(in diminuzione / declining)
--------	------------------------------

Galliformes, Phasianidae (6 spp)

SPEC 3,
(Allegato I 79/409/CEE P.p.italica, P.p.hispaniolensis)

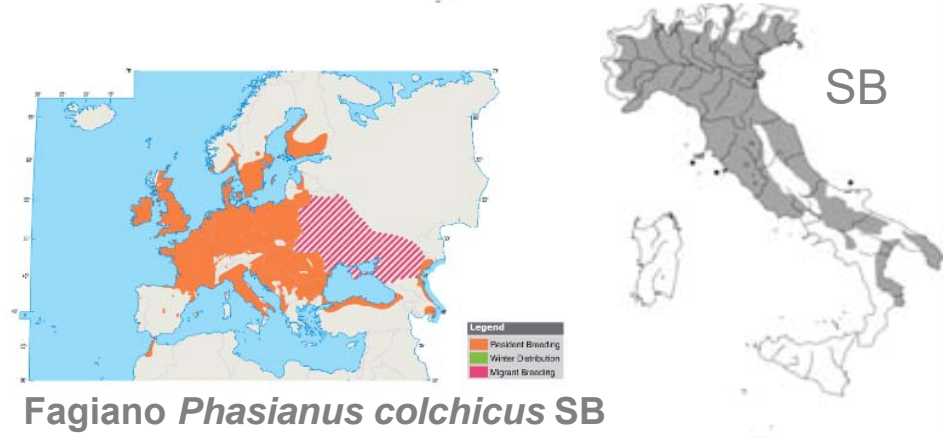
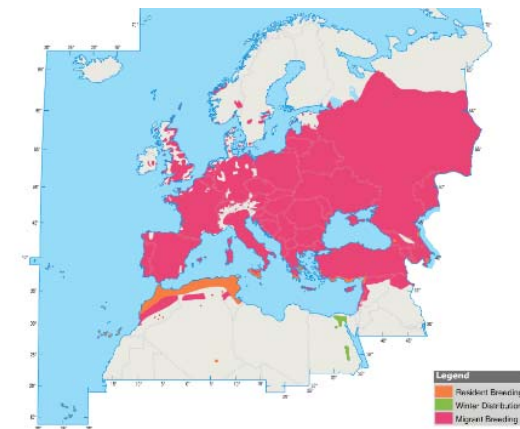
SPEC 3



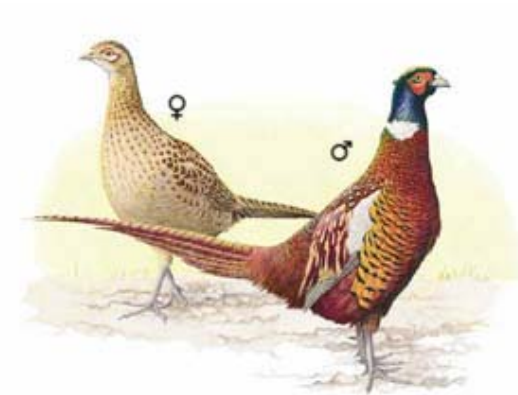
Starna *Perdix perdix (italica)*SB



Quaglia *Coturnix coturnix* M reg, B, W par



Fagiano *Phasianus colchicus* SB



Management Statement

Italian Grey Partridge *Perdix perdix italica*



Final Draft, December 1999

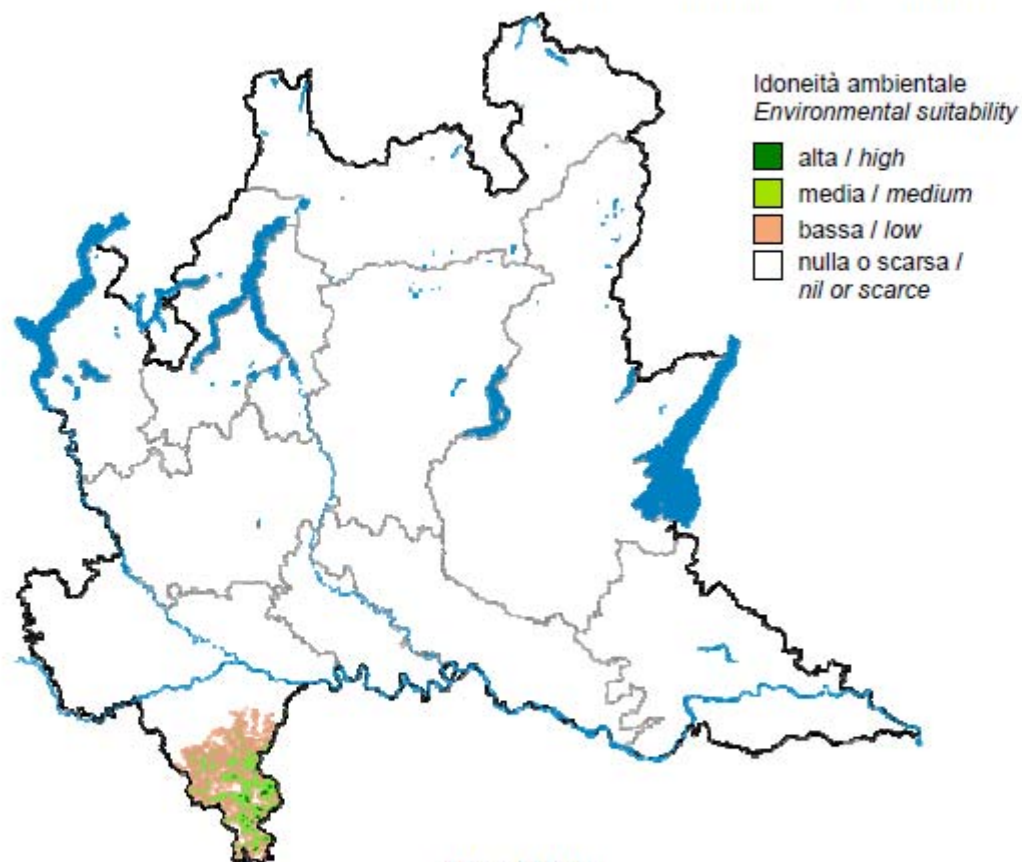
**Prepared by BirdLife International on behalf of the
European Commission**

SPECIE CACCIABILE

SPEC 3,
(Allegato I 79/409/CEE *P.p.italica*,)

AVES – Galliformes – Phasianidae

Starna – Grey Partridge
Perdix perdix



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(estinta)

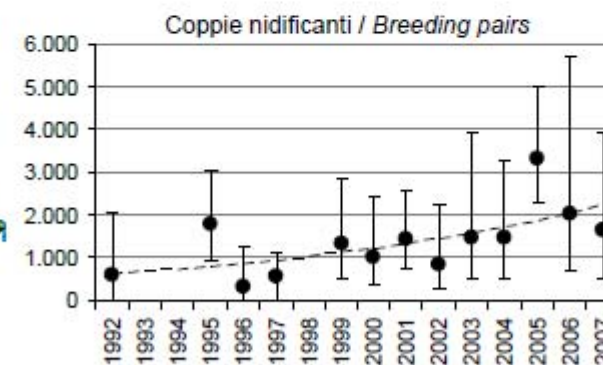
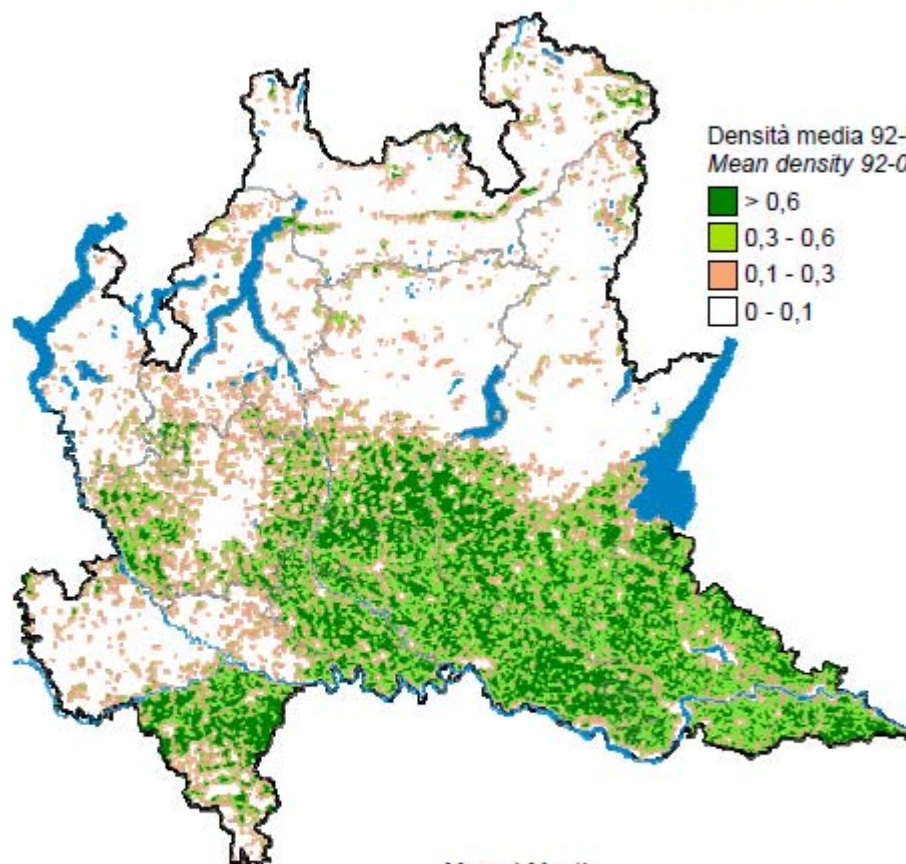
(in diminuzione / declining)

SPECIE CACCIABILE

SPEC 3

AVES – Galliformes – Phasianidae

Quaglia – Quail
Coturnix coturnix



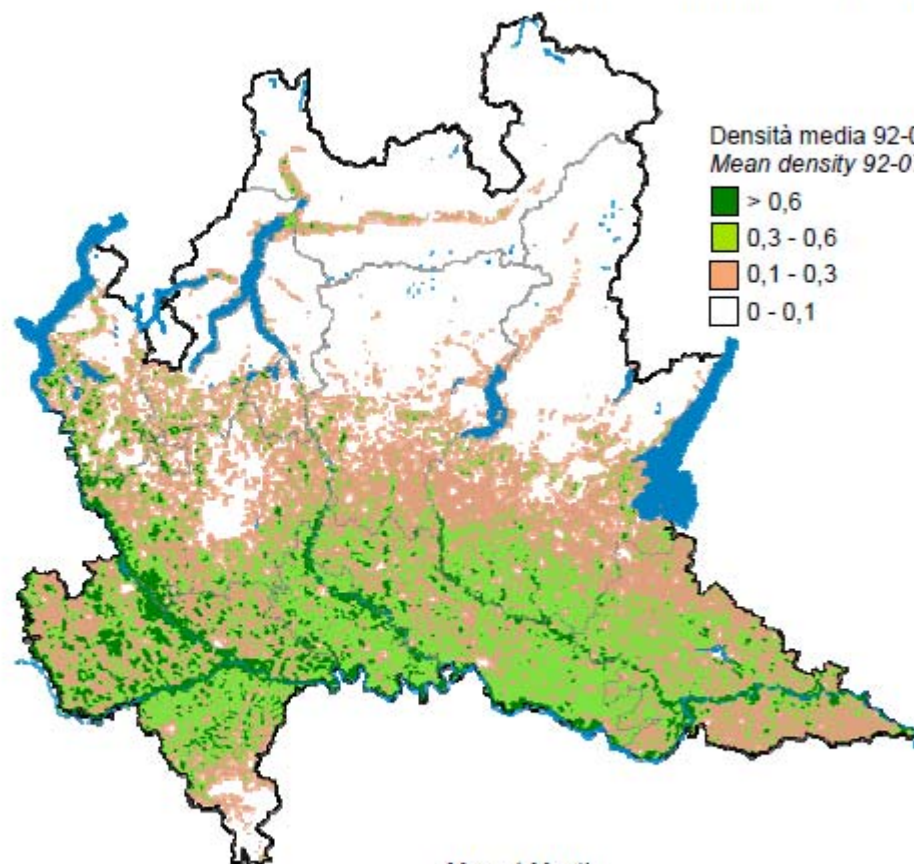
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 1.400	stabile – fluttuante
2007: 1.600	stable – fluctuating

SPECIE CACCIABILE

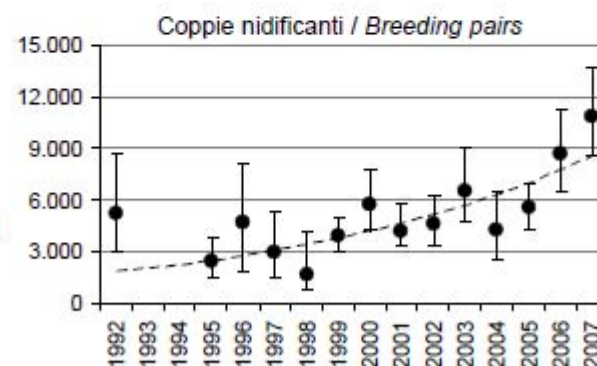
AVES – Galliformes – Phasianidae

Fagiano comune – Pheasant
Phasianus colchicus



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

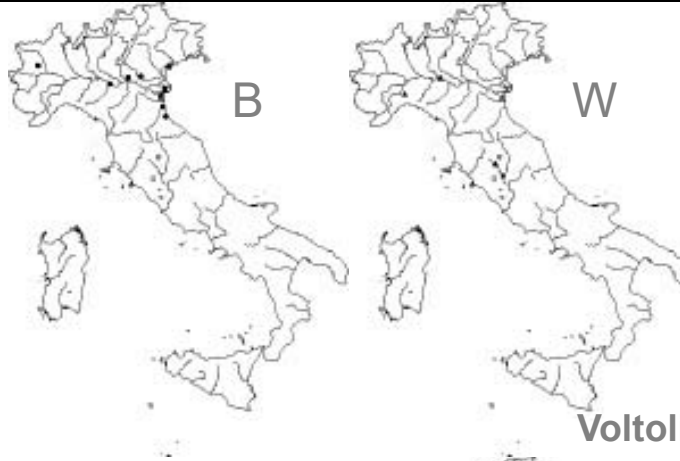
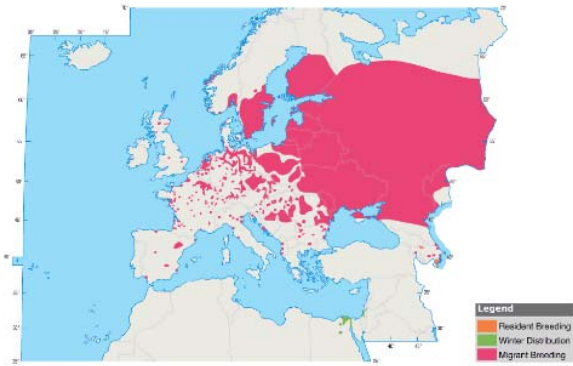
Mese / Month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	sedentaria / sedentary											



POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 5.000	+11,0
2007: 11.000	

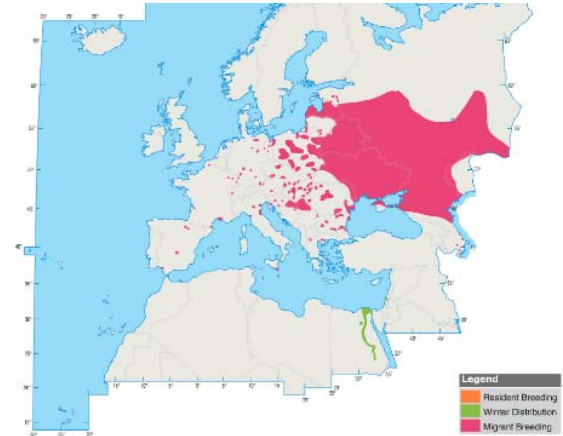
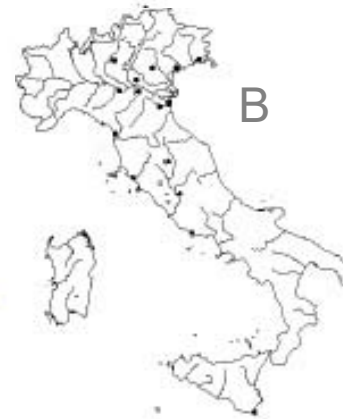
Gruiformes, Rallidae (8 spp)

Allegato I 79/409/CEE



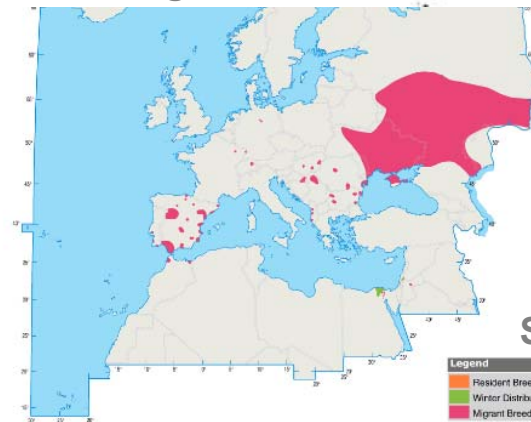
Voltolino *Porzana porzana* M reg, B, W irr

**Allegato I
79/409/CEE**



Schiribilla *Porzana parva* M reg, B, W irr

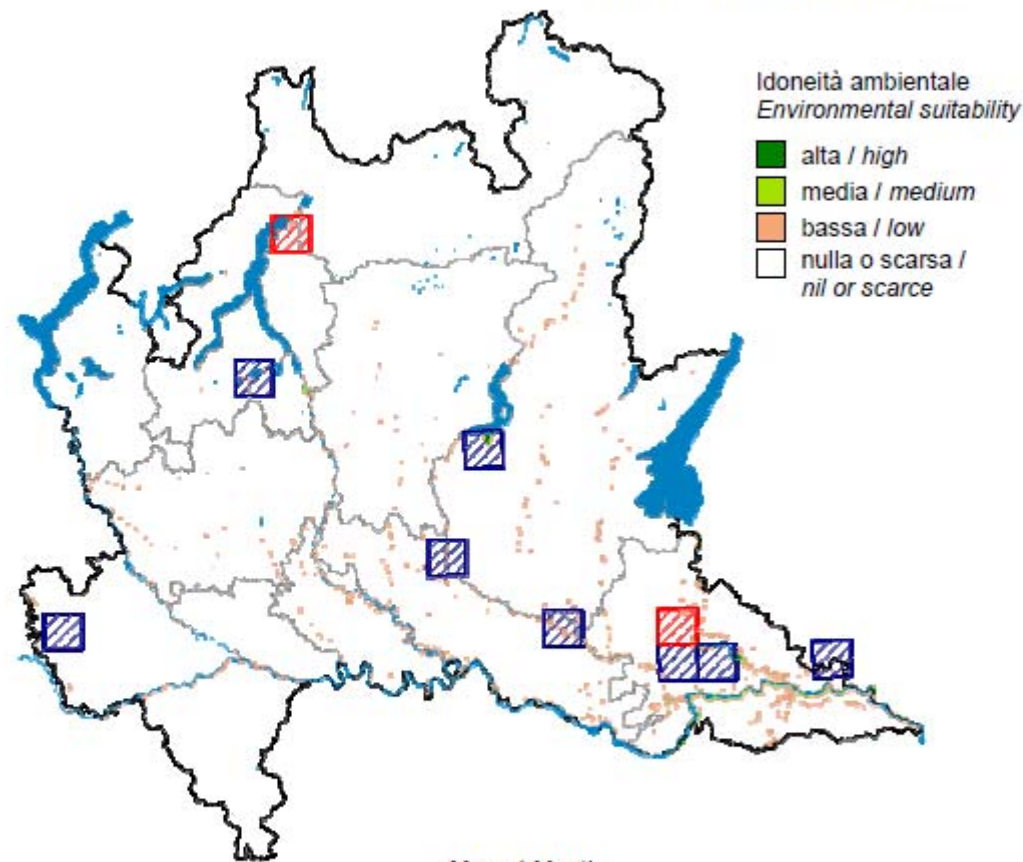
**Allegato I
79/409/CEE**



**Schiribilla grigiata
Porzana pusilla
M reg, B irr**

AVES – Gruiformes – Rallidae

Voltolino – Spotted Crake
Porzana porzana

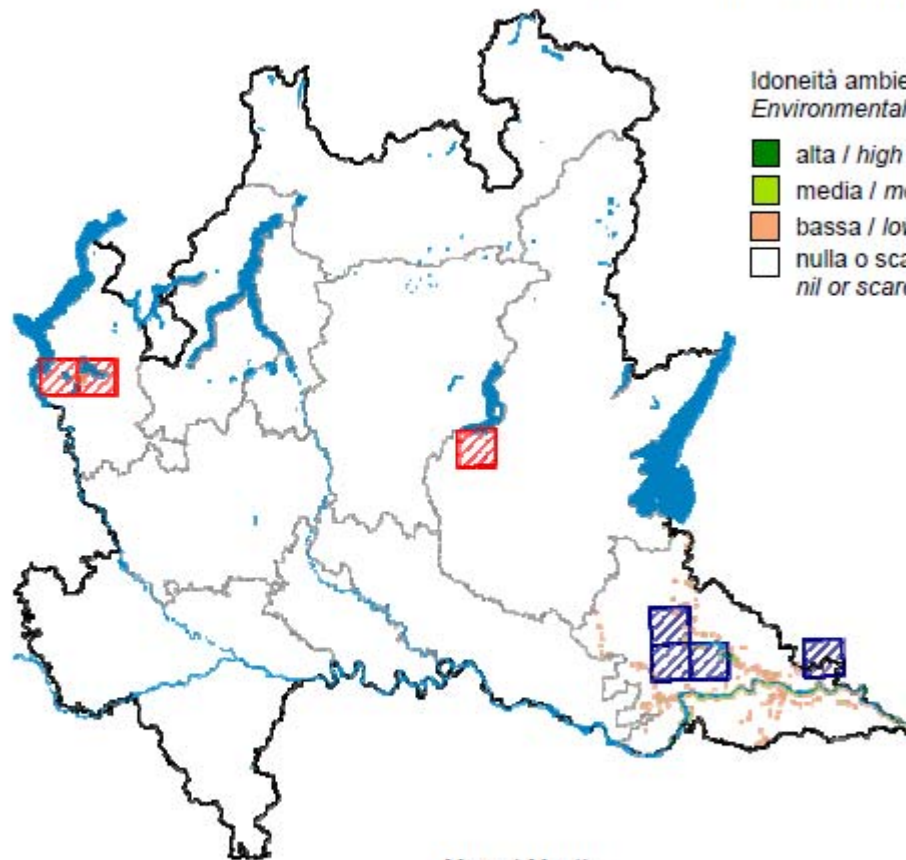


FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(<50)	sconosciuto / unknown

AVES – Gruiformes – Rallidae

Schiribilla – *Little Crake*
Porzana parva



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / *high*
- media / *medium*
- bassa / *low*
- nulla o scarsa / *nil or scarce*



	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / <i>PHENOLOGY</i>												
Riproduzione / <i>Breeding</i>												
Migrazione / <i>Migration</i>												
Svernamento / <i>Wintering</i>												

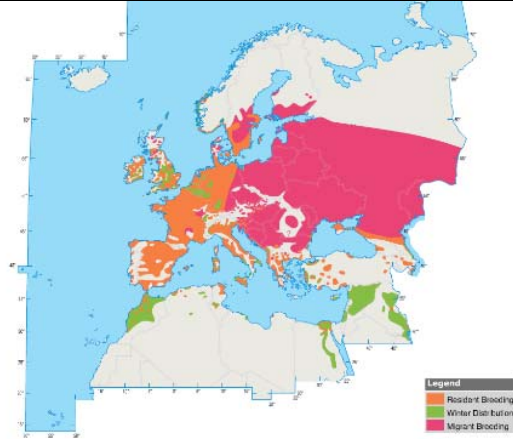
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

?

sconosciuto / *unknown*

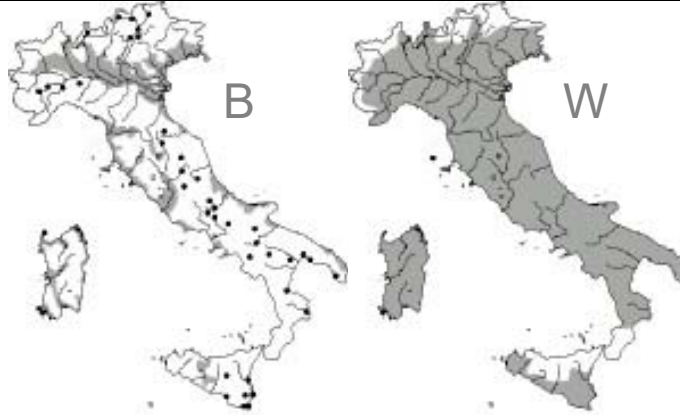
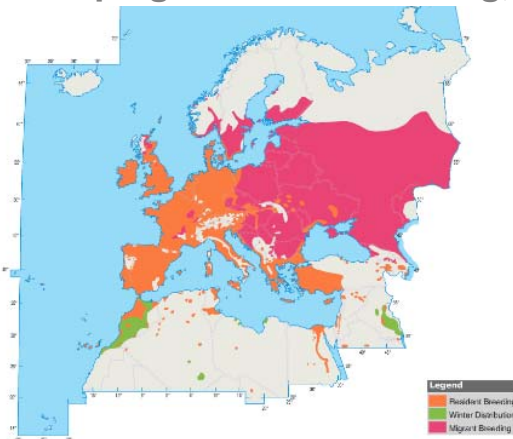
Gruiformes, Rallidae (8 spp)



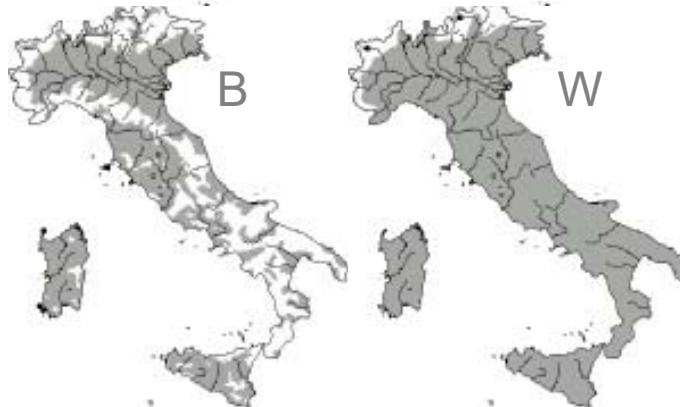
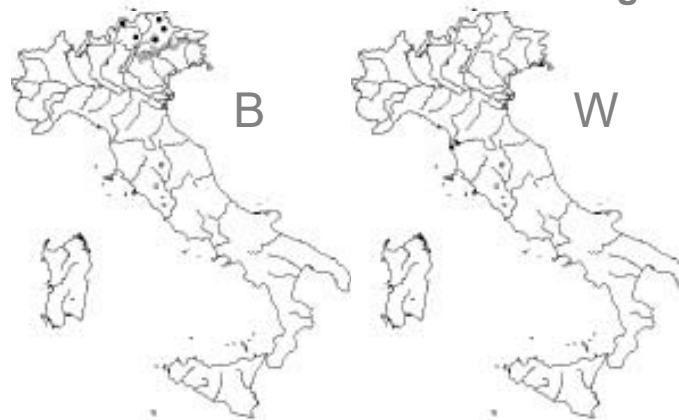
**SPEC 1, Allegato I
79/409/CEE**



Re di quaglie *Crex crex* M reg, B, W irr



Porciglione *Rallus aquaticus* SB, M reg, W



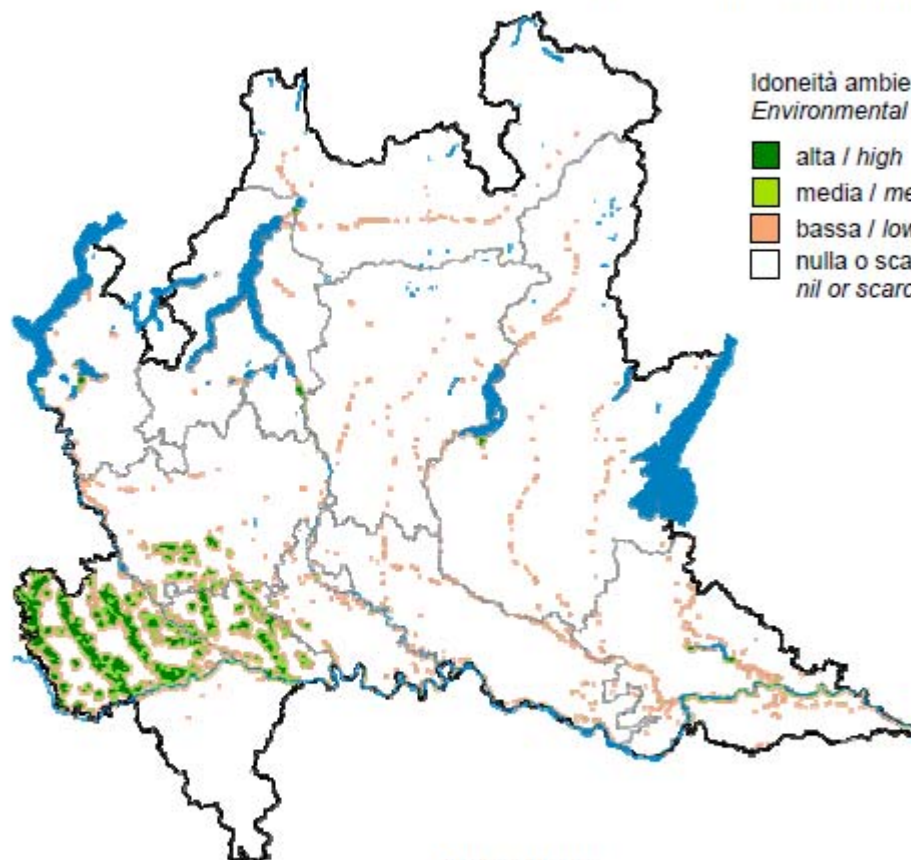
Gallinella d'acqua *Gallinula chloropus* SB, M reg, W



SPECIE CACCIABILE

AVES – Gruiformes – Rallidae

Porciglione – Water Rail
Rallus aquaticus



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce

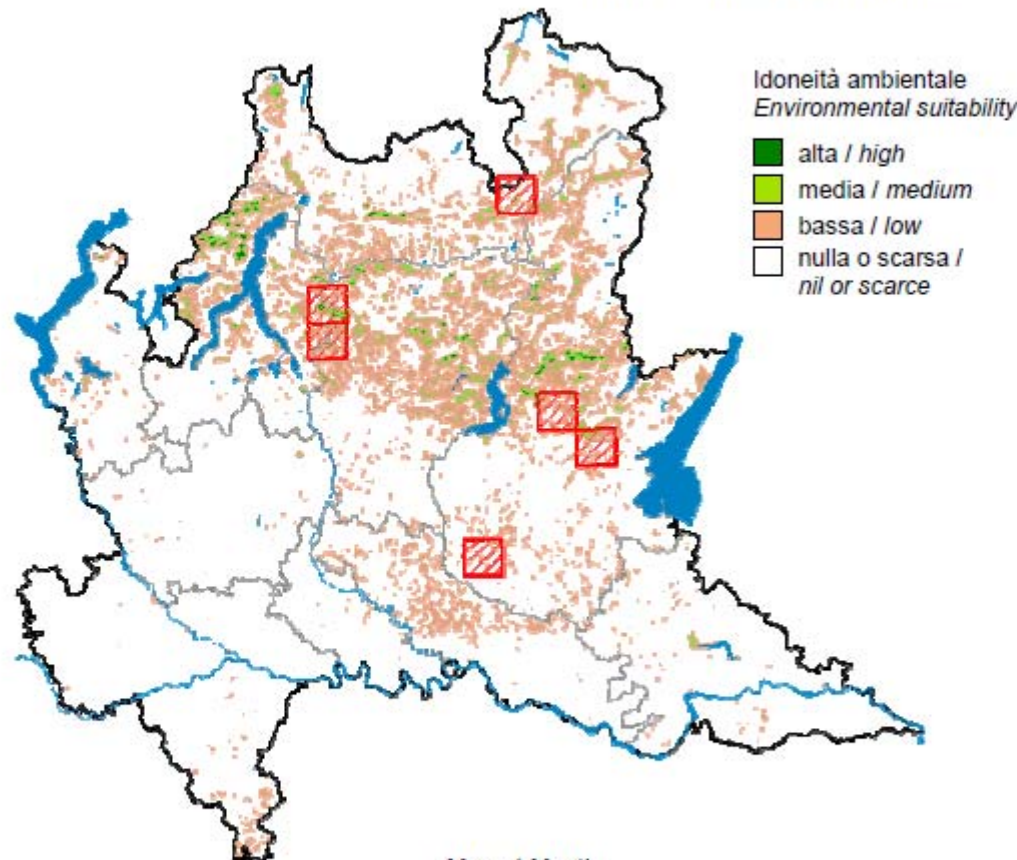


FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(300 – 600)	sconosciuto / unknown

AVES – Gruiformes – Rallidae

Re di quaglie – Corncrake
Crex crex



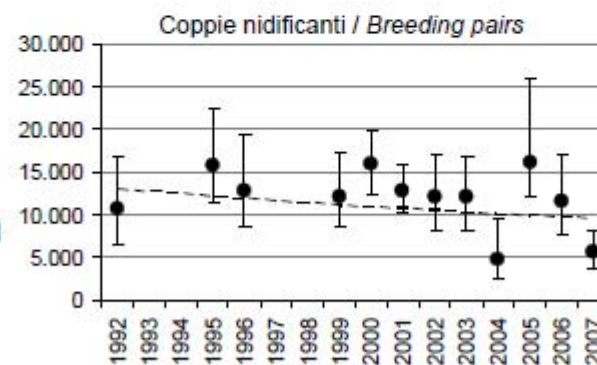
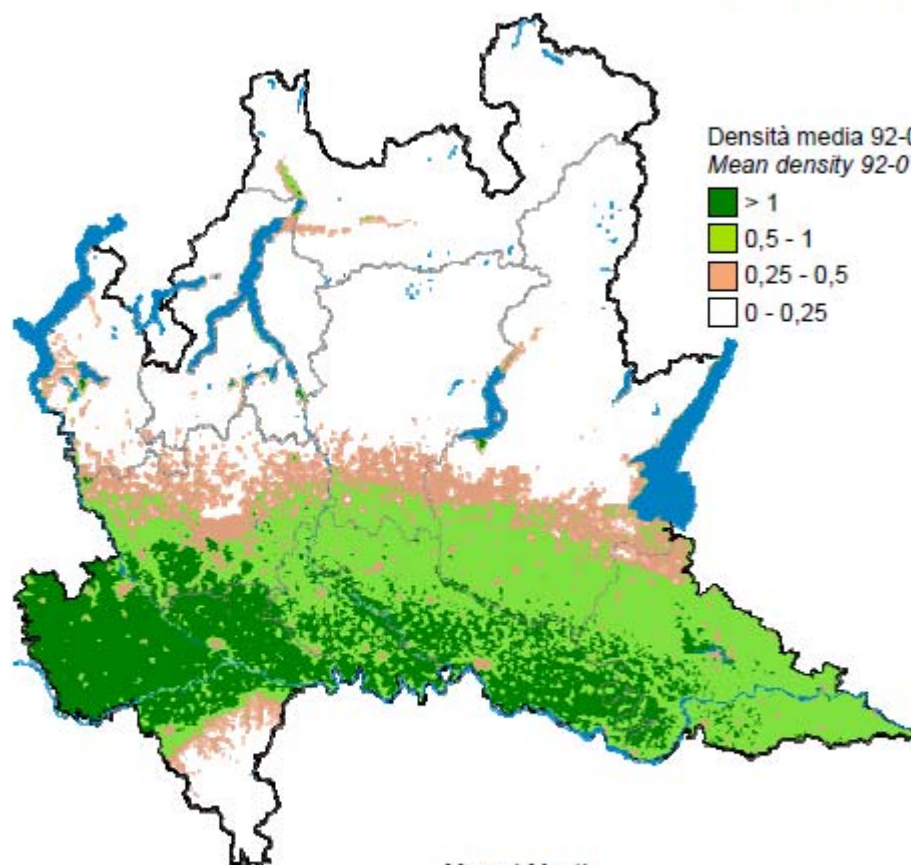
	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) <i>POPULATION (breeding pairs)</i>	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO <i>MEAN ANNUAL TREND</i>
?	

SPECIE CACCIABILE

AVES – Gruiformes – Rallidae

Gallinella d'acqua – Moorhen
Gallinula chloropus



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 13.000	stabile – fluttuante
2007: 5.500	stable – fluctuating

**ACTION PLAN FOR THE CORNCRAKE (*Crex crex*)
IN EUROPE**



Compiled by:

N. CROCKFORD (Royal Society for the Protection of Birds, U.K.)
R. GREEN (Royal Society for the Protection of Birds, U.K.)
G. ROCAMORA (Ligue Pour la Protection des Oiseaux, France)
N. SCHÄFFER (Max-Planck-Institut für Verhaltensphysiologie, Germany¹)
T. STOWE (Royal Society for the Protection of Birds, U.K.)
G. WILLIAMS (Royal Society for the Protection of Birds, U.K.)

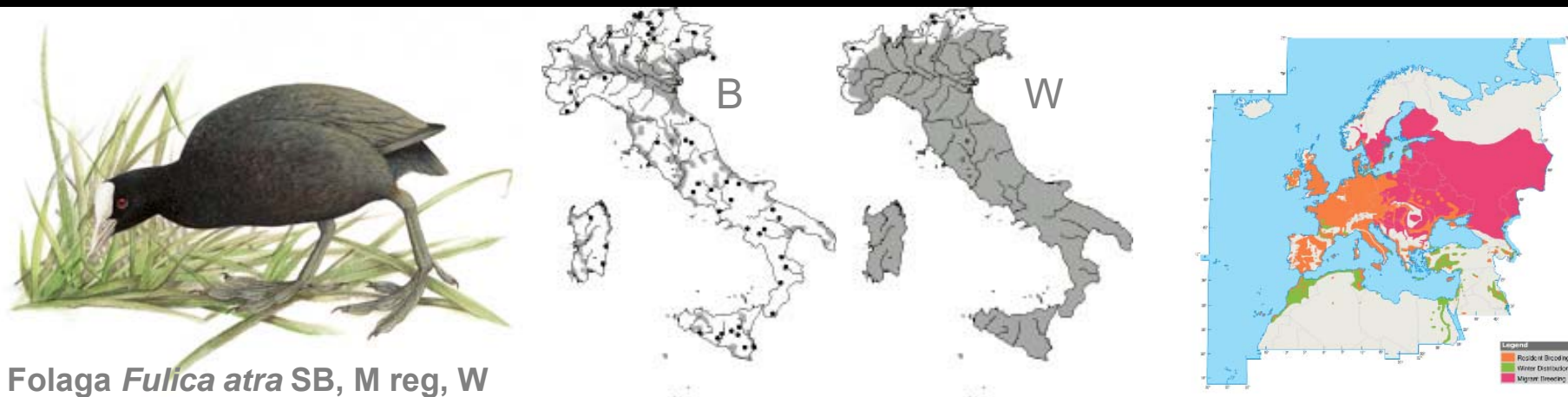
PRE-PUBLICATION VERSION

for limited circulation

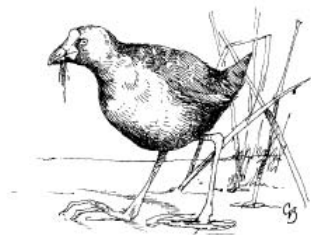
¹ now Royal Society for the Protection of Birds/BirdLife International

Gruiformes, Rallidae (8 spp)

SPEC 3
Allegato I
79/409/CEE



Species Action Plan
for the
Purple Gallinule *Porphyrio porphyrio*
In Europe



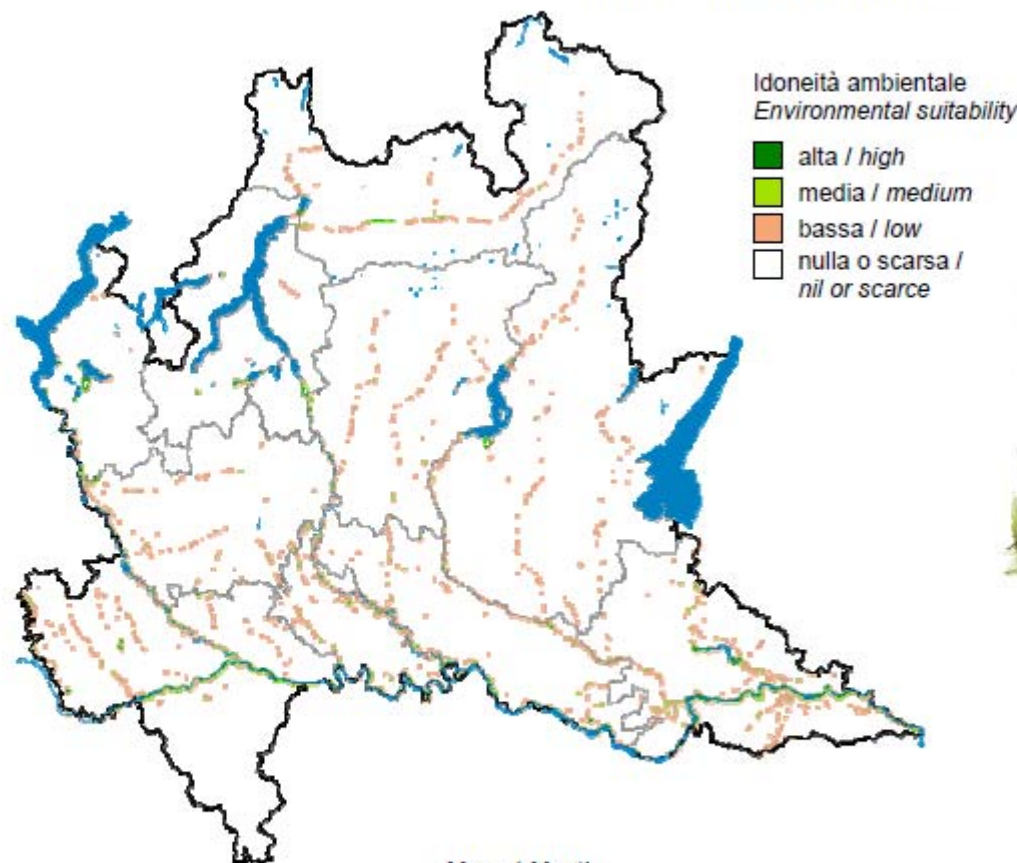
Final Draft, December 1999

Prepared by BirdLife International on behalf of the
European Commission

SPECIE CACCIABILE

AVES – Gruiformes – Rallidae

Folaga – Coot
Fulica atra

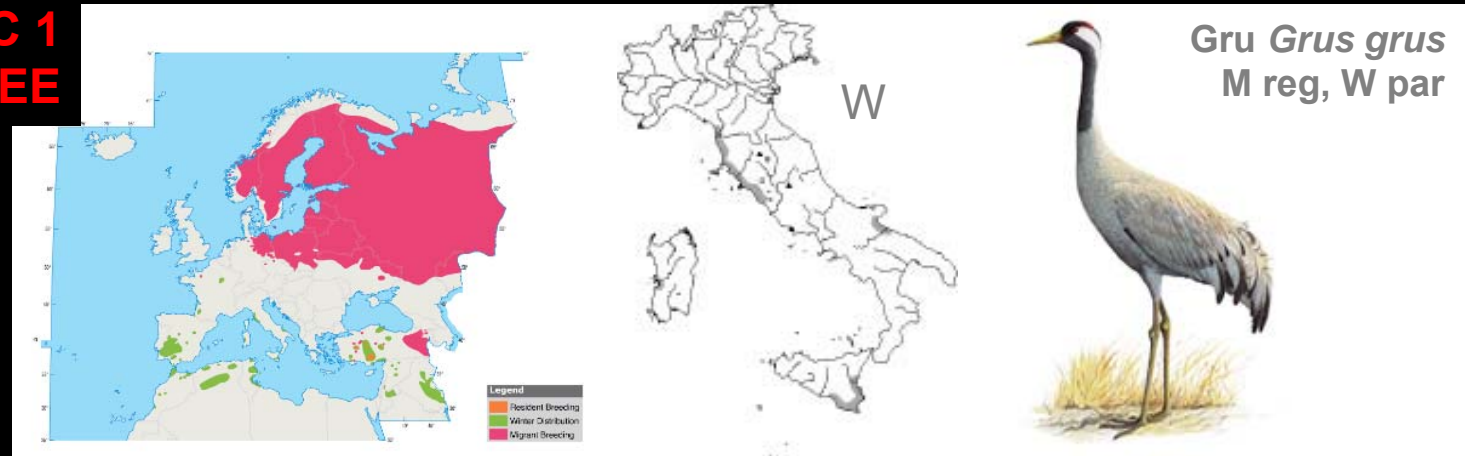


FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

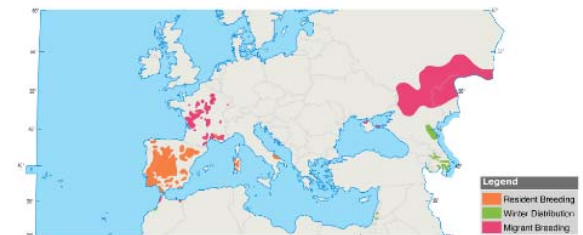
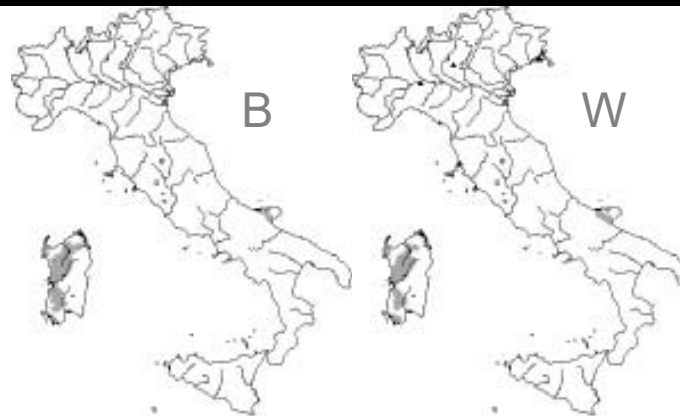
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(1.000 – 2.000)	(in aumento / increasing)

Gruiformes, Gruidi (1 sp)

SPEC 1
Allegato I 79/409/CEE



Gruiformes, Otididae (1 sp)



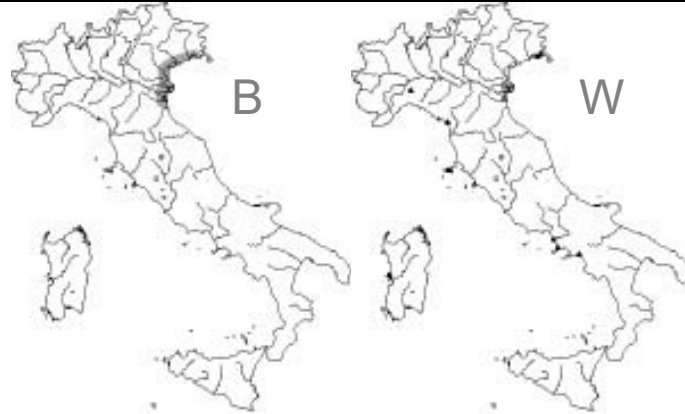
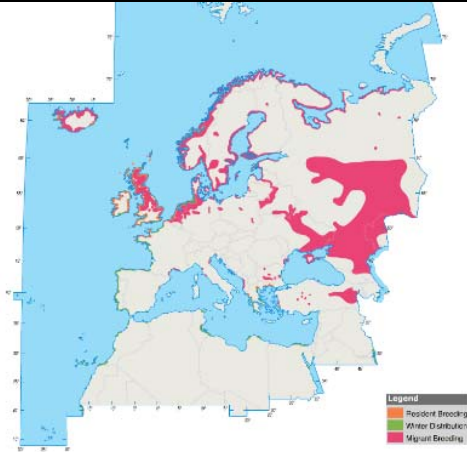
Gallina prataiola Tetrax tetrax SB, M irr, W irr

SPEC 1
Allegato I 79/409/CEE

Little Bustard
(Tetrax tetrax)



Charadriiformes, Haematopodidae (1 sp)

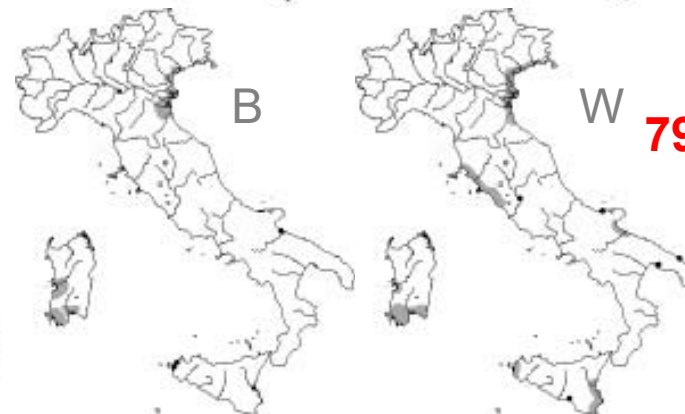
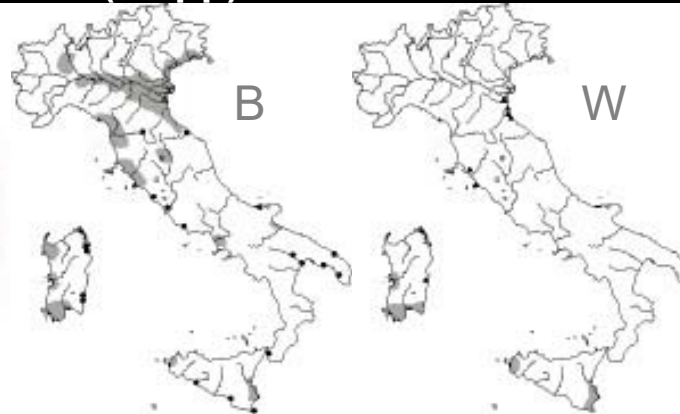


Beccaccia di mare *Haematopus ostralegus* M reg, B, W par

Charadriiformes, Recurvirostridae (2 spp)

Cavaliere d'Italia
Himantopus himantopus
M reg, B, W par

Allegato I
79/409/CEE



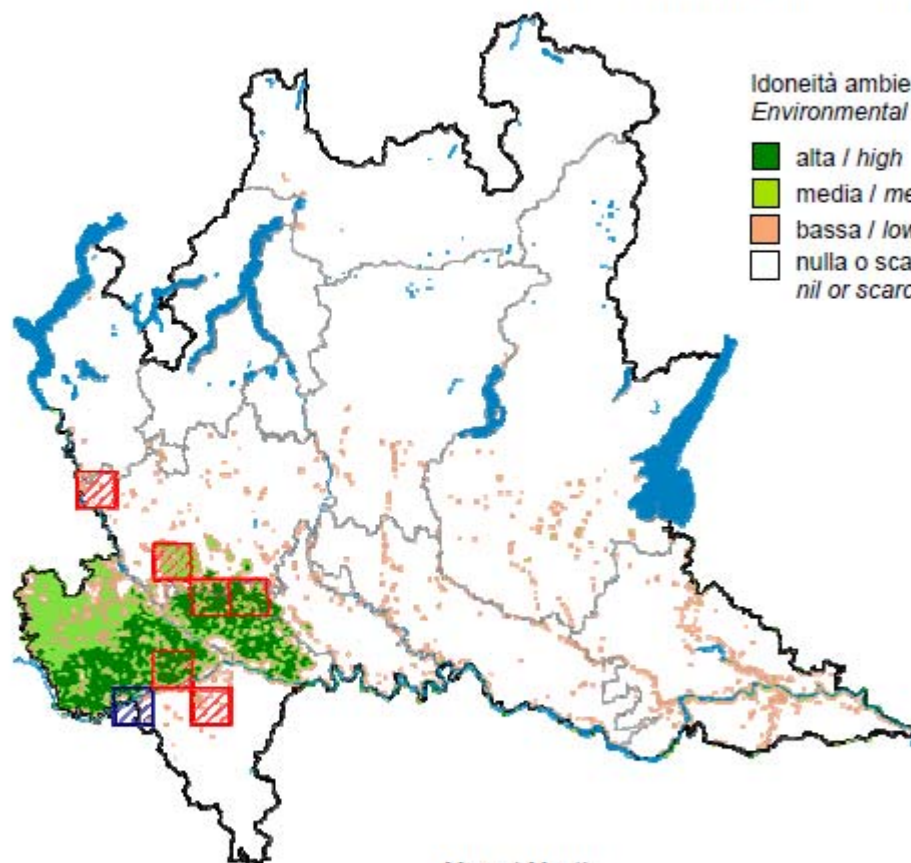
Allegato I
79/409/CEE



Avocetta *Recurvirostra avosetta* M reg, B, W par

AVES – Charadriiformes – Charadriidae

Cavaliere d'Italia – *Black-winged Stilt*
Himantopus himantopus



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce

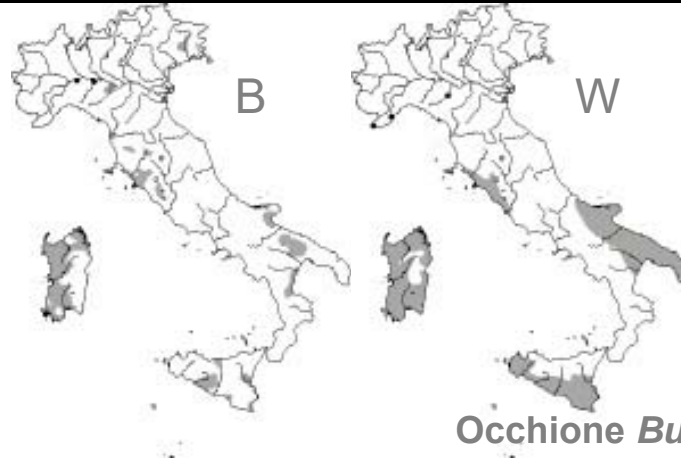
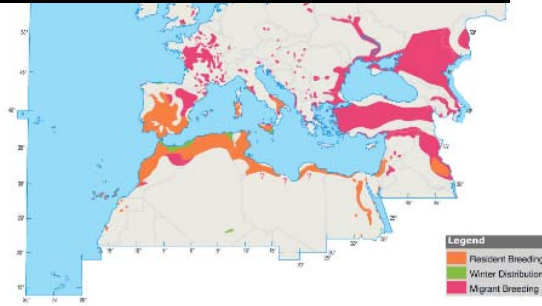


FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(<30)	

Charadriiformes, Burhinidae (1 sp)

SPEC 3
Allegato I 79/409/CEE



Ochioie *Burhinus oedicnemus* M reg, B, W par

Charadriiformes, Glareolidae (1 sp)

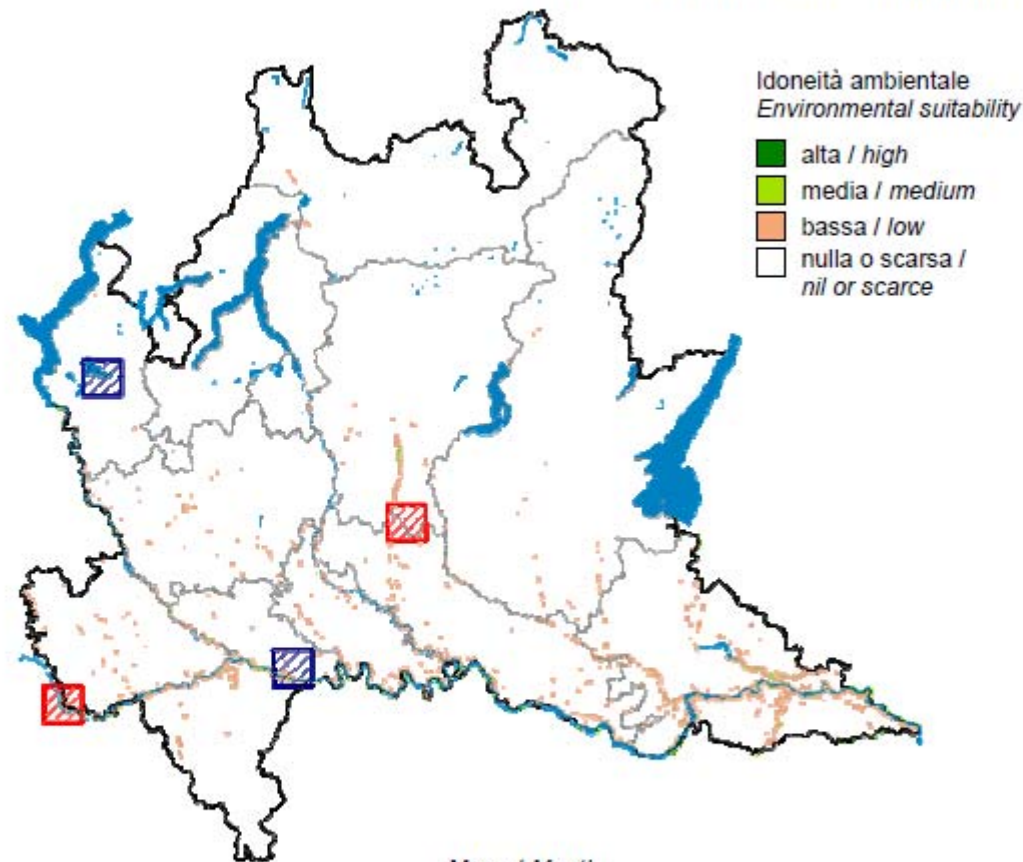


Pernice di mare *Glareola pratincola* M reg, B

SPEC 3
Allegato I 79/409/CEE

AVES – Charadriiformes – Charadriidae

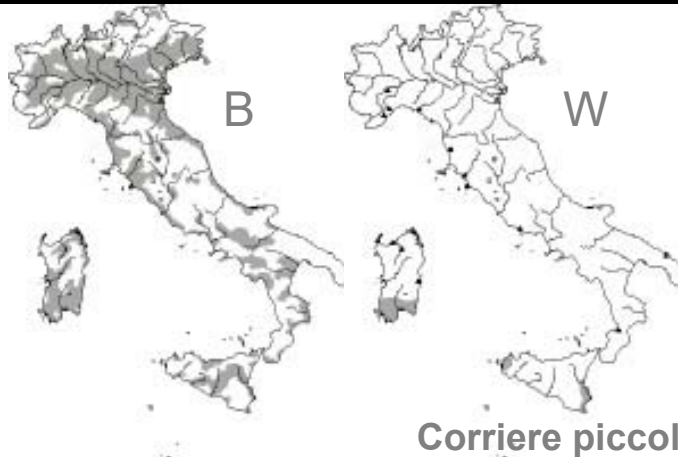
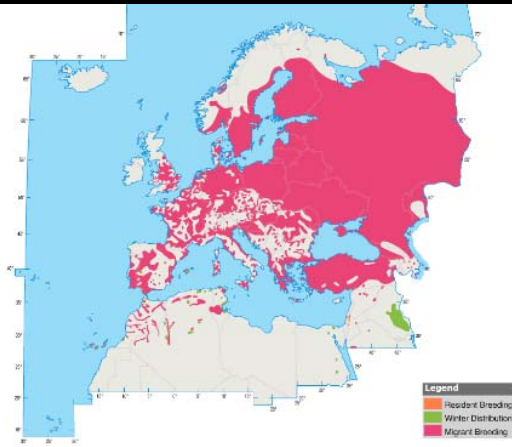
Occhione – Stone Curlew
Burhinus oedicnemus



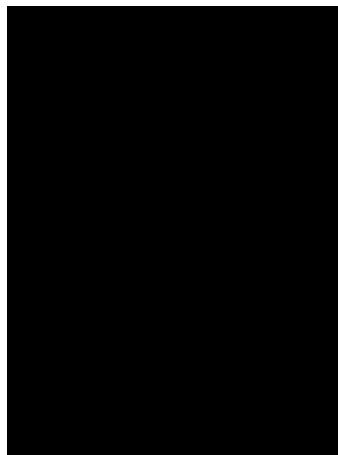
	Mese / Month											
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(<10)	

Charadriiformes, Charadriidae (7 spp)



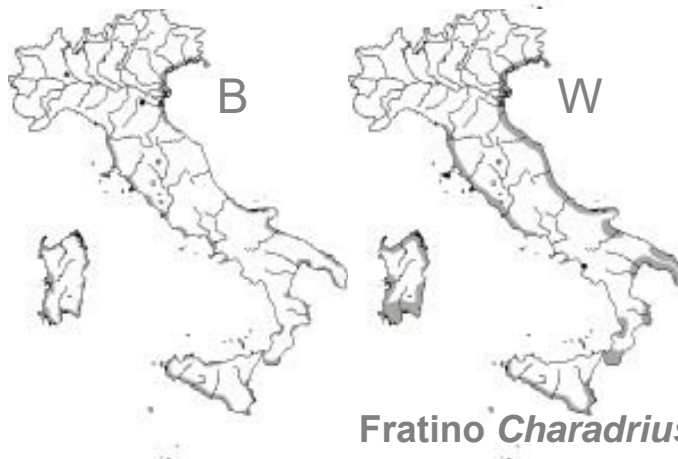
Corriere piccolo *Charadrius dubius* M reg, B, W irr



Corriere grosso *Charadrius hiaticula* M reg, W par (B?)



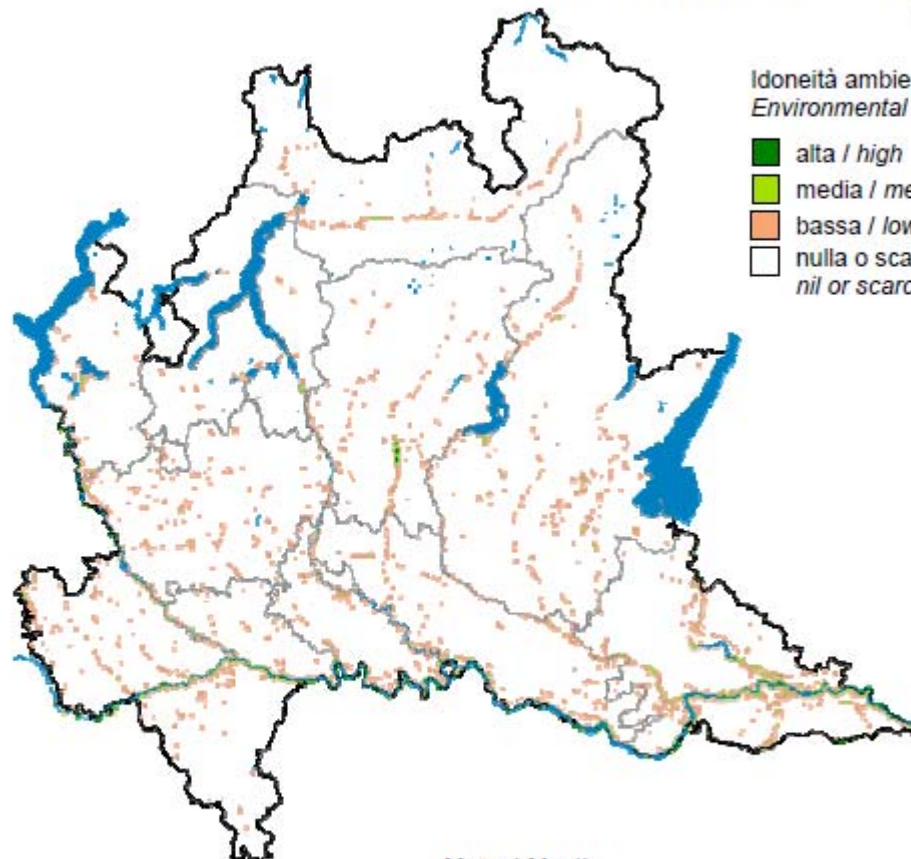
**SPEC 3, Allegato I
79/409/CEE**



Fratino *Charadrius alexandrinus* SB par, M reg, W par

AVES – Charadriiformes – Charadriidae

Corriere piccolo – Little Ringed Plover
Charadrius dubius



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

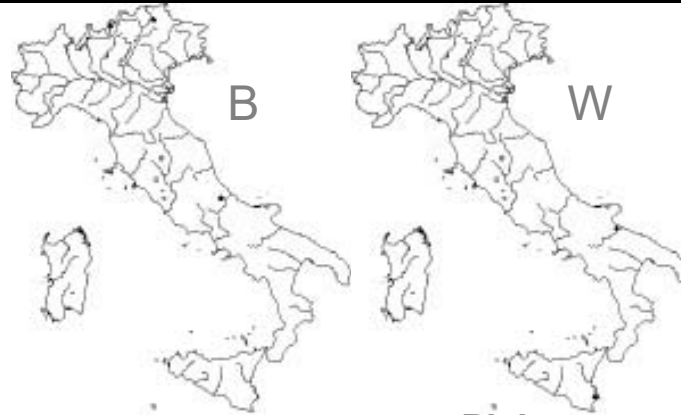
- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

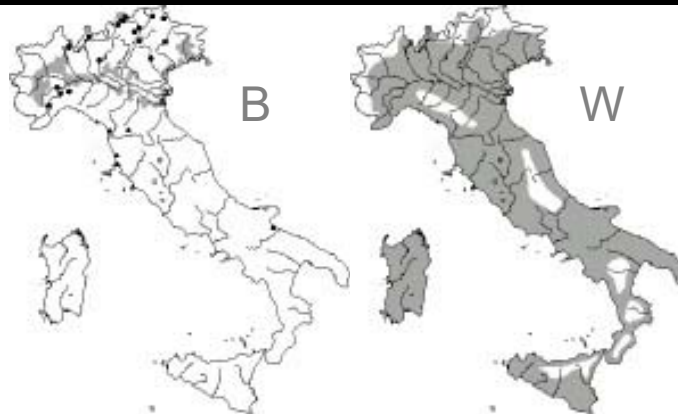
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) <i>POPULATION (breeding pairs)</i>	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO <i>MEAN ANNUAL TREND</i>
(300 – 600)	(in diminuzione / declining)

Charadriiformes, Charadriidae (7 spp)

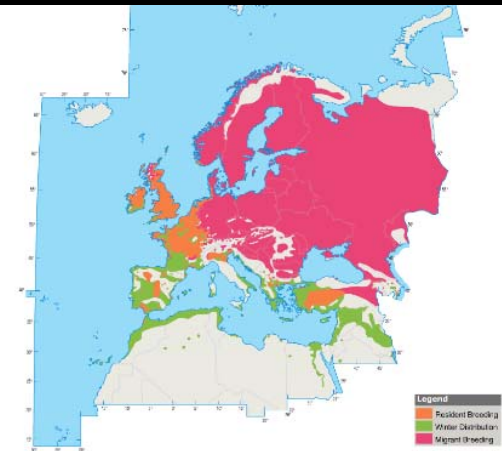


Piviere tortolino *Charadrius morinellus* M reg, B

Allegato I 79/409/CEE



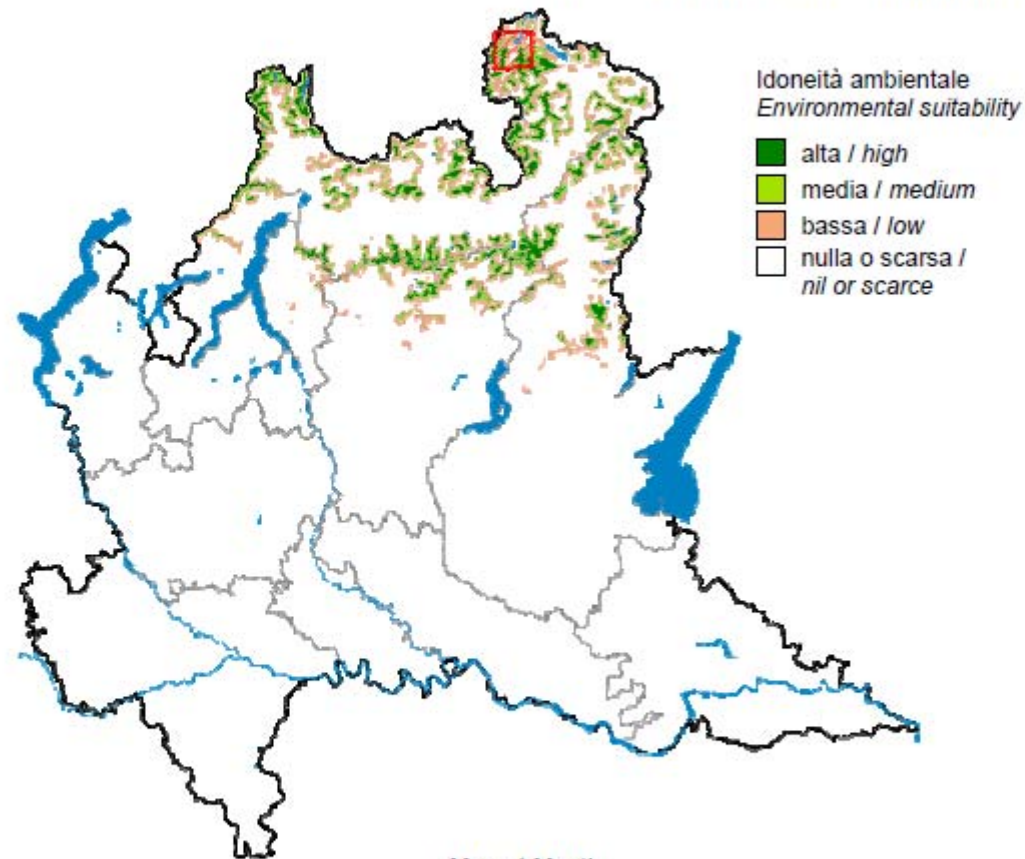
Pavoncella *Vanellus vanellus* M reg, W, B



SPEC 2

AVES – Charadriiformes – Charadriidae

Piviere tortolino – *Dotterel*
Eudromias morinellus



	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

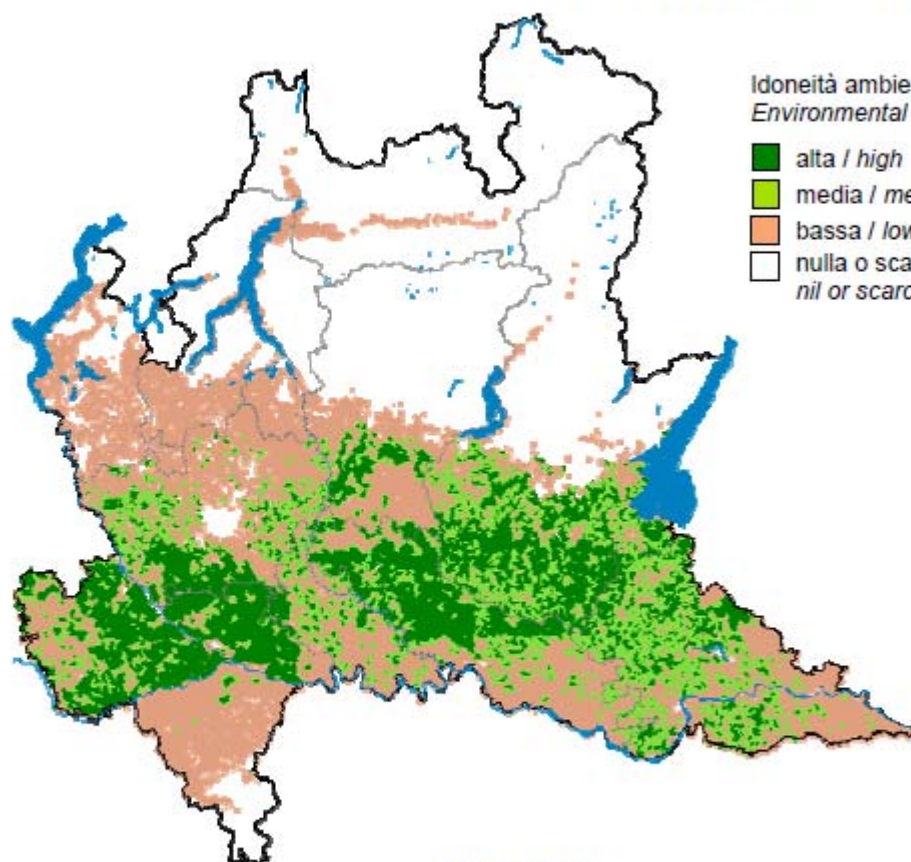
?	
---	--

SPECIE CACCIABILE

SPEC 2

AVES – Charadriiformes – Charadriidae

Pavoncella – Lapwing
Vanellus vanellus



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(1.500 – 2.500)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(in aumento / increasing)

Charadriiformes, Charadriidae (7 spp)



**Allegato I
79/409/CEE**



Charadriiformes, Scolopacidae (25 spp)



Legend
Resident Breeding
Winter Distribution
Migrant Breeding



SPEC 3w

Piovanello maggiore *Calidris canutus* M reg, W par



Piovanello tridattilo *Calidris alba* M reg, W par



Legend
Resident Breeding
Winter Distribution
Migrant Breeding



Legend
Resident Breeding
Winter Distribution
Migrant Breeding

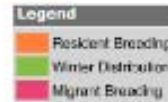


Gamberchio *Calidris minuta* M reg, W

Charadriiformes, Scolopacidae (25 spp)



Gambecchio nano *Calidris temminckii* M reg, W par

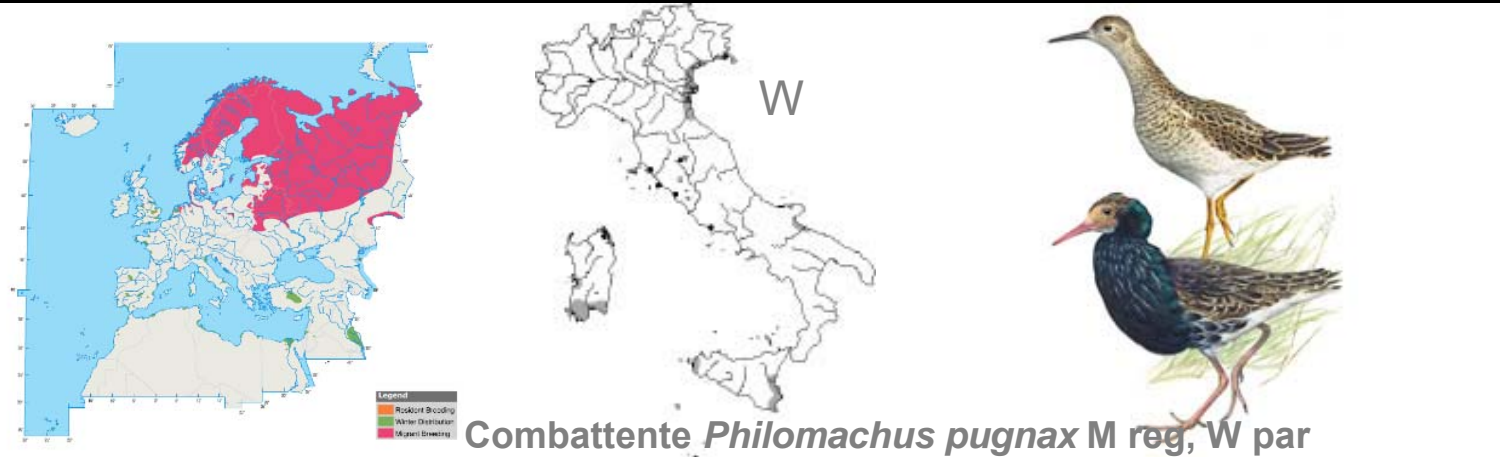


Piovanello *Calidris ferruginea* M reg, W irr



Piovanello pancianera *Calidris alpina* M reg, W

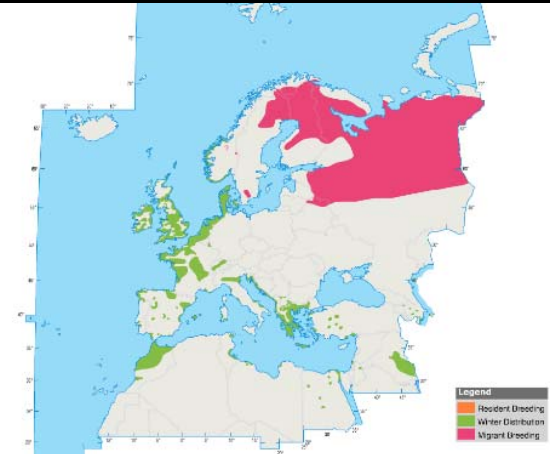
Charadriiformes, Scolopacidae (25 spp)



SPEC 2
Allegato I
79/409/CEE

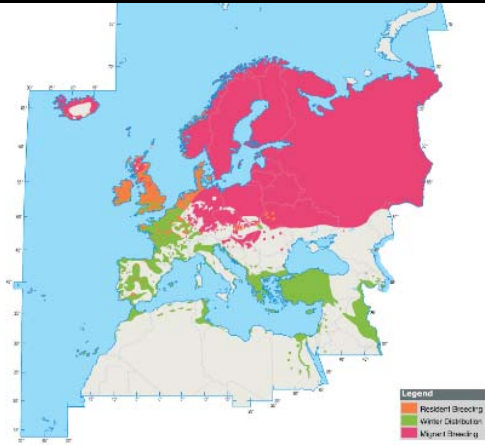
Combattente *Philomachus pugnax* M reg, W par

SPEC 3



Frullino *Lymnocyptes minimus* M reg, W

Charadriiformes, Scolopacidae (25 spp)



SPEC 3

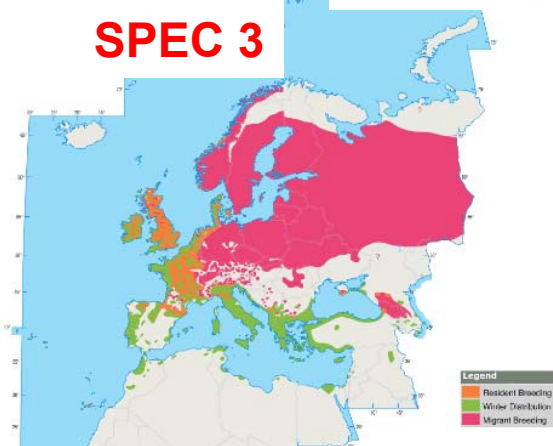
Beccaccino *Gallinago gallinago* M reg, W, B (reg?)

SPEC 1
Allegato I
79/409/CEE



Croccolone *Gallinago media* M reg, W irr

SPEC 3



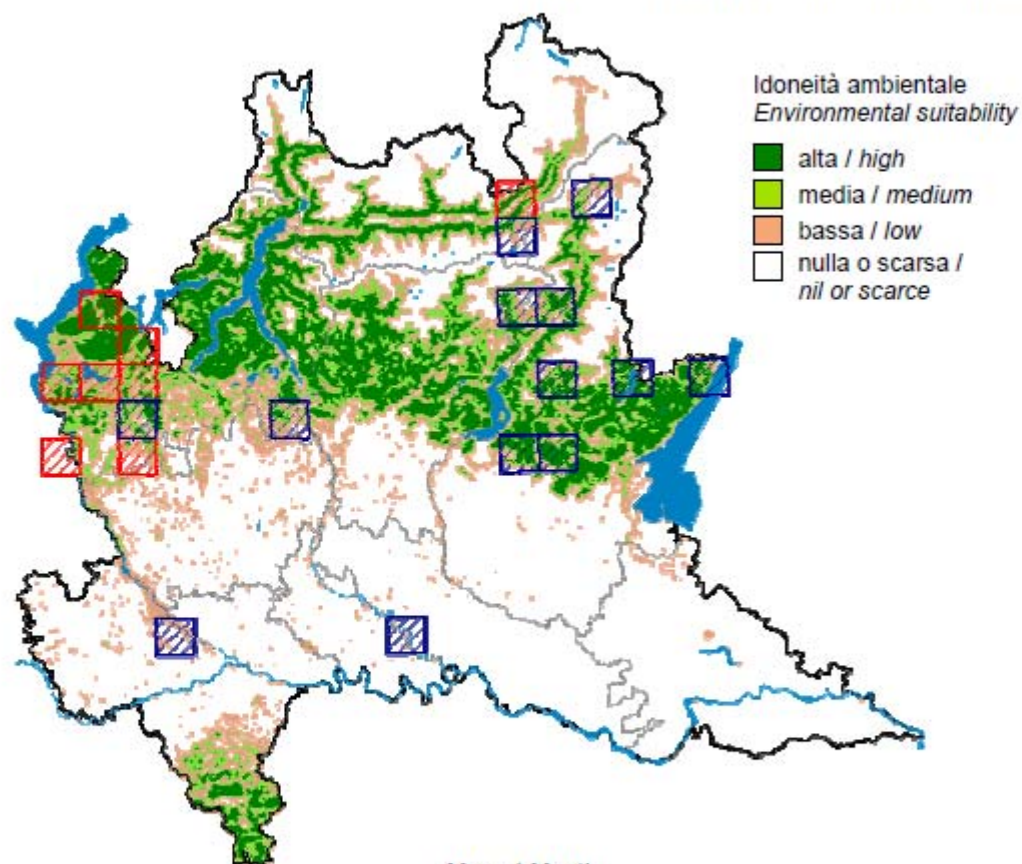
Beccaccia *Scolopax rusticola* M reg, W, SB par

SPECIE CACCIABILE

SPEC 3

AVES – Charadriiformes – Scolopacidae

Beccaccia – Woodcock
Scolopax rusticola

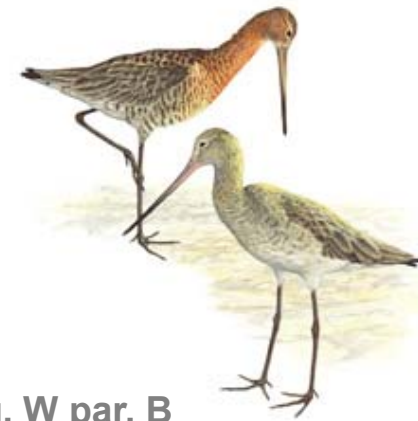
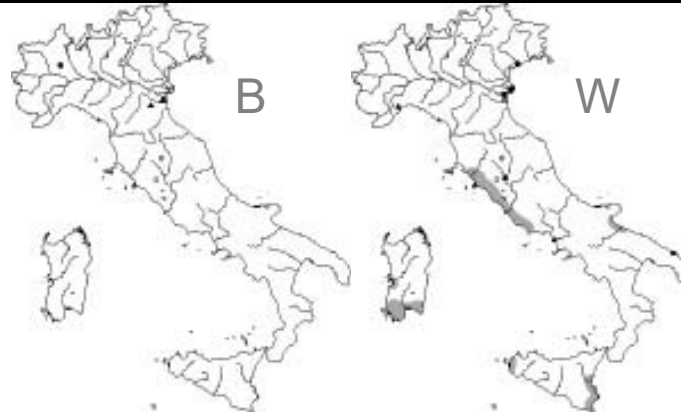
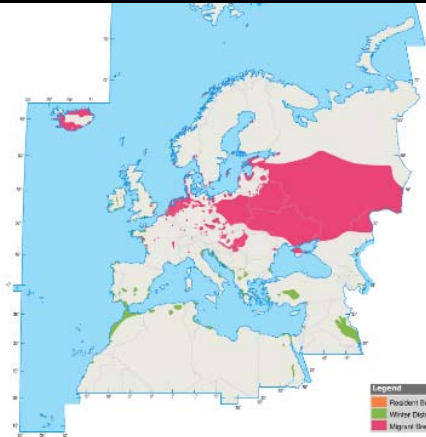


FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(<50)	(in diminuzione / declining)

Charadriiformes, Scolopacidae (25 spp)

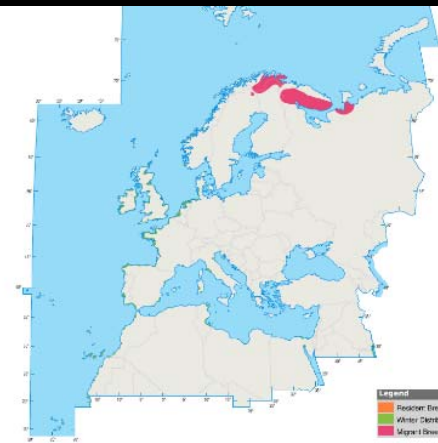
SPEC 2



Pittima reale *Limosa limosa* M reg, W par, B

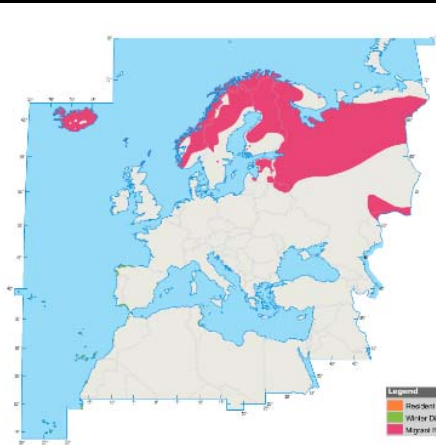


Pittima minore
Limosa lapponica
M reg, W par



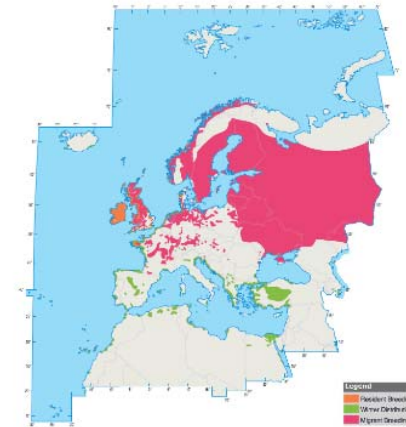
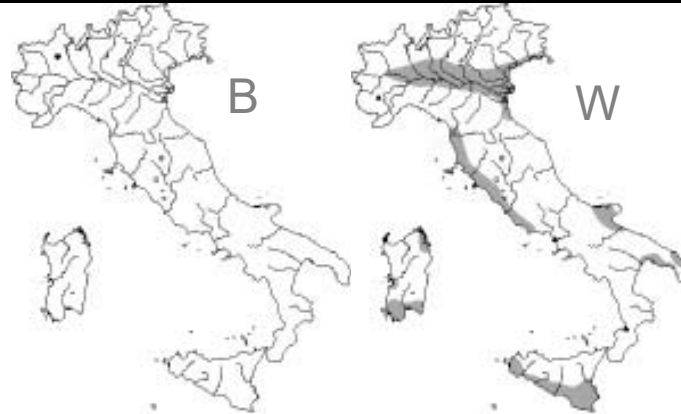
Allegato I
79/409/CEE

Charadriiformes, Scolopacidae (25 spp)



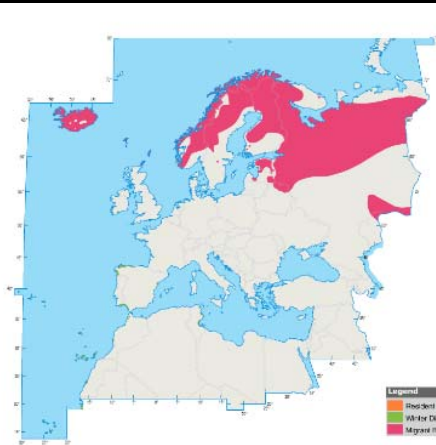
Chiurlo piccolo *Numenius phaeopus* M reg, W irr

SPEC 2



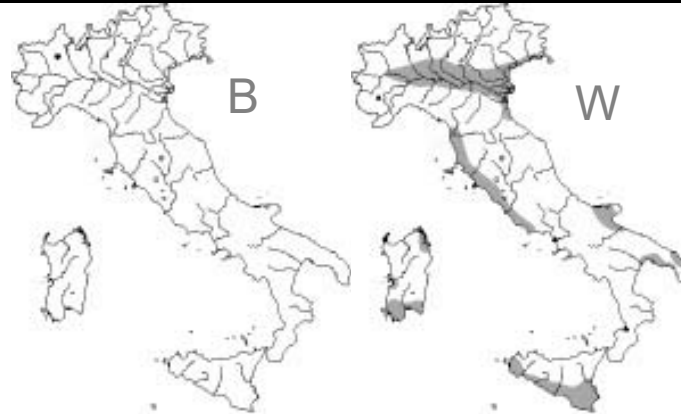
Chiurlo maggiore *Numenius arquata* M reg, W, B irr

Charadriiformes, Scolopacidae (25 spp)



Chiurlo piccolo *Numenius phaeopus* M reg, W irr

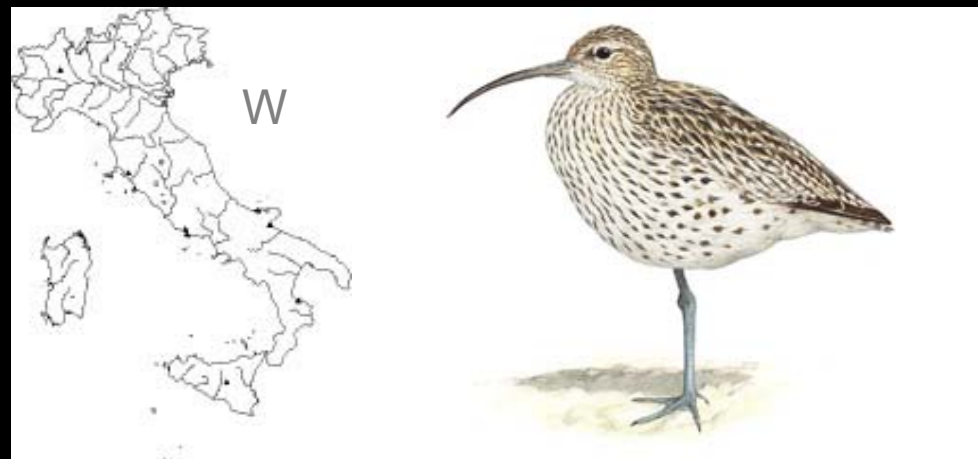
SPEC 2



Chiurlo maggiore *Numenius arquata* M reg, W, B irr

Charadriiformes, Scolopacidae (25 spp)

SPEC 1
Allegato I
79/409/CEE



Chiurlottello *Numenius tenuirostris* M reg, W par

INTERNATIONAL ACTION PLAN FOR
THE SLENDER-BILLED CURLEW (*Numenius tenuirostris*)



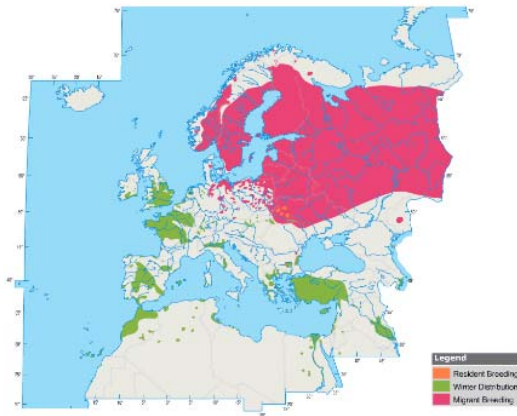
Compiled by:

ADAM GRETTON (BirdLife International, U.K.)

Charadriiformes, Scolopacidae (25 spp)



Charadriiformes, Scolopacidae (25 spp)

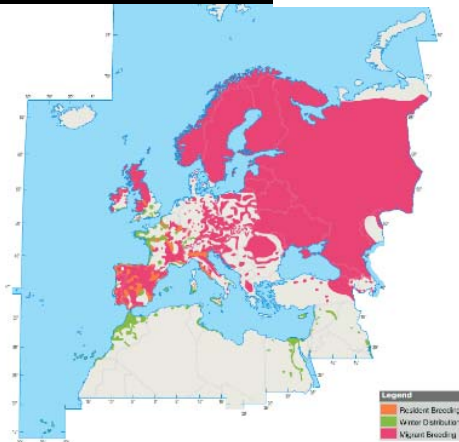
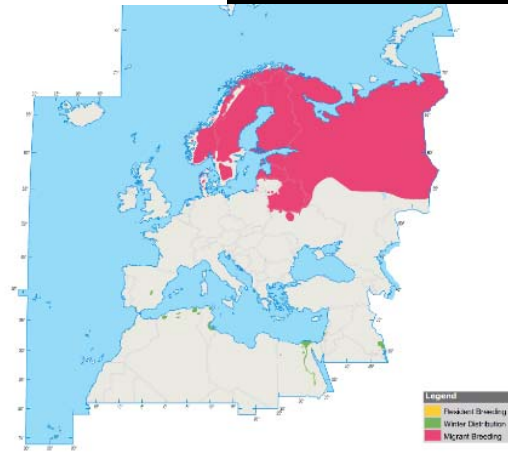


Piro-iro culbianco *Tringa ochropus* M reg, W par

SPEC 3
Allegato I
79/409/CEE



Piro-iro boschereccio *Tringa glareola* M reg, W irr

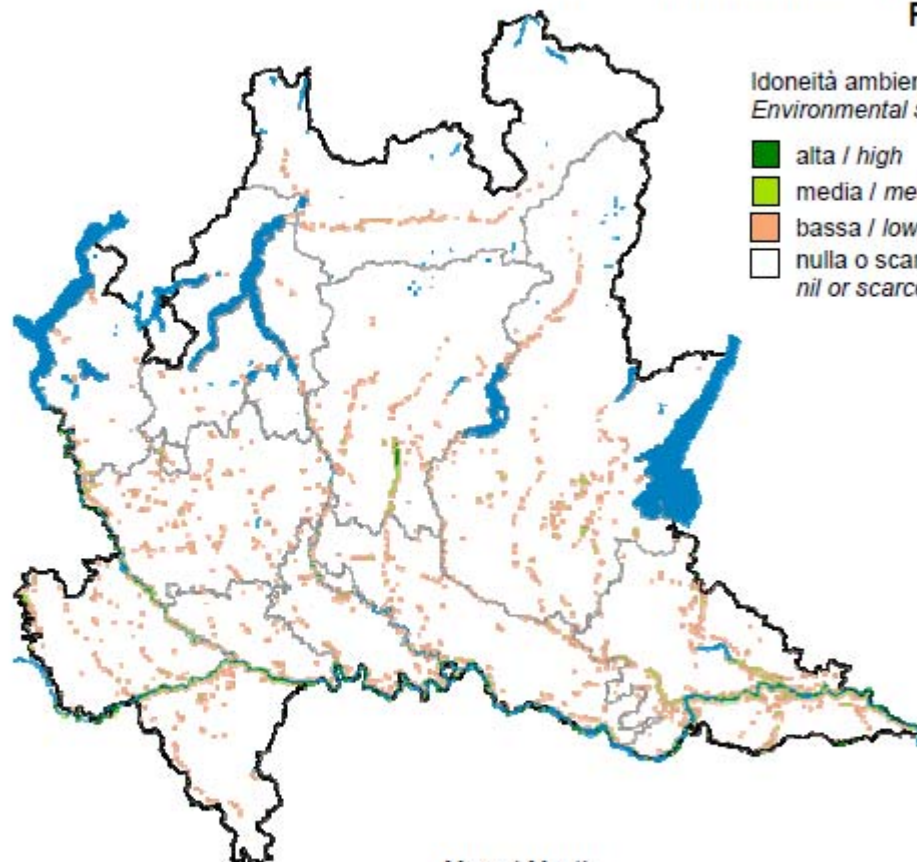


SPEC 3

Piro-iro piccolo *Actitis hypoleucos* M reg, B, W

AVES – Charadriiformes – Scolopacidae

Piro piro piccolo – Common Sandpiper
Actitis hypoleucos



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY

Riproduzione / Breeding

Migrazione / Migration

Svernamento / Wintering

Mese / Month

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(100 – 250)

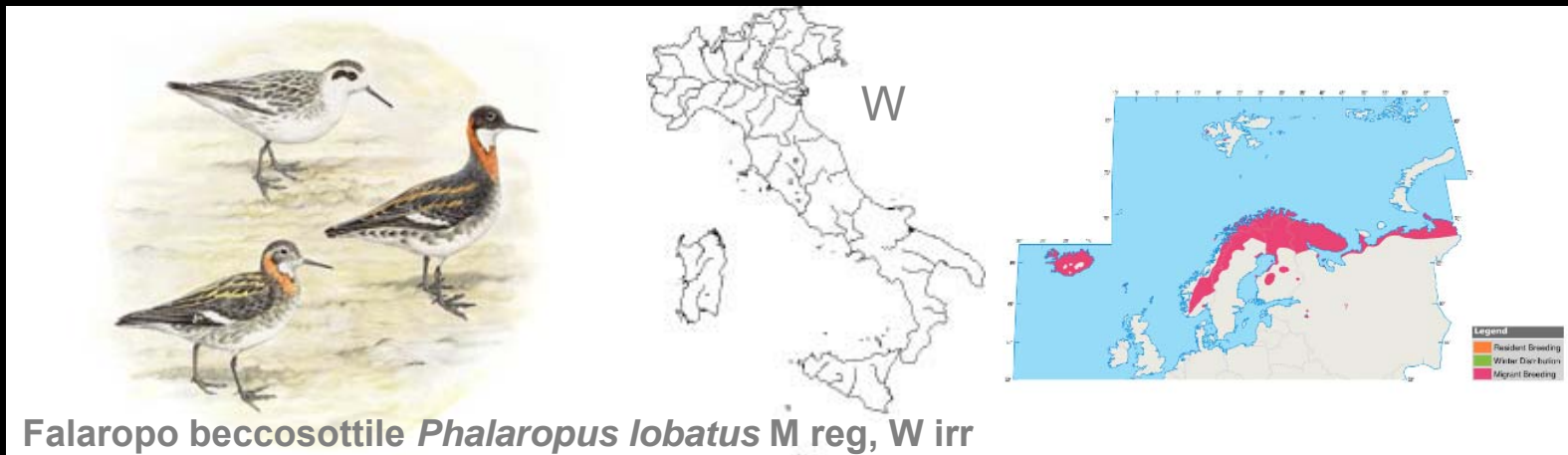
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

sconosciuto / unknown

Charadriiformes, Scolopacidae (25 spp)



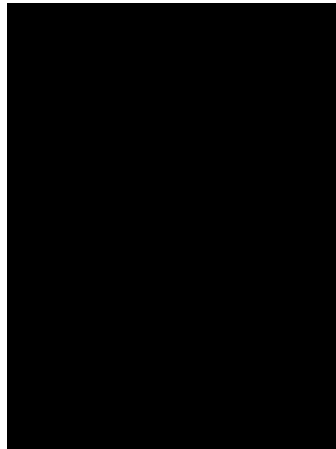
**Allegato I
79/409/CEE**



Charadriiformes, Stercorariidae (3 spp)



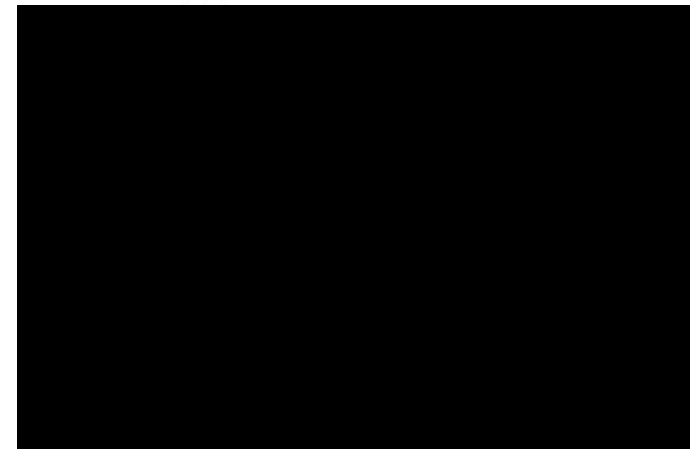
Stercorario mezzano *Stercorarius pomarinus* M reg, W



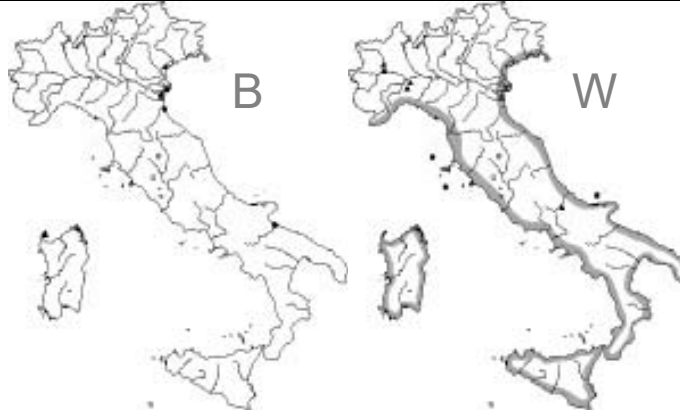
Labbo *Stercorarius parasiticus* M reg, W



Stercorario maggiore
Stercorarius skua M reg, W

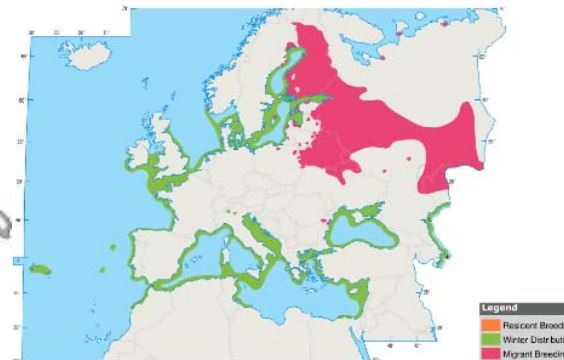


Charadriiformes, Laridae (10 spp)



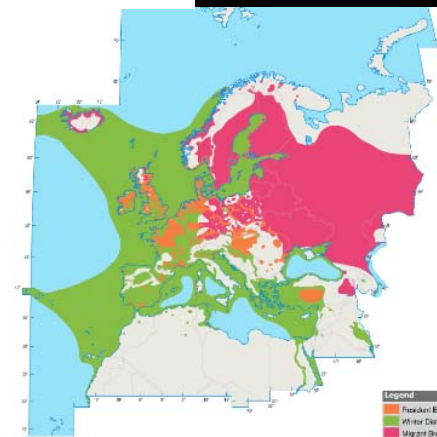
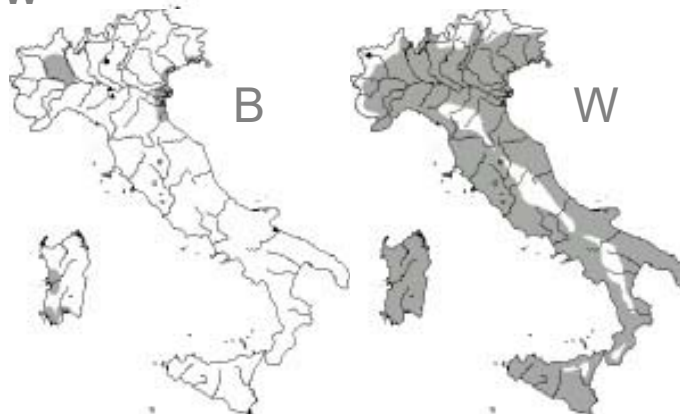
**Allegato I
79/409/CEE**

Gabbiano corallino *Larus melanocephalus* M reg, W, B



**SPEC 3
Allegato I
79/409/CEE**

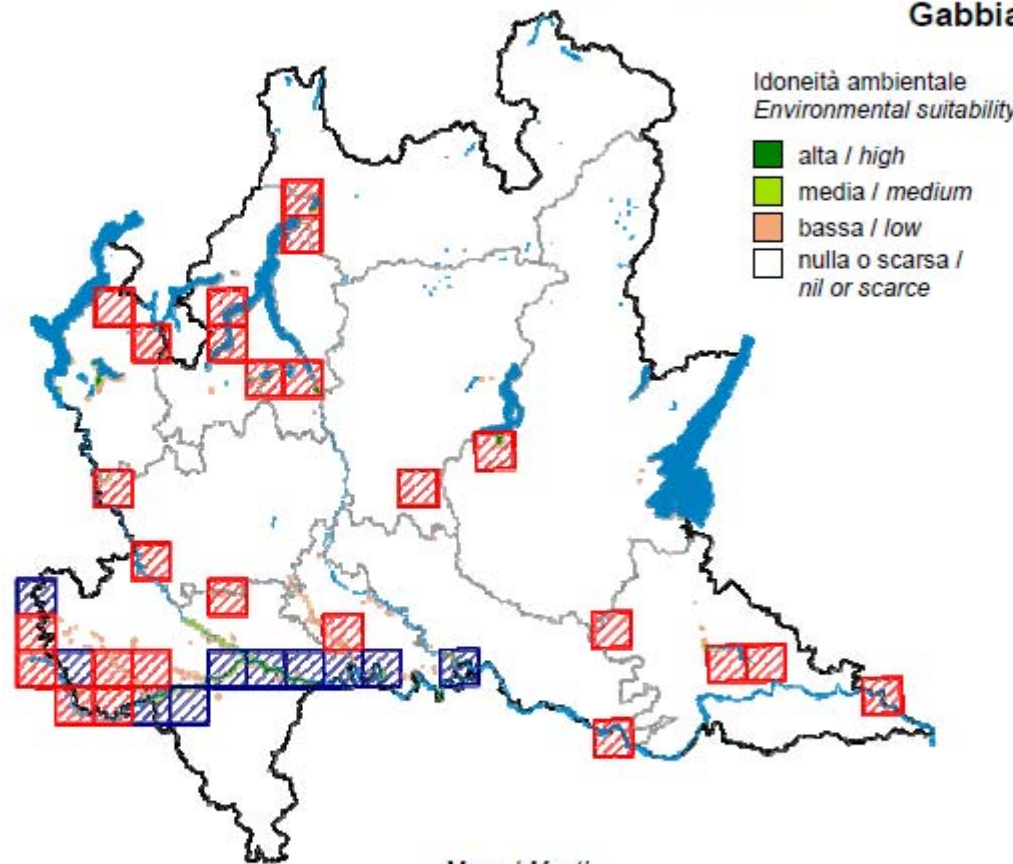
Gabbianello *Larus minutus* M reg, W



Gabbiano comune *Larus ridibundus* M reg, W, B

AVES – Charadriiformes – Laridae

Gabbiano comune – Black-headed Gull
Larus ridibundus



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month												
Riproduzione / Breeding													
Migrazione / Migration													
Svernamento / Wintering													

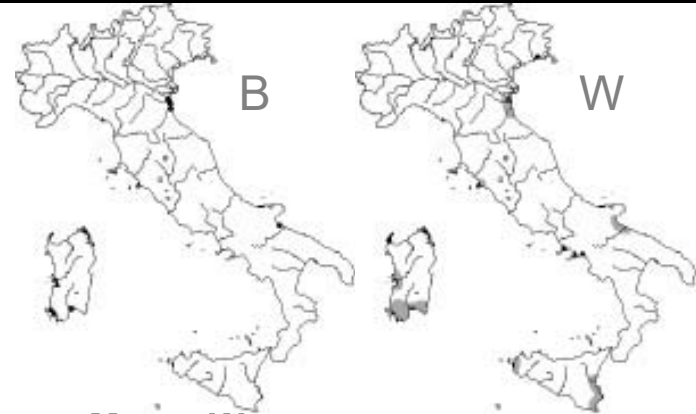
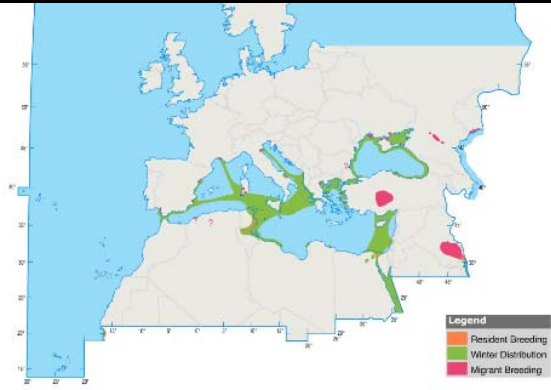
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

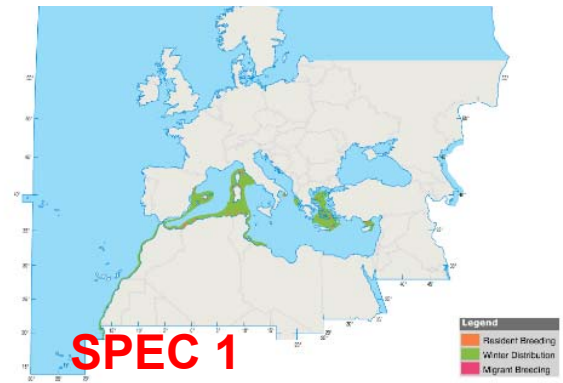
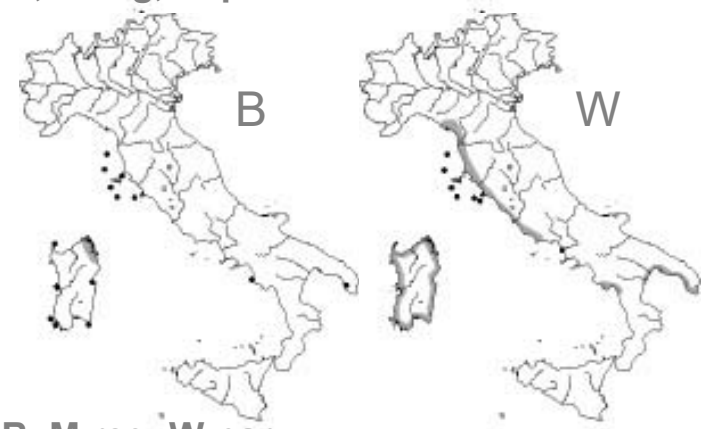
(<20)

Charadriiformes, Laridae (10 spp)

SPEC 3, Allegato I 79/409/CEE



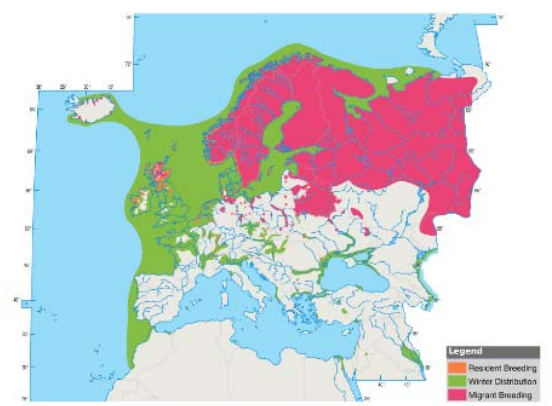
Gabbiano roseo *Larus genei* SB par, M reg, W par



**SPEC 1
Allegato I 79/409/CEE**

Gabbiano corso *Larus audouinii* SB, M reg, W par

SPEC 2



Gavina *Larus canus* M reg, W

Gabbiano corso *Larus audouinii* SB, M reg, W par

INTERNATIONAL ACTION PLAN FOR
AUDOIN'S GULL (*Larus audouinii*)



Compiled by:

MARCO LAMBERTINI (Lega Italiana Protezione Uccelli, Italy)



Larus audouinii AUDOUIN'S GULL

SPEC 1 (1994: 1) Status Localised

Criteria $\geq 90\%$ breed at ≤ 10 sites

European IUCN Red List Category —

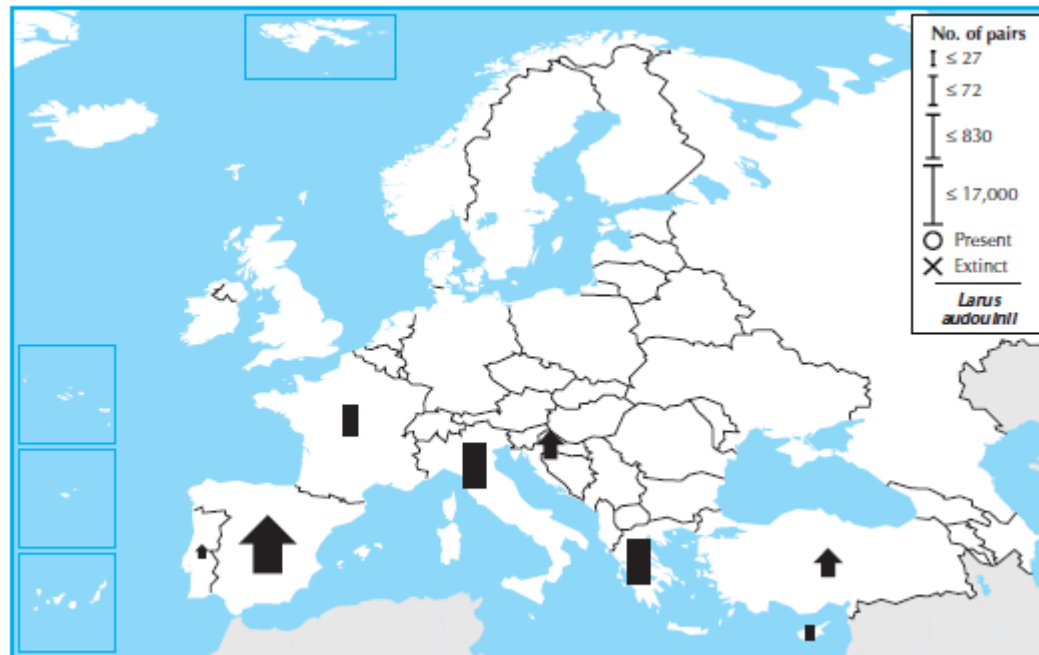
Criteria —

Global IUCN Red List Category NT

Criteria A3c



Larus audouinii breeds locally in coastal areas and on islands of the Mediterranean, with Europe holding $>75\%$ of its global breeding population. Its European breeding population is relatively small ($<19,000$ pairs), but increased substantially between 1970–1990. The stronghold population in Spain continued to increase during 1990–2000, and the species underwent a large increase overall. Nevertheless, more than 90% of the European breeding population occurs at just 10 sites (see Appendix 5), and consequently the species is evaluated as Localised.

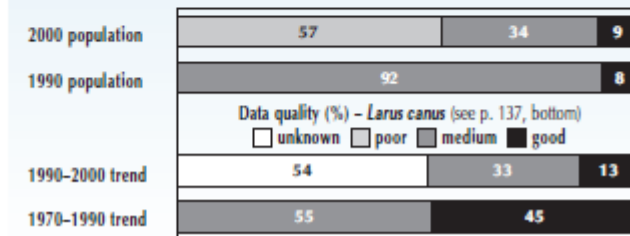
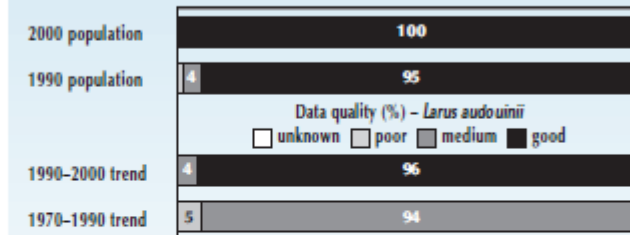


Country	Breeding pop. size (pairs)	Year(s)	Trend	Mag. %	References
Croatia	65 – 70	02	+	N	33
Cyprus	(15 – 30)	98–02	(0)	(0–9)	
France	56 – 92	98–01	F	20–49	6
Greece	750 – 900	95–00	0	0–19	
Italy	510 – 982	99–00	F	20–29	17
Portugal	25 – 30	02–03	+	N	
Spain	17,000 – 17,000	00	+	30–49	10,16
Turkey	50 – 100	01	+	>80	

Total (approx.) 18,000 – 19,000
Breeding range $>100,000$ km²
Overall trend Large increase
Gen. length 13 % Global pop. 75–94

Country	Winter pop. size (individuals)	Year(s)	Trend	Mag. %	References
Cyprus	(40 – 80)	94–02	0	0–9	
Greece	(200 – 1,000)	95–00	(0)	(0–19)	
Italy	(500 – 1,000)	02	(0)	(0–19)	22
Turkey	20 – 40	91–01	F	>80	
UK Gibraltar	5 – 20	00–03	0	0–19	

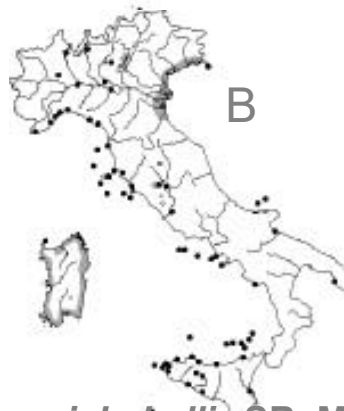
Total (approx.) >800
% in European IBAs >90
Overall trend Unknown
Gen. length 13 % Global pop. 25–49



Charadriiformes, Laridae (10 spp)



Zafferano *Larus fuscus graelsii* M reg, W



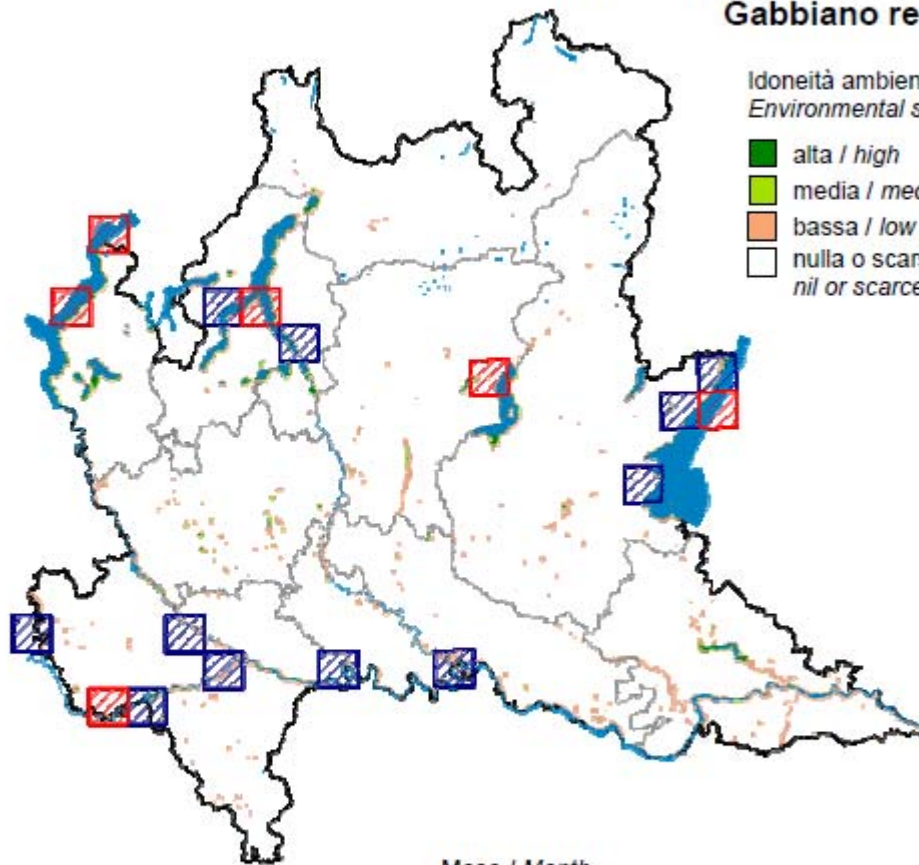
Gabbiano reale mediterraneo *Larus michahellis* SB, M reg, W



Gabbiano reale nordico *Larus argentatus* M reg, W par

AVES – Charadriiformes – Laridae

Gabbiano reale mediterraneo – Yellow-legged Gull
Larus michahellis



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

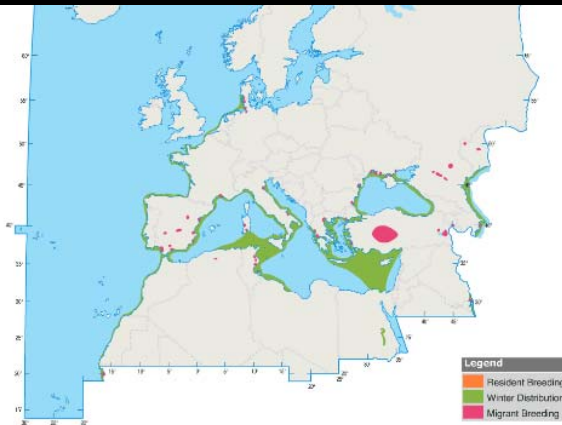
(<150)

Charadriiformes, Laridae (10 spp)



Gabbiano tridattilo *Rissa tridactyla* M reg, W

Charadriiformes, Sternidae (8 spp)



SPEC 3
Allegato I
79/409/CEE

Sterna zampenere Gelochelidon nilotica M reg, B, W irr

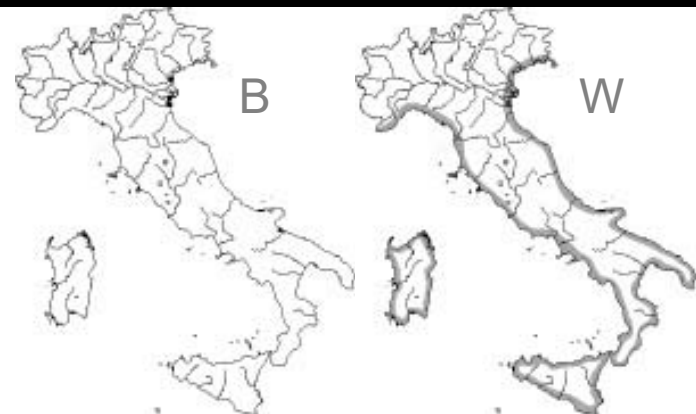
SPEC 3
Allegato I
79/409/CEE



Sterna maggiore Sterna caspia M reg, W par, B irr

Charadriiformes, Sternidae (8 spp)

SPEC 2, Allegato I 79/409/CEE

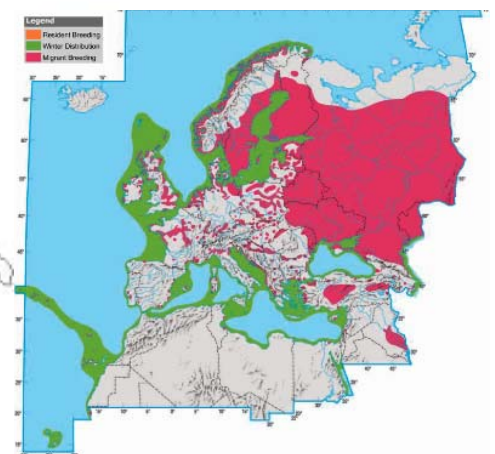
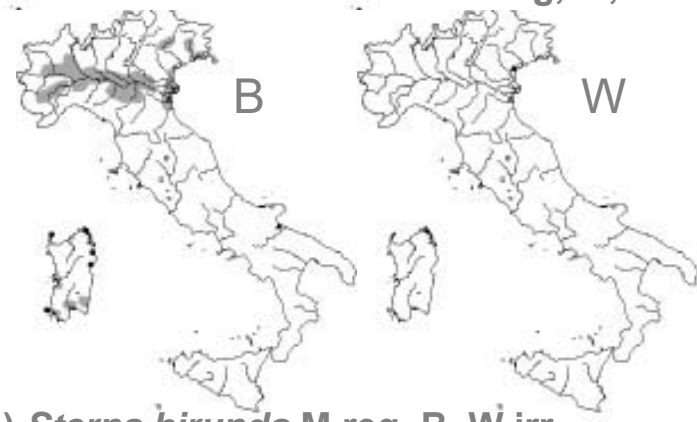


Beccapesci *Sterna sandvicensis* M reg, W, B

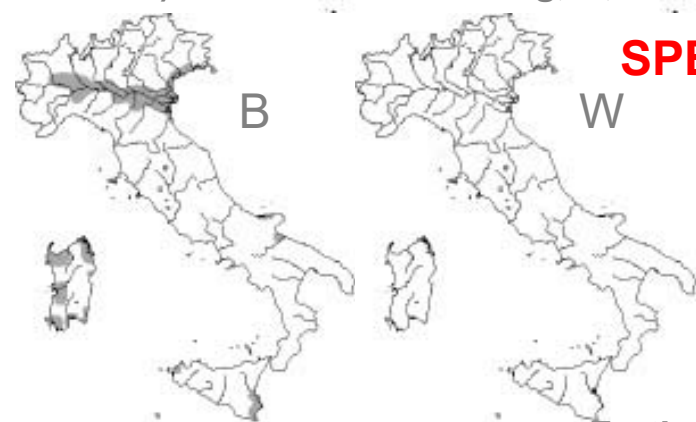
Allegato I 79/409/CEE



Sterna comune (o Rondine di mare) *Sterna hirundo* M reg, B, W irr



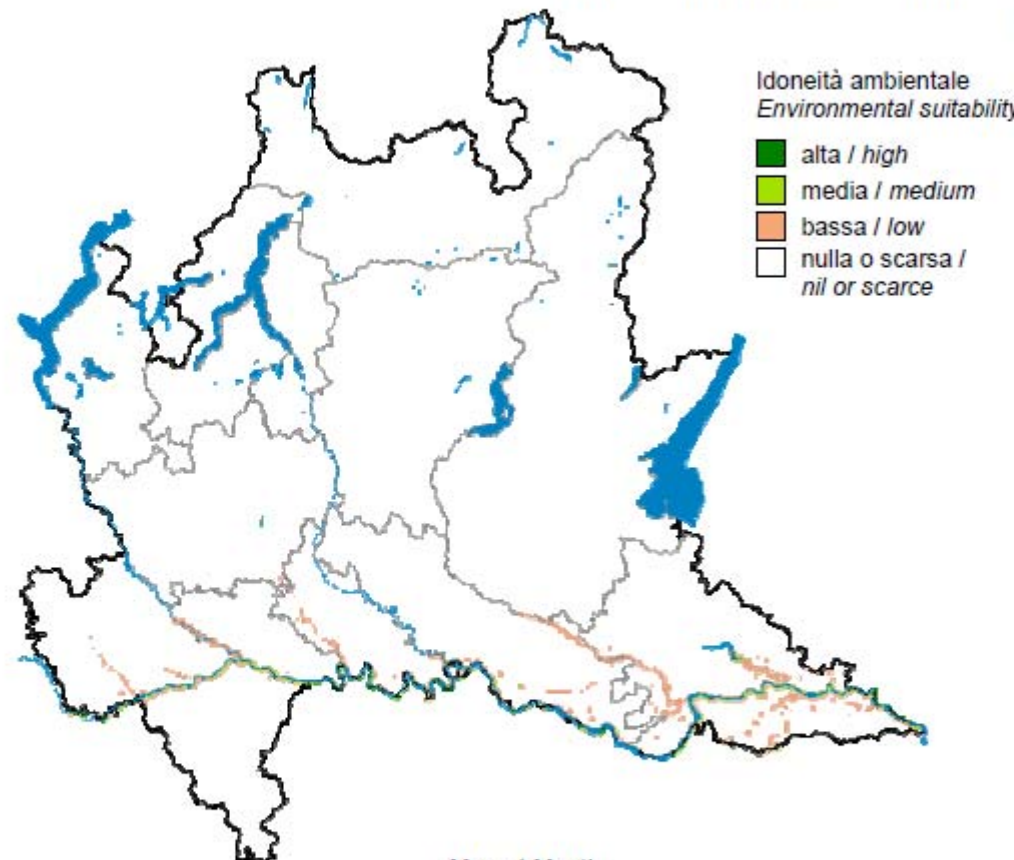
SPEC 3, Allegato I 79/409/CEE



Fraticello *Sterna albifrons* M reg, B, W irr

AVES – Charadriiformes – Laridae

Sterna comune – Common Tern
Sterna hirundo



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

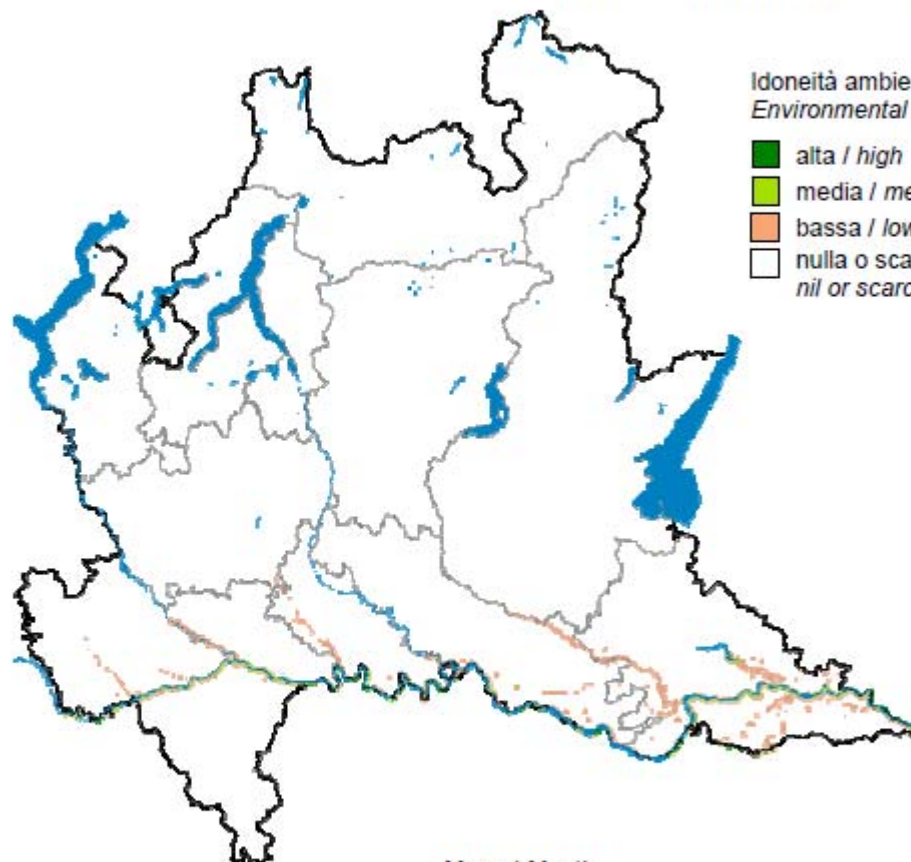
(200 – 400)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(in diminuzione / declining)

AVES – Charadriiformes – Laridae

Fratricello – Little Tern
Sterna albifrons



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

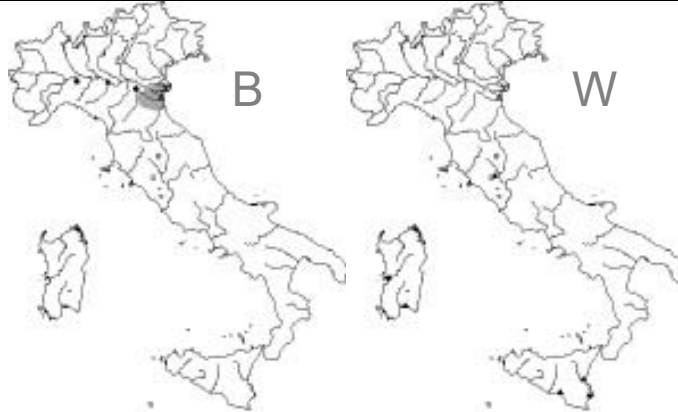
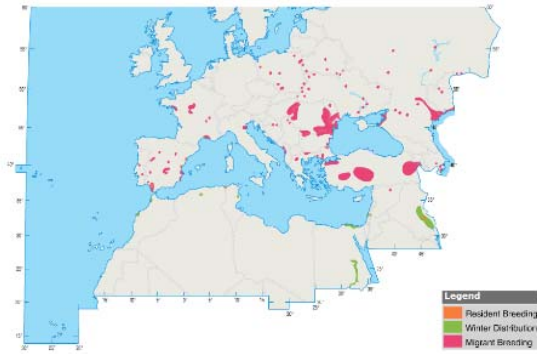
(200 – 300)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(in diminuzione / declining)

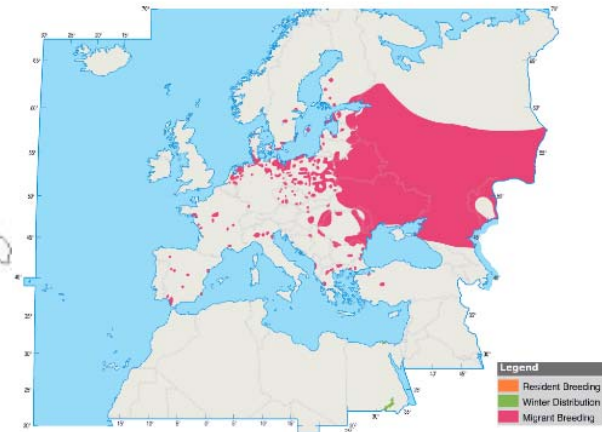
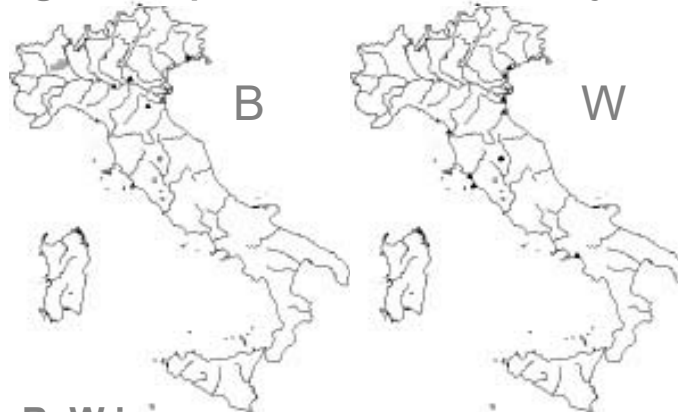
Charadriiformes, Sternidae (8 spp)

SPEC 3, Allegato I 79/409/CEE

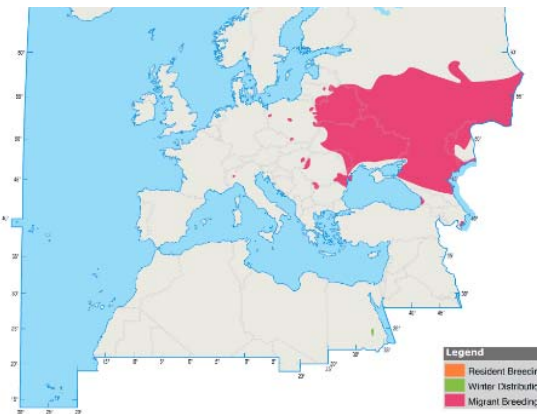


Mignattino piombato *Chlidonias hybridus* M reg, B, W irr

SPEC 3, Allegato I 79/409/CEE



Mignattino *Chlidonias niger* M reg, B, W irr

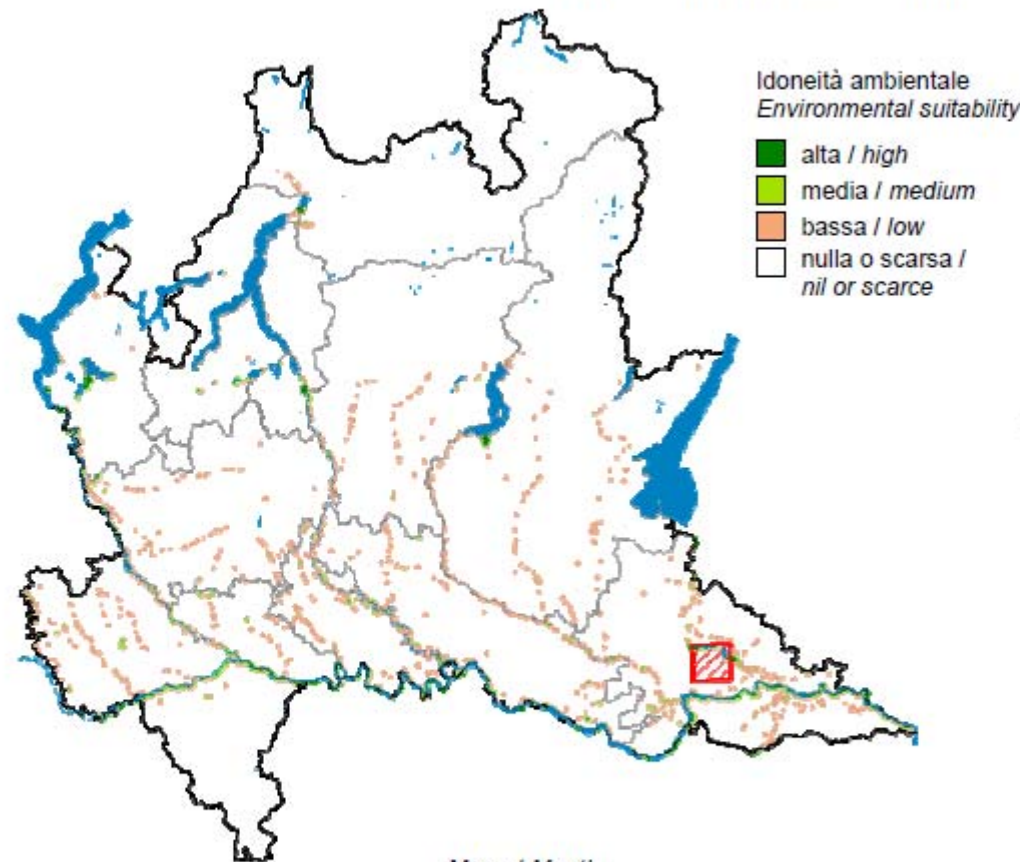


Mignattino alibianche *Chlidonias leucopterus* M reg, B, W irr



AVES – Charadriiformes – Laridae

Mignattino – Black Tern
Chlidonias niger



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
 POPULATION (breeding pairs)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
 MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(<10)

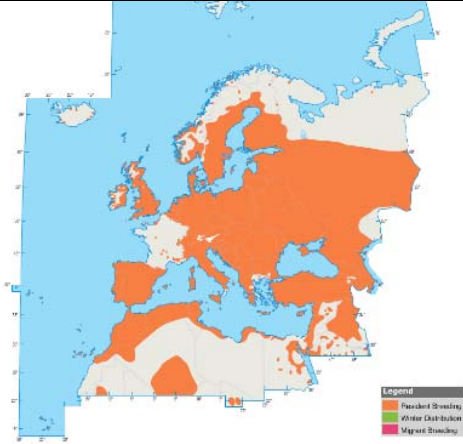
Charadriiformes, Alcidae (2 spp)



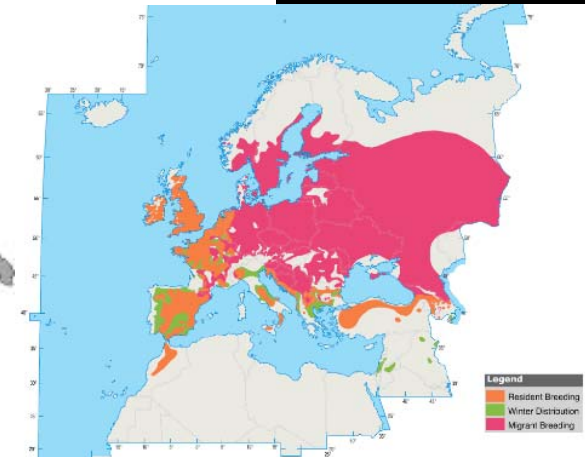
SPEC 2



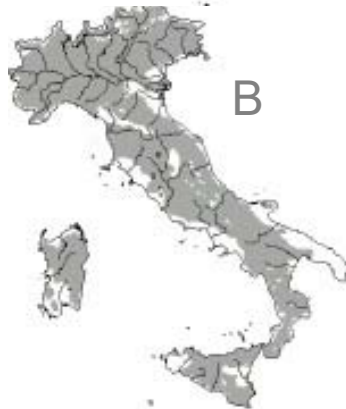
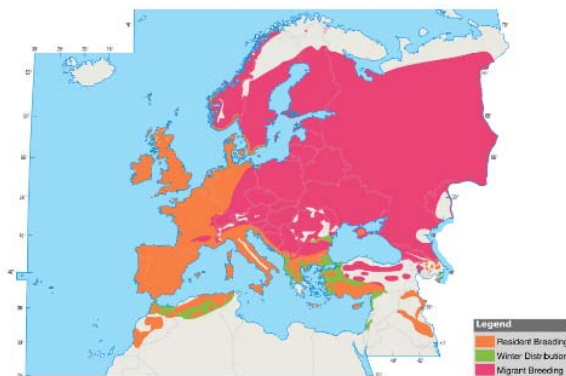
Columbiformes, Columbidae (5 spp)



Piccione selvatico [+ var. domestica] *Columba livia* SB



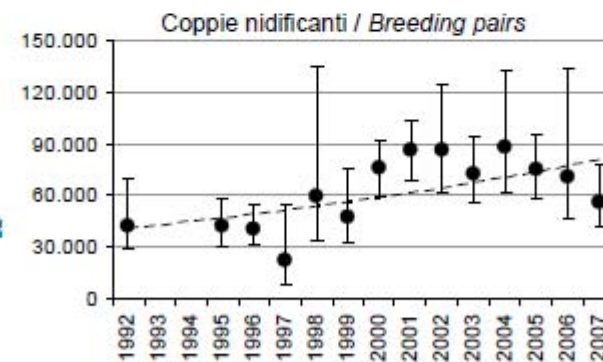
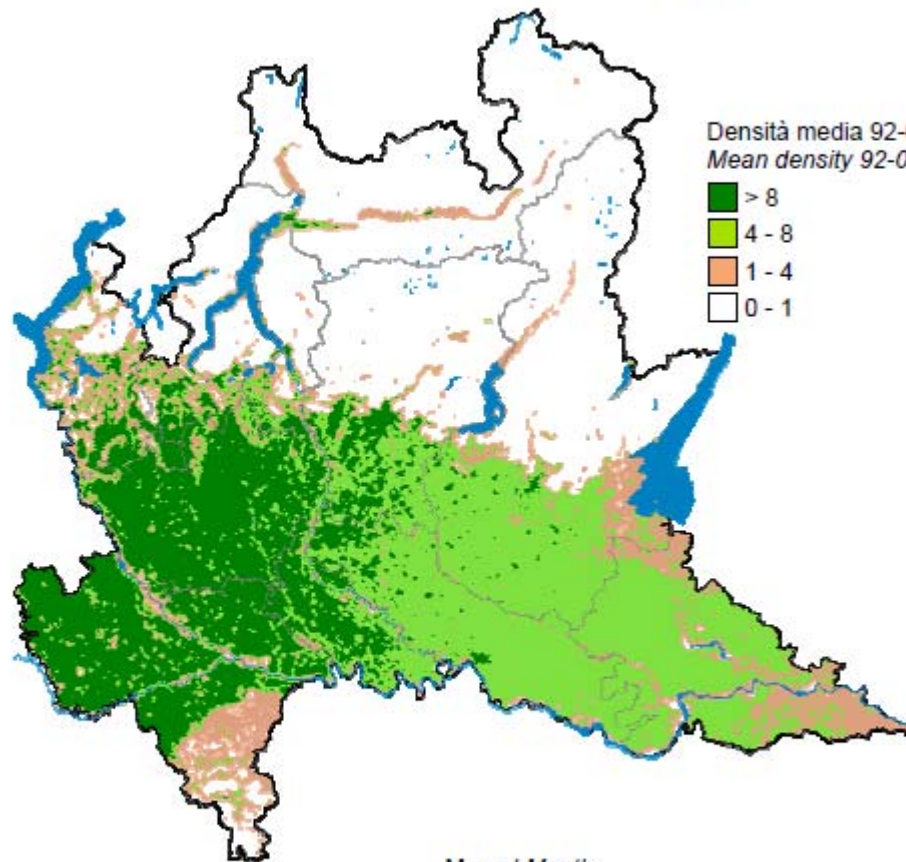
Colombella *Columba oenas* SB par, M reg, W



Colombaccio *Columba palumbus* SB, M reg, W

AVES – Columbiformes – Columbidae

Piccione torraiole – *Feral Pigeon*
Columba livia



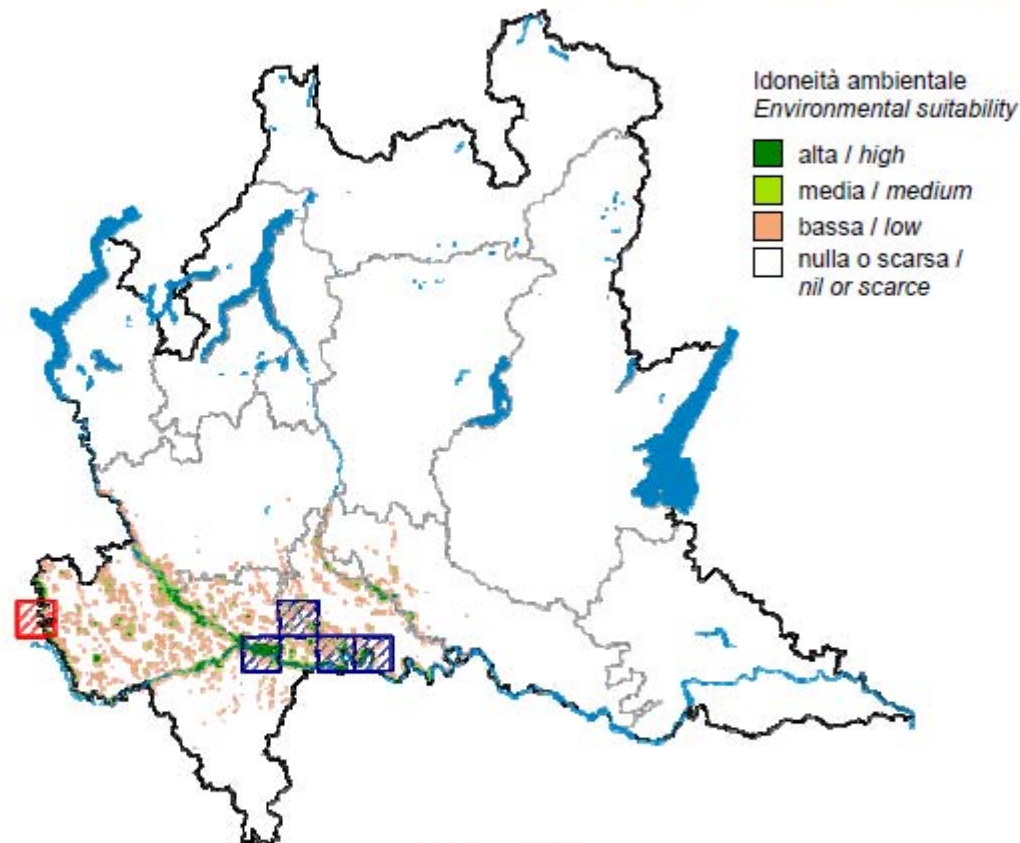
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 93.000	+4,6%
2007: 56.000	

AVES – Columbiformes – Columbidae

Colombella – Stock Dove
Columba oenas



	Mese / Month											
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

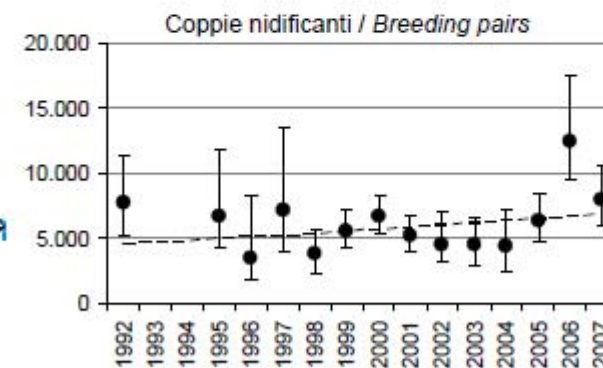
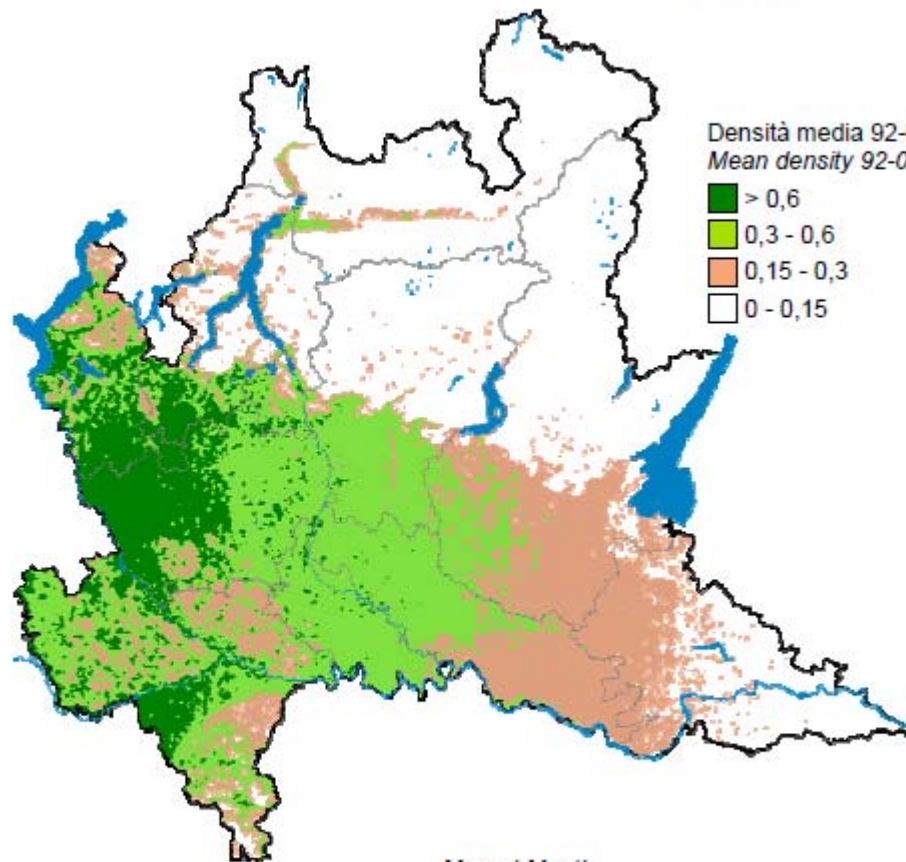
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

?

AVES – Columbiformes – Columbidae

Colombaccio – Woodpigeon
Columba palumbus



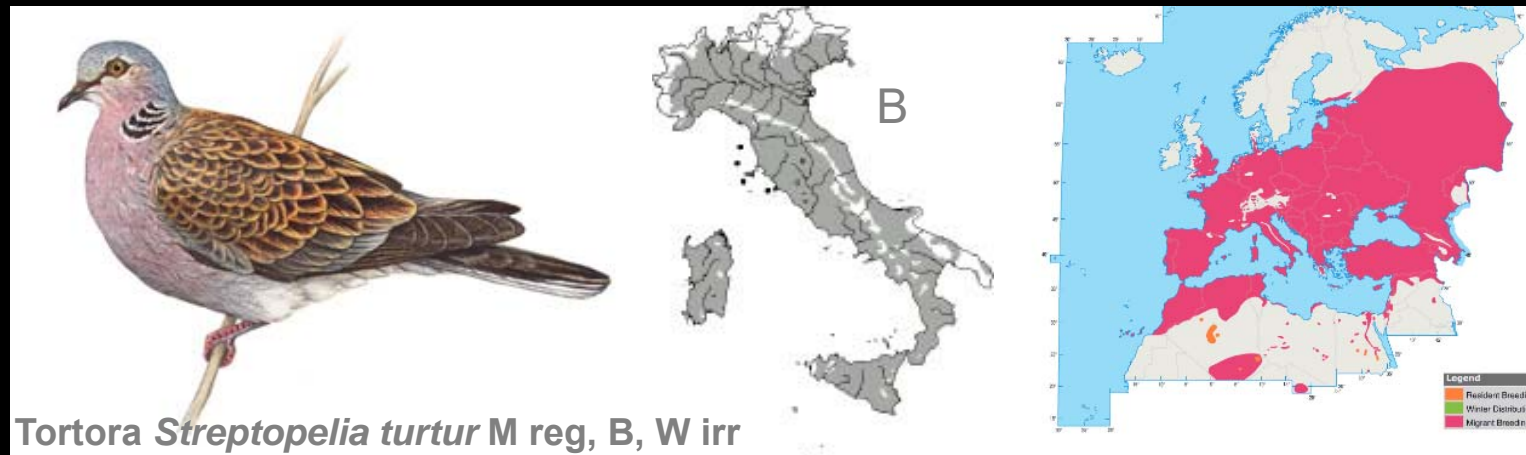
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 6.000	stabile / stable
2007: 8.000	

Columbiformes, Columbidae (5 spp)

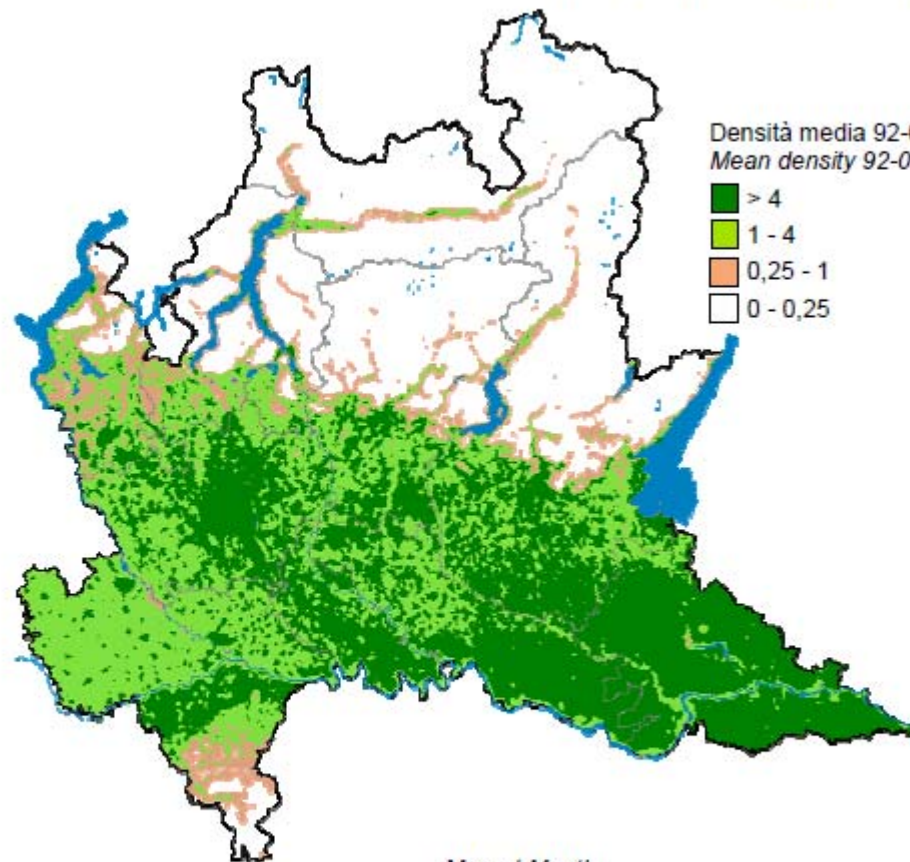


SPEC 2

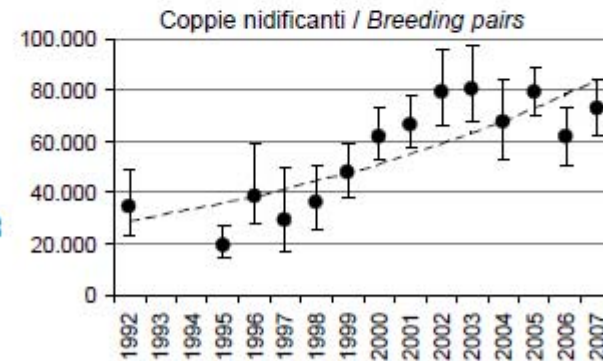


AVES – Columbiformes – Columbidae

Tortora dal collare – Collared Dove
Streptopelia decaocto



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	sedentaria / sedentary											



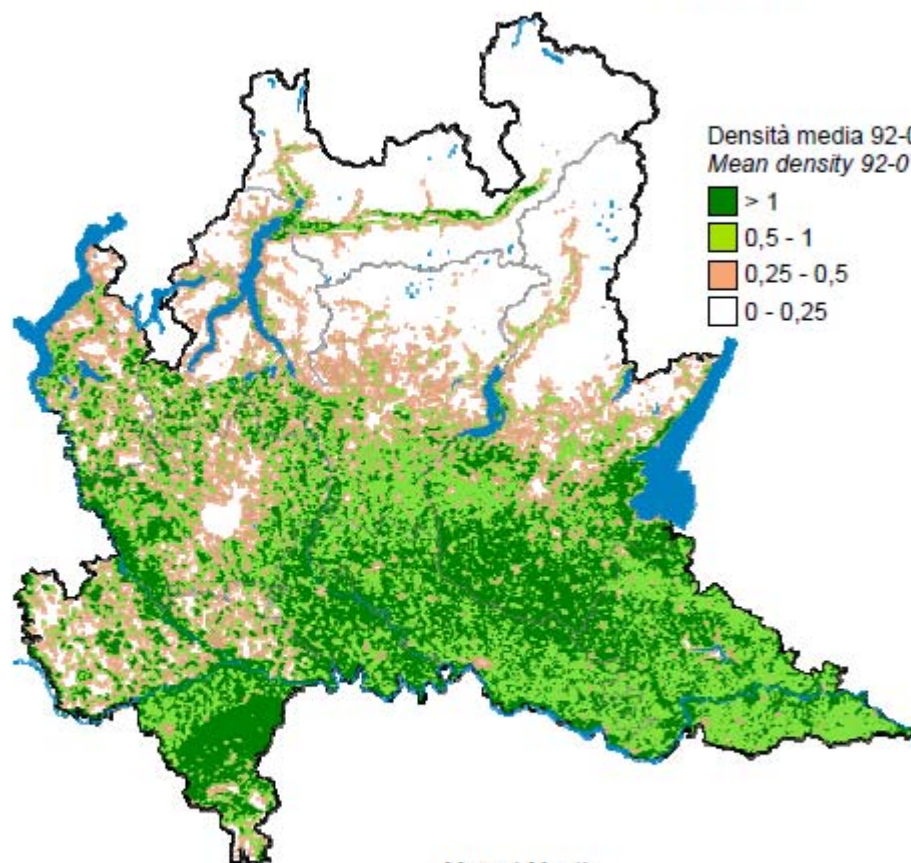
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 60.000	+7,4%
2007: 73.000	

SPECIE CACCIABILE

SPEC 2

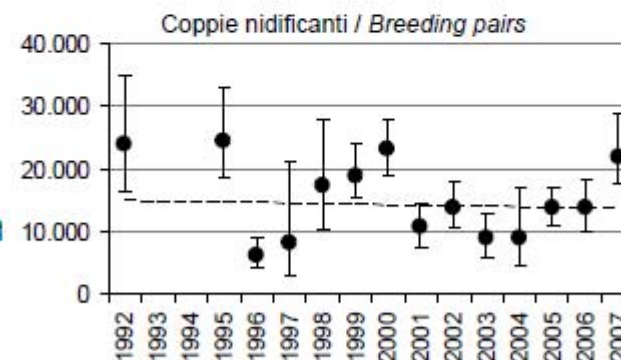
AVES – Columbiformes – Columbidae

Tortora – Turtle Dove
Streptopelia turtur



Densità media 92-07 (coppie / km²)
Mean density 92-07 (pairs / km²)

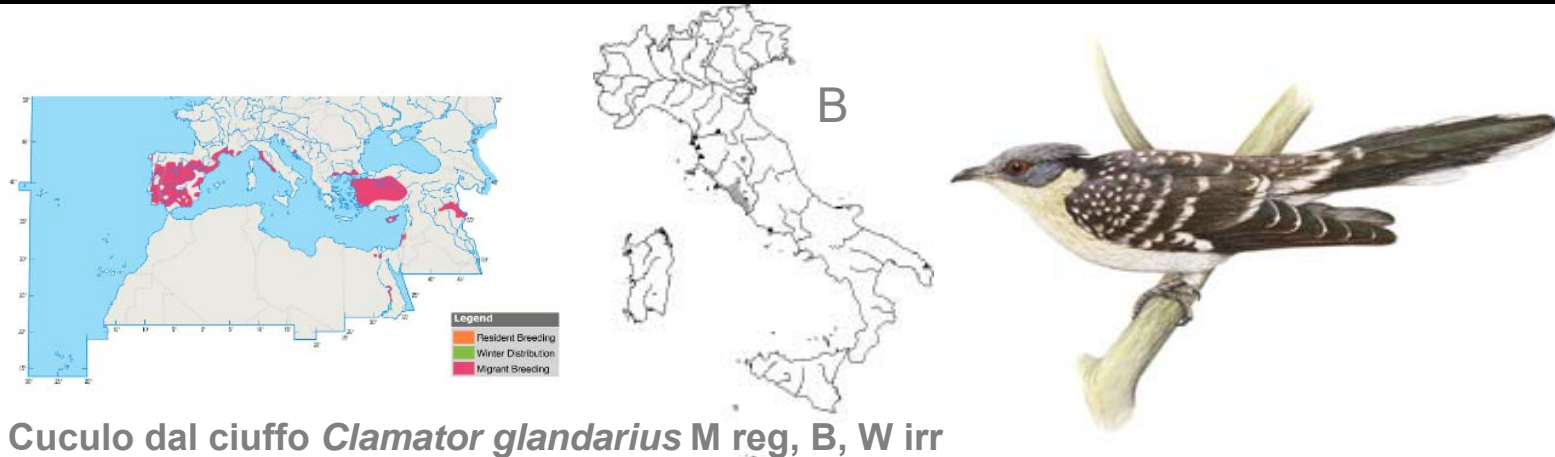
- > 1
- 0,5 - 1
- 0,25 - 0,5
- 0 - 0,25



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

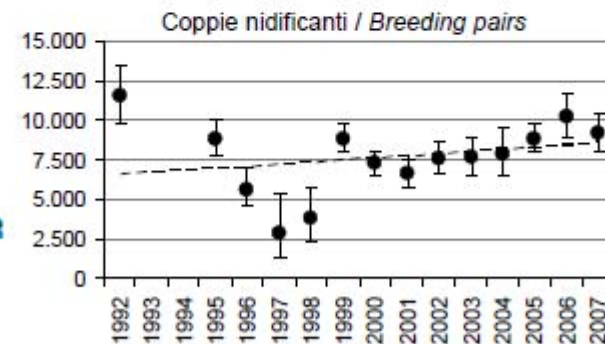
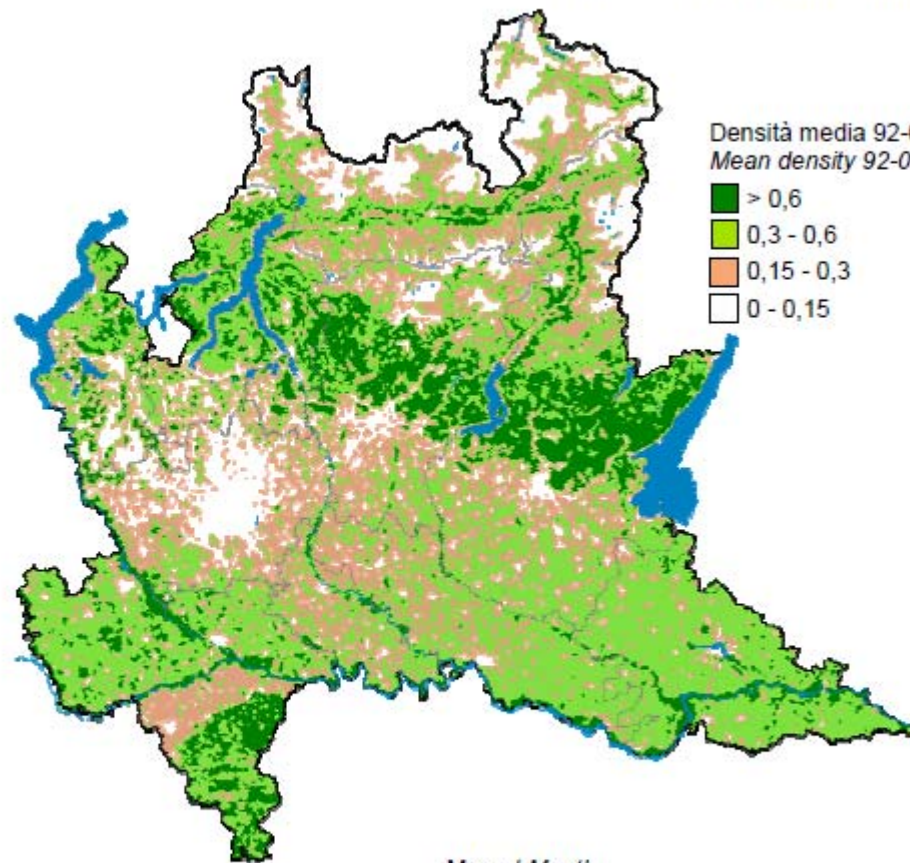
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 14.500	stabile – fluttuante stable – fluctuating
2007: 22.000	

Cuculiformes, Cuculidae (2 spp)



AVES – Cuculiformes – Cuculidae

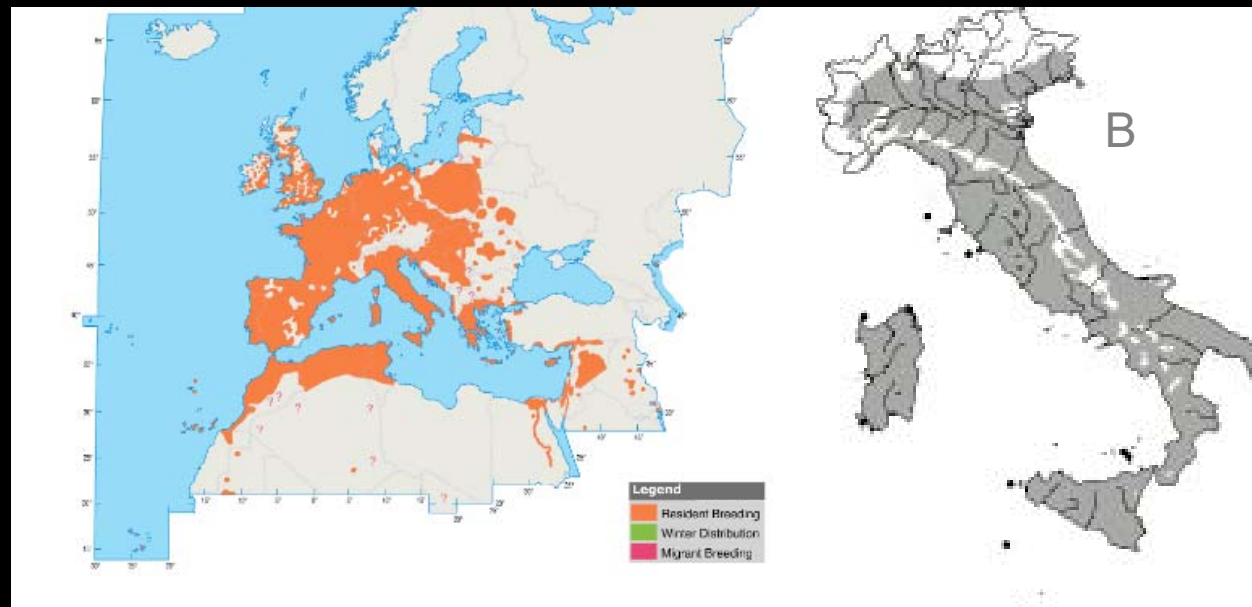
Cuculo – Common Cuckoo
Cuculus canorus



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Mиграzione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 8.000	stabile – fluttuante
2007: 9.200	stable – fluctuating

Strigiformes, Tytonidae (1 sp)

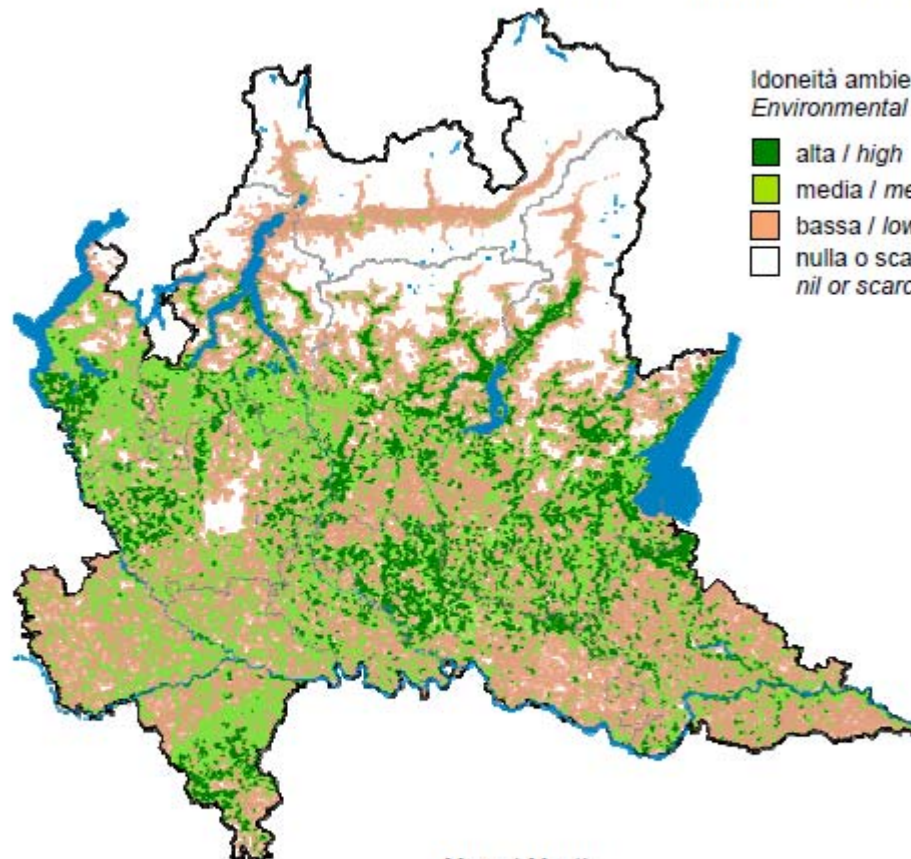


Barbagianni *Tyto alba*
SB, M reg, W par



AVES – Strigiformes – Tytonidae

Barbagianni – *Barn Owl*
Tyto alba



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

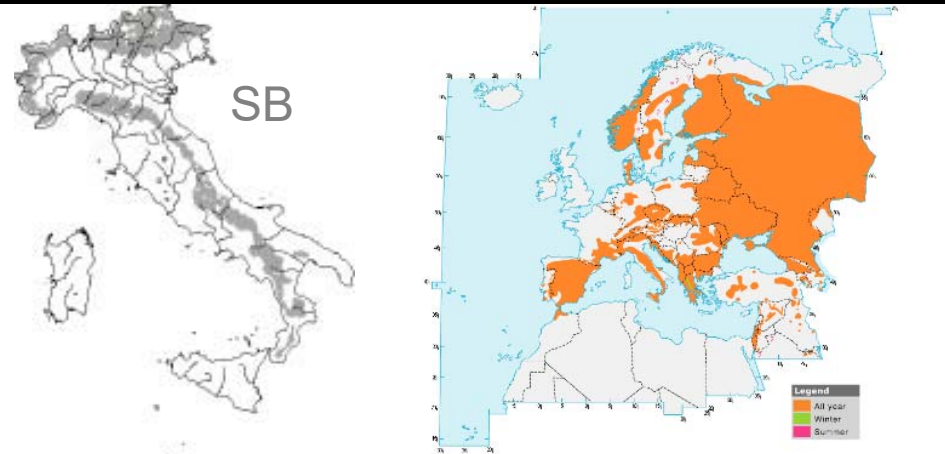
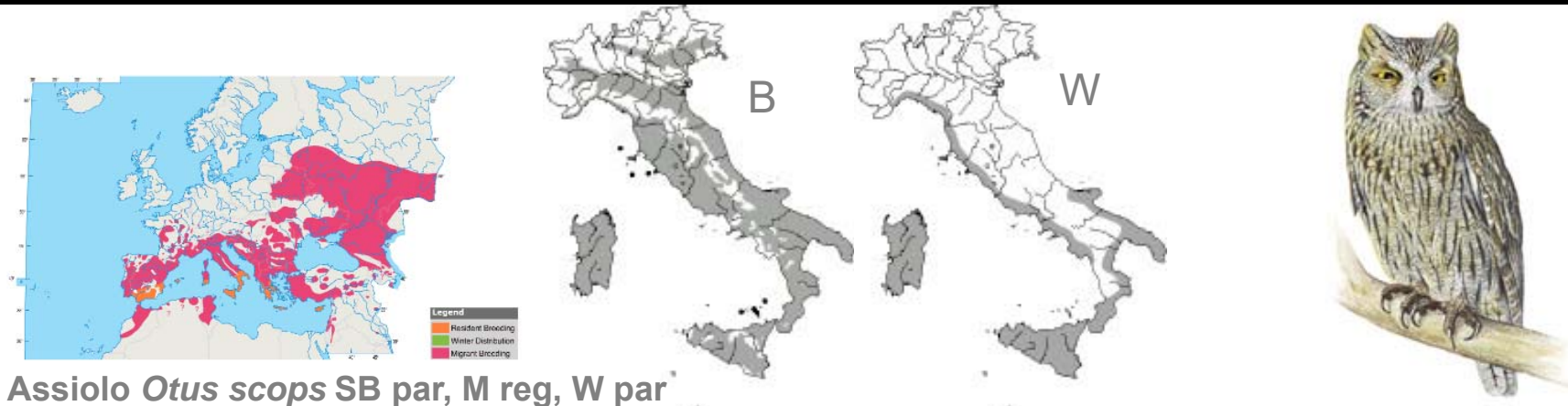
(250 – 500)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(in diminuzione / declining)

Strigiformes, Strigidae (9 spp)

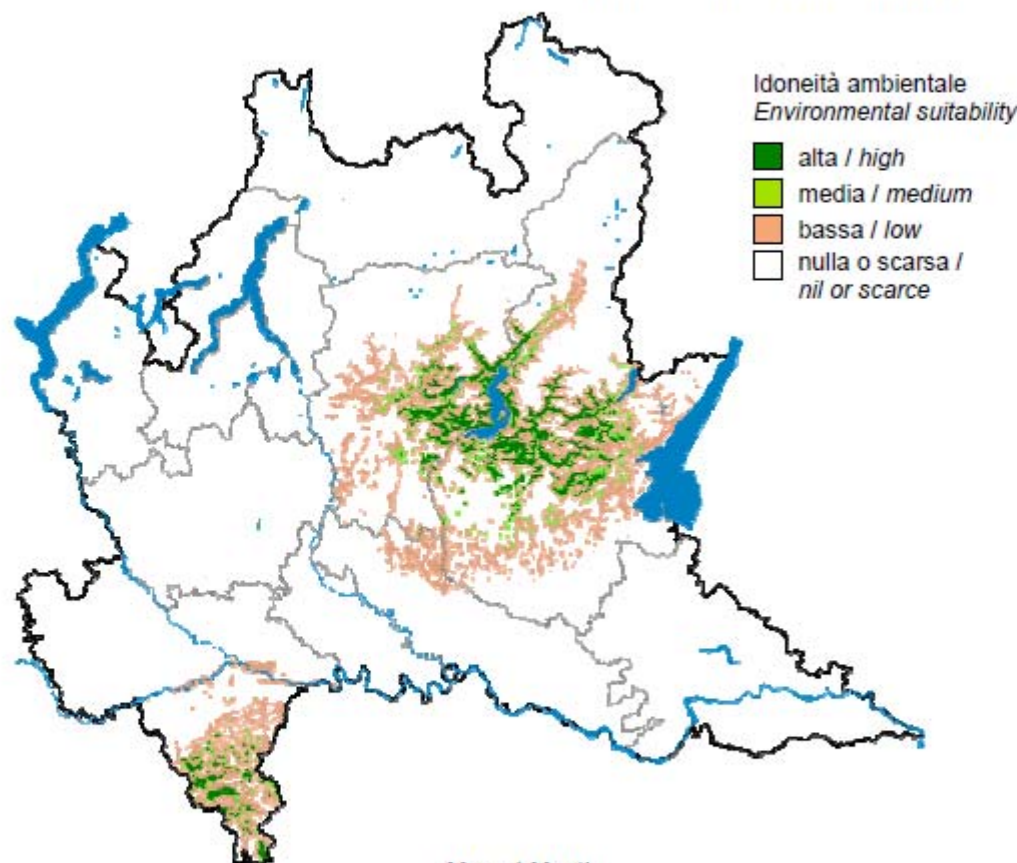
SPEC 2



SPEC 3
Allegato I 79/409/CEE

AVES – Strigiformes – Strigidae

Assiolo – Scops Owl
Otus scops

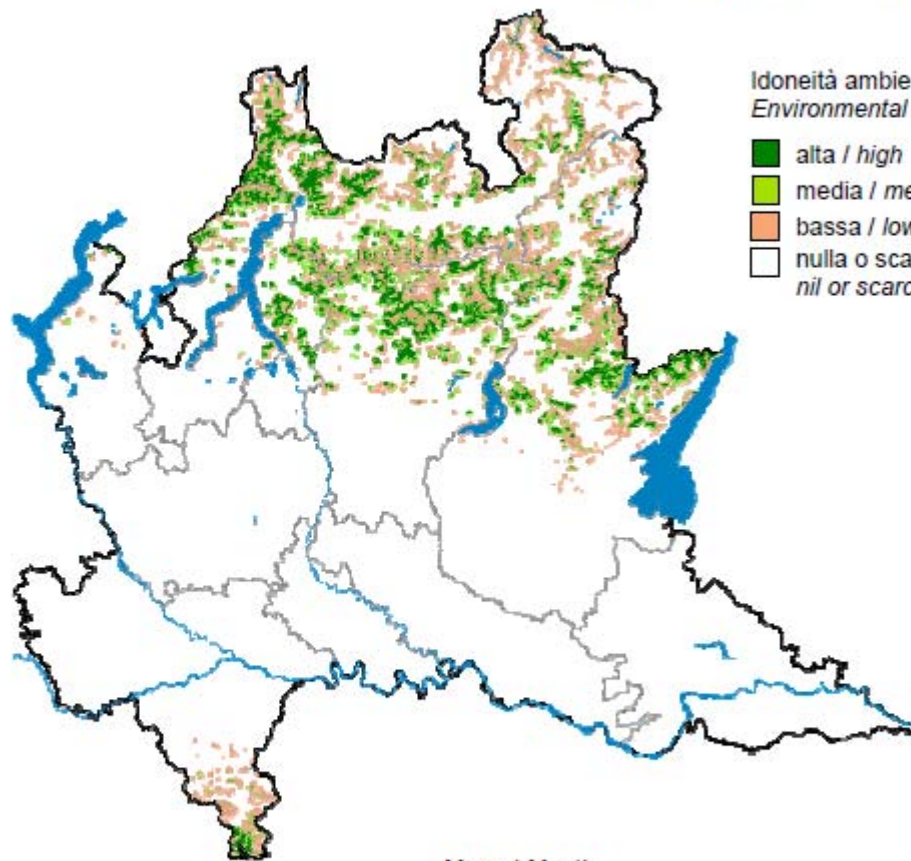


FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(<50)	(in diminuzione / declining)

AVES – Strigiformes – Strigidae

Gufo reale – Eagle-owl
Bubo bubo



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
 Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
 POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(<50)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
 MEAN ANNUAL TREND

sconosciuto / unknown

Strigiformes, Strigidae (9 spp)

Allegato I 79/409/CEE



Civetta nana Glaucidium passerinum SB, M irr

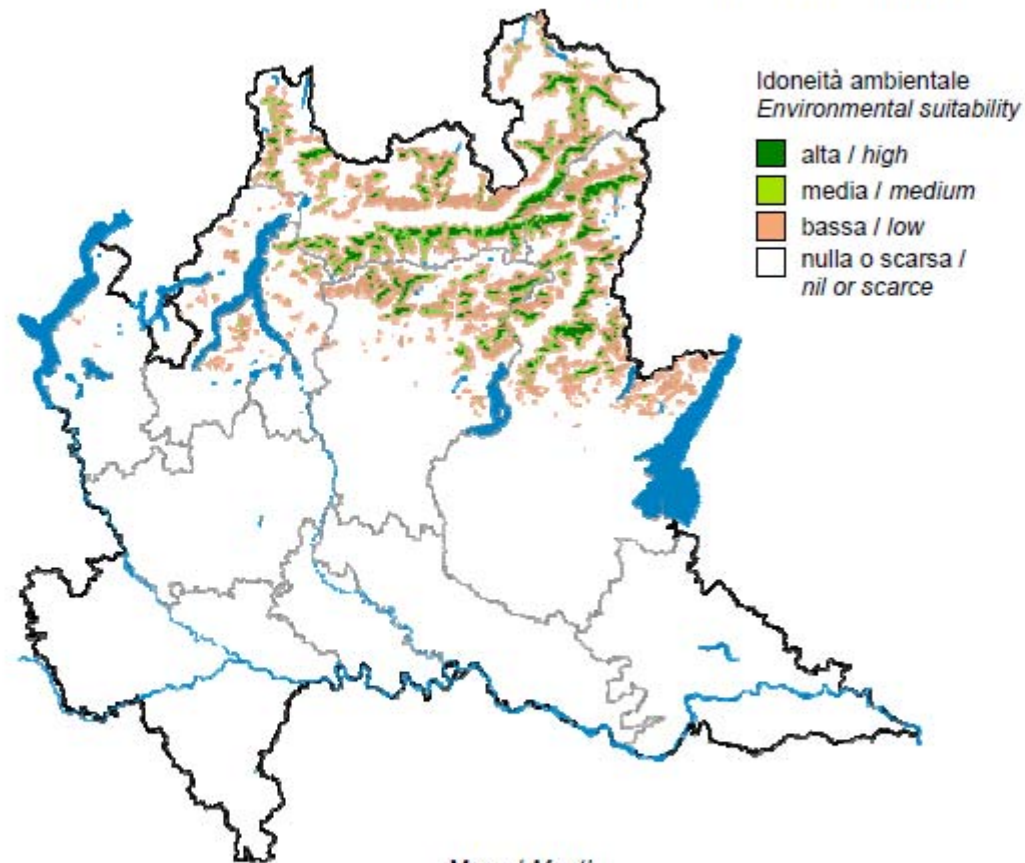
SPEC 3



Civetta Athene noctua SB, M reg, W par

AVES – Strigiformes – Strigidae

Civetta nana – Pygmy-owl
Glaucidium passerinum



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

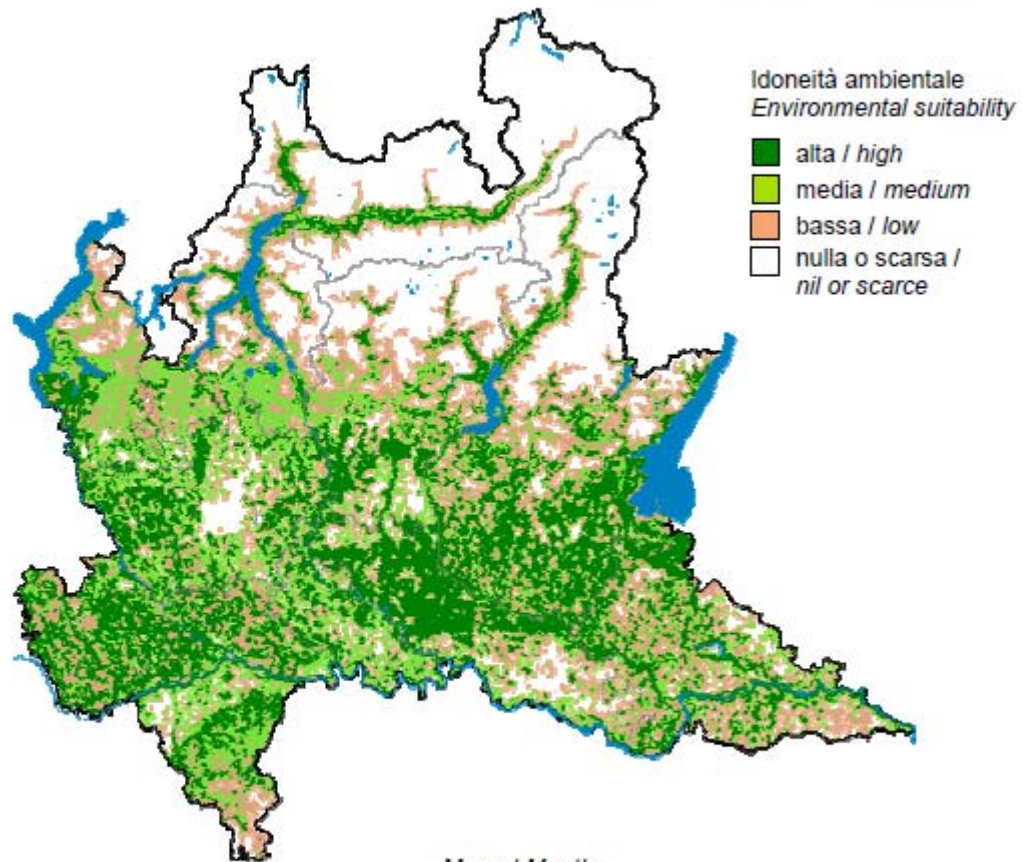
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

?	sconosciuto / unknown
---	-----------------------

AVES – Strigiformes – Strigidae

Civetta – Little Owl
Athene noctua



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	sedentaria / sedentary											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(2.000 – 4.000)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

sconosciuto / unknown

Strigiformes, Strigidae (9 spp)



Allocco *Strix aluco* SB, M irr

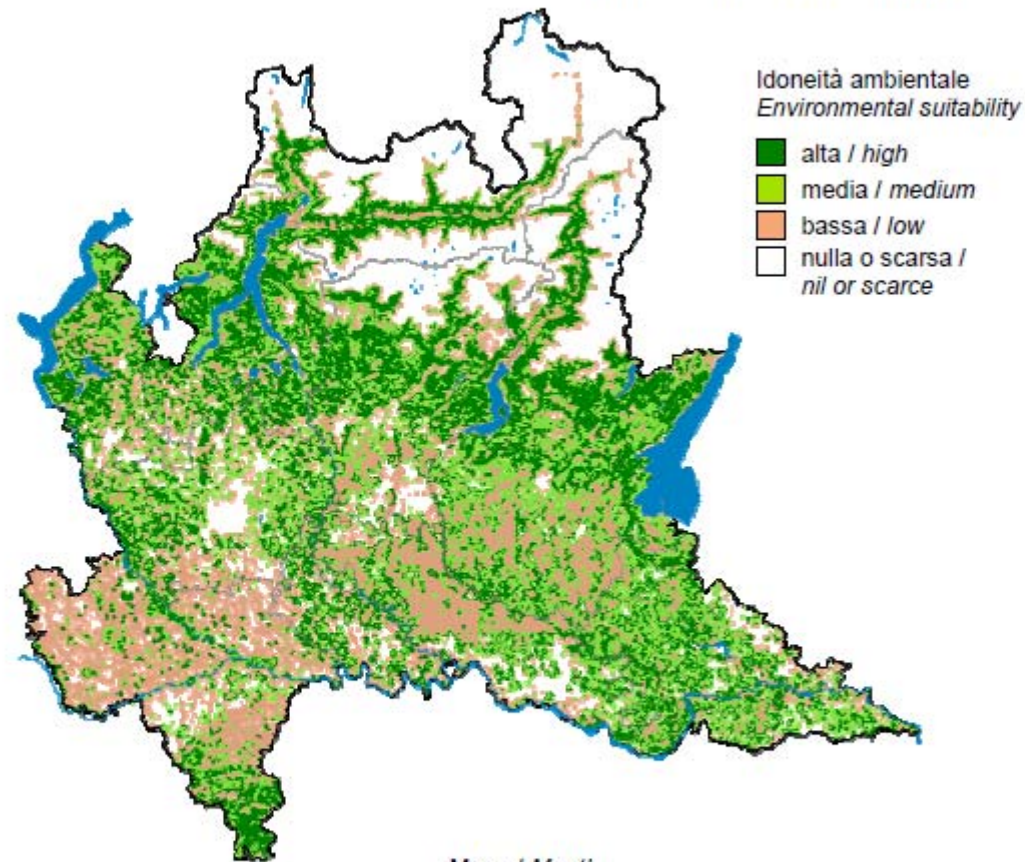
Allegato I 79/409/CEE



Allocco degli Urali *Strix uralensis* M reg, W par, SB

AVES – Strigiformes – Strigidae

Allocco – Tawny Owl
Strix aluco



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

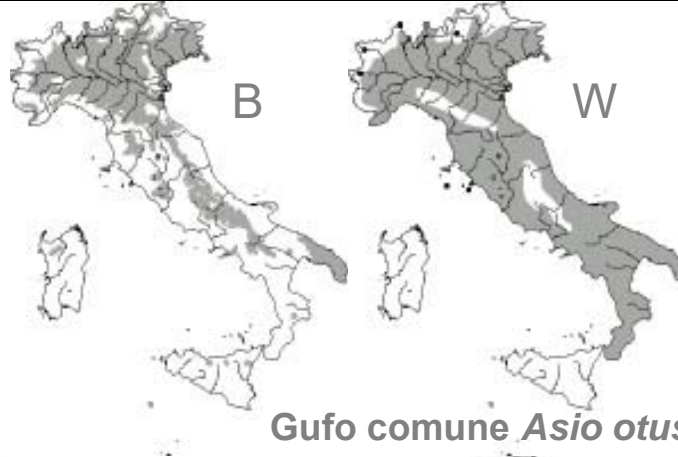
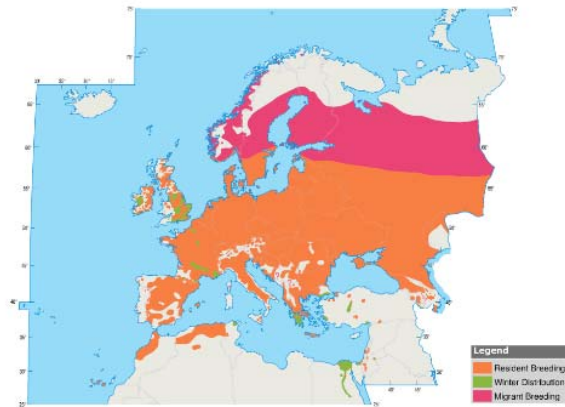
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(2.000 – 4.000)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

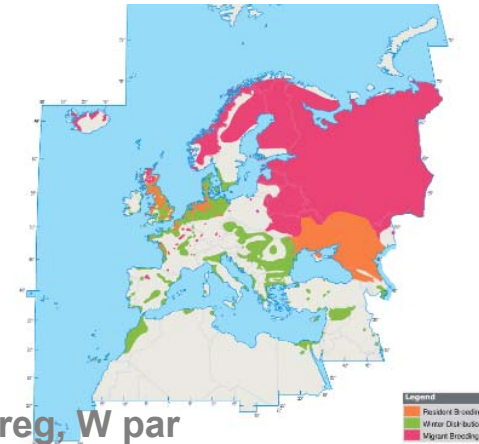
sconosciuto / unknown

Strigiformes, Strigidae (9 spp)



Gufo comune *Asio otus* SB par, M reg, W

**SPEC 3
Allegato I
79/409/CEE**



Gufo di palude *Asio flammeus* M reg, W par

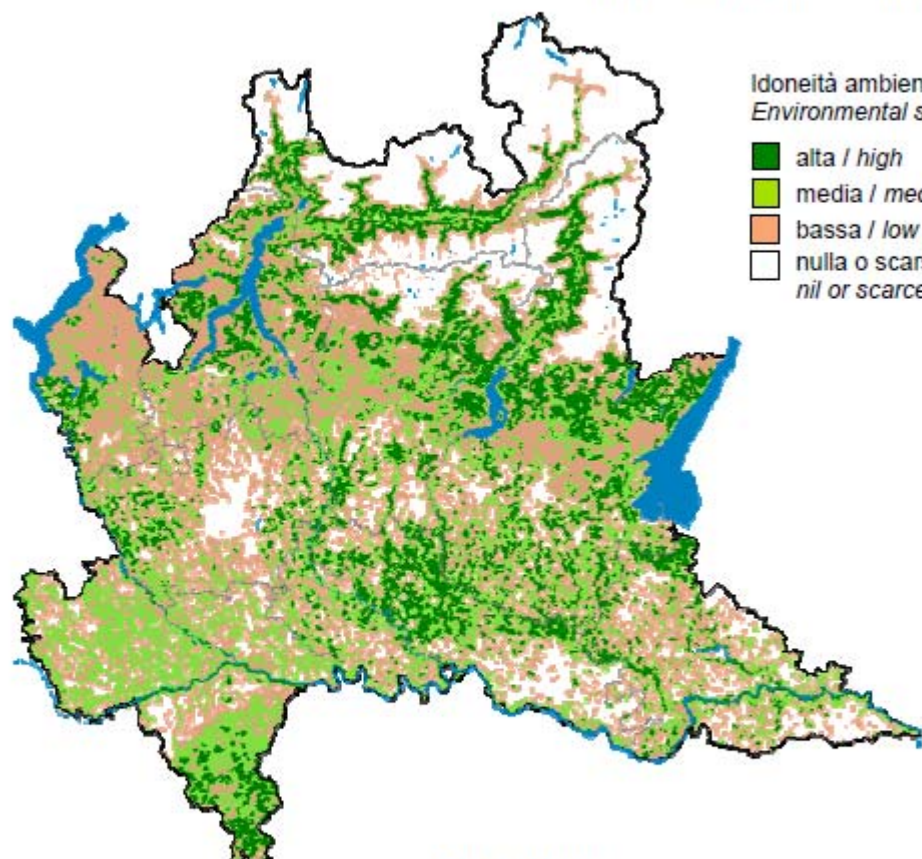


Civetta capogrosso *Aegolius funereus* SB, M irr, W irr

**Allegato I
79/409/CEE**

AVES – Strigiformes – Strigidae

Gufo comune – Long-eared Owl
Asio otus



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce

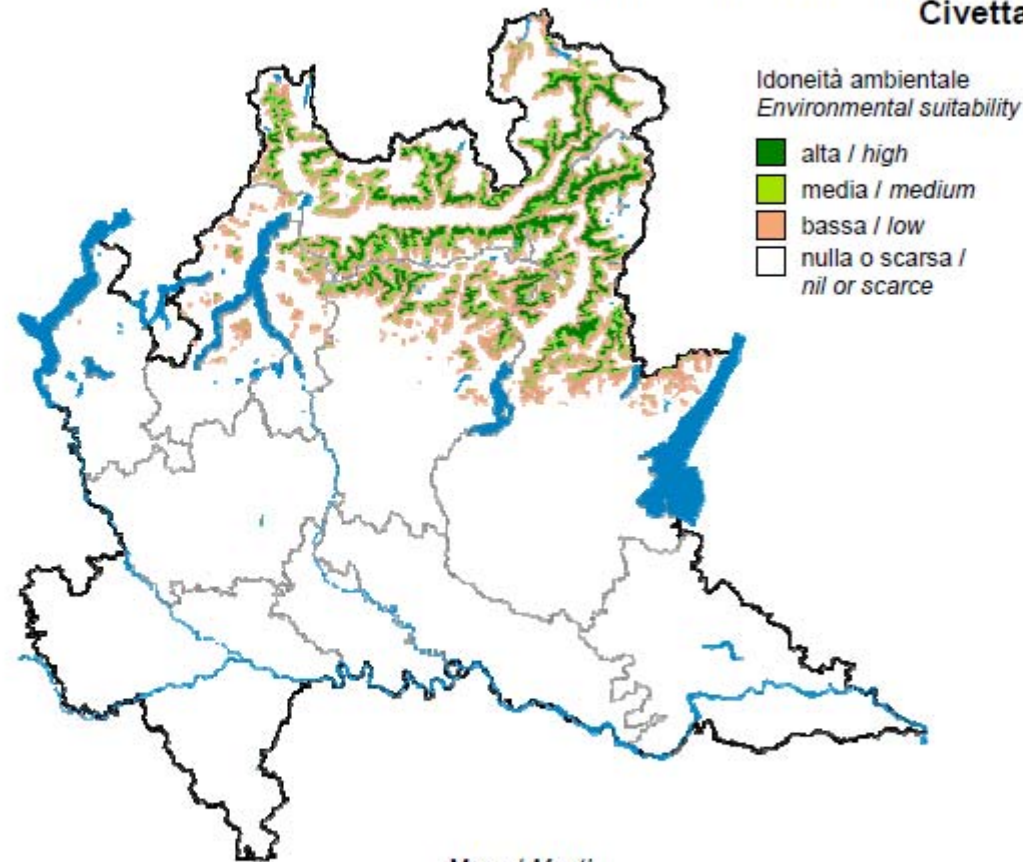


FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(500 – 1.000)	sconosciuto / unknown

AVES – Strigiformes – Strigidae

Civetta capogrosso – Tengmalm's Owl
Aegolius funereus



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY											
Riproduzione / Breeding											
Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

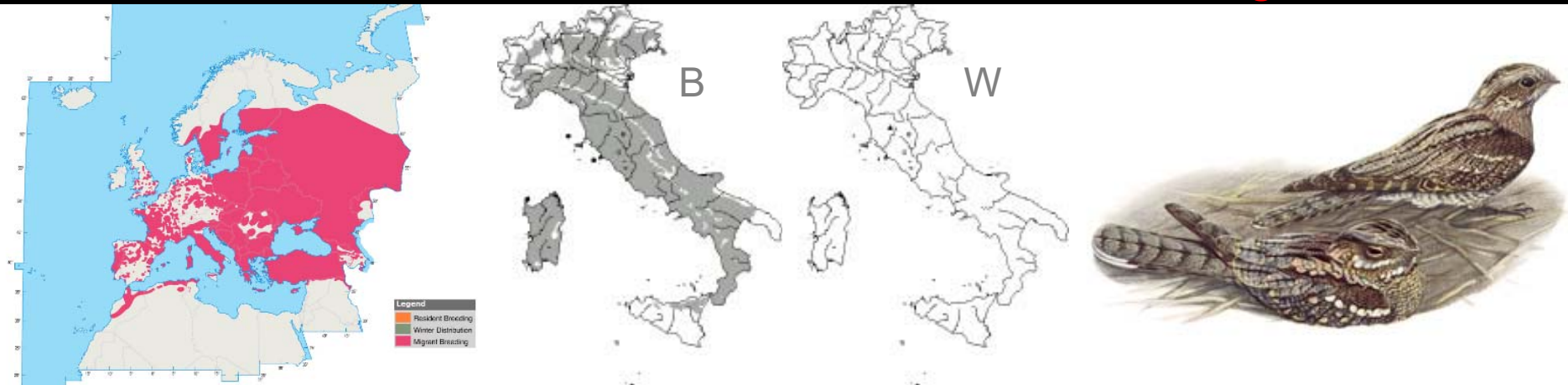
(250 – 500)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(stabile / stable)

Caprimulgiformes, Caprimulgidae (1 sp)

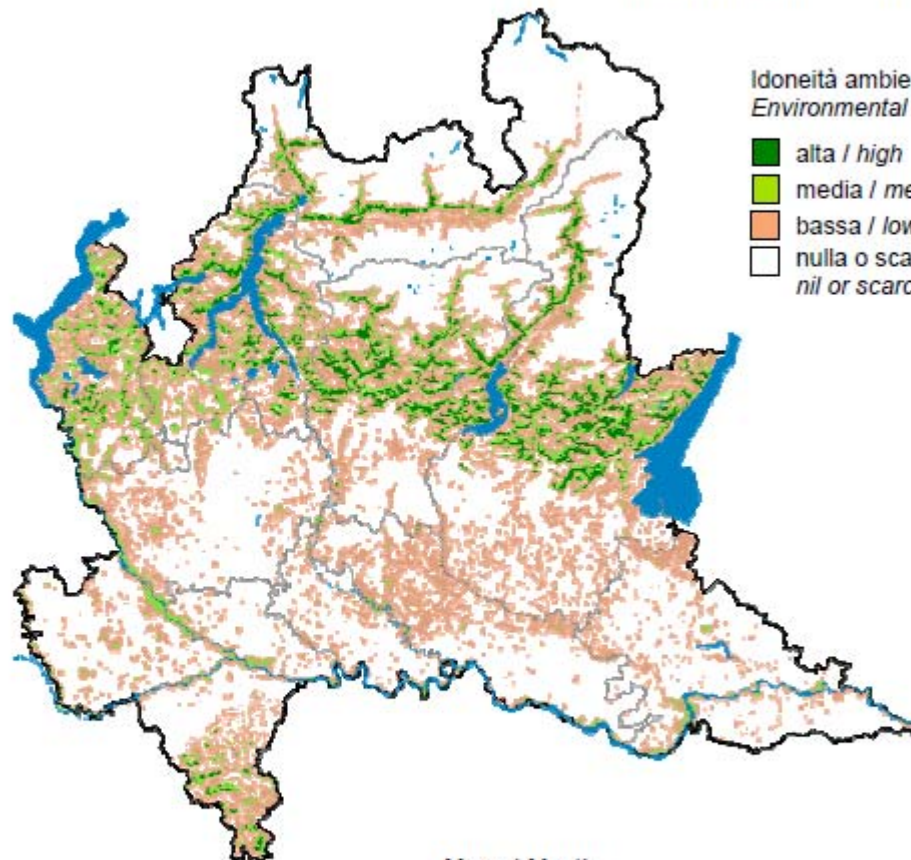
**SPEC 2,
Allegato I 79/409/CEE**



Succiacapre *Caprimulgus europaeus* M reg, B, W irr

AVES – Caprimulgiformes – Caprimulgidae

Succiacapre – Nightjar
Caprimulgus europaeus



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

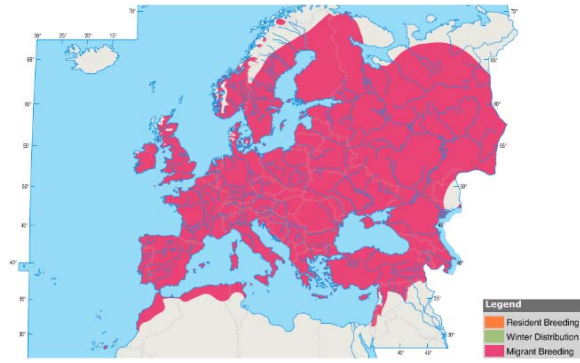
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(500 – 1.000)

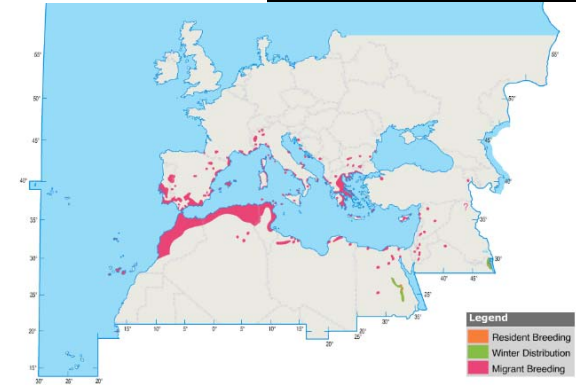
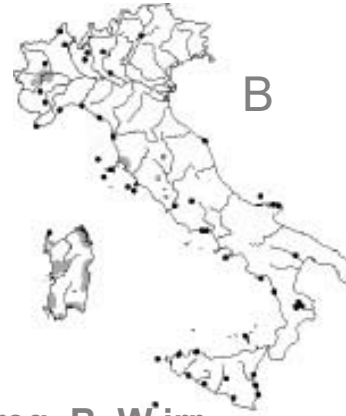
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(in diminuzione / declining)

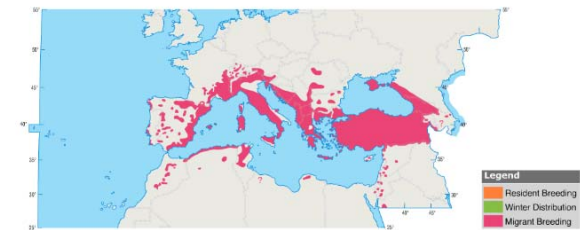
Apodiformes, Apodidae (3 spp)



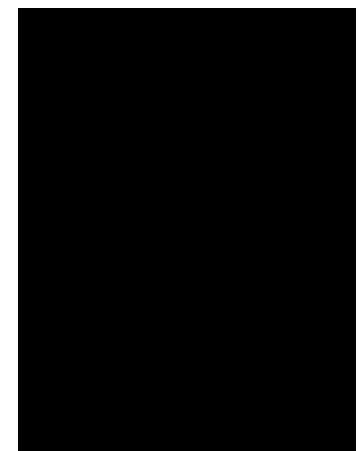
Rondone *Apus apus* M reg, B, W irr



Rondone pallido *Apus pallidus* M reg, B, W irr

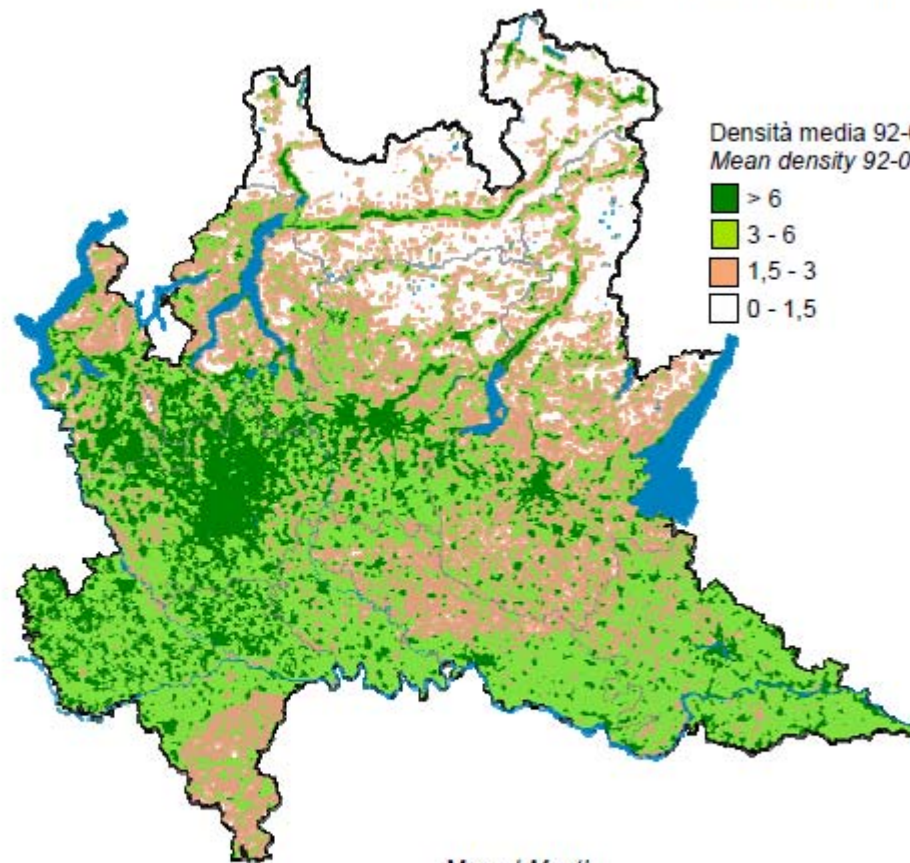


Rondone maggiore o Rondone alpino *Apus melba* M reg, B, W irr



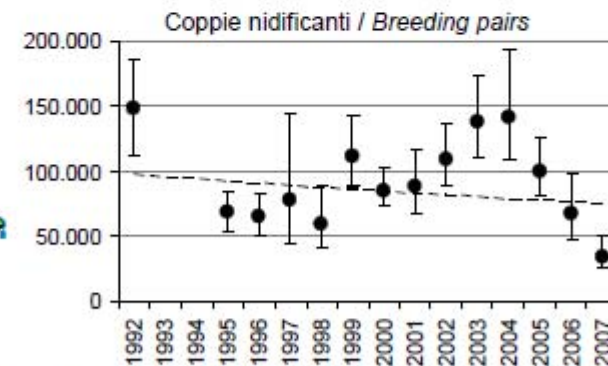
AVES – Apodiformes – Apodidae

Rondone – Swift
Apus apus



Densità media 92-07 (coppie / km²)
Mean density 92-07 (pairs / km²)

- > 6
- 3 - 6
- 1,5 - 3
- 0 - 1,5

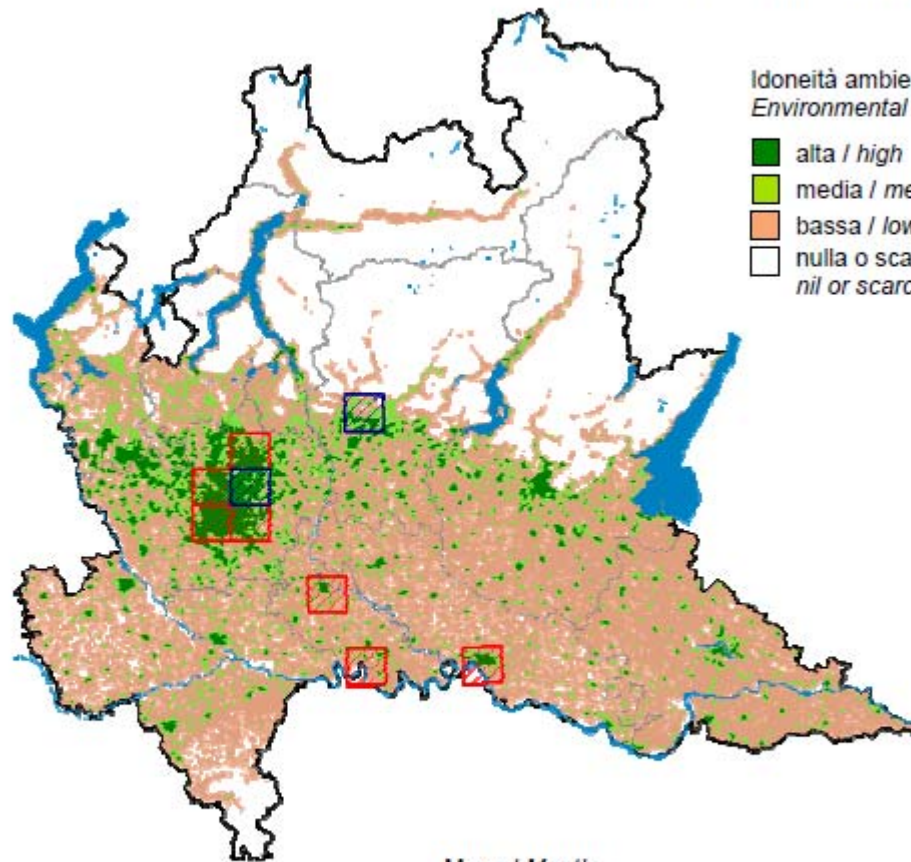


FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 98.000	stabile – fluttuante
2007: 34.000	stable – fluctuating

AVES – Apodiformes – Apodidae

Rondone pallido – *Pallid Swift*
Apus pallidus



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month												
Riproduzione / Breeding													
Migrazione / Migration													
Svernamento / Wintering													

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

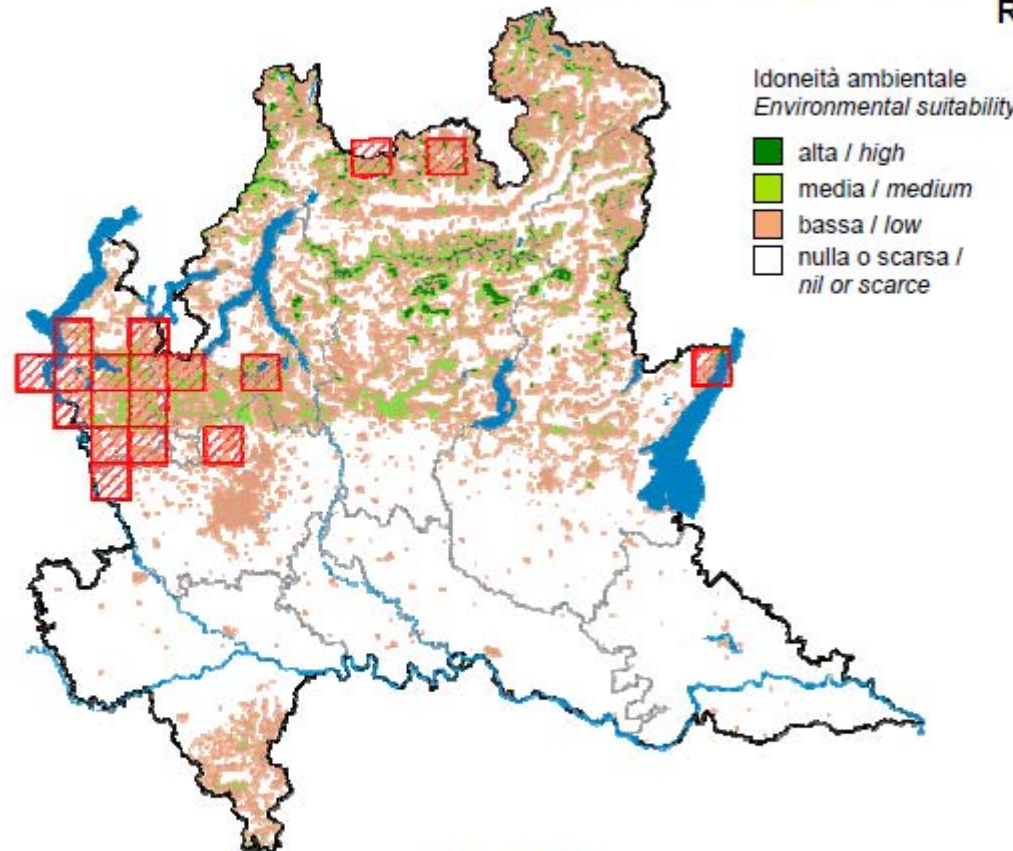
(250 – 500)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(in aumento / increasing)

AVES – Apodiformes – Apodidae

Rondone maggiore – Alpine Swift
Tachymarptis melba



	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

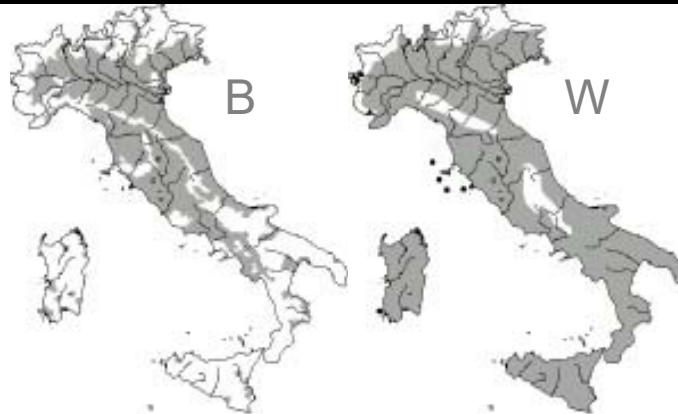
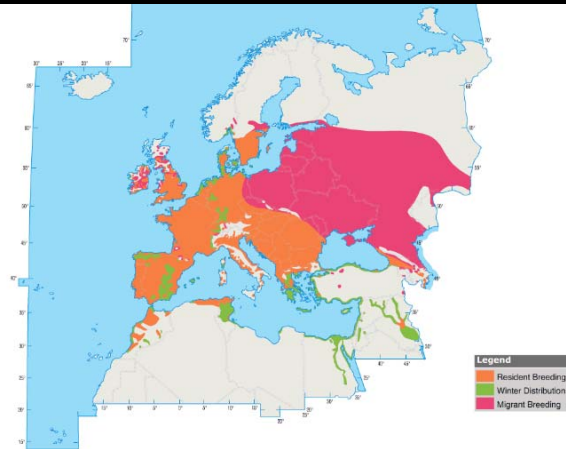
(500 – 1.000)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

sconosciuto / unknown

Coraciiformes, Alcedinidae (1 sp)

SPEC 3, Allegato I 79/409/CEE



Martin pescatore *Alcedo atthis* SB, M reg, W

Coraciiformes, Meropidae (1 sp)

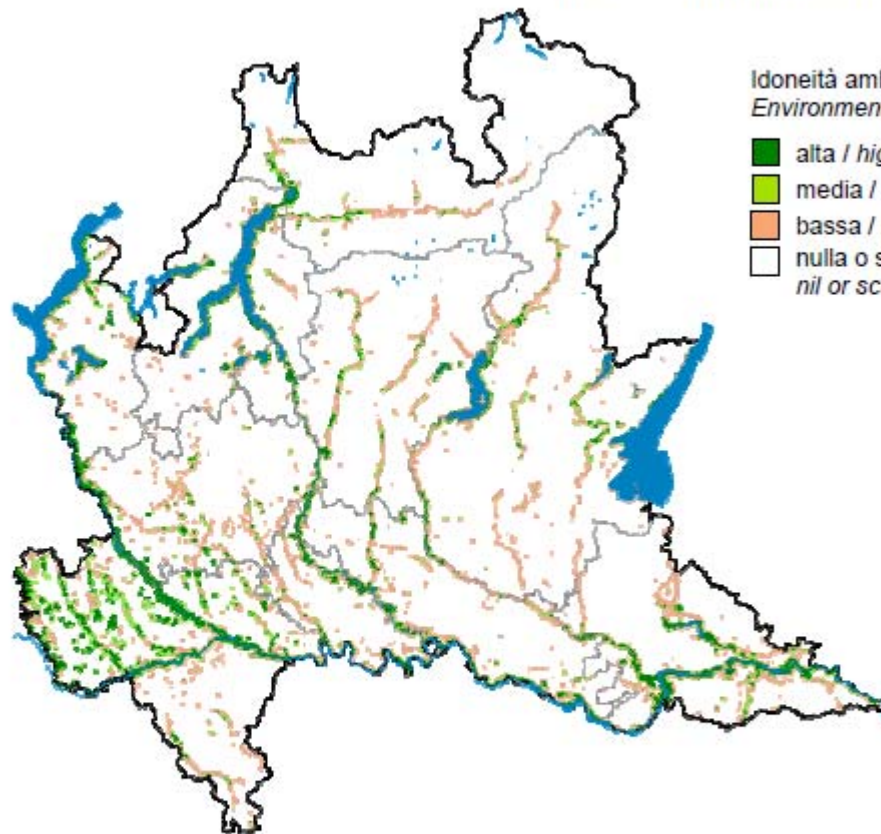
SPEC 3



Gruccione *Merops apiaster* M reg, B

AVES – Coraciiformes – Alcedinidae

Martin pescatore – Kingfisher
Alcedo atthis



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



		Mese / Month											
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Riproduzione / Breeding												
		sedentaria / sedentary											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

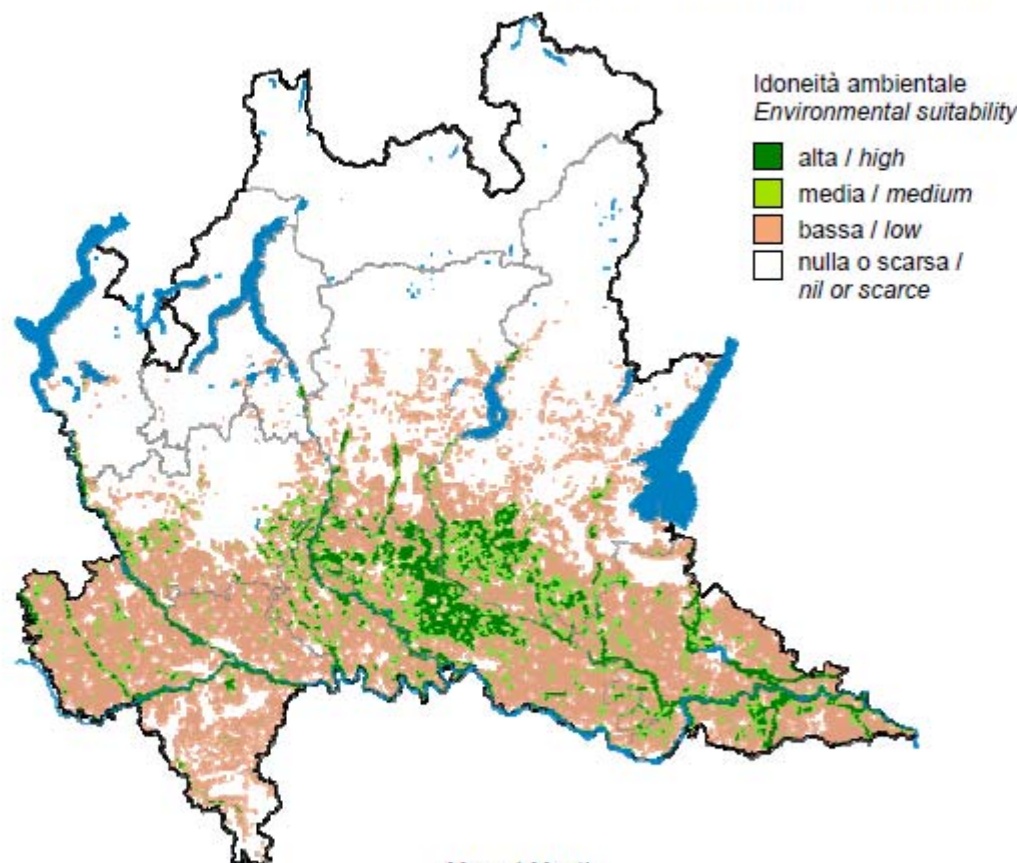
(1.500 – 2.000)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

sconosciuto / unknown

AVES – Coraciiformes – Meropidae

Gruccione – Bee-eater
Merops apiaster

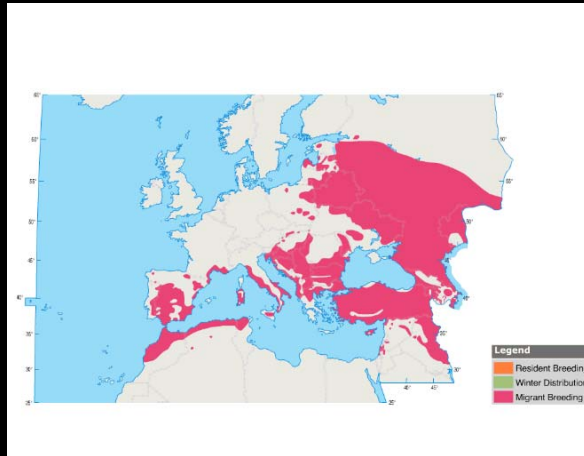


	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(3.000 – 5.000)	(in aumento / increasing)

Coraciiformes, Coraciidae (1 sp)

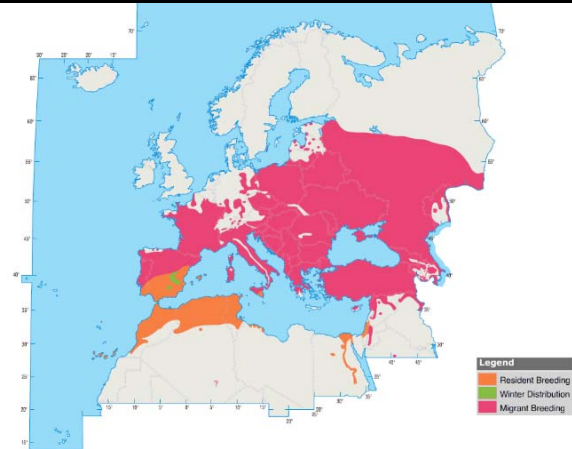
SPEC 2, Allegato I 79/409/CEE



Ghiandaia marina *Coracias garrulus* M reg, B

Coraciiformes, Upupidae (1 sp)

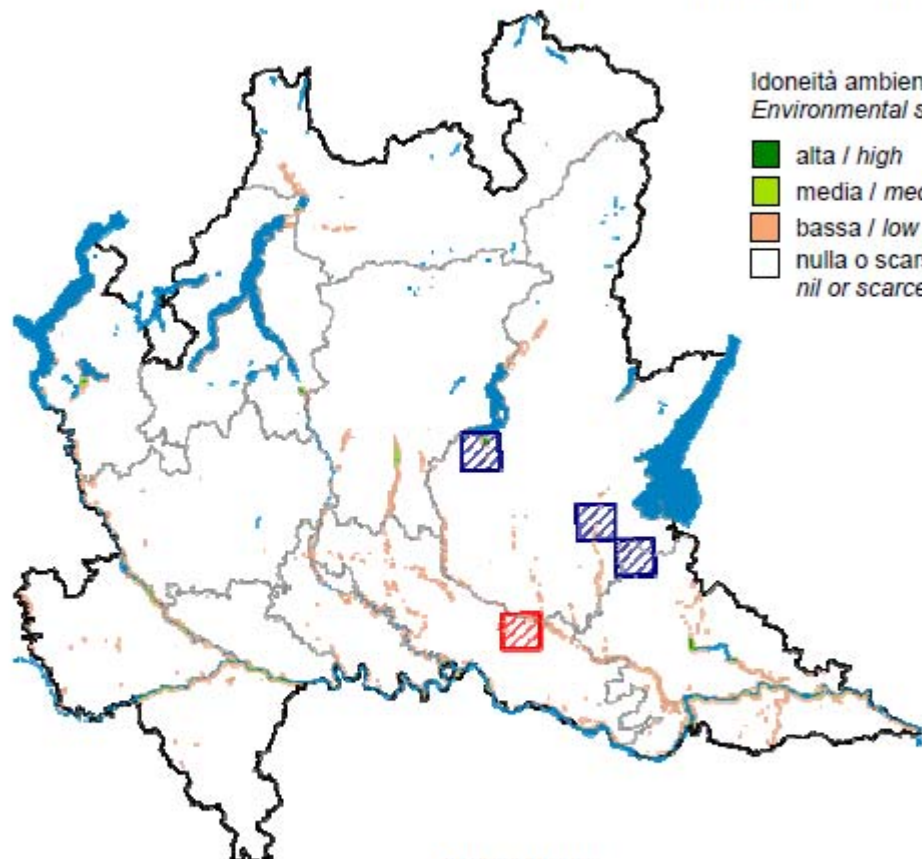
SPEC 3



Upupa *Upupa epops* M reg, B, W par

AVES – Coraciiformes – Coraciidae

Ghiandaia marina – Roller
Coracias garrulus



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
?	

International Species Action Plan
for the European Roller *Coracias garrulus garrulus*



Prepared by:

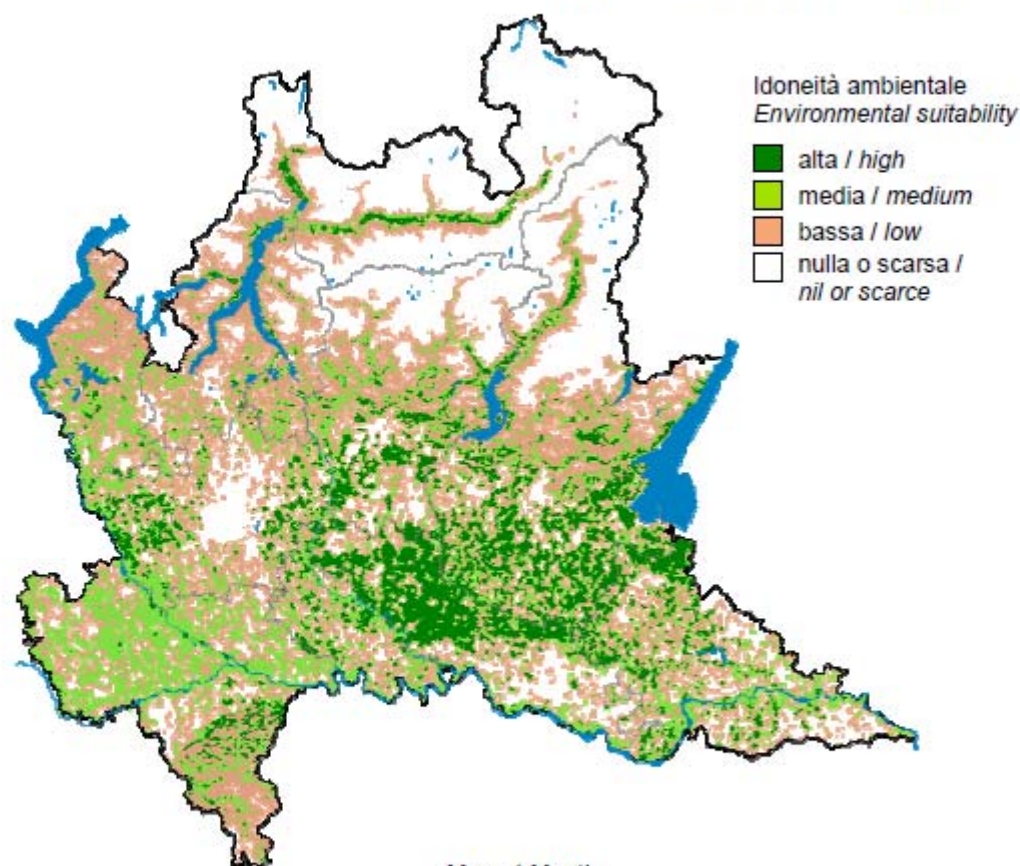


On behalf of the European Commission



AVES – Coraciiformes – Upupidae

Upupa – Hoopoe
Upupa epops



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

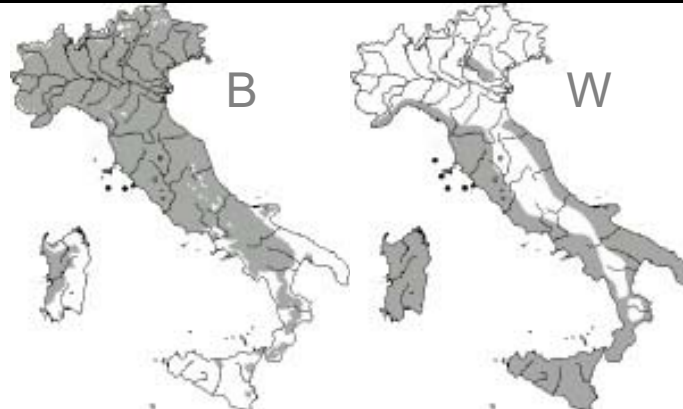
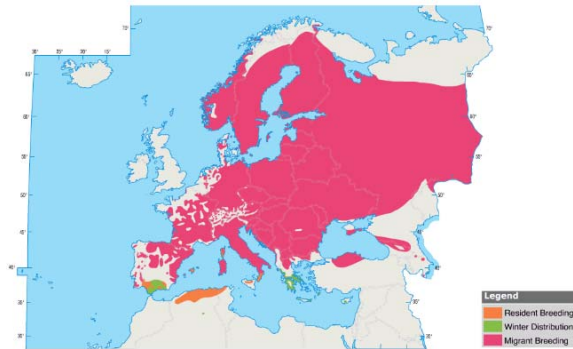
- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) <i>POPULATION (breeding pairs)</i>	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO <i>MEAN ANNUAL TREND</i>
(800 – 1.600)	(stabile / stable)

Piciformes, Picidae (9 spp)



SPEC 3



Torcicollo *Jynx torquilla* M reg, B, W par (SB par?)



Picchio nero *Dryocopus martius* SB, M irr, W irr

**Allegato I
79/409/CEE**

**SPEC 3,
Allegato I
79/409/CEE**

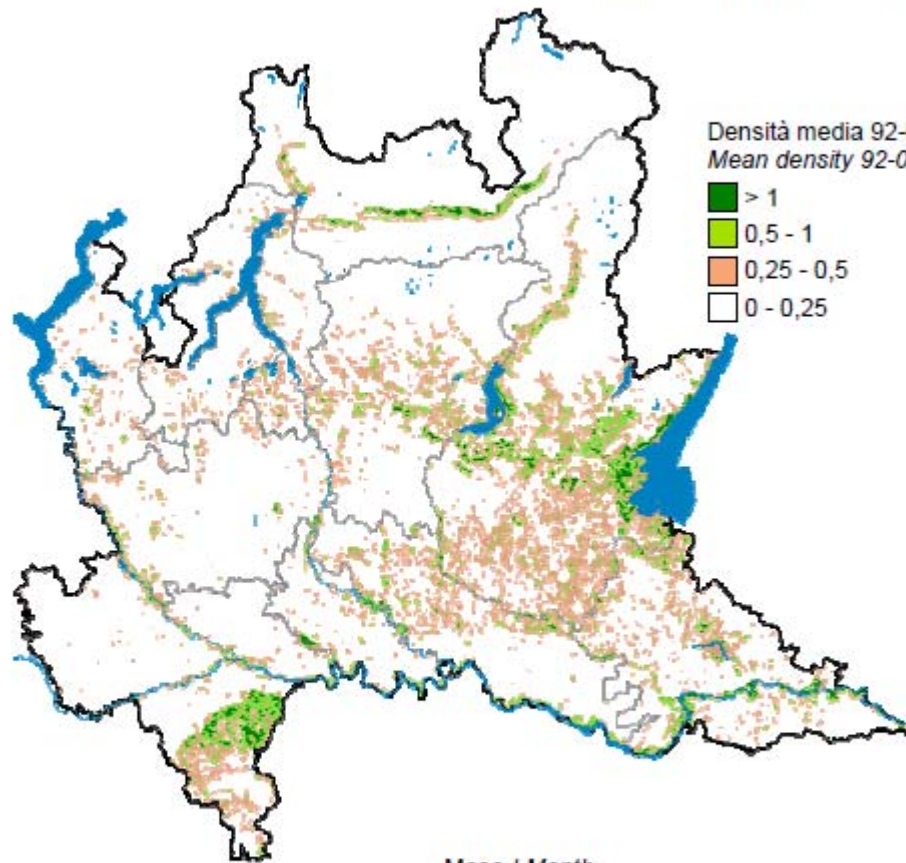


Picchio tridattilo *Picoides tridactylus* SB



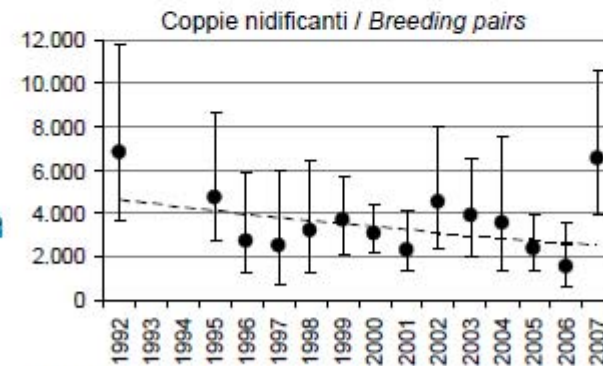
AVES – Piciformes – Picidae

Torcicollo – Wryneck
Jynx torquilla



Densità media 92-07 (coppie / km²)
Mean density 92-07 (pairs / km²)

- > 1
- 0,5 - 1
- 0,25 - 0,5
- 0 - 0,25

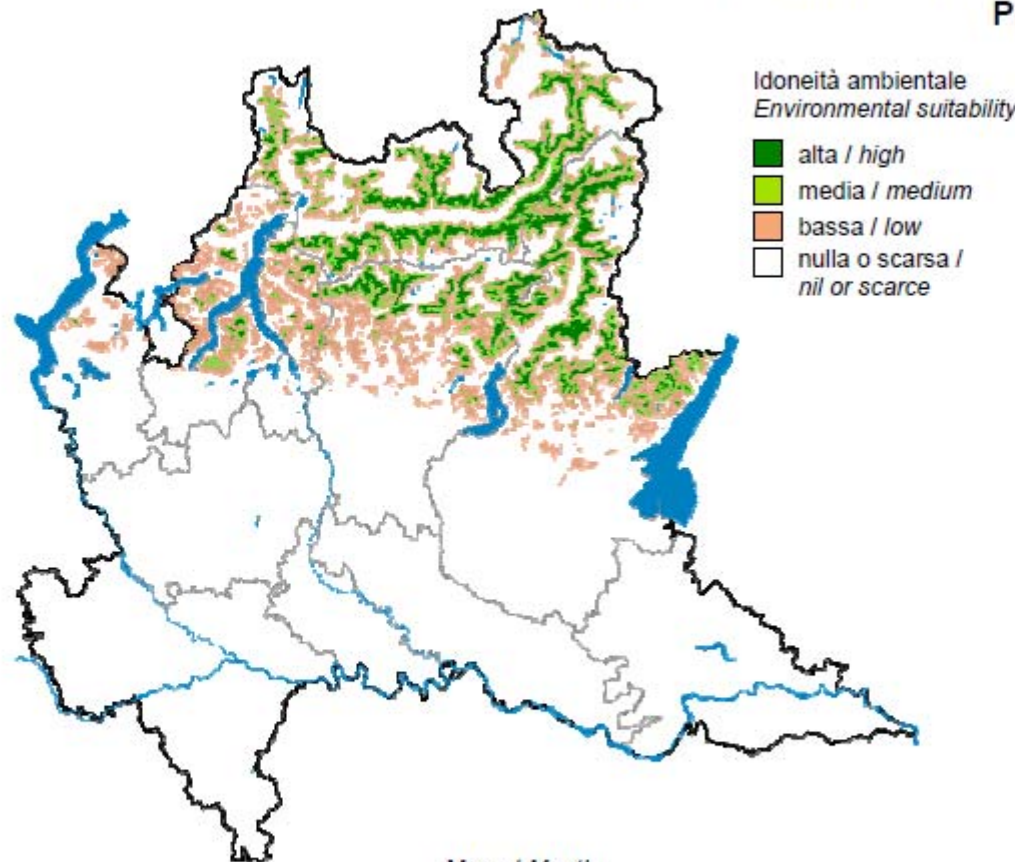


FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month												
Riproduzione / Breeding													
Migrazione / Migration													
Svernamento / Wintering													

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 3.500	stabile – fluttuante stable – fluctuating
2007: 6.500	

AVES – Piciformes – Picidae

Picchio nero – *Black Woodpecker*
Dryocopus martius



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(400 – 800)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(in aumento / increasing)



Importante osservazione di Picchio tridattilo, *Picoides tridactylus* L. (Aves, Piciformes, Picidae) in Valmalenco (Provincia di Sondrio, Lombardia)

ABSTRACT

Siting of a three-toed woodpecker (Picoides tridactylus) in Valmalenco, Province of Sondrio, Lombardy, Italy

One individual of Three-toed woodpecker *Picoides tridactylus* was observed on 21 October 2007, near to Chiareggio, Valmalenco valley (Sondrio province, Lombardia).

It is probably the first report of the species in Lombardia since 35 years, maybe related to the nearest little population of High Engadina (Switzerland).

L'ormai datato Atlante degli Uccelli nidificanti in Lombardia (BRICHETTI & FASOLA, 1990) indica il Picchio tridattilo come specie A1 (VA 1971), ma da allora si sono susseguite alcune segnalazioni non ufficiali, a volte relative a segni indiretti di presenza.

La situazione generale di distribuzione mostra la specie divenire più presente (ma mai comune) "spostandosi" verso est lungo l'arco alpino oltre la Lombardia, senza che sia possibile individuare una reale barriera geografica che ne limiti l'areale.

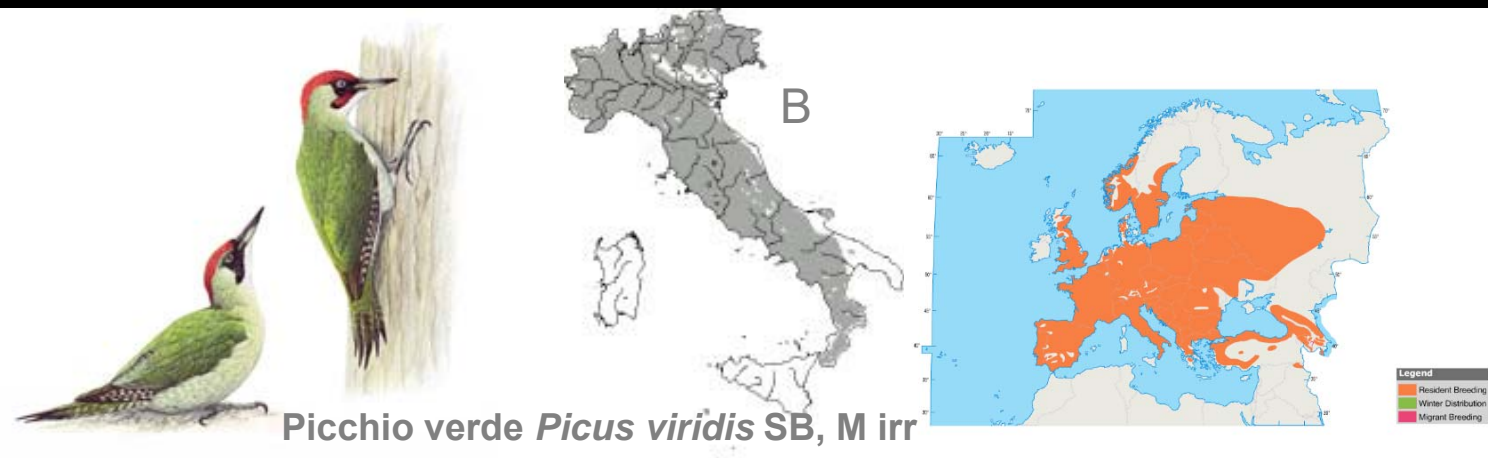
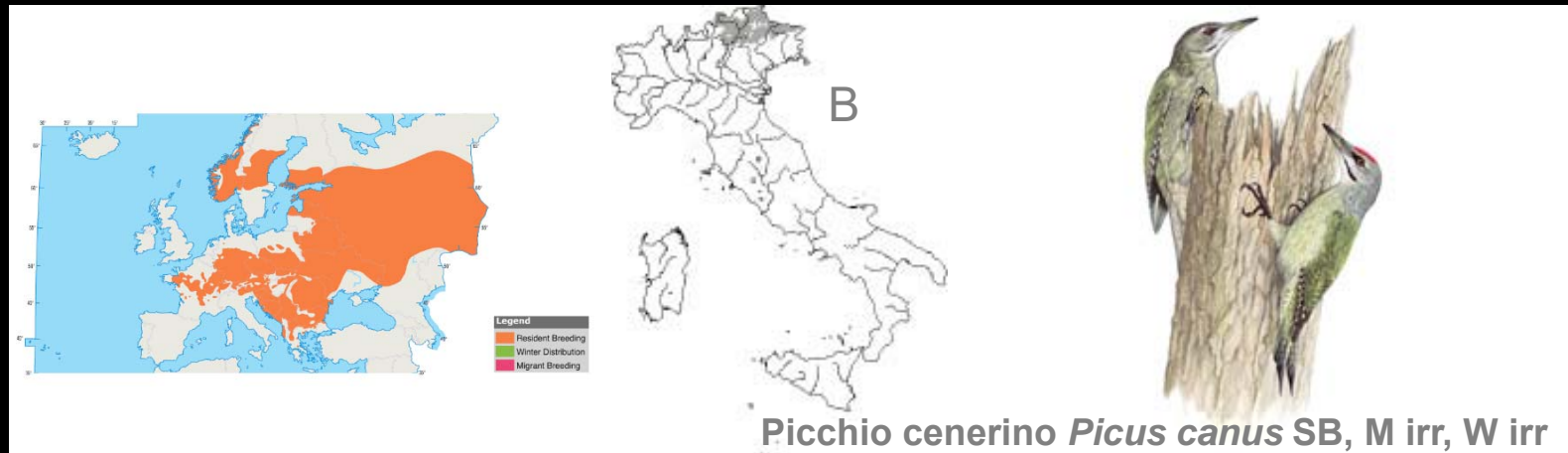
Una recente ricerca sull'avifauna effettuata dagli svizzeri MATTES, *et al.* (2005) mostra invece che la specie è presente, sebbene non comune, in Alta Engadina (Svizzera), dove chi scrive ha osservato un Picchio tridattilo vicino alla località di Bever nel 1994.

L'osservazione oggetto di questa nota è stata effettuata in compagnia di Giovanna Dimitolo e Dario Muscialini, nella località di Chiareggio (Chiesa Valmalenco, Sondrio), in alta Valmalenco, la mattina di domenica 21 ottobre 2007. La giornata era fredda, con una temperatura intorno a -2° C, ma durante la notte precedente era certamente scesa sotto i -10° C. Il cielo era abbastanza sereno e le montagne attorno coperte dalle prime nevi stagionali.

Il contatto con la specie in esame si è verificato lungo il sentiero che dal centro abitato di Chiareggio sale verso sud-ovest, in direzione del rifugio Porro per poi proseguire nella valle del Ghiacciaio del Ventina, in un tratto che attraversa un'area omogeneamente coperta da foreste di conifere, ad un'altitudine di circa 1700 m, dove la nostra attenzione è stata attirata da un rumore di battito lieve su un tronco e poi dal volo di un "piccolo picchio", che ha attraversato il sentiero fino a posarsi a una distanza di una quindicina di metri, abbastanza allo scoperto, sul tronco di un abete. È stato quindi possibile effettuare l'identificazione con

Piciformes, Picidae (9 spp)

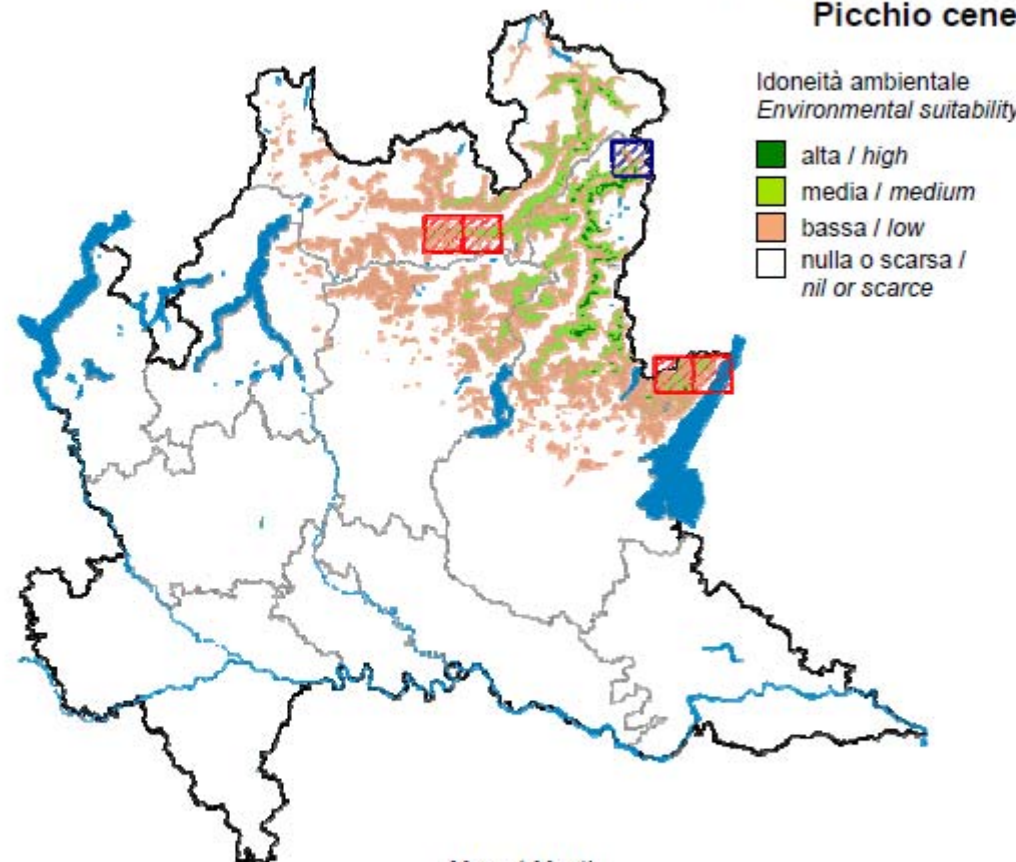
SPEC 3, Allegato I 79/409/CEE



SPEC 2

AVES – Piciformes – Picidae

Picchio cenerino – Grey-headed Woodpecker
Picus canus



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(<50)

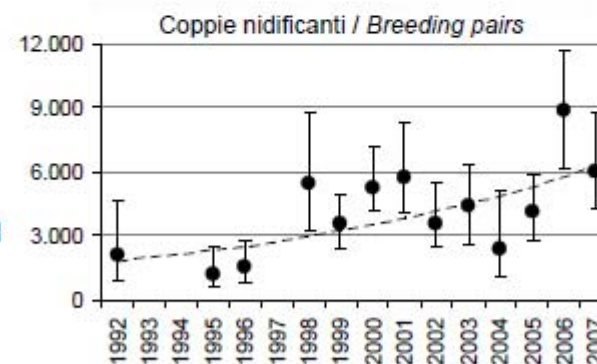
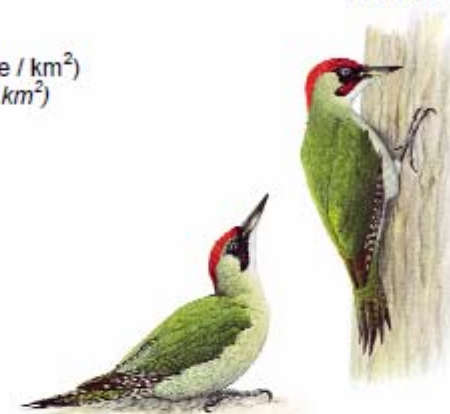
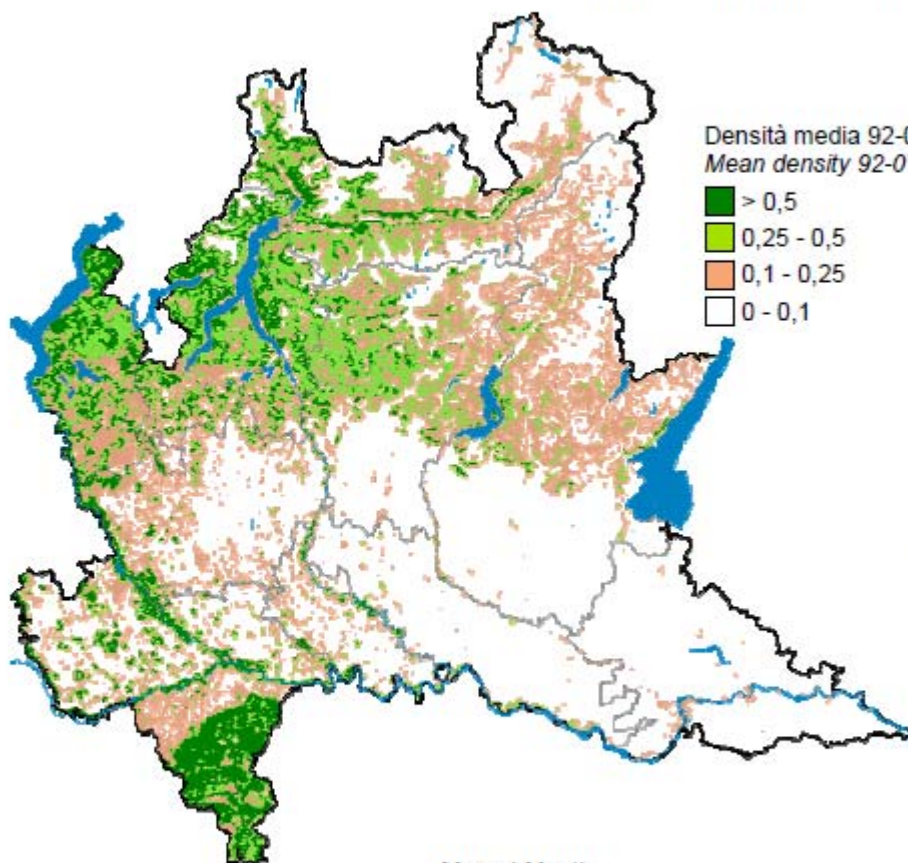
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(in aumento / increasing)

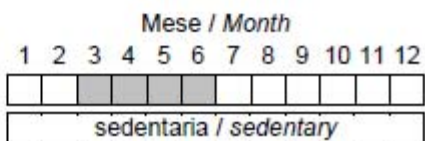
AVES – Piciformes – Picidae

Picchio verde – Green Woodpecker

Picus viridis



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding



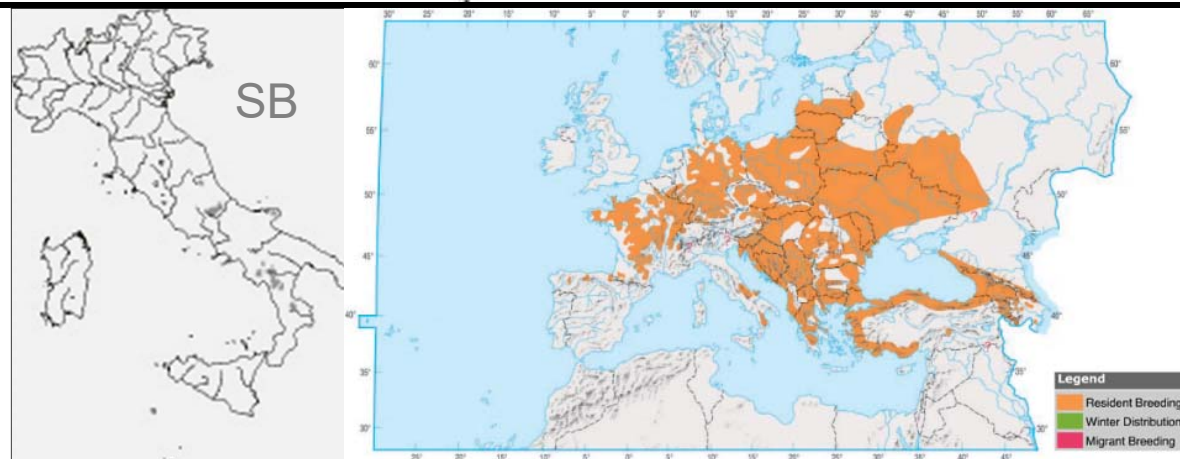
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

media / mean 92-07:	3.900	+8,8%
2007:	6.000	

Piciformes, Picidae (9 spp)

Picchio rosso maggiore *Dendrocopos major* SB, M reg, W par



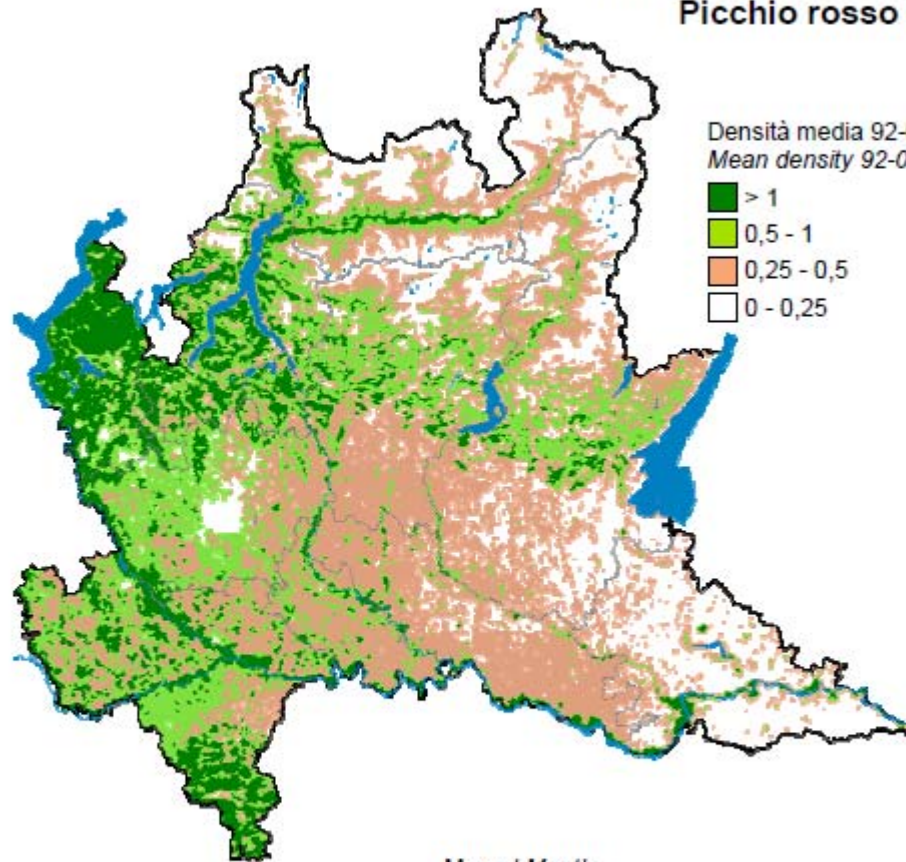
Picchio rosso mezzano *Dendrocopos medius* SB, M irr

Allegato I 79/409/CEE

AVES – Piciformes – Picidae

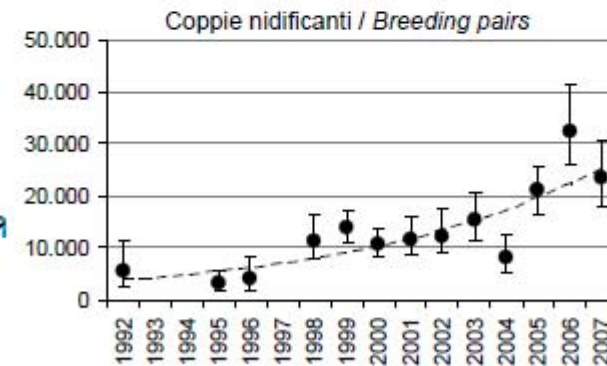
Picchio rosso maggiore – Great Spotted Woodpecker

Dendrocopos major



Densità media 92-07 (coppie / km²)
Mean density 92-07 (pairs / km²)

- > 1
- 0,5 - 1
- 0,25 - 0,5
- 0 - 0,25



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 13.500	+13,8%
2007: 23.500	

Piciformes, Picidae (9 spp)

Picchio rosso minore *Dendrocopos minor* SB, M irr



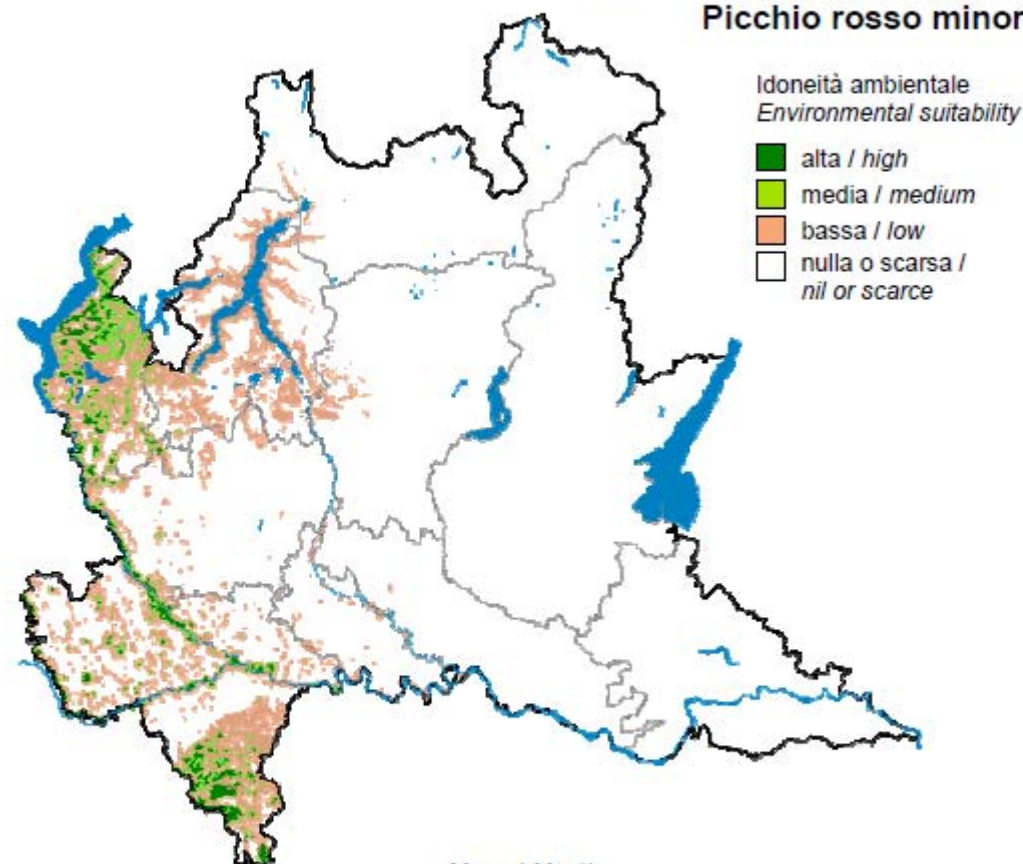
Picchio dorsobianco *Dendrocopos leucotos* SB, M irr, W irr

Allegato I 79/409/CEE

AVES – Piciformes – Picidae

Picchio rosso minore – Lesser Spotted Woodpecker

Dendrocopos minor



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

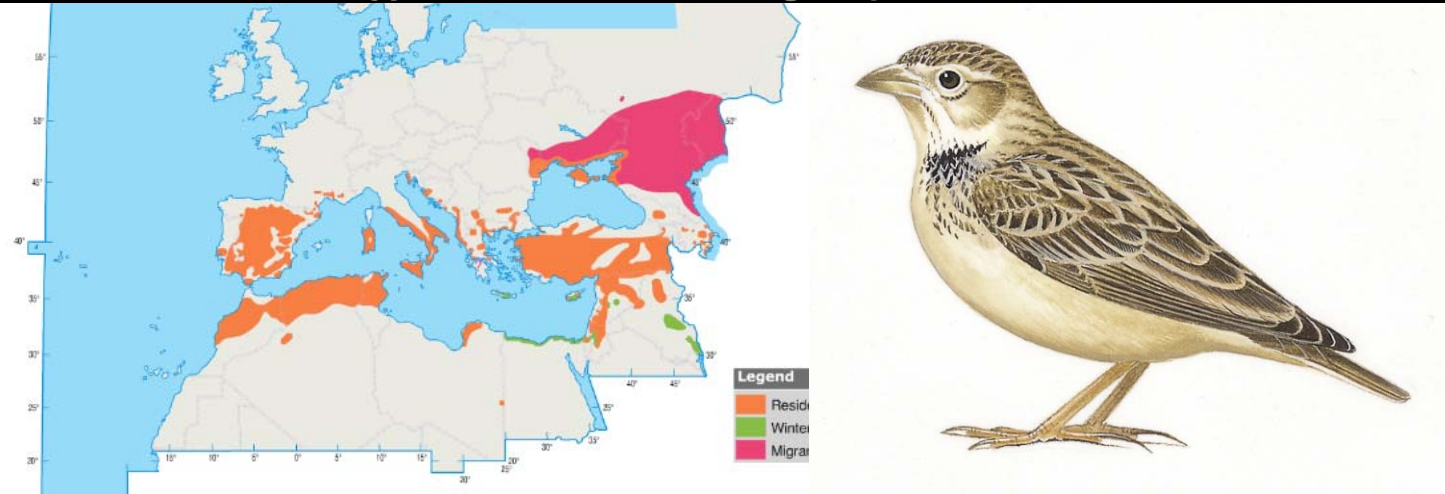
(250 – 500)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

sconosciuto / unknown

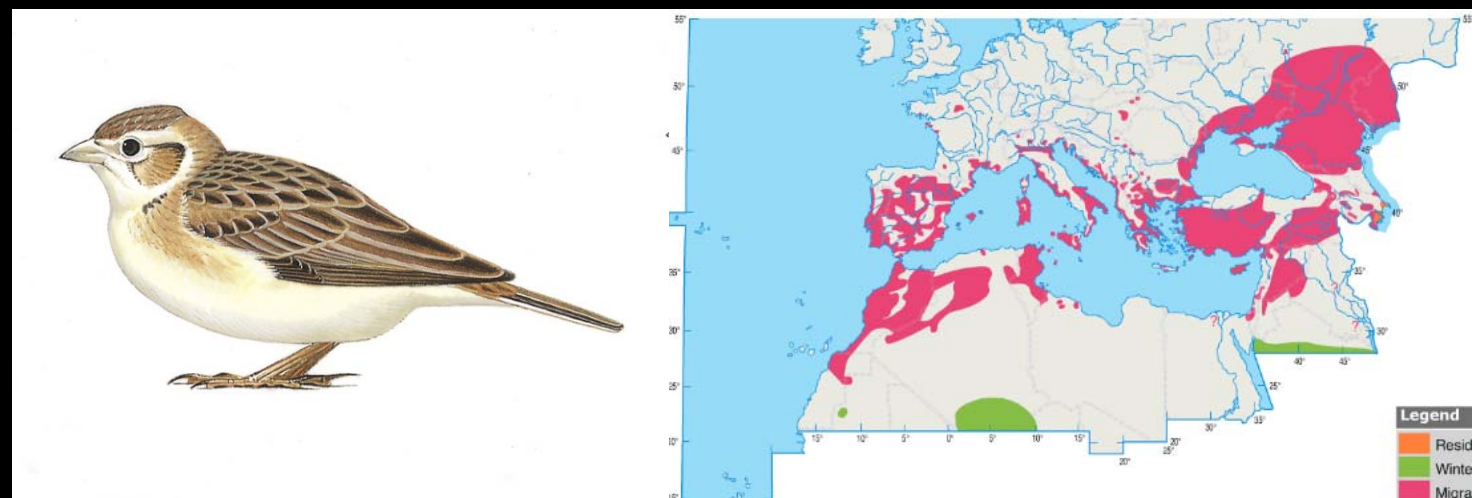
Passeriformes, Alaudidae (5 spp)

Calandra Melanocorypha calandra SB, M reg, W par



SPEC 3
Allegato I
79/409/CEE

Calandrella Calandrella brachydactyla M reg, B

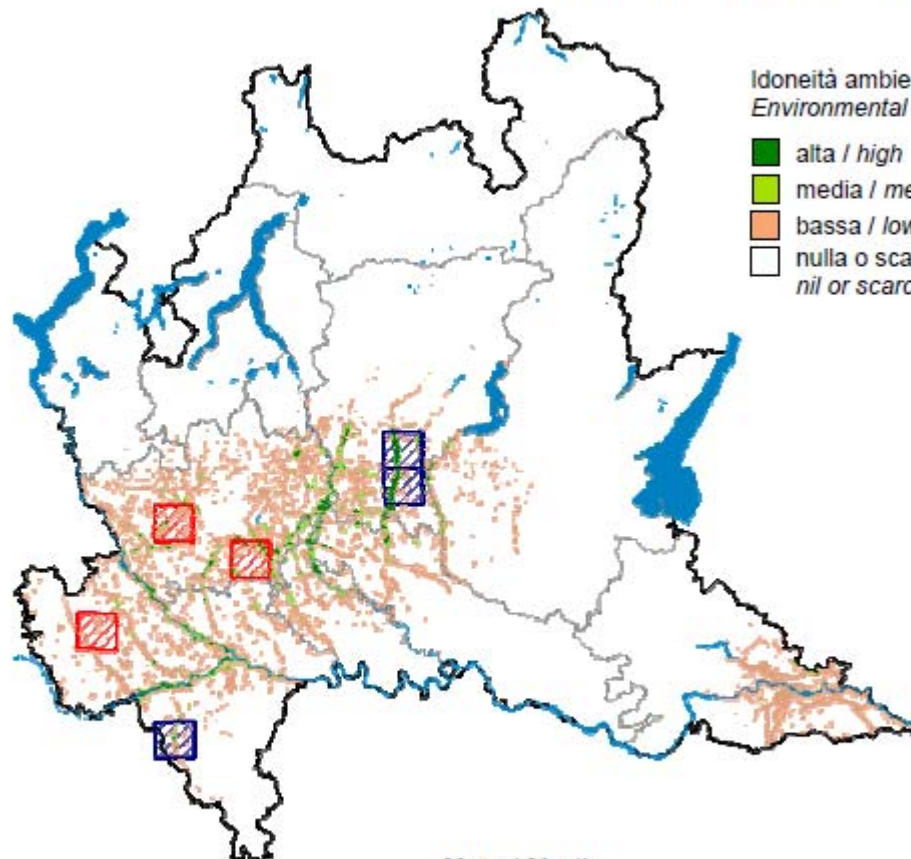


SPEC 3
Allegato I
79/409/CEE



AVES – Passeriformes – Alaudidae

Calandrella – Short-toed Lark
Calandrella brachydactyla



Idoneità ambientale
 Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce

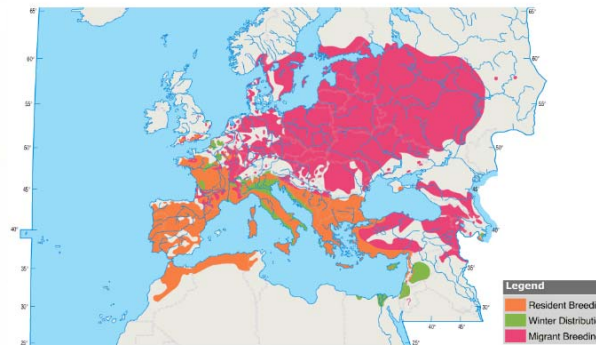
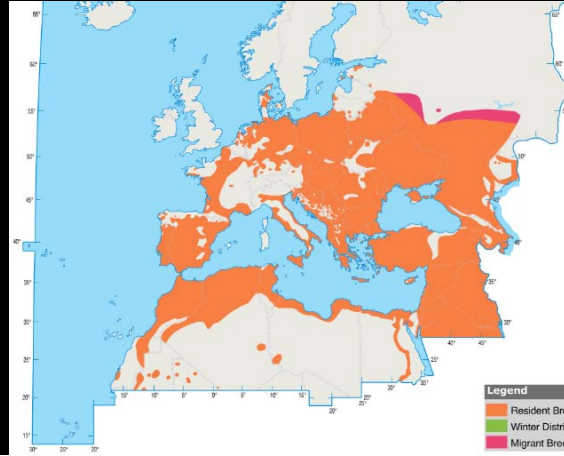


FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
?	

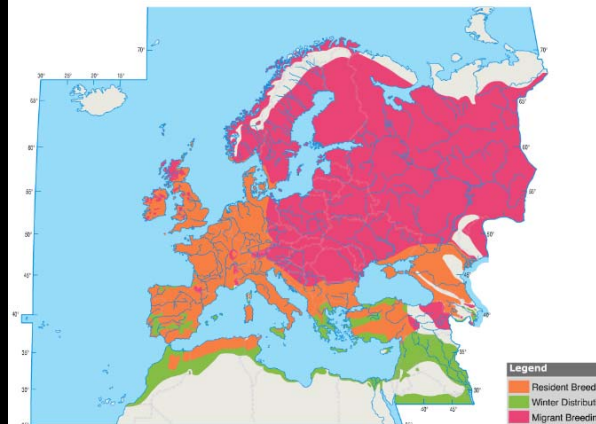
Passeriformes, Alaudidae (5 spp)

Cappellaccia Galerida cristata
SB, M irr
SPEC 3



Tottavilla Lullula arborea
SB, M reg, W par
SPEC 2
Allegato I
79/409/CEE

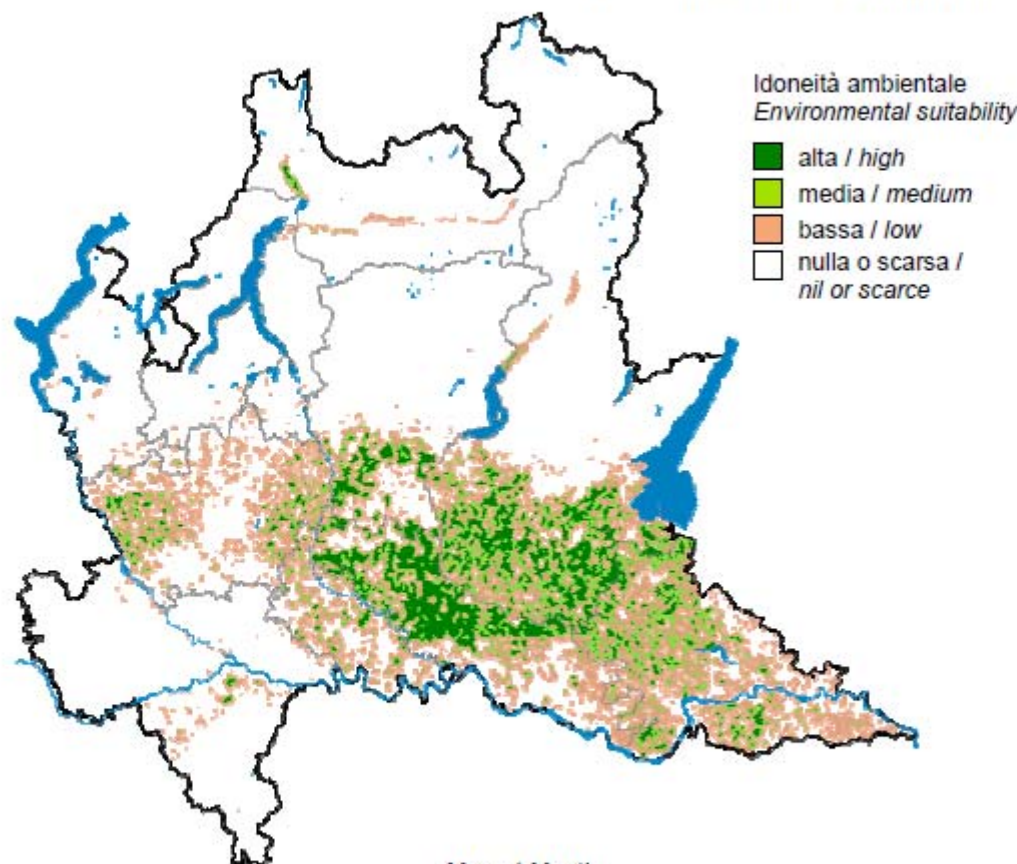
Allodola Alauda arvensis
SB, M reg, W
SPEC 3





AVES – Passeriformes – Alaudidae

Cappellaccia – Crested Lark
Galerida cristata



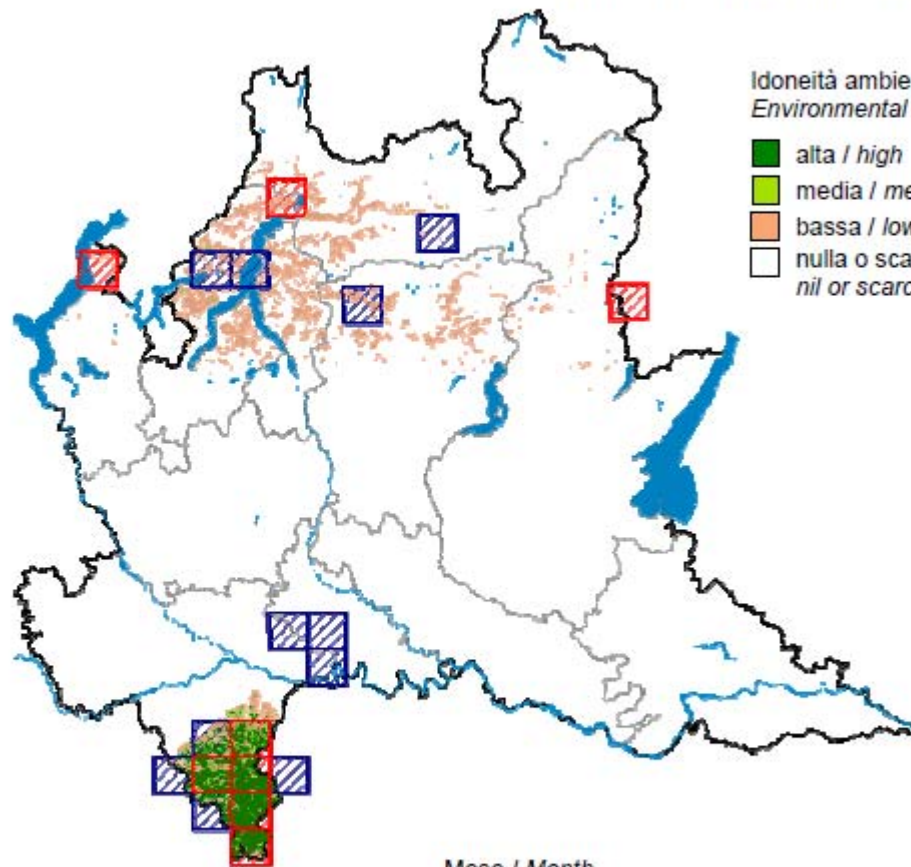
	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(4.000 – 6.000)	sconosciuto / unknown



AVES – Passeriformes – Alaudidae

Tottavilla – Woodlark
Lullula arborea



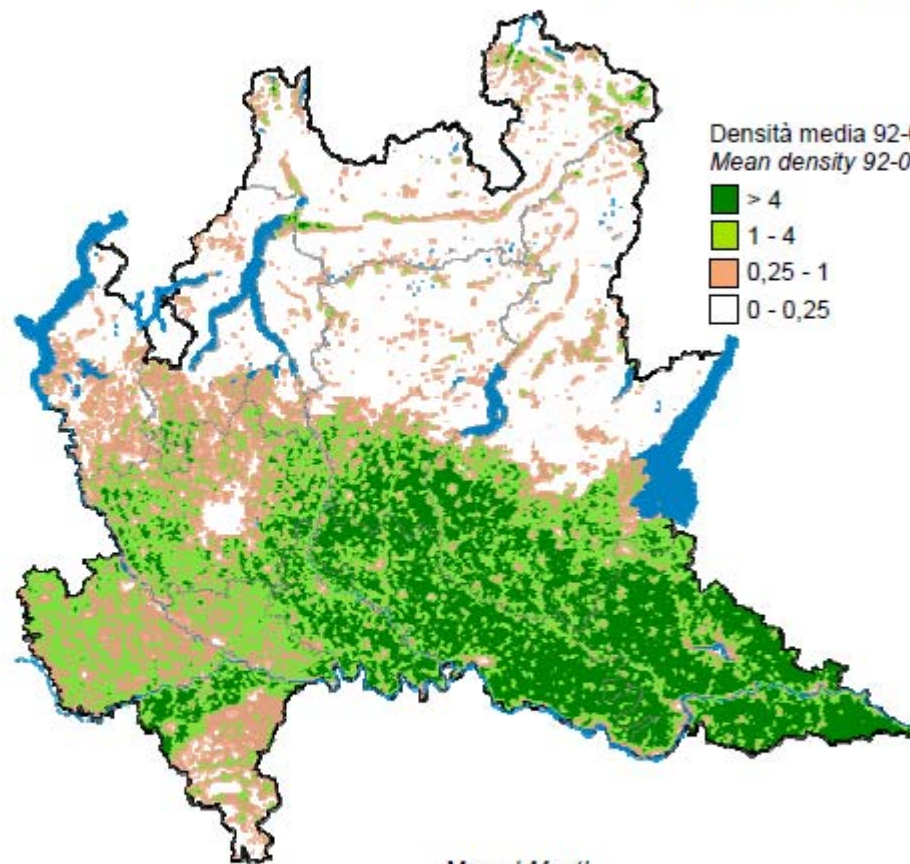
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(1.000 – 1.500)	sconosciuto / unknown



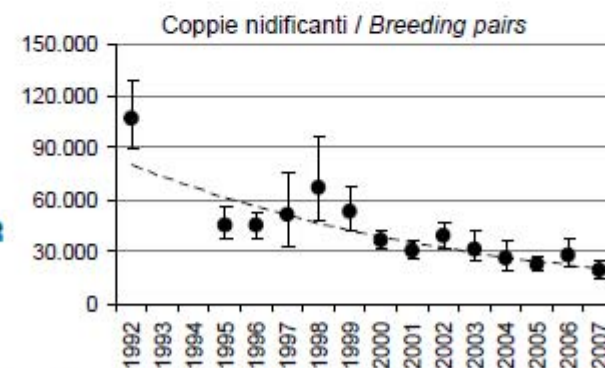
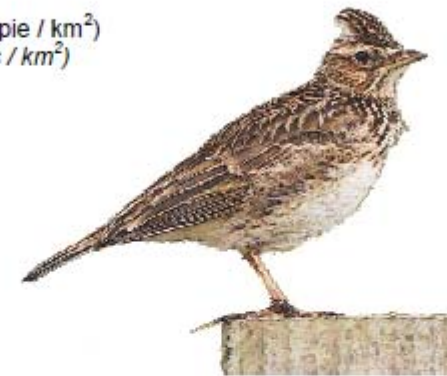
AVES – Passeriformes – Alaudidae

Allodola – Skylark
Alauda arvensis



Densità media 92-07 (coppie / km²)
Mean density 92-07 (pairs / km²)

- > 4
- 1 - 4
- 0,25 - 1
- 0 - 0,25

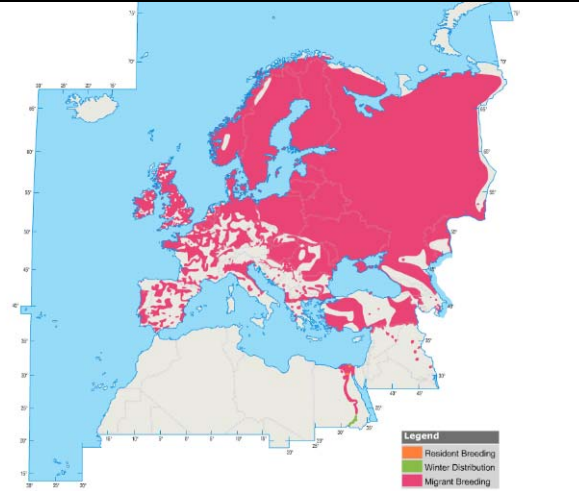


FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Svernamento / Wintering	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 38.000	-8,8%
2007: 19.000	ridotta / depleted

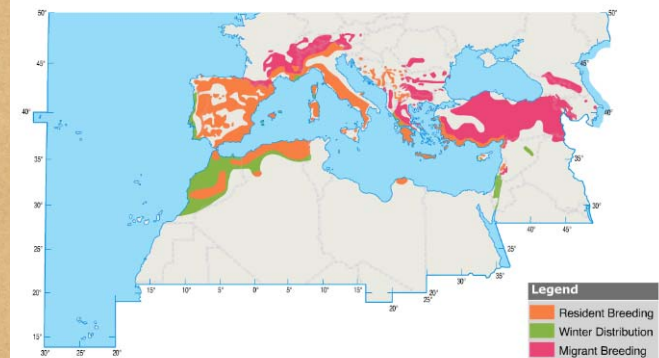
Passeriformes, Hirundinidae (5 spp)

Topino *Riparia riparia* M reg, B, W irr



SPEC 3

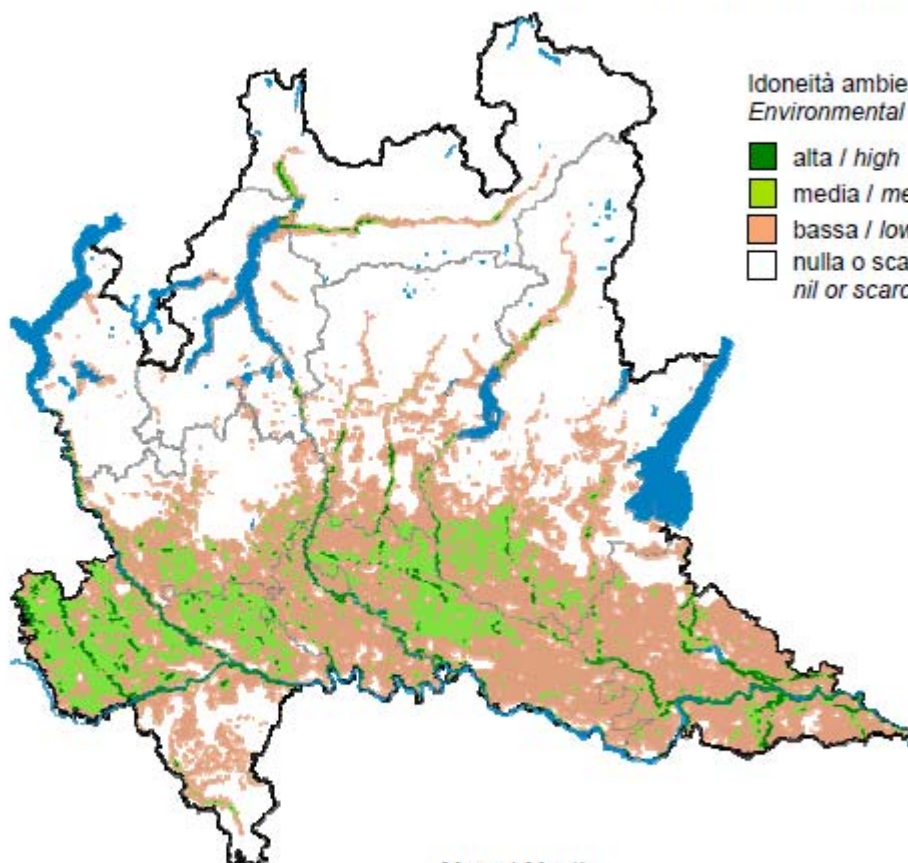
Rondine montana *Ptyonoprogne rupestris* SB par, M reg, W par





AVES – Passeriformes – Hirundinidae

Topino – Sand Martin
Riparia riparia



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / *high*
- media / *medium*
- bassa / *low*
- nulla o scarsa / *nil or scarce*



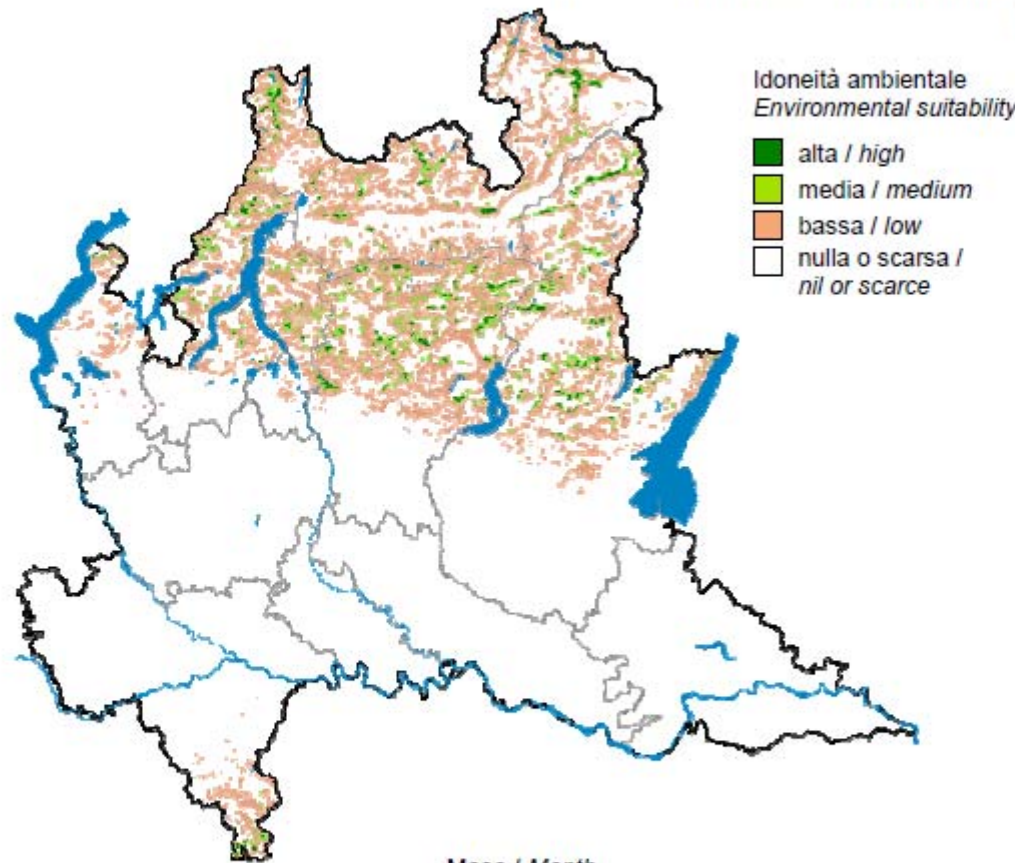
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) <i>POPULATION (breeding pairs)</i>	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO <i>MEAN ANNUAL TREND</i>
(1.000 – 2.000)	(in diminuzione – fluttuante <i>declining – fluctuating</i>)



AVES – Passeriformes – Hirundinidae

Rondine montana – Crag Martin
Ptyonoprogne rupestris

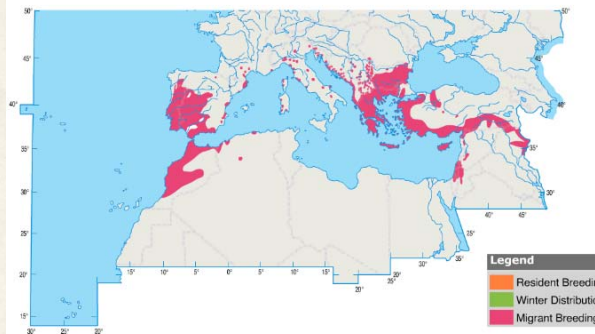
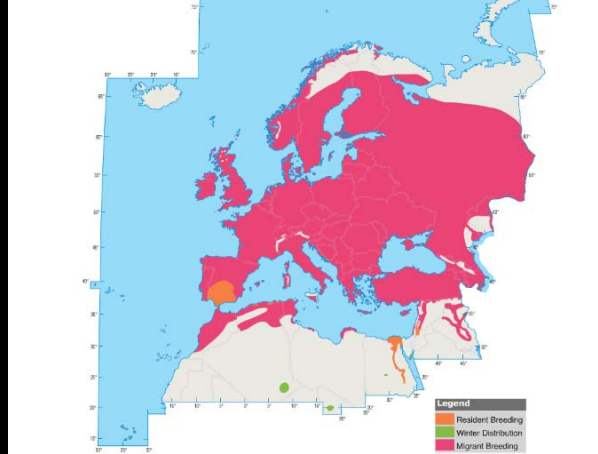


	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(1.500 – 3.000)	(in aumento / increasing)

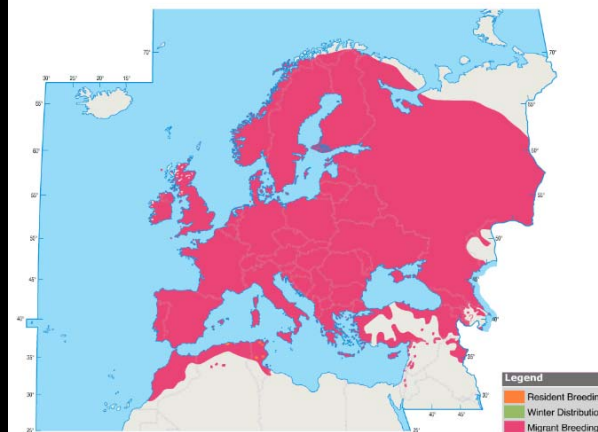
Passeriformes, Hirundinidae (5 spp)

Rondine *Hirundo rustica*
M reg, B, W par
SPEC 3



Rondine rossiccia *Hirundo daurica*
M reg, B

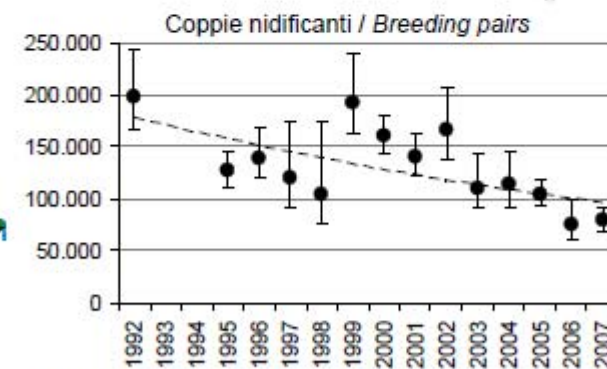
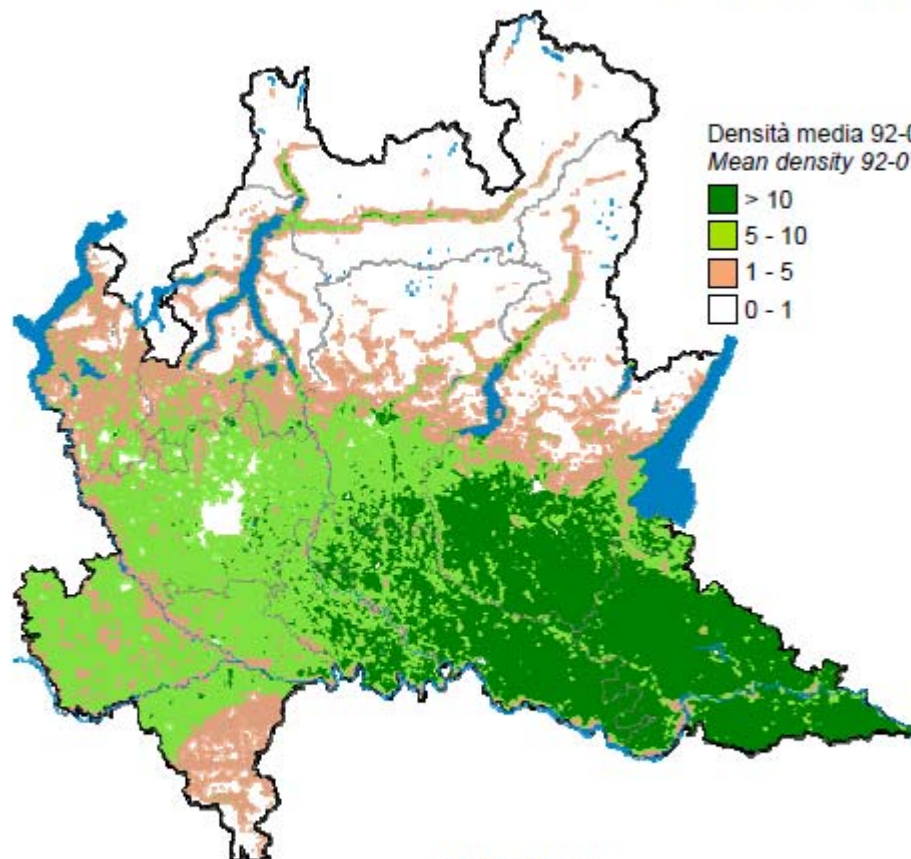
Balestruccio *Delichon urbica*
M reg, B, W irr
SPEC 3





AVES – Passeriformes – Hirundinidae

Rondine – Swallow
Hirundo rustica



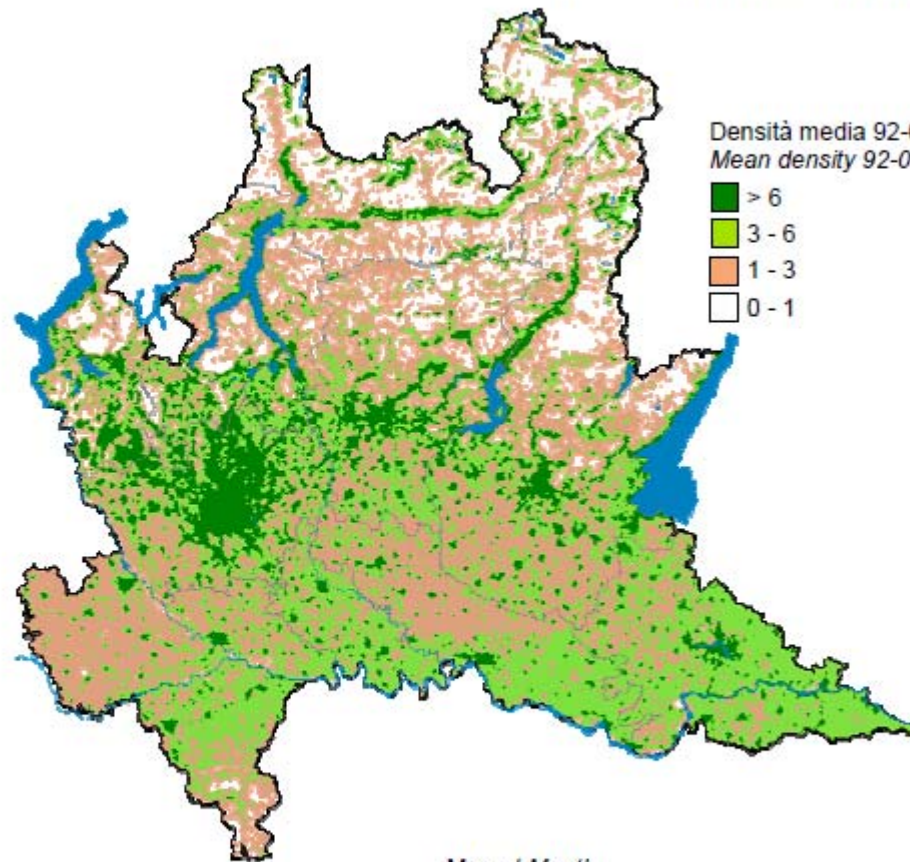
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 140.000	-4,0%
2007: 80.000	ridotta / depleted



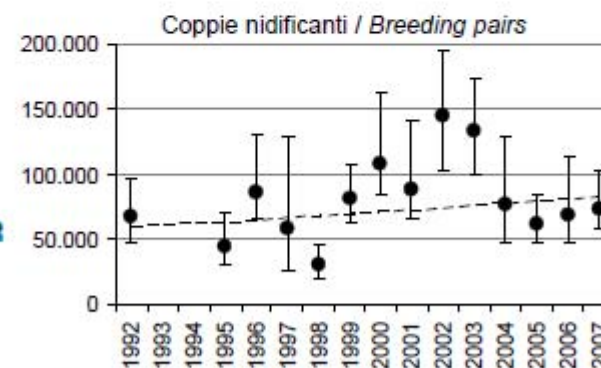
AVES – Passeriformes – Hirundinidae

Balestruccio – House Martin
Delichon urbicum



Densità media 92-07 (coppie / km²)
Mean density 92-07 (pairs / km²)

- > 6
- 3 - 6
- 1 - 3
- 0 - 1



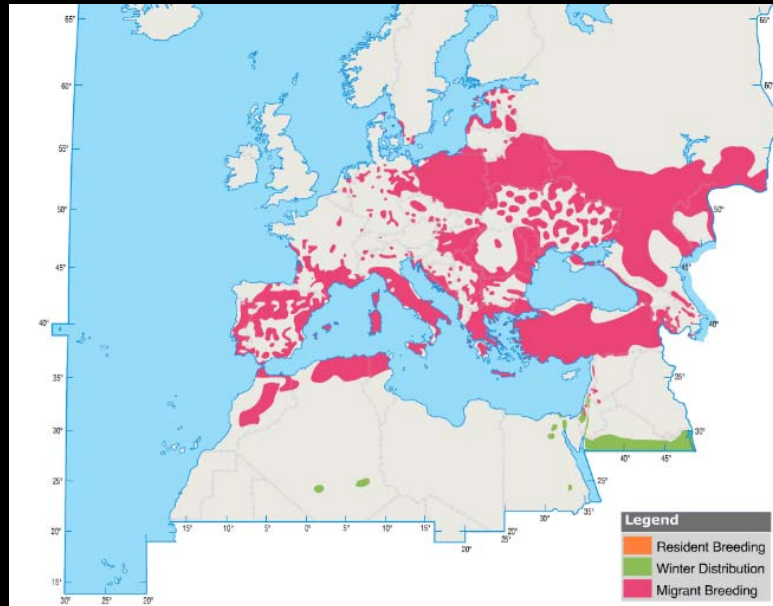
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 85.000	stabile – fluttuante
2007: 73.000	stable – fluctuating

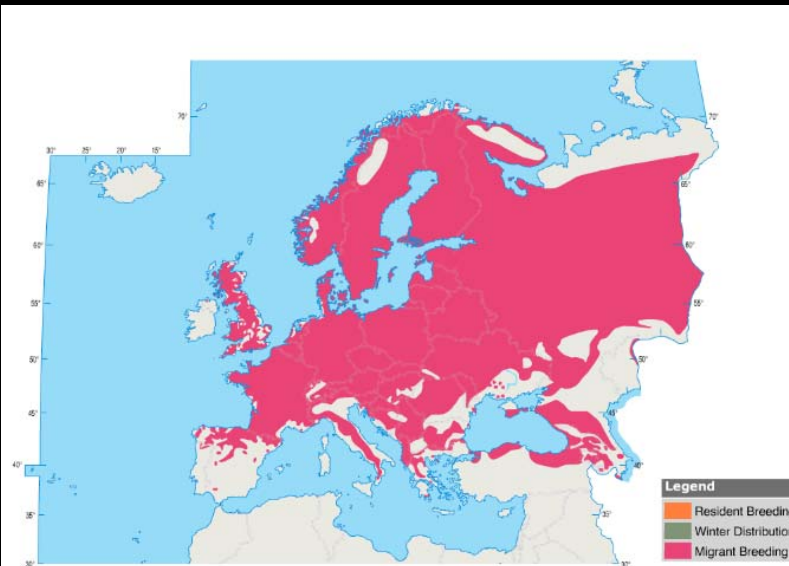
Passeriformes, Motacillidae (8 spp)

Calandro Anthus campestris M reg, B

SPEC 3
Allegato I
79/409/CEE



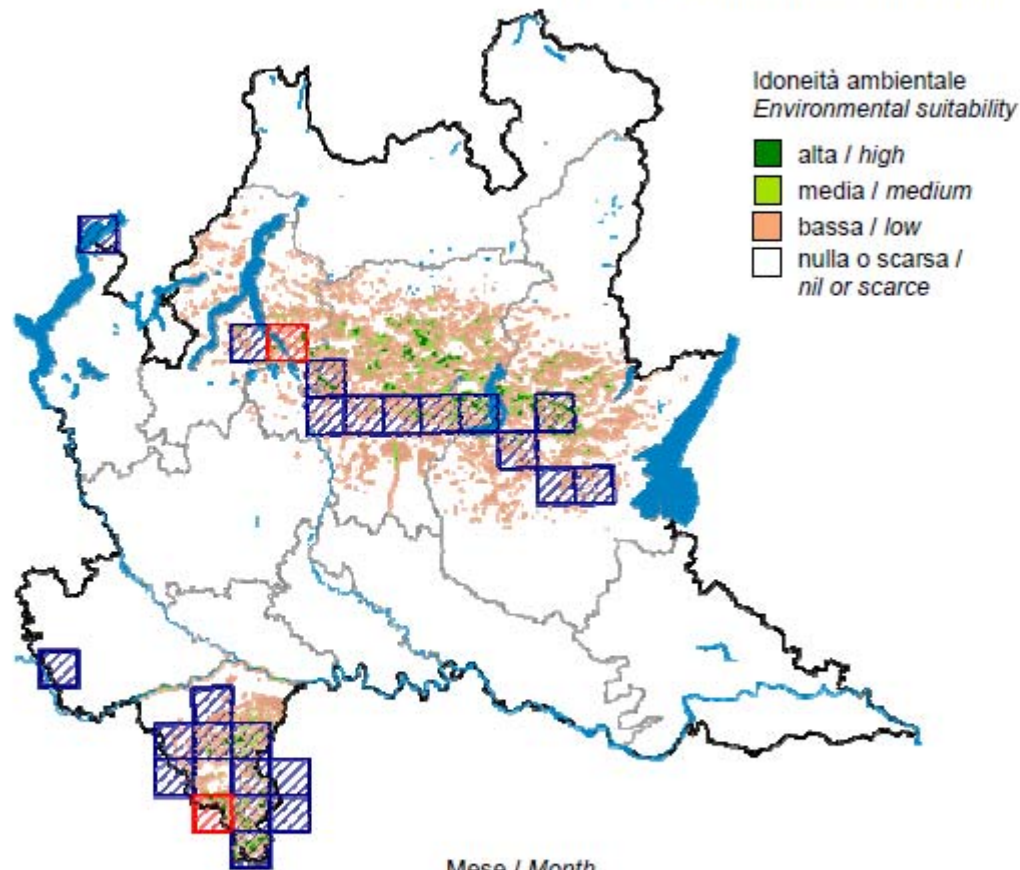
Prispolone Anthus trivialis M reg, B, W irr





AVES – Passeriformes – Motacillidae

Calandro – Tawny Pipit
Anthus campestris



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
 POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(<100)

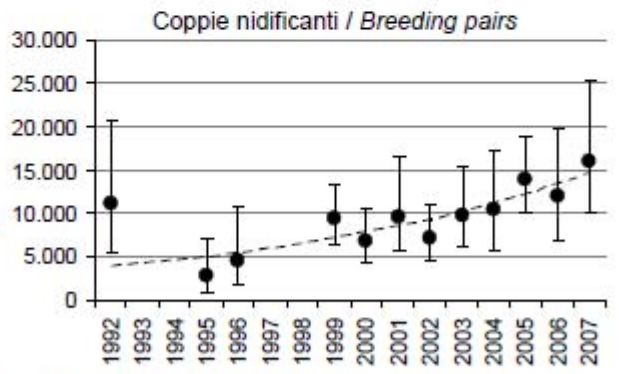
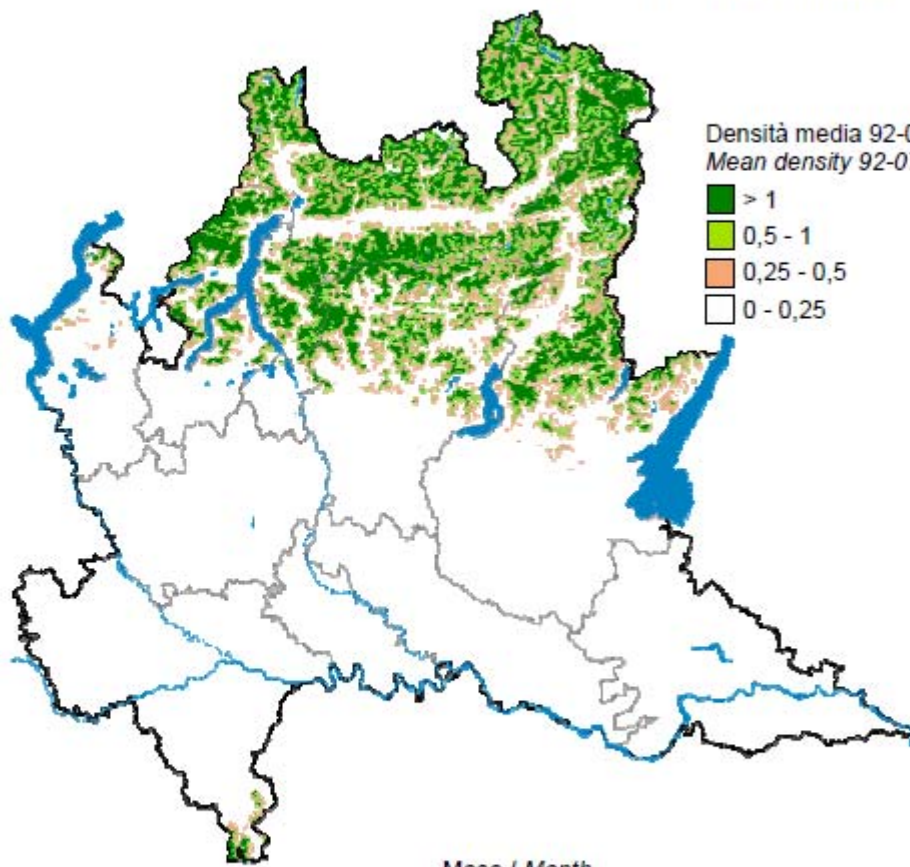
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
 MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(in diminuzione / declining)



AVES – Passeriformes – Motacillidae

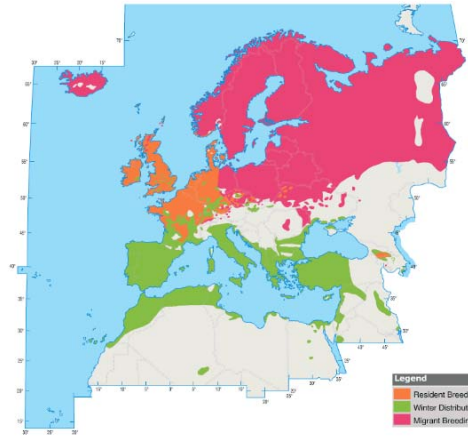
Prispolone – Tree Pipit
Anthus trivialis



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

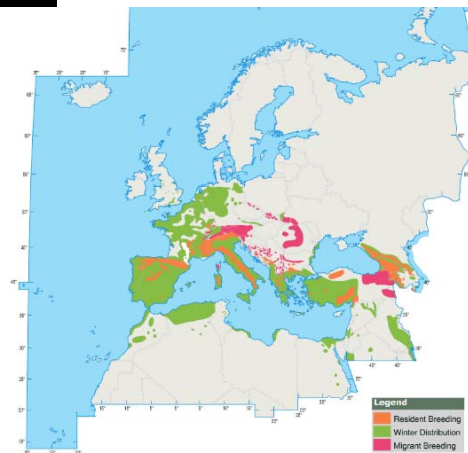
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 8.500	+9,4%
2007: 16.000	

Passeriformes, Motacillidae (8 spp)



Pispola Anthus pratensis
M reg, B irr, W irr

Pispola golarossa Anthus cervinus
M reg, W irr

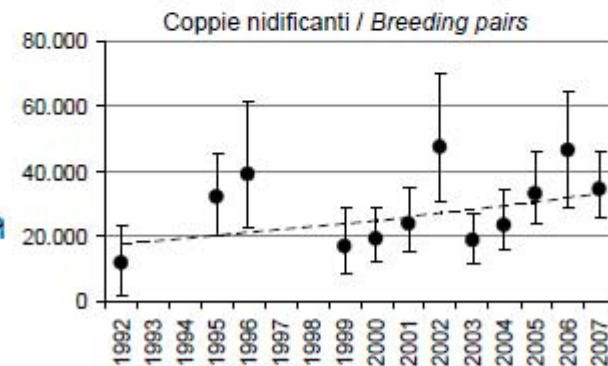
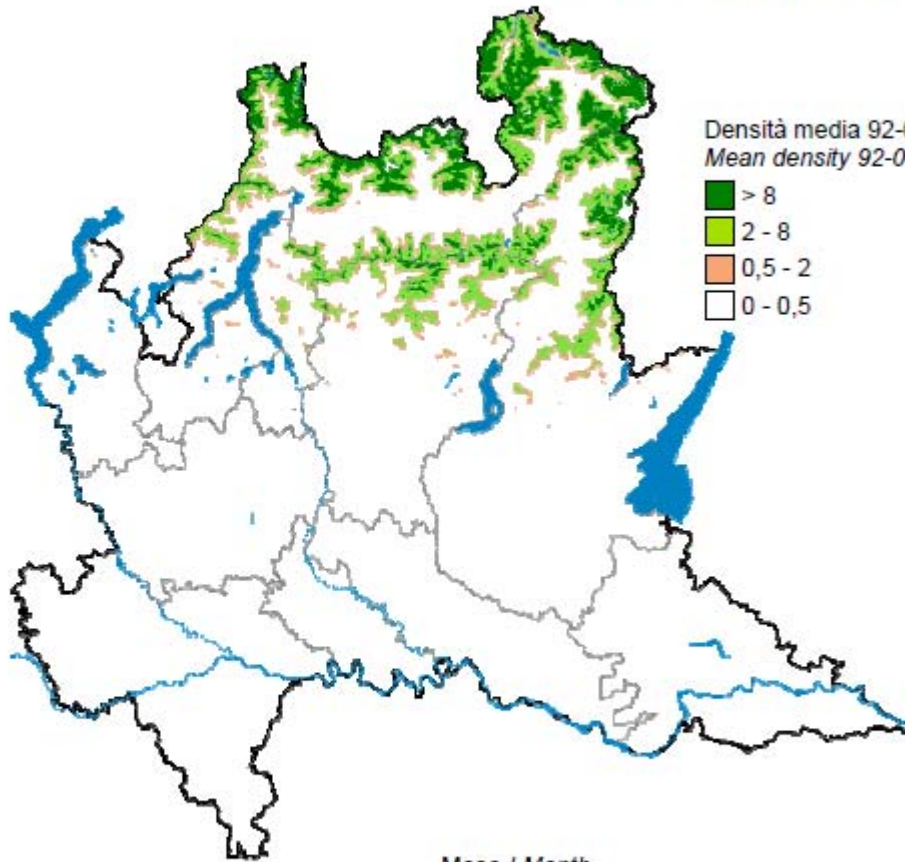


Spioncello Anthus spinoletta
SB par, M reg, W



AVES – Passeriformes – Motacillidae

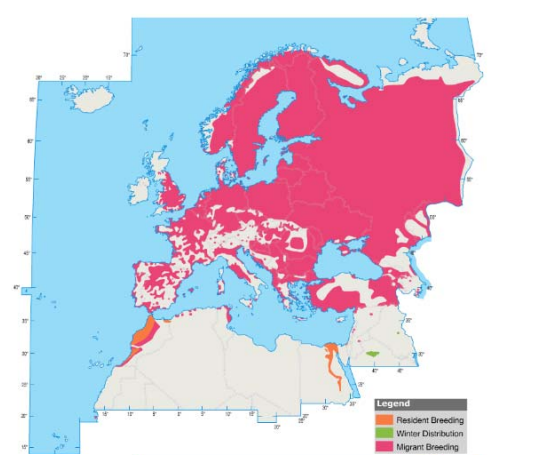
Spioncello alpino – Water Pipit
Anthus spinoletta



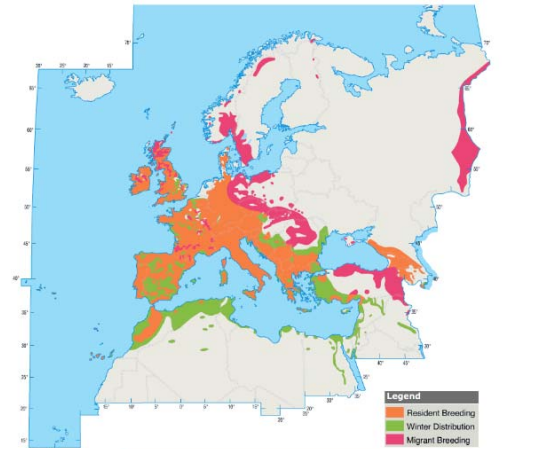
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 28.000	stabile – fluttuante
2007: 34.000	stable – fluctuating

Passeriformes, Motacillidae (8 spp)



Cutrettola *Motacilla flava cinereocapilla*
M reg, B, W irr



Ballerina gialla *Motacilla cinerea*
SB, M reg, W

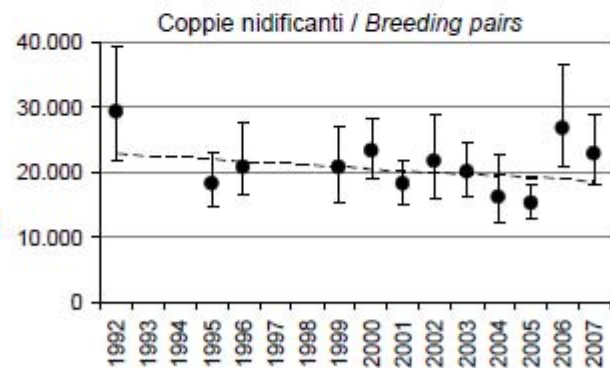
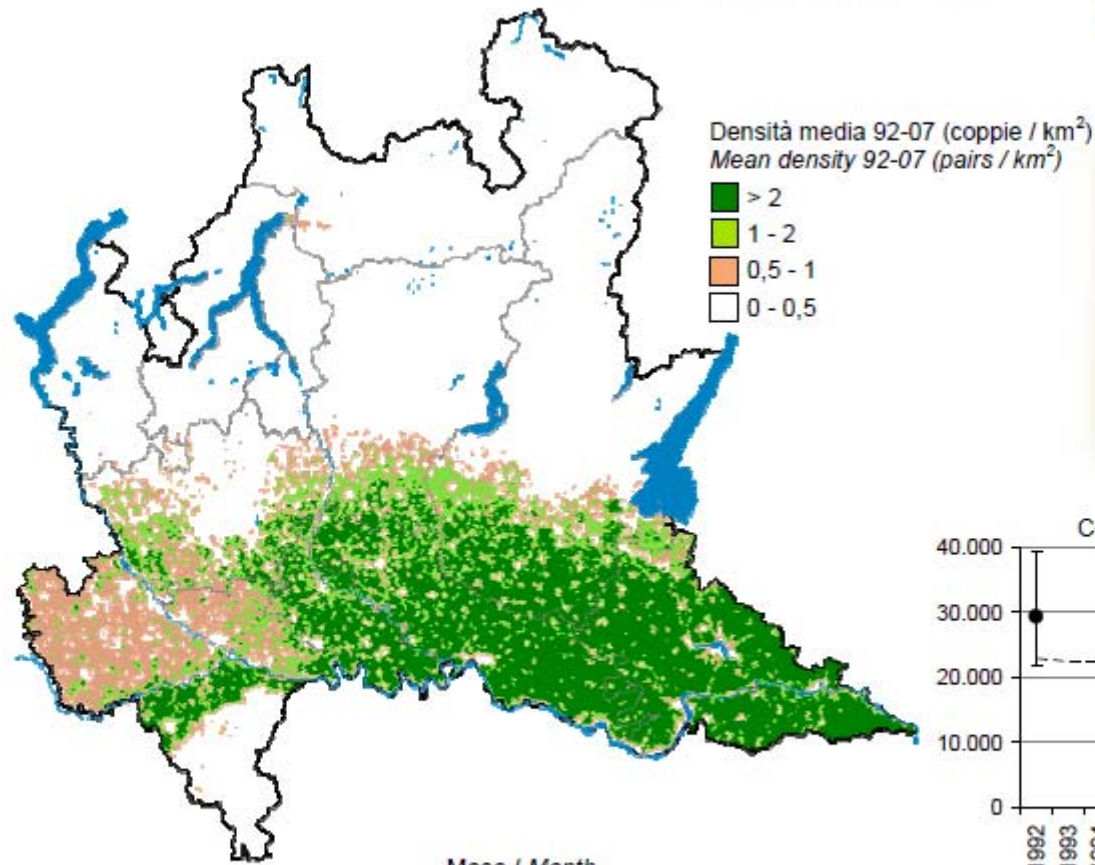


Ballerina bianca *Motacilla alba*
SB, M reg, W



AVES – Passeriformes – Motacillidae

Cutrettola – Yellow Wagtail
Motacilla flava



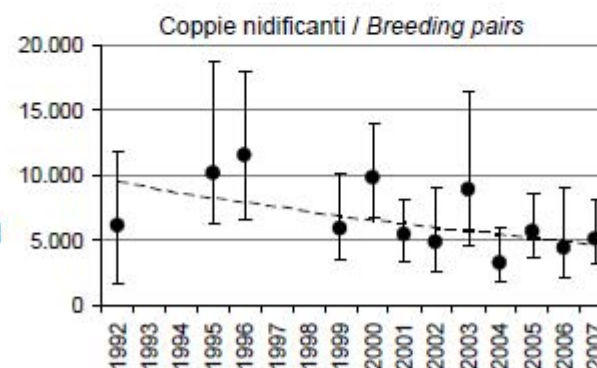
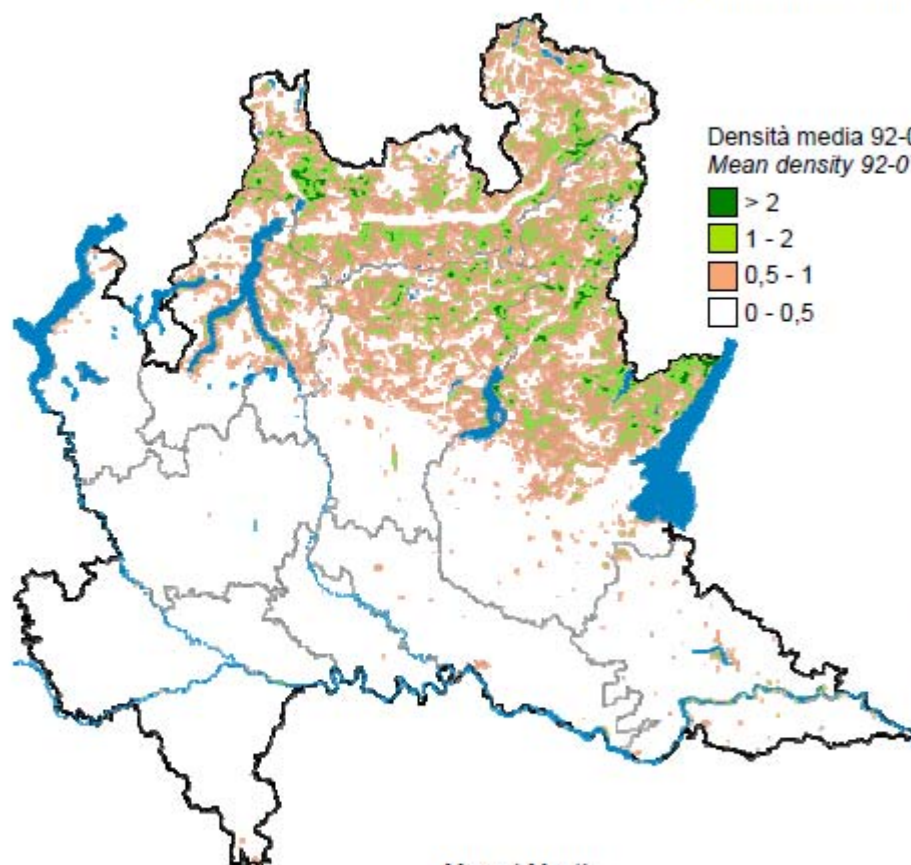
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)		ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07:	20.000	stabile / stable
2007:	23.000	



AVES – Passeriformes – Motacillidae

Ballerina gialla – Grey Wagtail
Motacilla cinerea



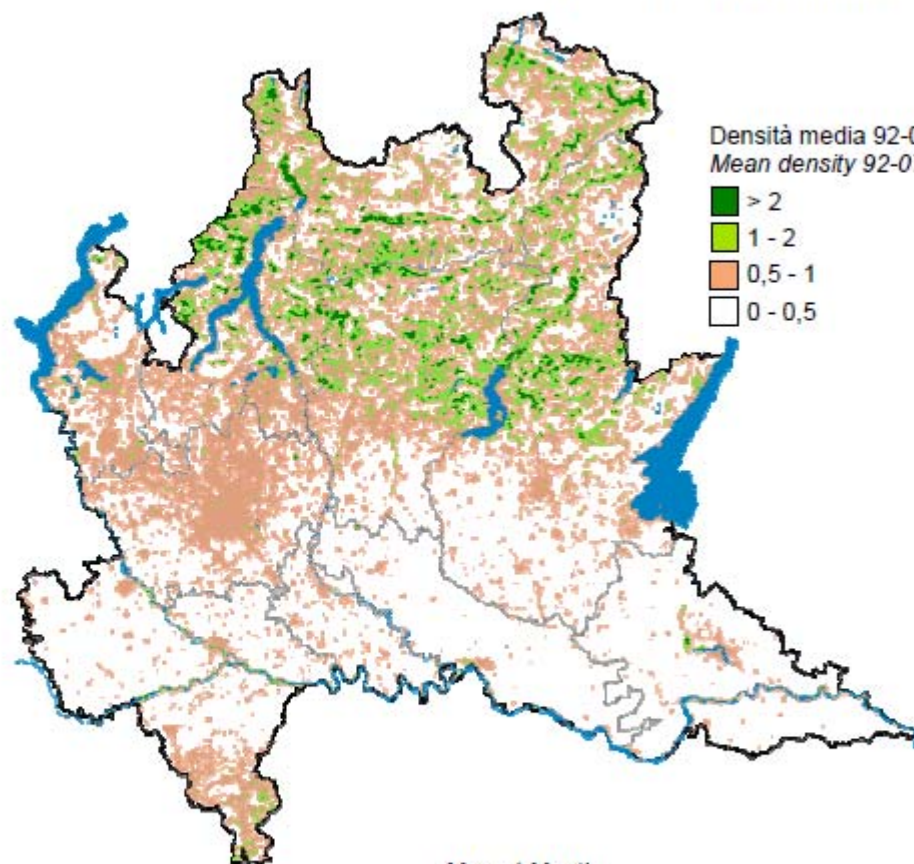
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 7.500	-4,6%
2007: 5.000	



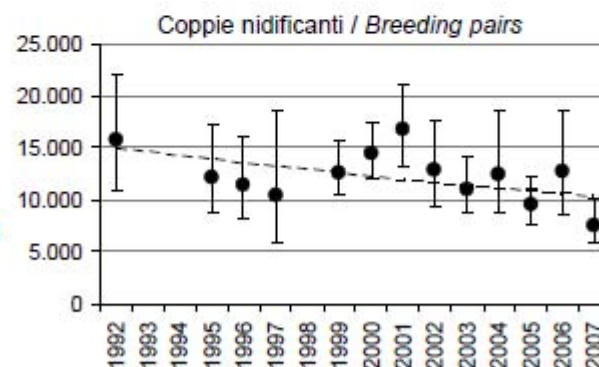
AVES – Passeriformes – Motacillidae

Ballerina bianca – White Wagtail
Motacilla alba



Densità media 92-07 (coppie / km²)
Mean density 92-07 (pairs / km²)

- > 2
- 1 - 2
- 0,5 - 1
- 0 - 0,5

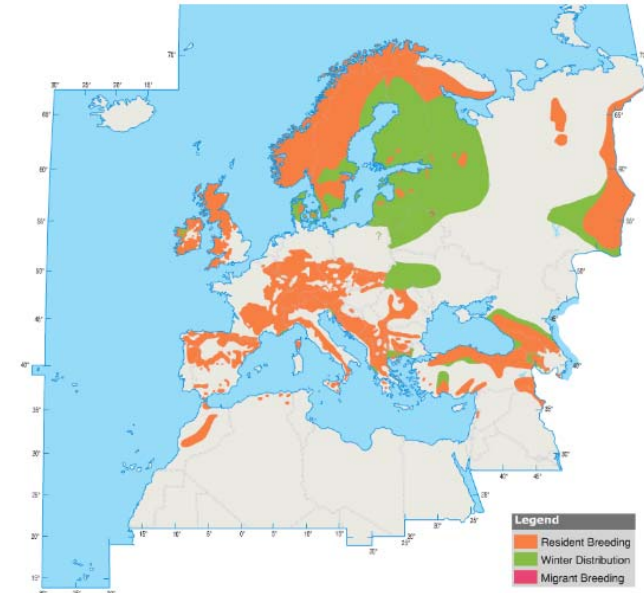


FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 12.500	stabile – fluttuante stable – fluctuating
2007: 7.500	

Passeriformes, Cinclidae (1 spp)

Merlo acquaiolo *Cinclus cinclus* SB, M reg, W par



Passeriformes, Troglodytidae (1 spp)

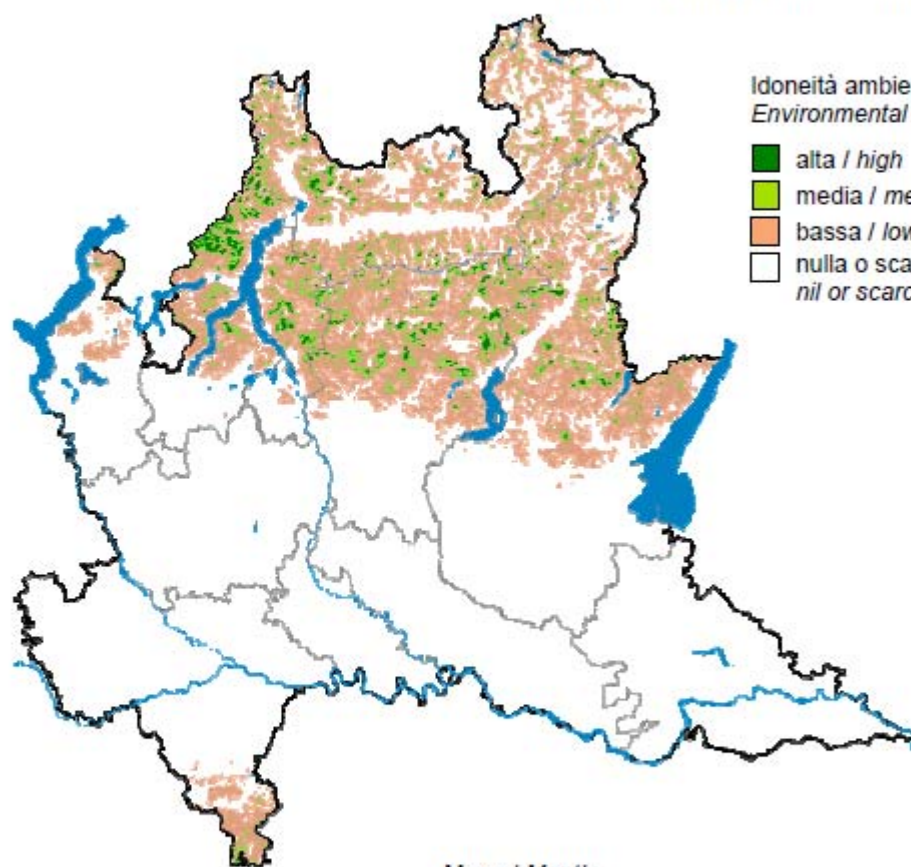
Scricciolo *Troglodytes troglodytes* SB, M reg, W





AVES – Passeriformes – Cinclidae

Merlo acquaiolo – *Dipper*
Cinclus cinclus



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
sedentaria / sedentary											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(1.000 – 1.500)

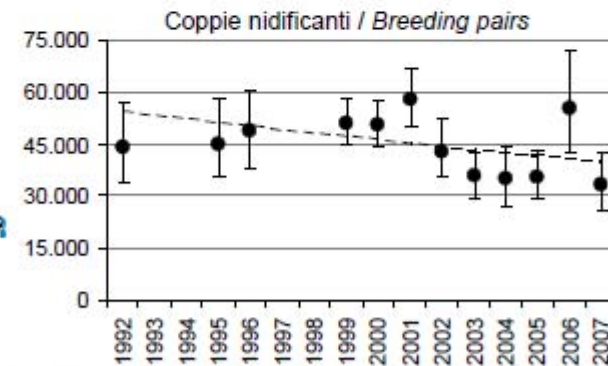
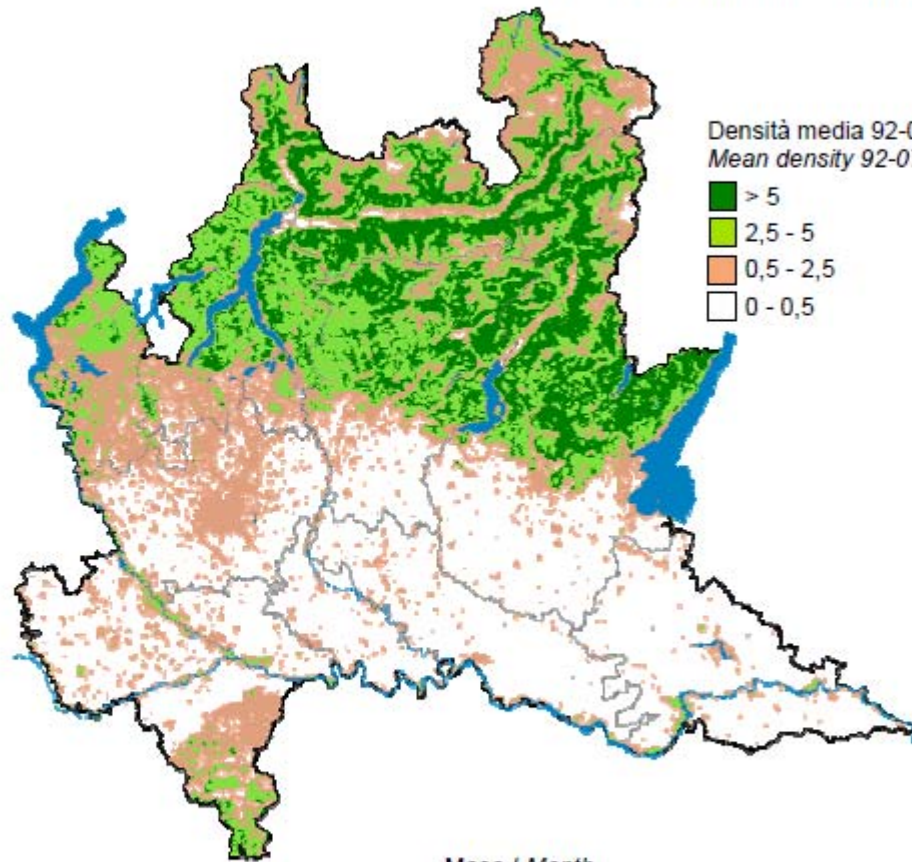
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

sconosciuto / unknown



AVES – Passeriformes – Troglodytidae

Scricciolo – Wren
Troglodytes troglodytes

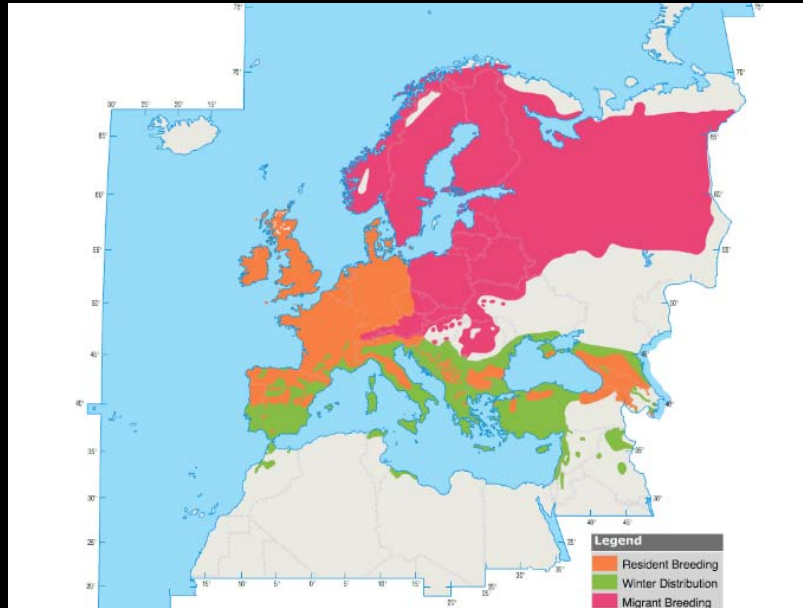


FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month												
Riproduzione / <i>Breeding</i>													
Migrazione / <i>Migration</i>													
Svernamento / <i>Wintering</i>													

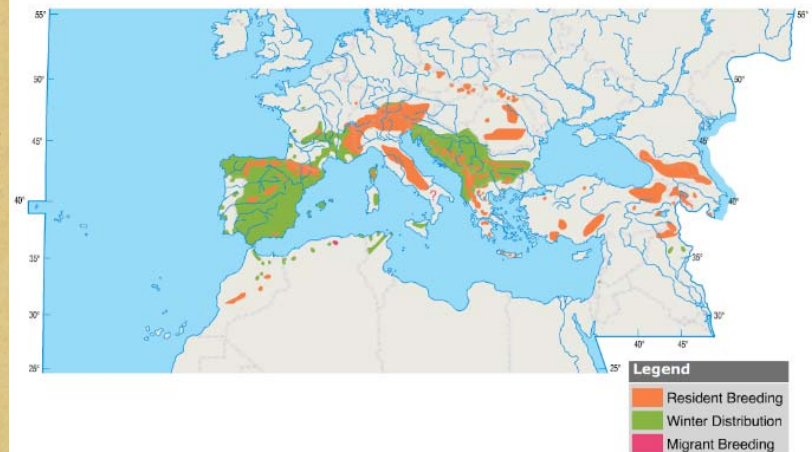
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) <i>POPULATION (breeding pairs)</i>	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO <i>MEAN ANNUAL TREND</i>
media / <i>mean</i> 92-07: 43.000	stabile – fluttuante
2007: 33.000	<i>stable – fluctuating</i>

Passeriformes, Prunellidae (2 spp)

Passera scopaiola *Prunella modularis* SB par, M reg, W



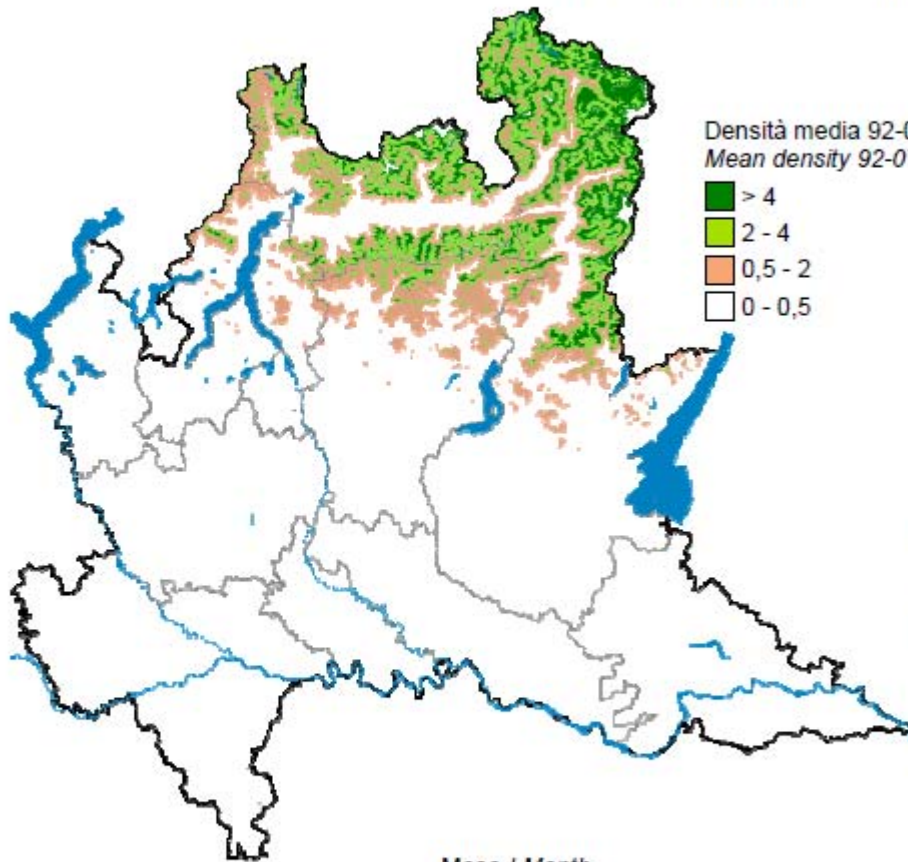
Sordone *Prunella collaris* SB, M reg, W





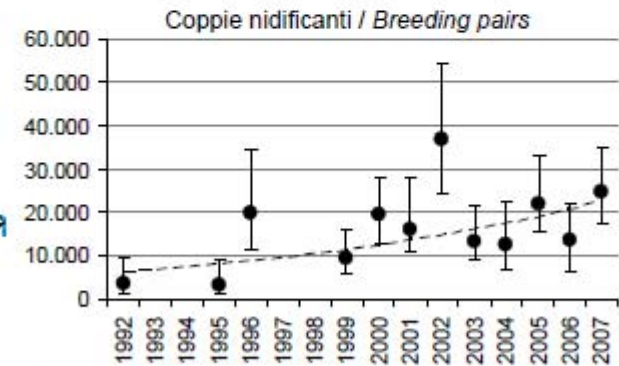
AVES – Passeriformes – Prunellidae

Passera scopaiola – Dunnock
Prunella modularis



Densità media 92-07 (coppie / km²)
Mean density 92-07 (pairs / km²)

- > 4
- 2 - 4
- 0,5 - 2
- 0 - 0,5



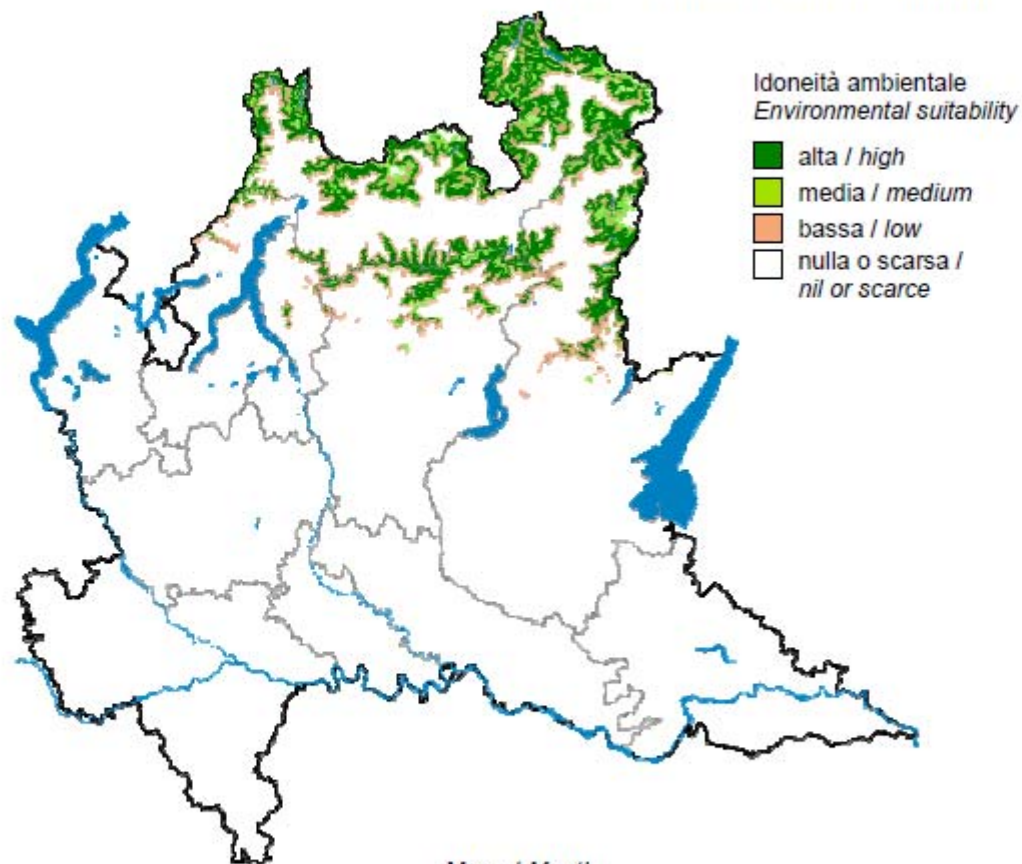
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month												
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Riproduzione / Breeding				■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	
Migrazione / Migration													
Svernamento / Wintering	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 15.500	+9,0%
2007: 25.000	



AVES – Passeriformes – Prunellidae

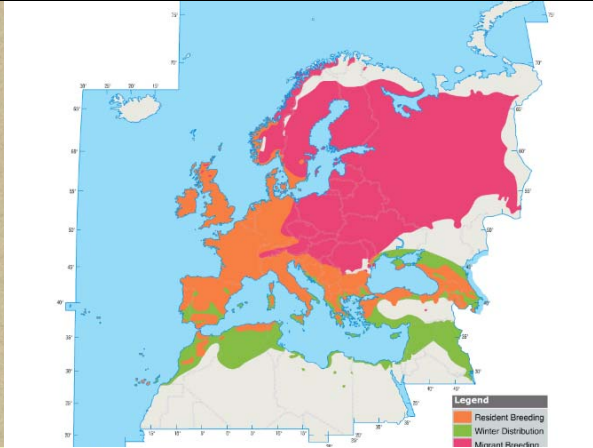
Sordone – Alpine Accentor
Prunella collaris



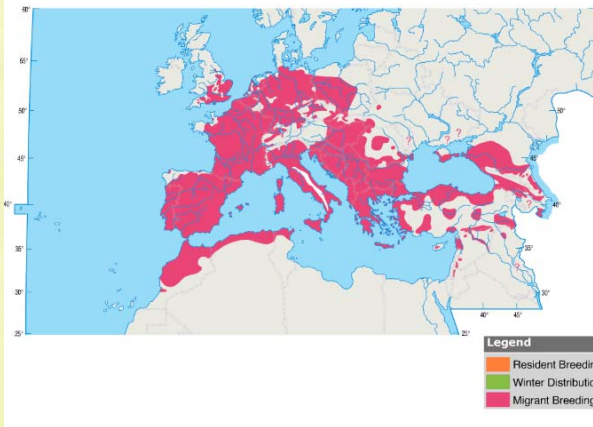
	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(250 – 500)	(stabile / stable)

Passeriformes, Turdidae (18 spp)



Pettirosso *Erithacus rubecula*
SB, M reg, W



Usignolo *Luscinia megarhynchos*
M reg, B, W irr



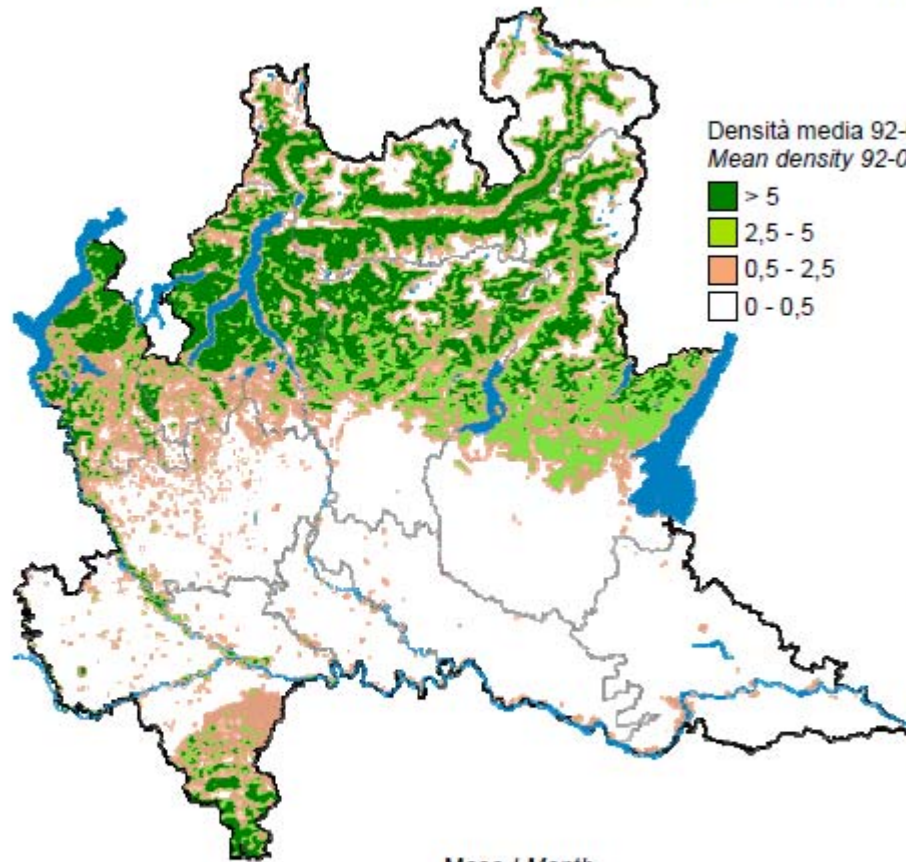
Pettazzurro *Luscinia svecica*
M reg, W par, B irr

Allegato I 79/409/CEE



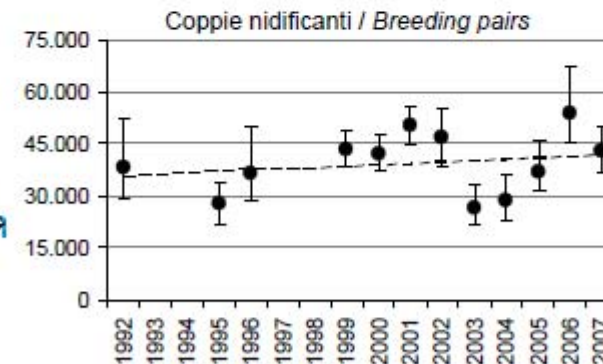
AVES – Passeriformes – Turdidae

Pettirosso – Robin
Erithacus rubecula



Densità media 92-07 (coppie / km²)
Mean density 92-07 (pairs / km²)

- > 5
- 2,5 - 5
- 0,5 - 2,5
- 0 - 0,5



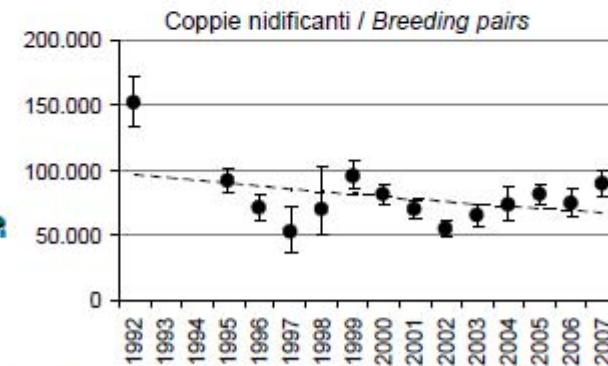
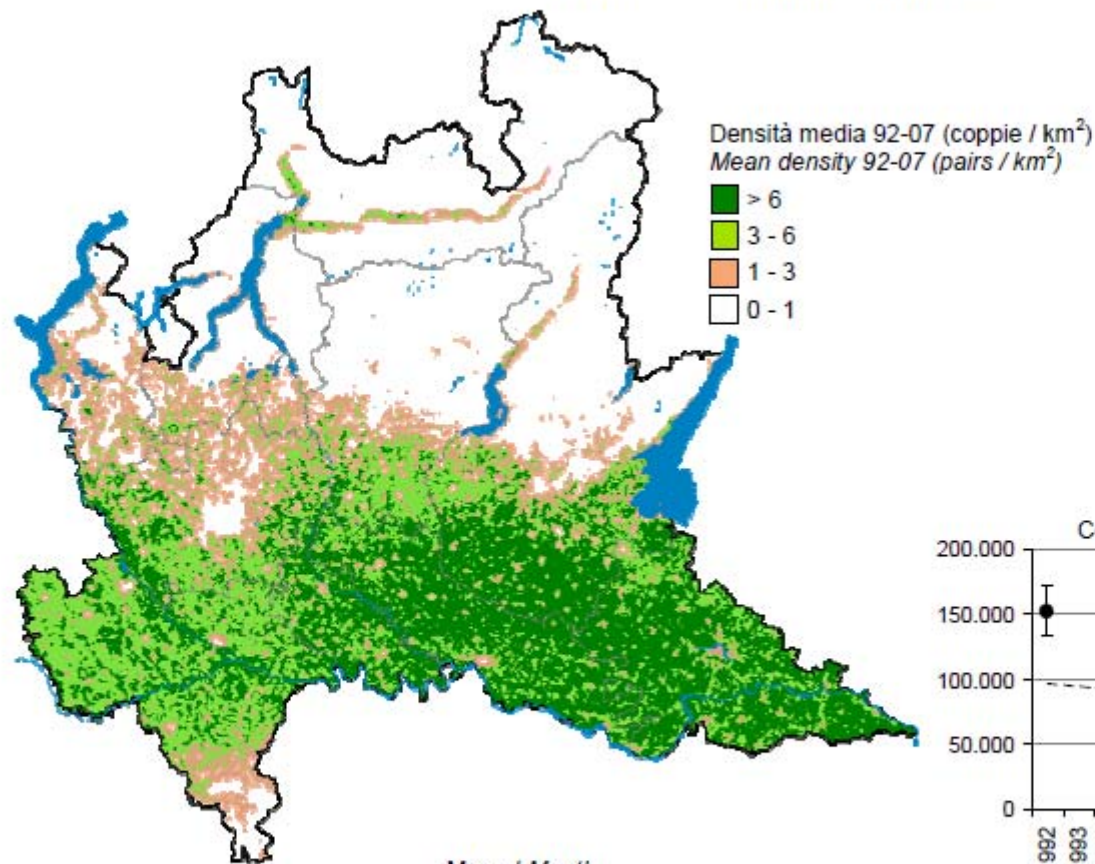
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 38.500	stabile – fluttuante stable – fluctuating
2007: 42.500	



AVES – Passeriformes – Turdidae

Usignolo – Nightingale
Luscinia megarhynchos



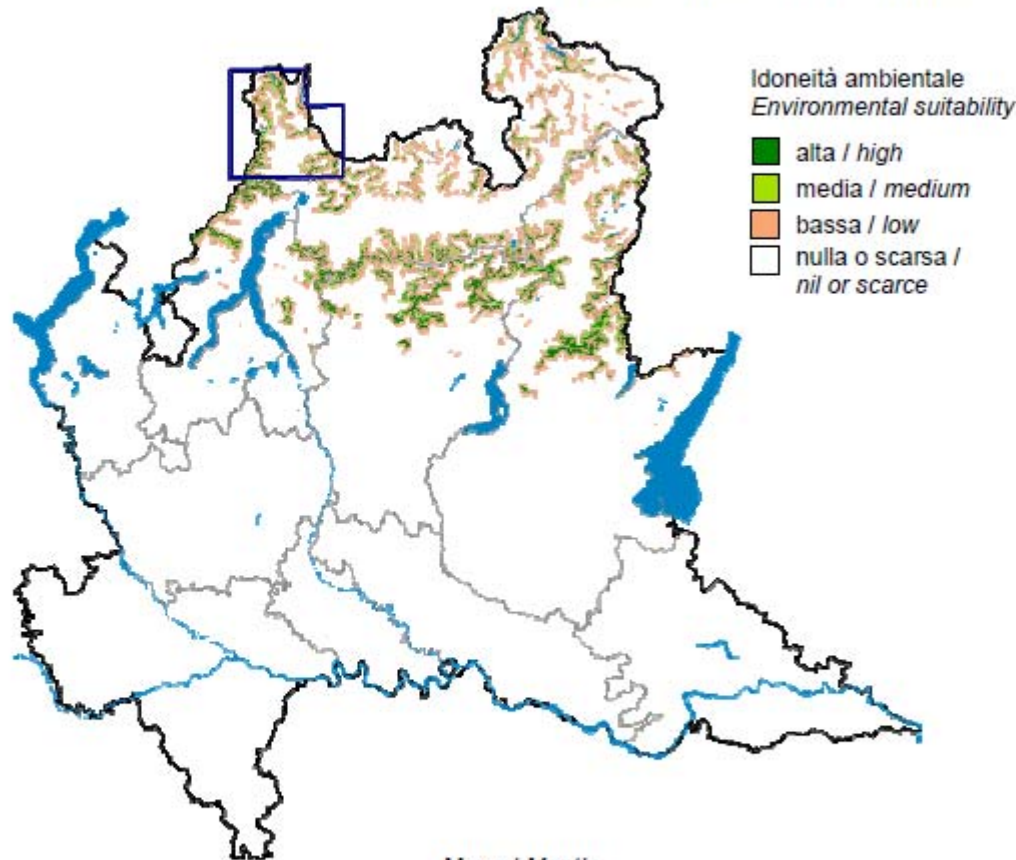
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding					■	■	■	■	■			
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 77.500	stabile – ridotta stable – depleted
2007: 89.000	



AVES – Passeriformes – Turdidae

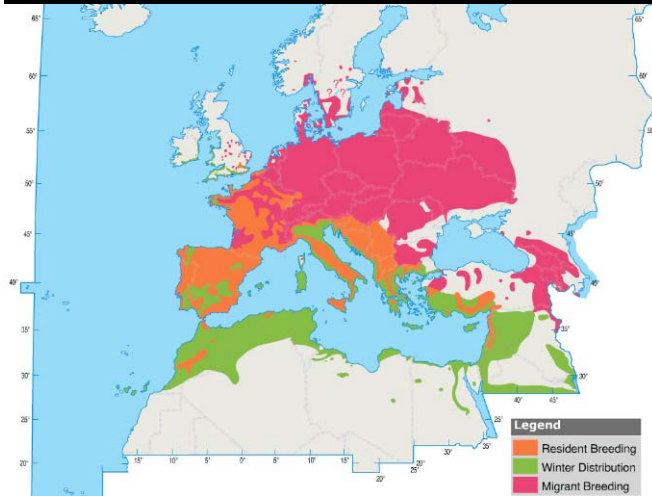
Pettazzurro – *Bluethroat*
Luscinia svecica



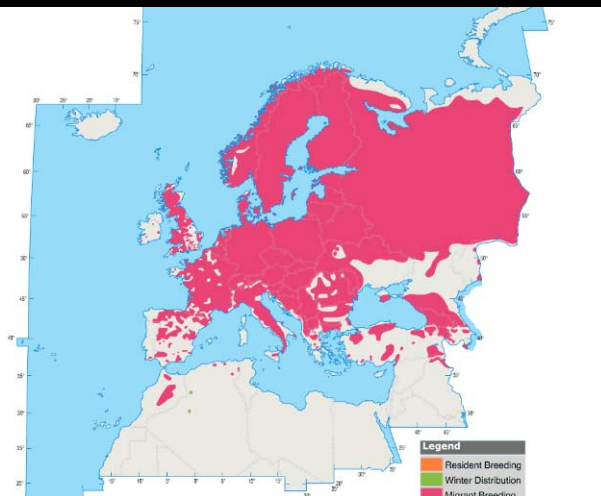
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
?	

Passeriformes, Turdidae (18 spp)



Codirosso spazzacamino
Phoenicurus ochruros
SB par, M reg, W



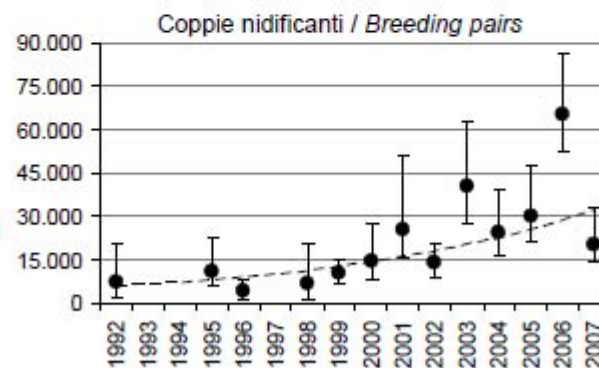
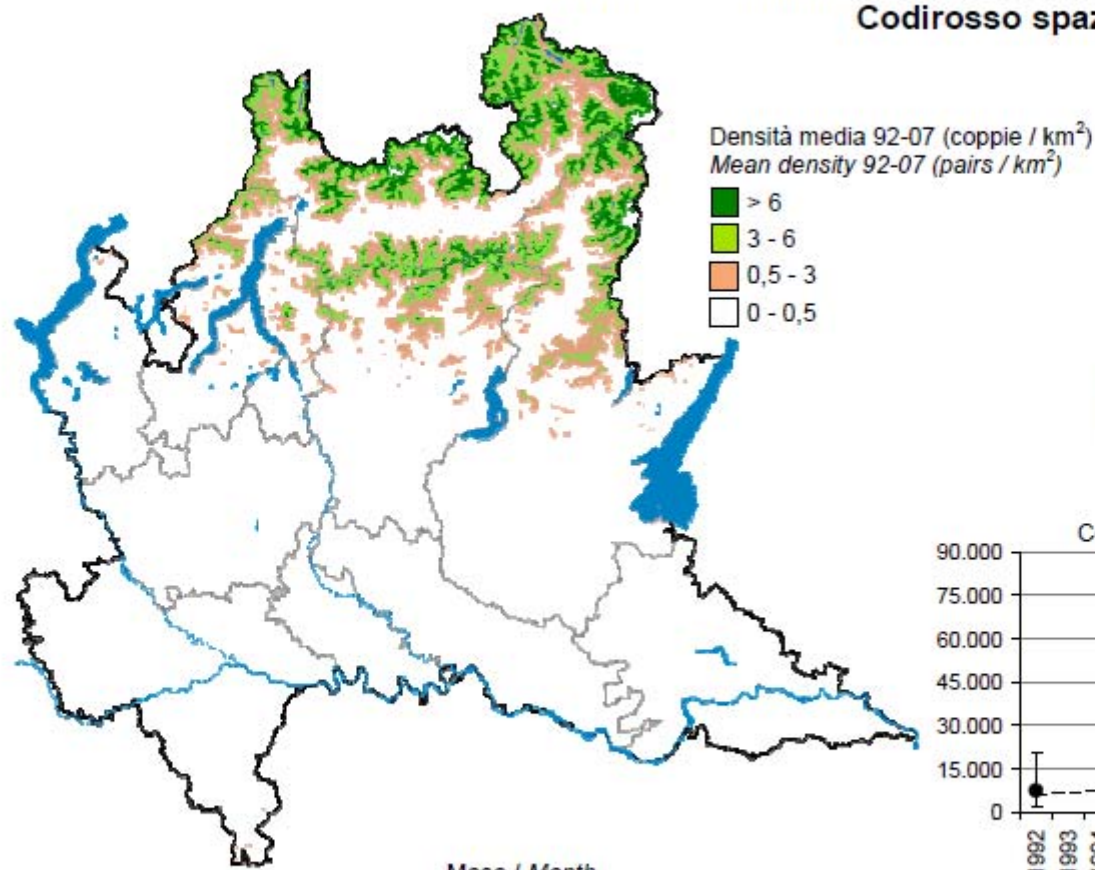
Codirosso
Phoenicurus phoenicurus
M reg, B, W irr

SPEC 2



AVES – Passeriformes – Turdidae

Codirosso spazzacamino – Black Redstart
Phoenicurus ochruros



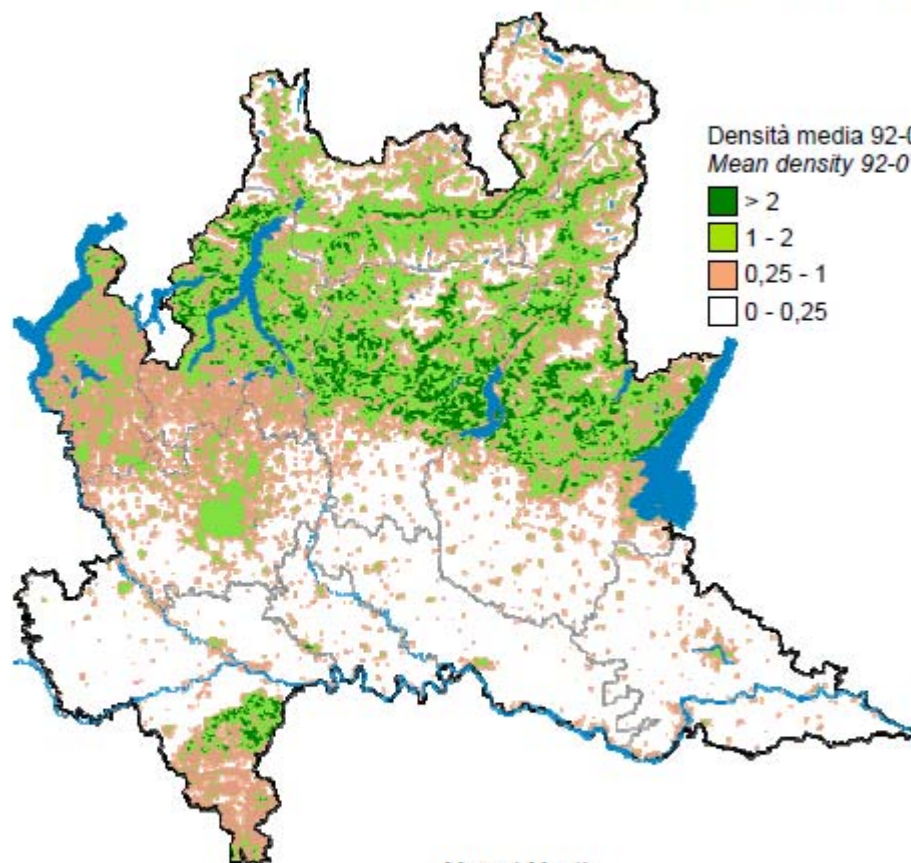
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 21.000	+12,5%
2007: 20.000	fluttuante / fluctuating



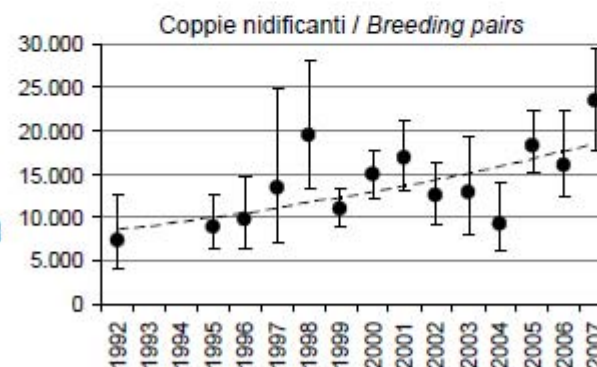
AVES – Passeriformes – Turdidae

Codirosso – Redstart
Phoenicurus phoenicurus



Densità media 92-07 (coppie / km²)
Mean density 92-07 (pairs / km²)

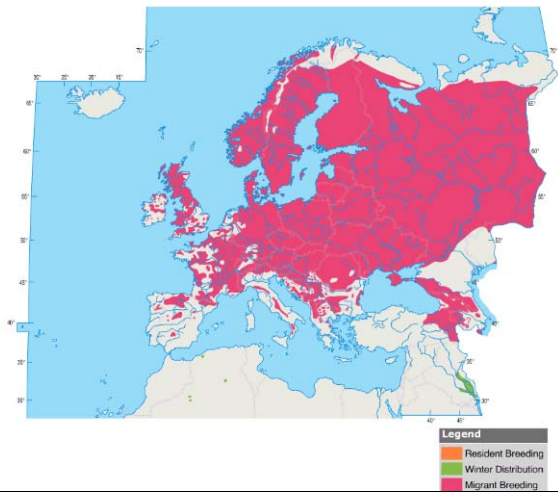
- > 2
- 1 - 2
- 0,25 - 1
- 0 - 0,25



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 13.000	+5,4%
2007: 23.500	

Passeriformes, Turdidae (18 spp)



Stiaccino *Saxicola rubetra*
M reg, B, W irr

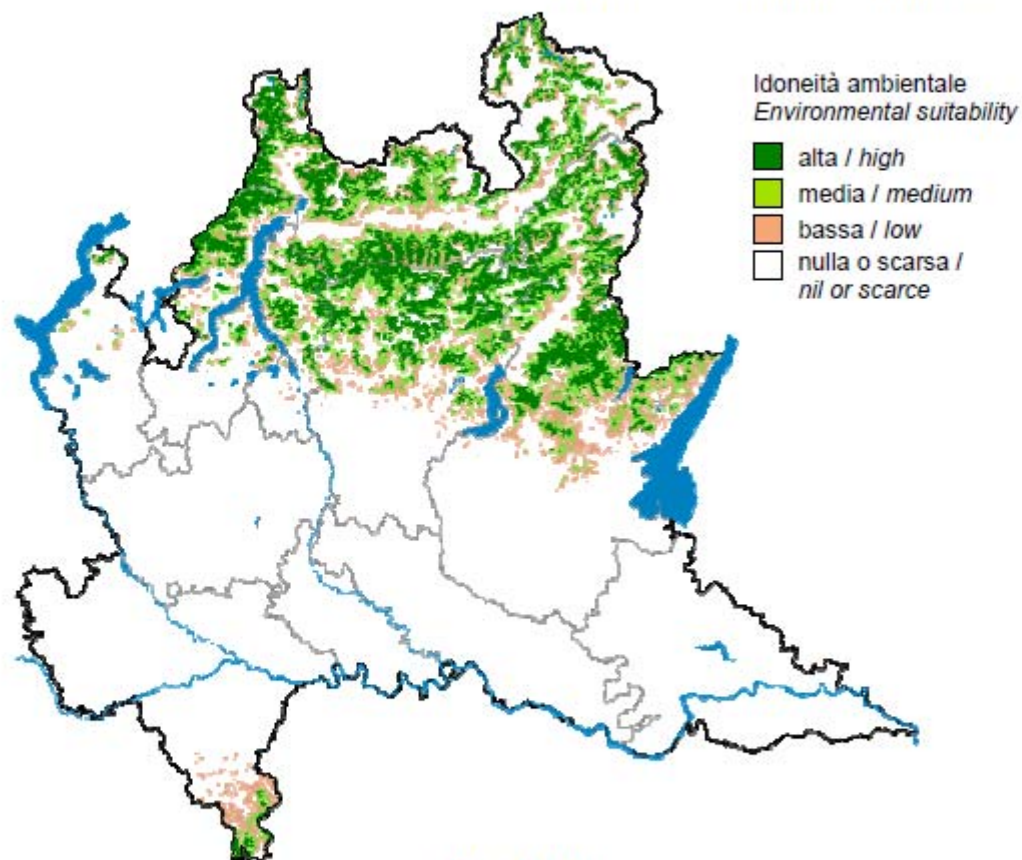


Saltimpalo *Saxicola torquata*
SB, M reg, W



AVES – Passeriformes – Turdidae

Stiaccino – Whinchat
Saxicola rubetra



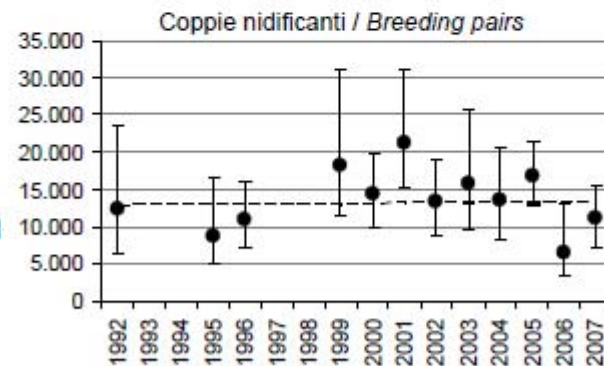
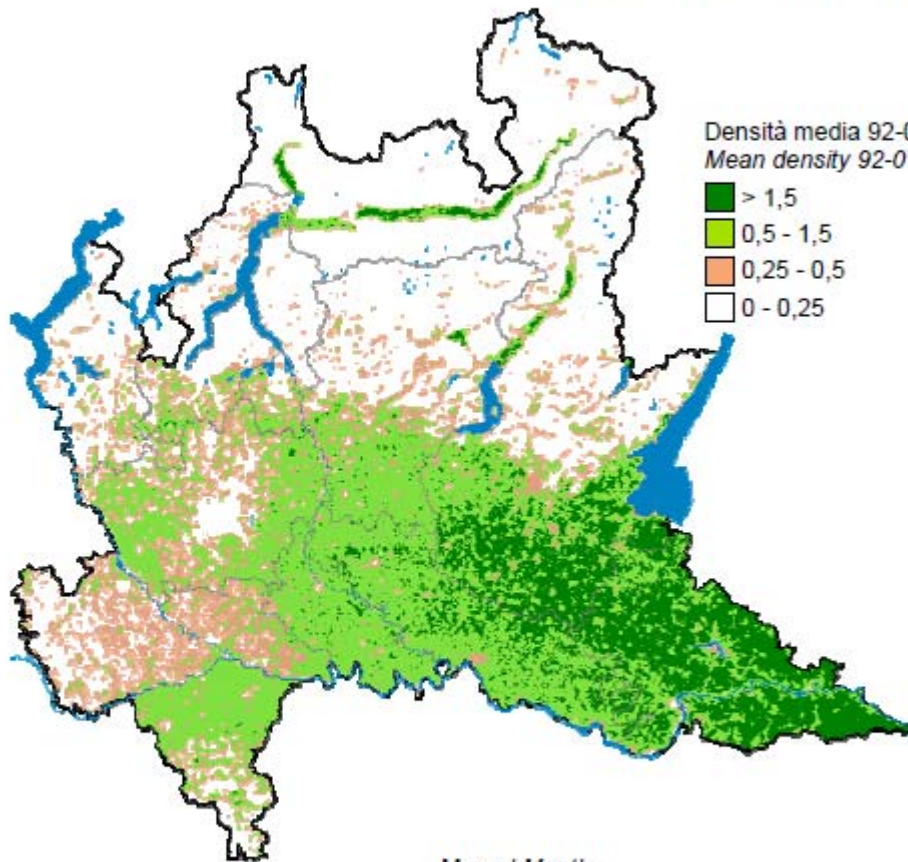
	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(2.000 – 4.000)	sconosciuto / unknown



AVES – Passeriformes – Turdidae

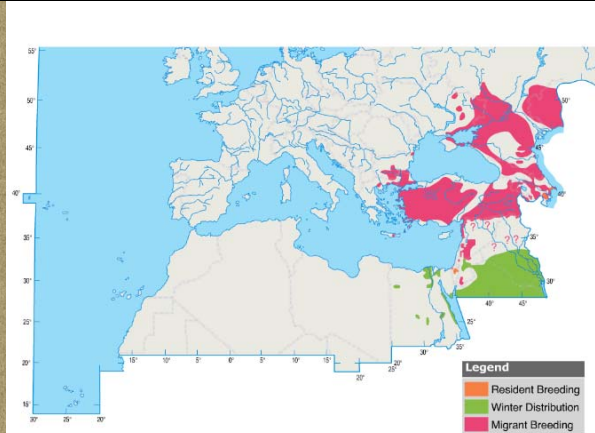
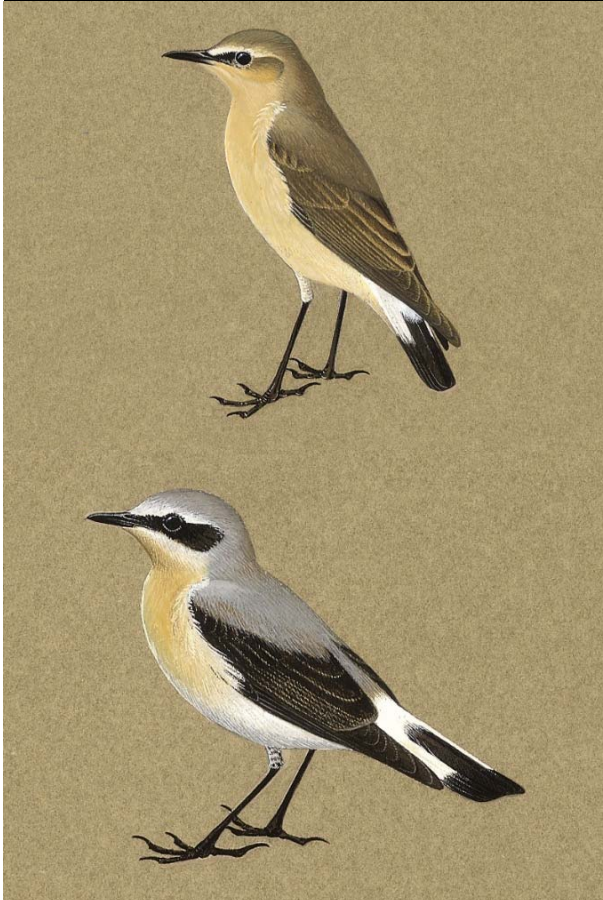
Saltimpalo – Stonechat
Saxicola torquata



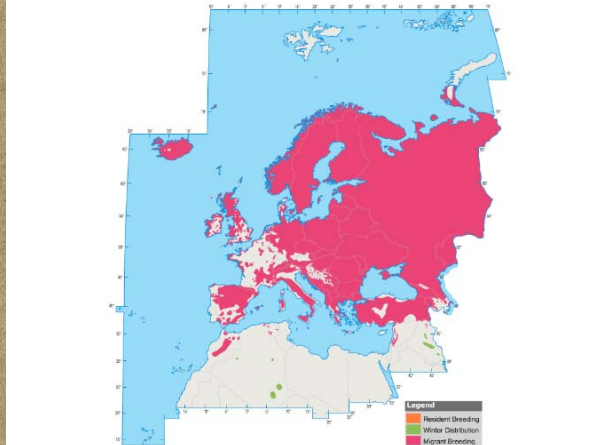
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Svernamento / Wintering	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 14.500	stabile – fluttuante
2007: 11.000	stable – fluctuating

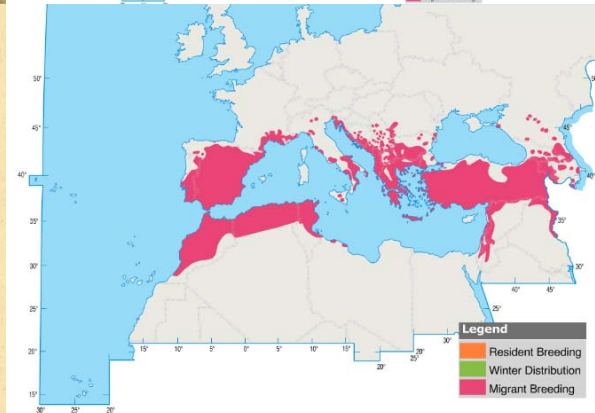
Passeriformes, Turdidae (18 spp)



Culbianco isabellino
Oenanthe isabellina
M reg (Sicilia), A (altrove)



Culbianco
Oenanthe oenanthe
M reg, B, W irr
SPEC 3

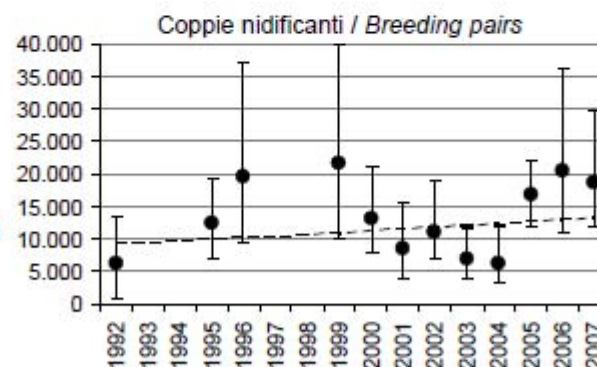
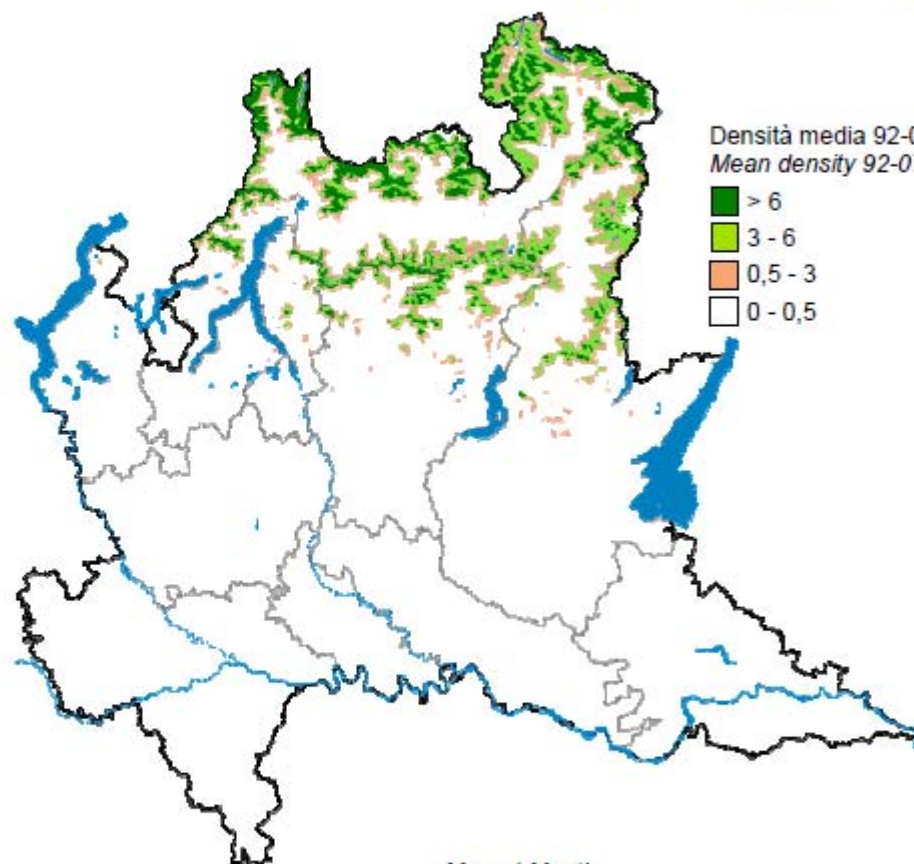


Monachella
Oenanthe hispanica
M reg, B, W irr
SPEC 2



AVES – Passeriformes – Turdidae

Culbianco – Wheatear
Oenanthe oenanthe



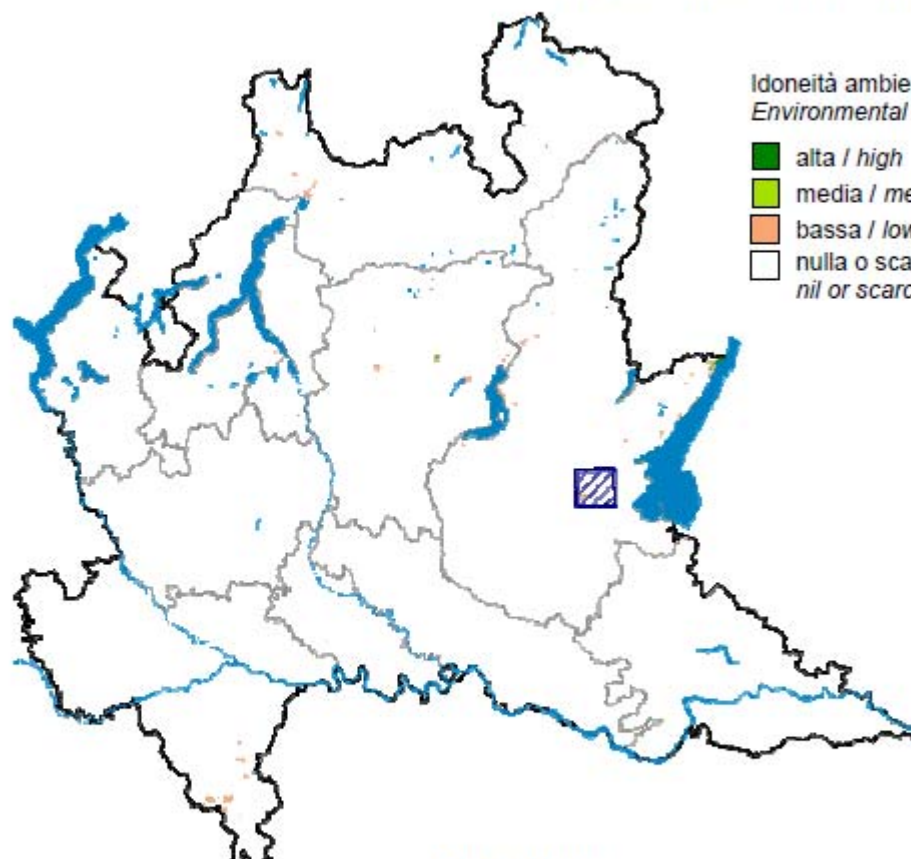
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 13.000	stabile – fluttuante
2007: 18.500	stable – fluctuating



AVES – Passeriformes – Turdidae

Monachella – Black-eared Wheatear
Oenanthe hispanica



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

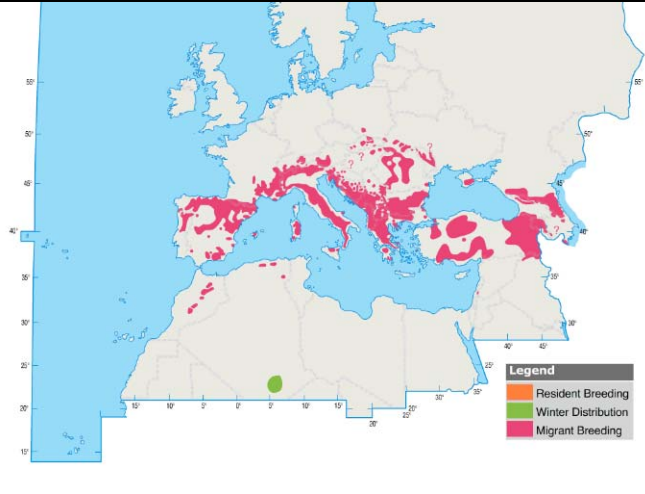
- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



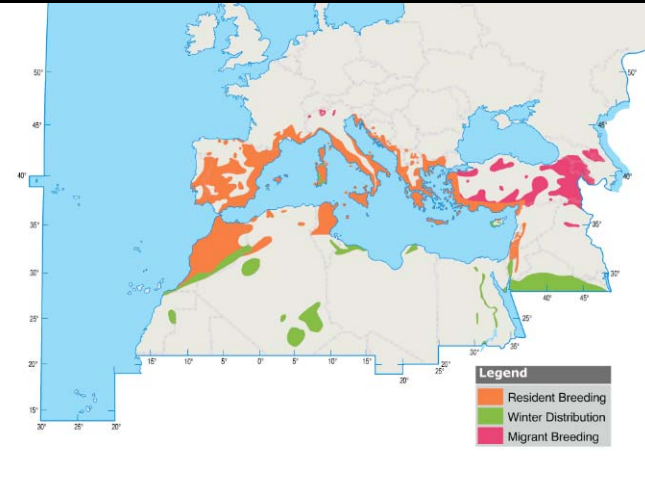
	Mese / Month											
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
?	

Passeriformes, Turdidae (18 spp)



Codirossone
Monticola saxatilis
M reg, B
SPEC 3

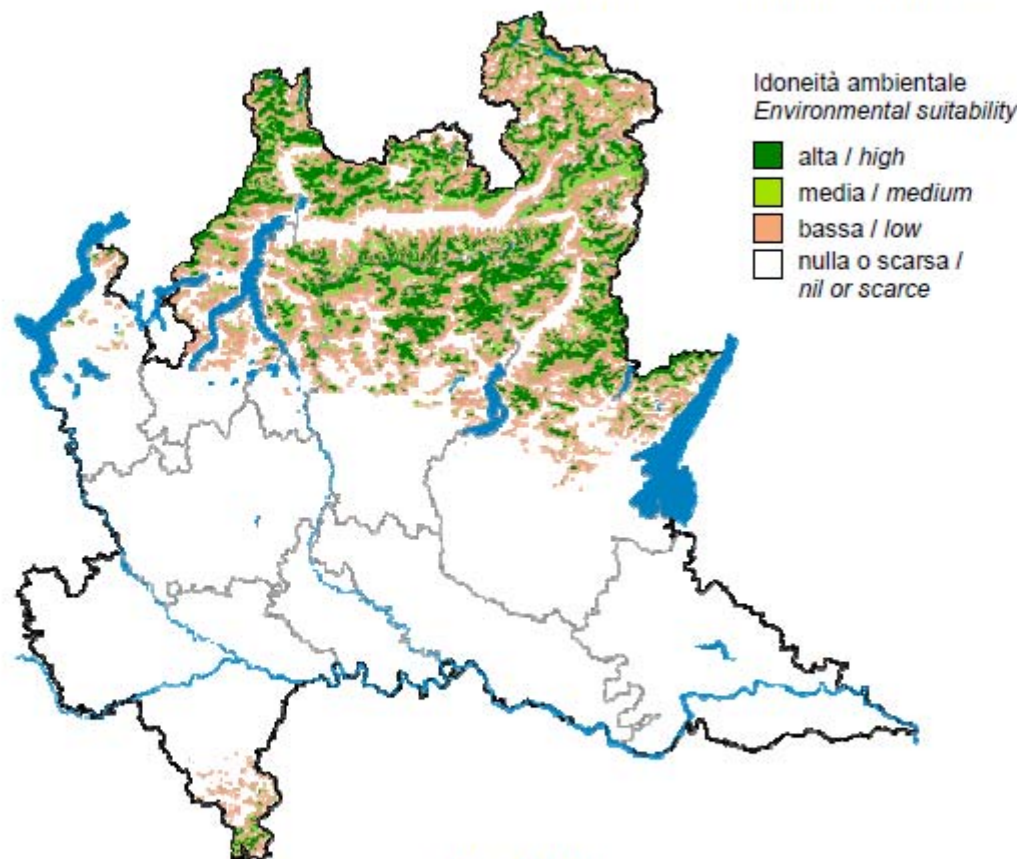


Passero solitario
Monticola solitarius
SB, M reg, W par
SPEC 3



AVES – Passeriformes – Turdidae

Codirossone – Rock Thrush
Monticola saxatilis



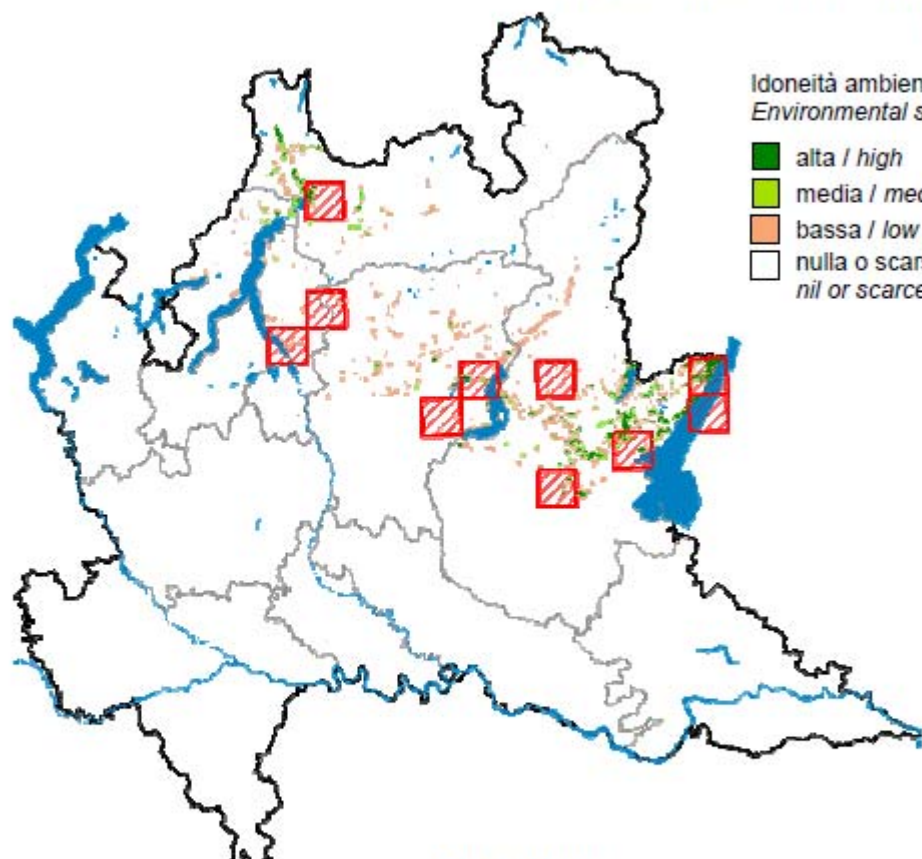
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(1.000 – 2.000)	sconosciuto / unknown



AVES – Passeriformes – Turdidae

Passero solitario – Blue Rock Thrush
Monticola solitarius



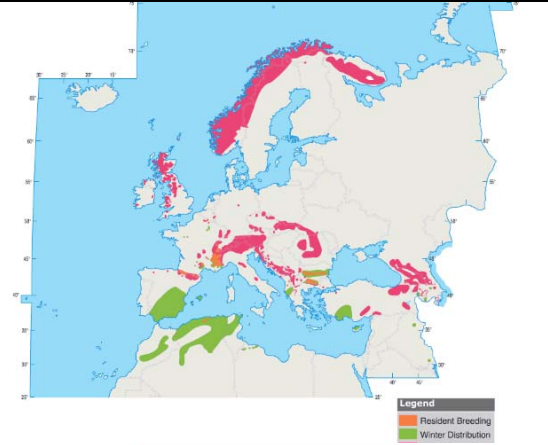
Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce

FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) <i>POPULATION (breeding pairs)</i>	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO <i>MEAN ANNUAL TREND</i>
(<250)	sconosciuto - ridotta <i>unknown - depleted</i>

Passeriformes, Turdidae (18 spp)



Merlo dal collare
Turdus torquatus
M reg, B, W par

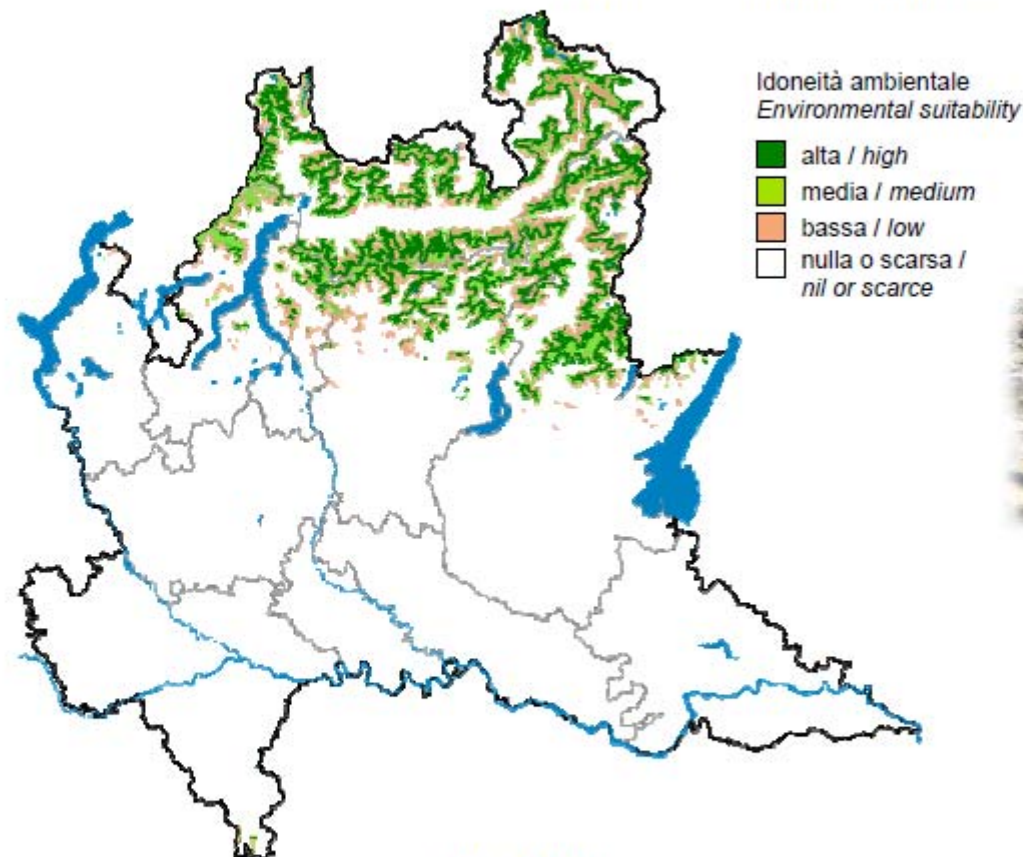
Merlo
Turdus merula
SB, M reg, W

Cesena
Turdus pilaris
SB par, M reg, W



AVES – Passeriformes – Turdidae

Merlo dal collare – Ring Ouzel
Turdus torquatus



	Mese / Month											
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

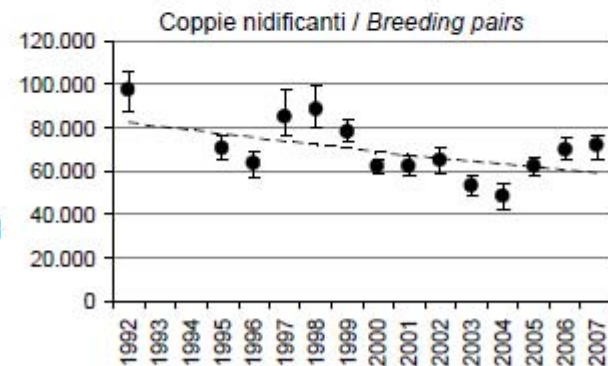
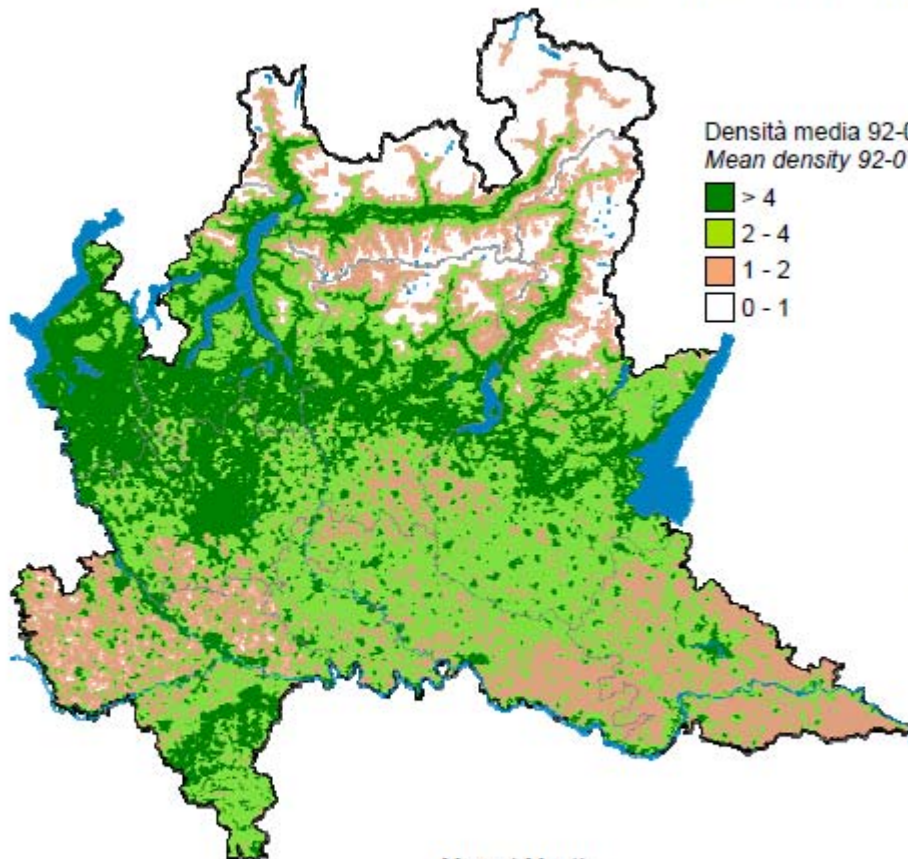
(1.000 – 2.000)

(stabile / stable)



AVES – Passeriformes – Turdidae

Merlo – Blackbird
Turdus merula



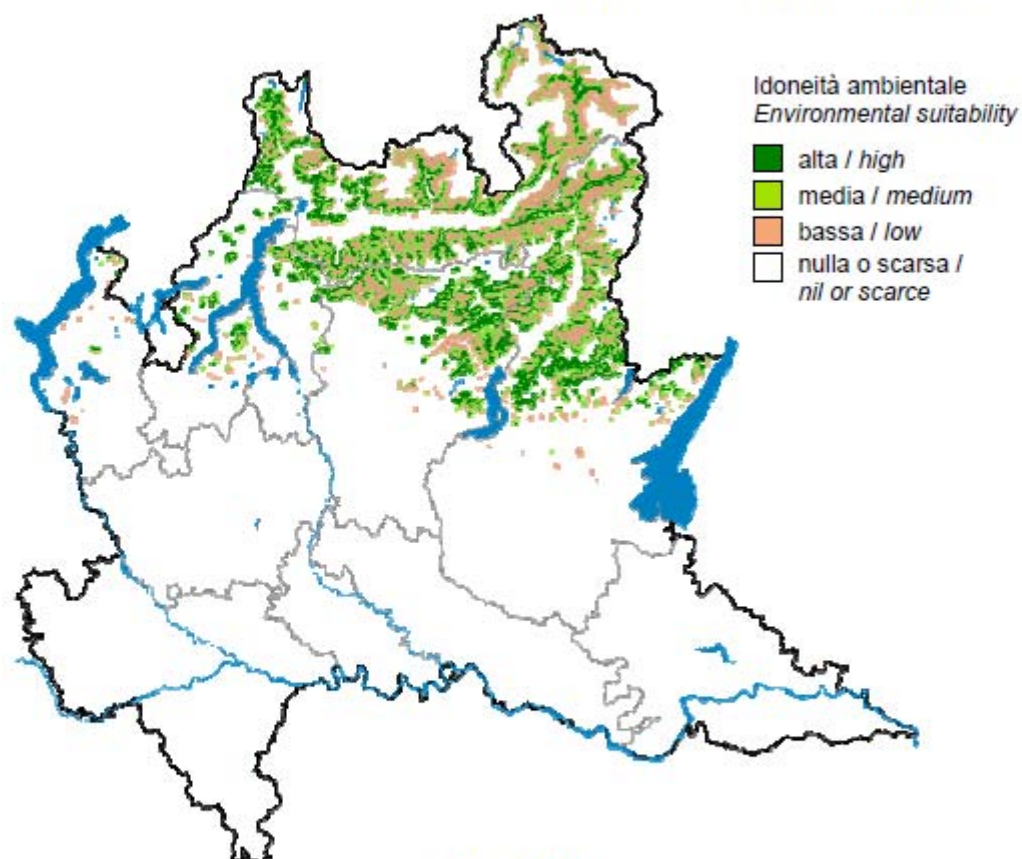
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 66.000	-2,2%
2007: 71.500	fluttuante /fluctuating



AVES – Passeriformes – Turdidae

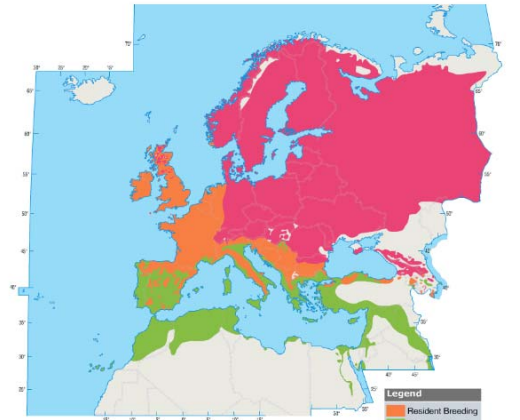
Cesena – **Fieldfare**
Turdus pilaris



	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(1.000 – 1.500)	sconosciuto / unknown

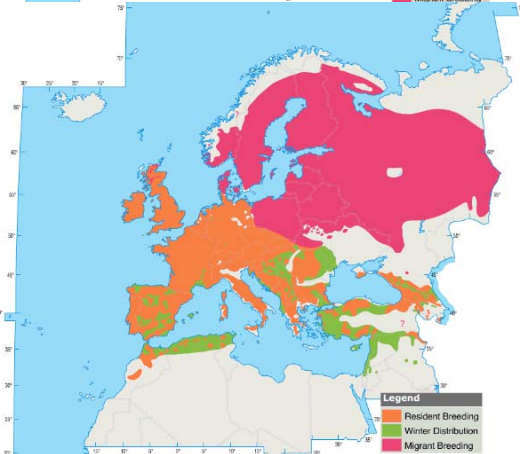
Passeriformes, Turdidae (18 spp)



Tordo bottaccio
Turdus philomelos
 SB par, M reg, W



Tordo sassello
Turdus iliacus
 M reg, W, B irr

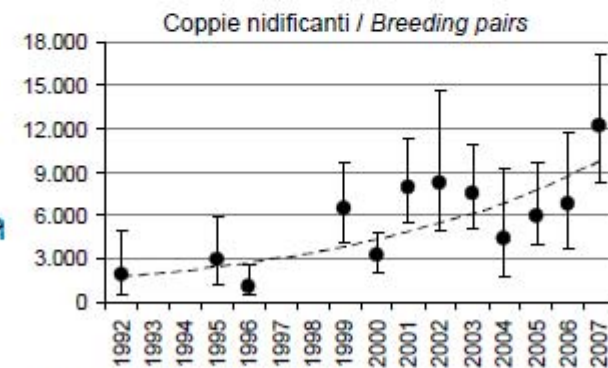
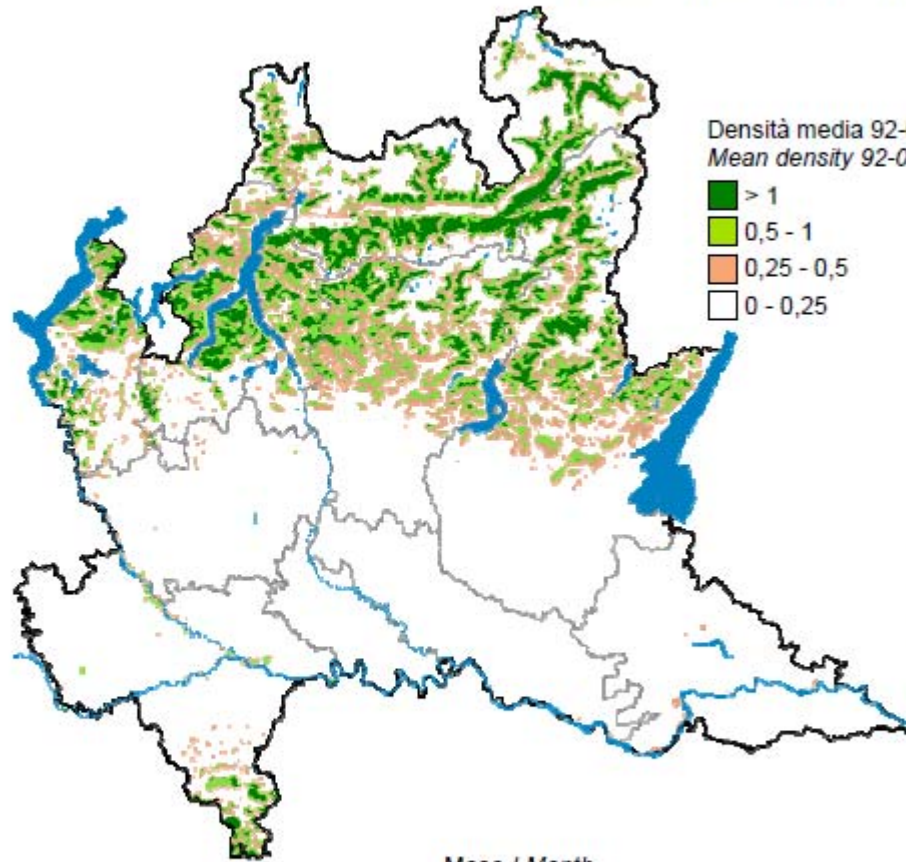


Tordela
Turdus viscivorus
 SB, M reg, W par



AVES – Passeriformes – Turdidae

Tordo bottaccio – Song Thrush
Turdus philomelos



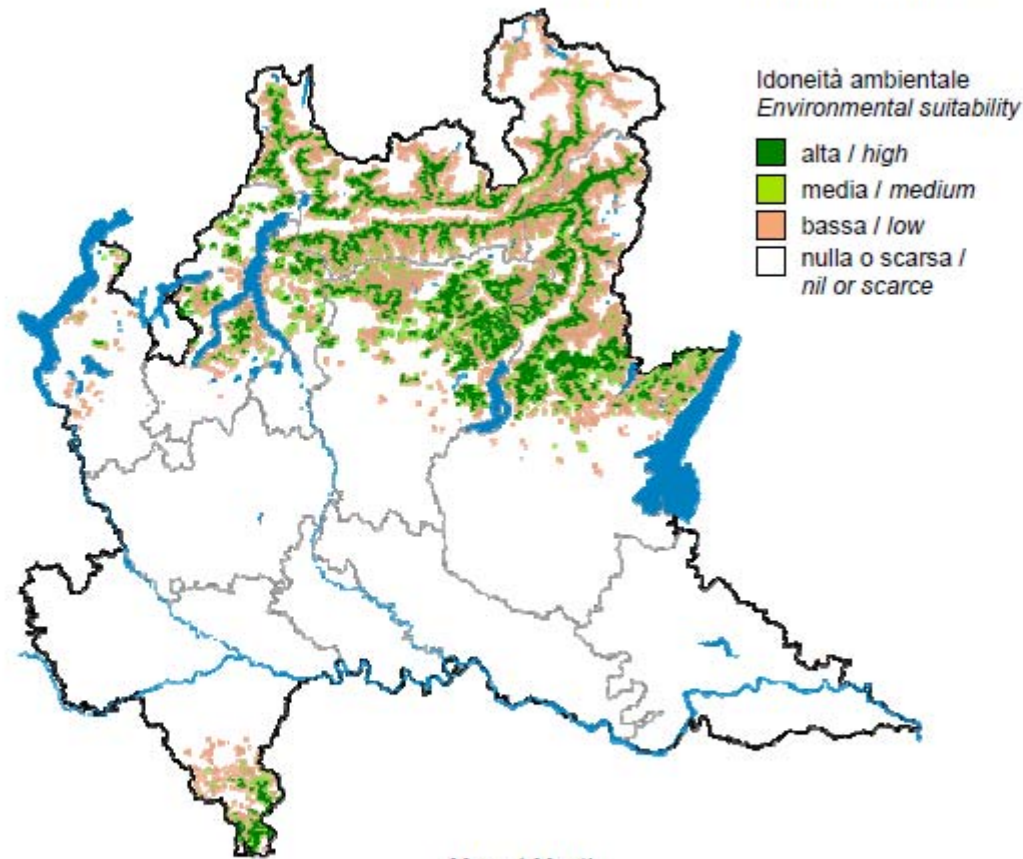
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 5.100	+12,5%
2007: 12.200	



AVES – Passeriformes – Turdidae

Tordela – Mistle Thrush
Turdus viscivorus



	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

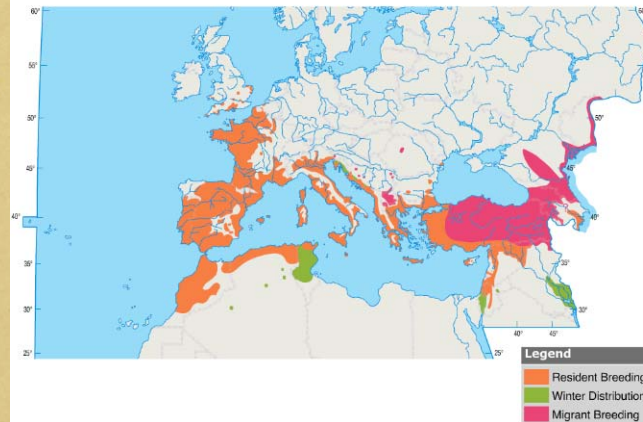
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(1.000 – 2.000)

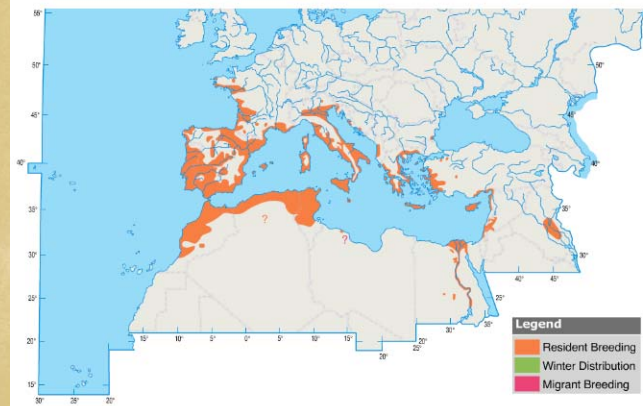
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

sconosciuto / unknown

Passeriformes, Sylviidae (29 spp)



Usignolo di fiume
Cettia cetti
SB, M reg, W par



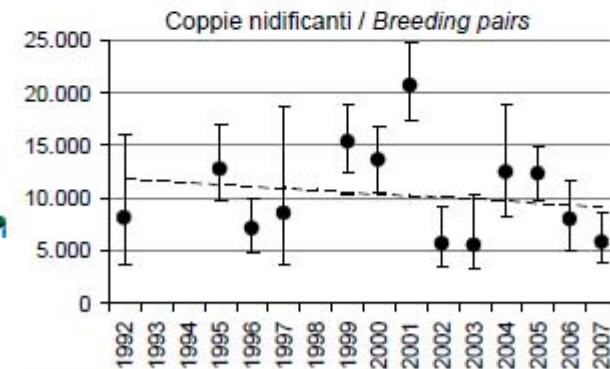
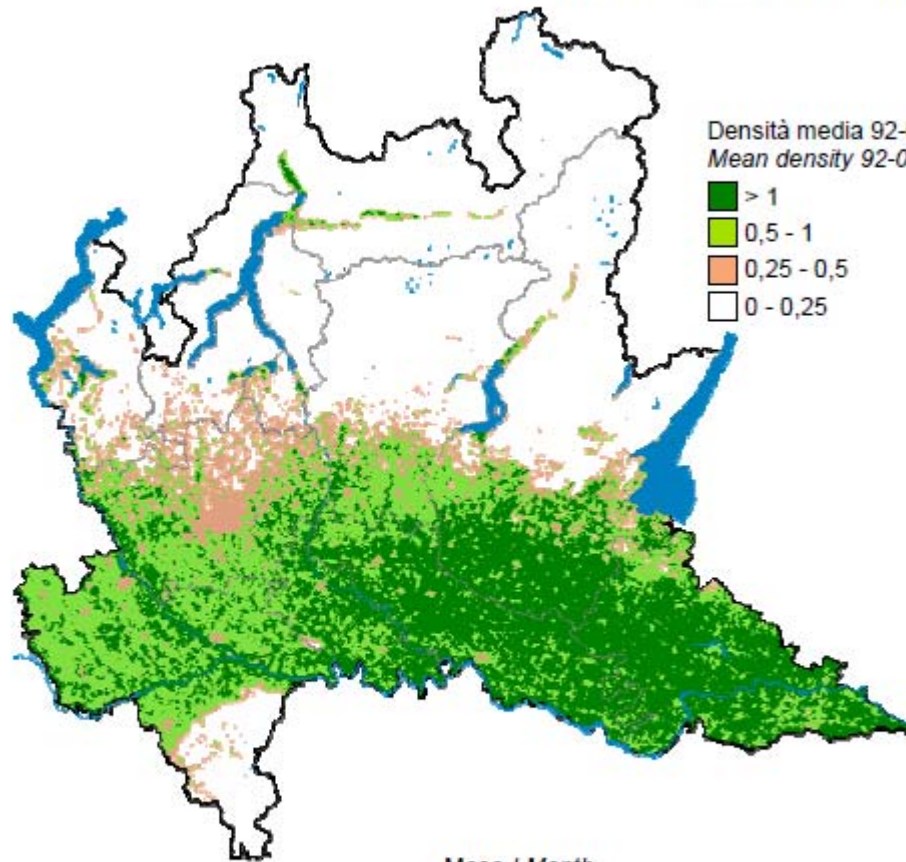
Beccamoschino
Cisticola juncidis
SB, M reg, W par



AVES – Passeriformes – Sylviidae

Usignolo di fiume – *Cetti's Warbler*

Cettia cetti



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

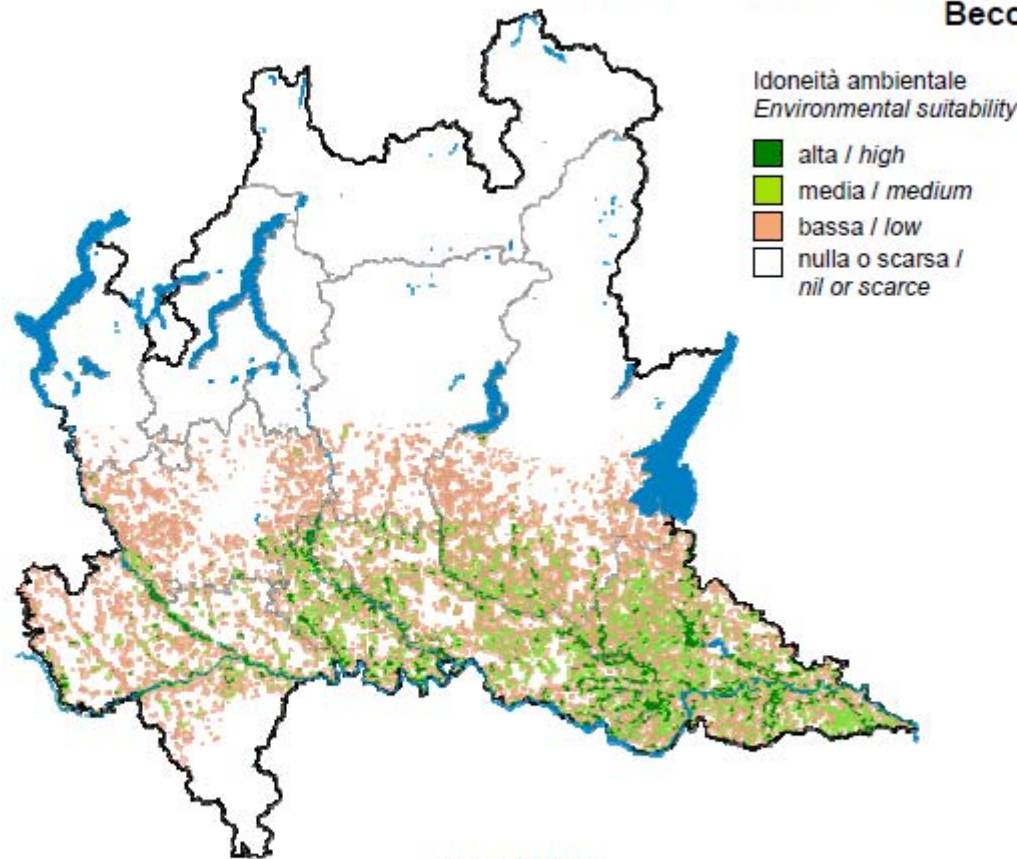
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 12.000	stabile – fluttuante
2007: 5.800	stable – fluctuating



AVES – Passeriformes – Sylviidae

Beccamoschino – Fan-tailed Warbler

Cisticola juncidis



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

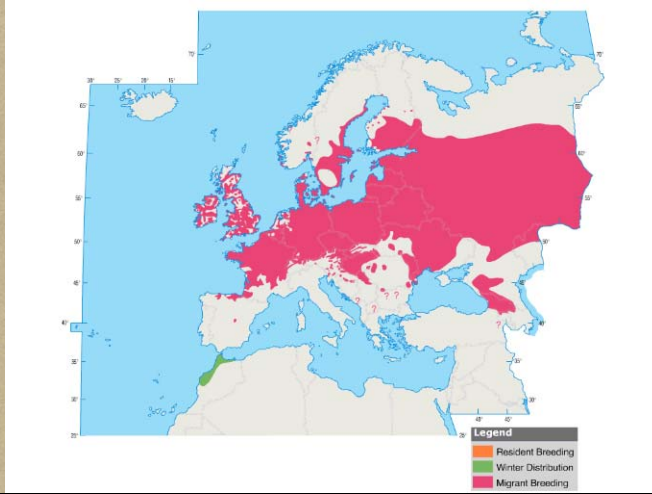
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(500 – 1.500)

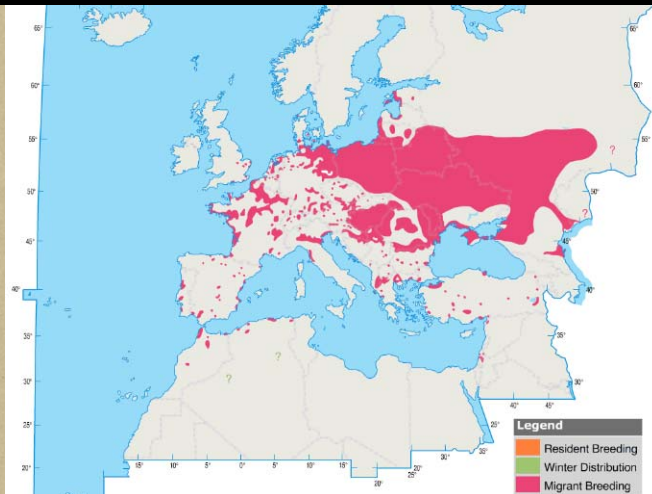
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

sconosciuto / unknown

Passeriformes, Sylviidae (29 spp)



Forapaglie macchiettato
Locustella naevia
M reg

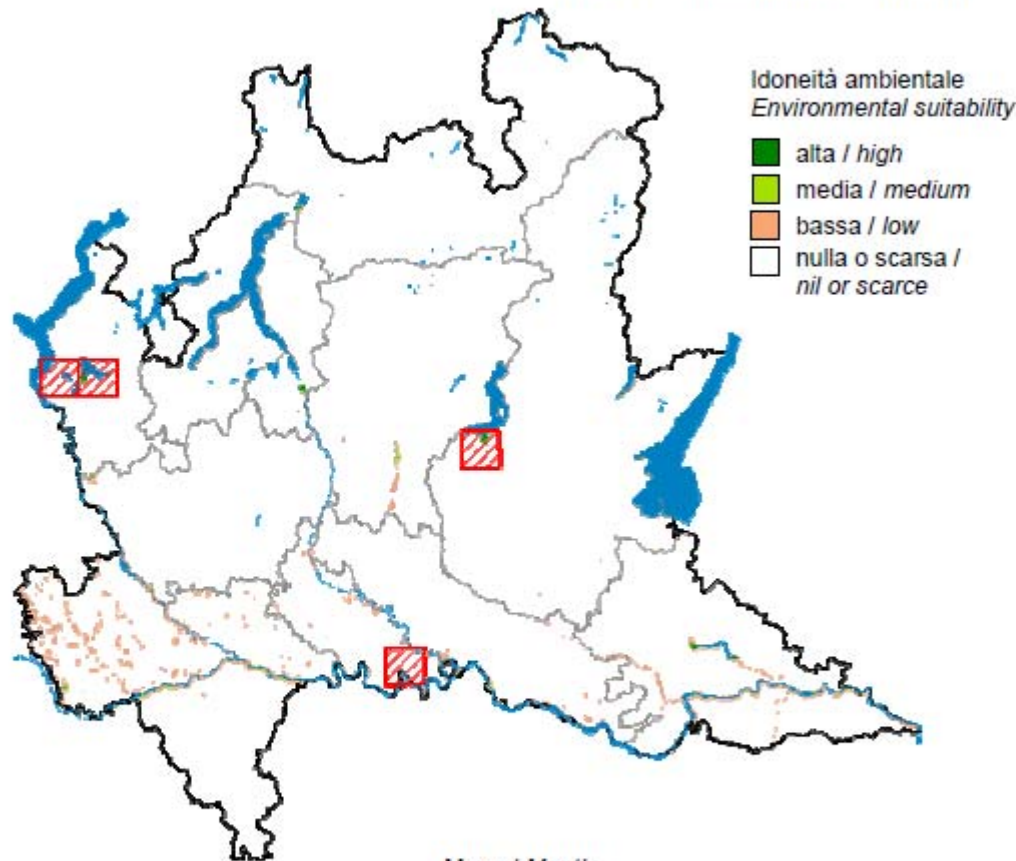


Salciaiola
Locustella luscinioides
M reg, B



AVES – Passeriformes – Sylviidae

Salciaiola – Savi's Warbler
Locustella luscinioides



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

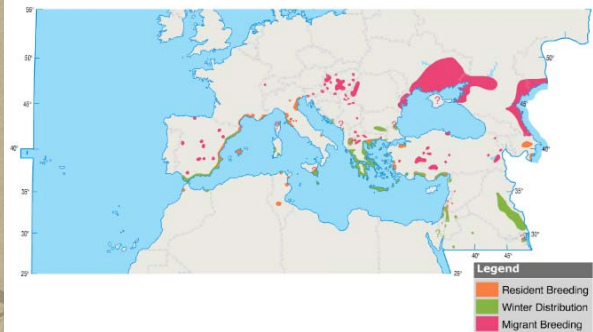
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

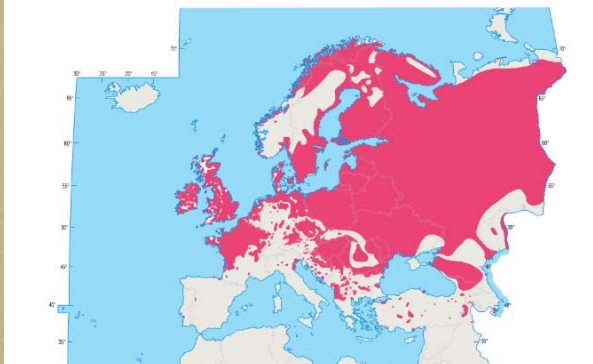
(<150)

(in diminuzione / declining)

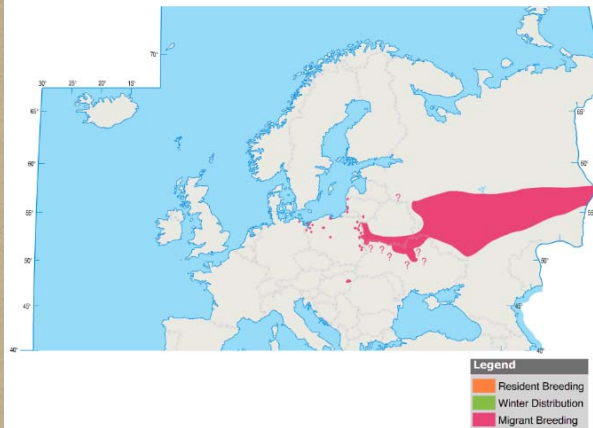
Passeriformes, Sylviidae (29 spp)



Forapaglie castagnolo
Acrocephalus melanopogon
SB par, M reg, W
Allegato I Dir. 79/409/CEE



Forapaglie
Acrocephalus schoenobaenus
M reg, B, W irr

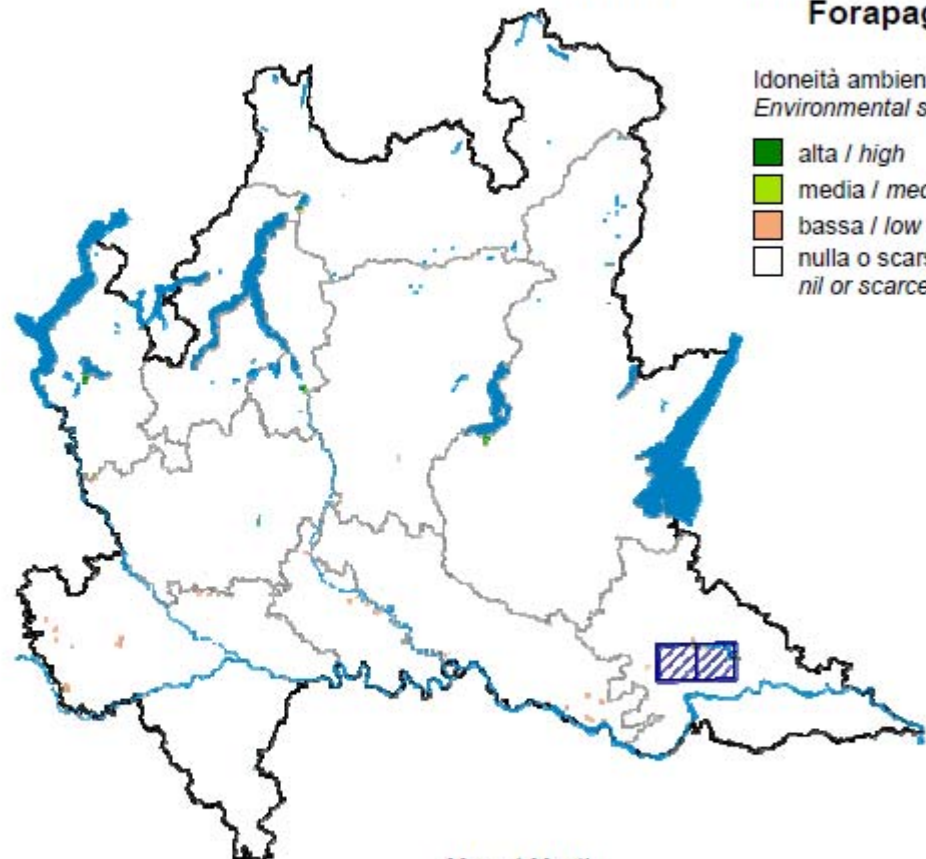


Pagliarolo
Acrocephalus paludicola
M reg
SPEC 1
Allegato I Dir. 79/409/CEE
EX. come nidificante in Italia



AVES – Passeriformes – Sylviidae

Forapaglie castagnolo – Moustached Warbler
Acrocephalus melanopogon



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



	Mese / Month											
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

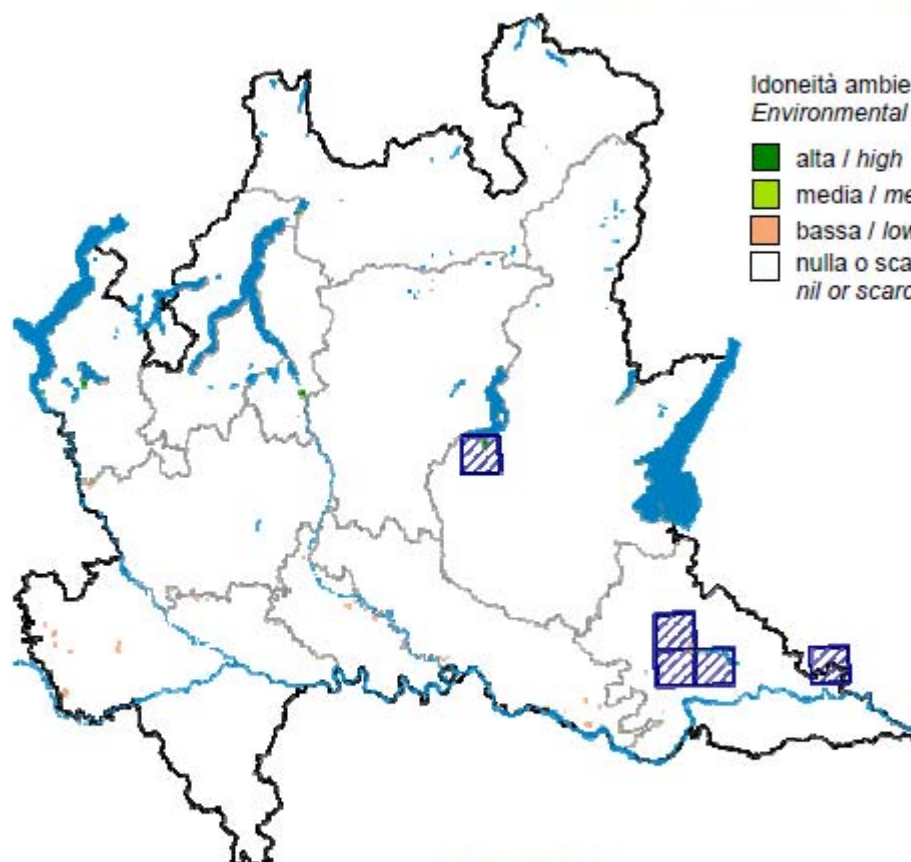
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

?	
---	--



AVES – Passeriformes – Sylviidae

Forapaglie – Sedge Warbler
Acrocephalus schoenobaenus



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

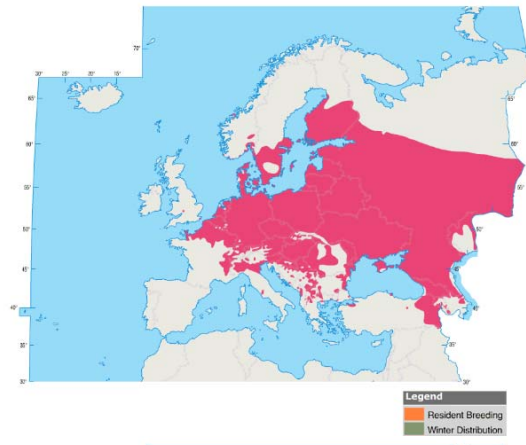
- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



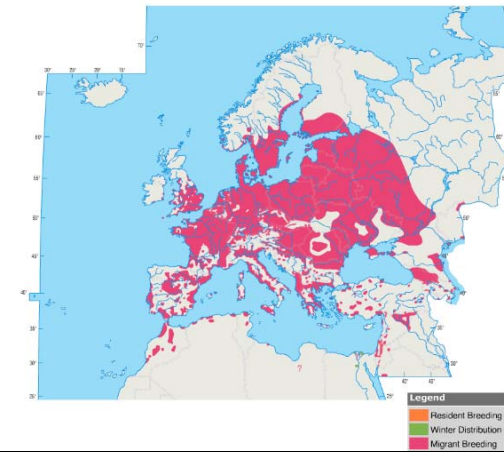
	Mese / Month											
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
?	

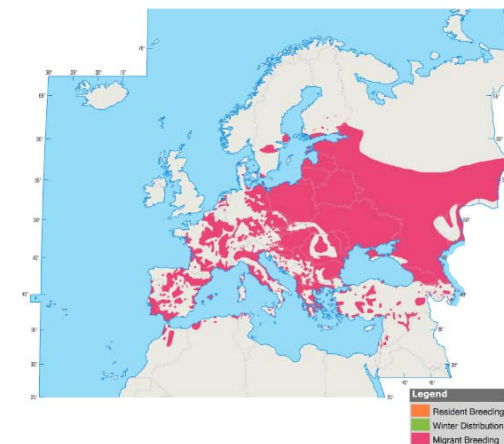
Passeriformes, Sylviidae (29 spp)



Cannaiola verdognola
Acrocephalus palustris
M reg, B



Cannaiola
Acrocephalus scirpaceus
M reg, B, W irr

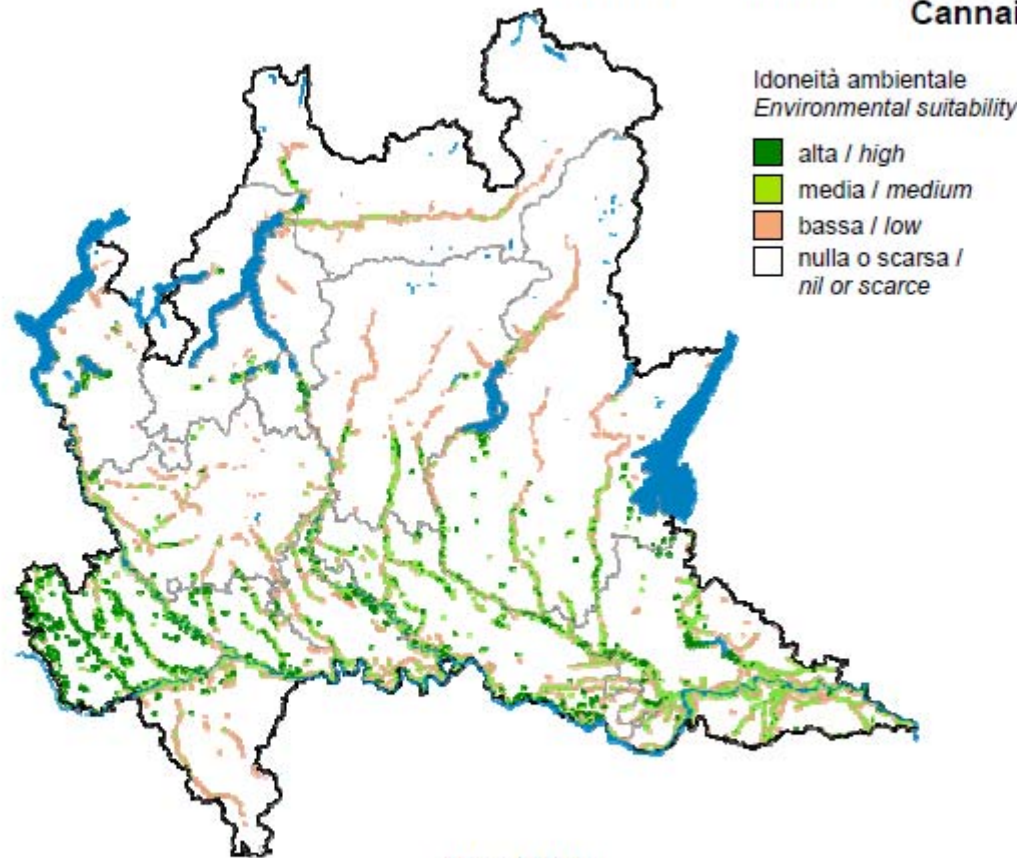


Cannareccione
Acrocephalus arundinaceus
M reg, B



AVES – Passeriformes – Sylviidae

Cannaiola verdognola – Marsh Warbler
Acrocephalus palustris



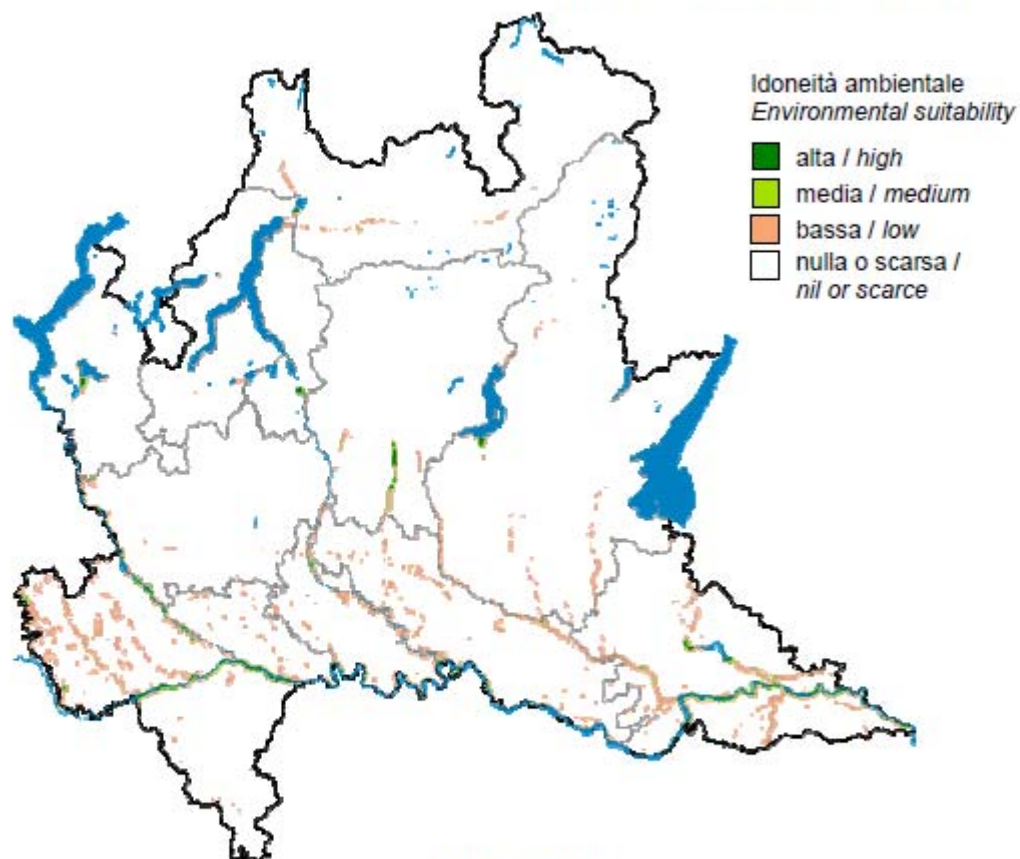
	Mese / Month											
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding					■	■	■	■	■			
Migrazione / Migration					■	■	■	■	■			
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(2.000 – 3.000)	(stabile / stable)



AVES – Passeriformes – Sylviidae

Cannaiola – Reed Warbler
Acrocephalus scirpaceus



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(1.500 – 3.000)

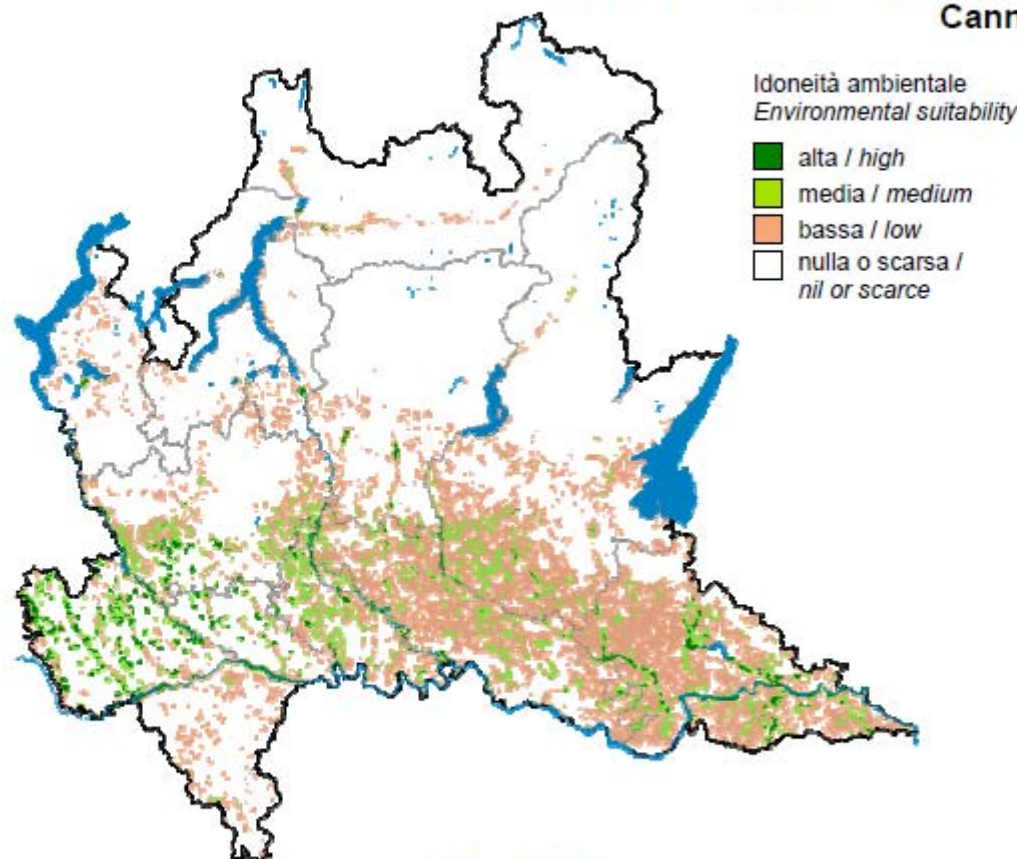
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(stabile / stable)



AVES – Passeriformes – Sylviidae

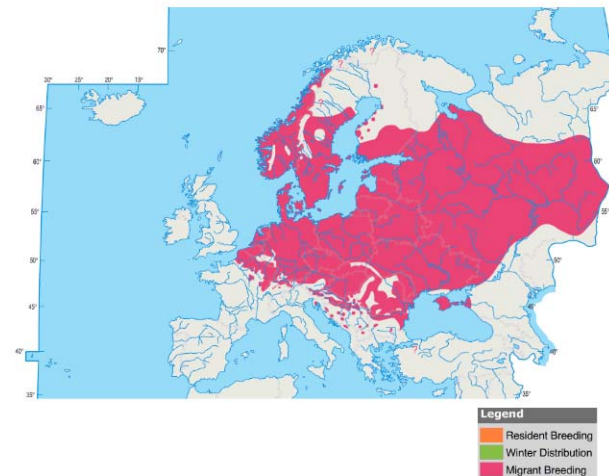
Cannareccione – Great Reed Warbler
Acrocephalus arundinaceus



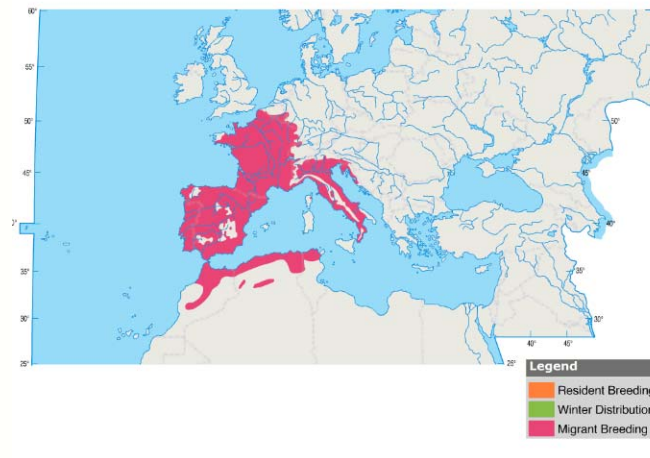
	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(1.500 – 3.000)	(in diminuzione / declining)

Passeriformes, Sylviidae (29 spp)



Canapino maggiore
Hippolais icterina
M reg, W irr

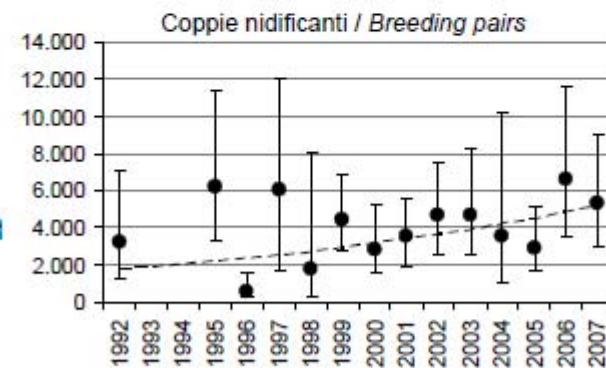
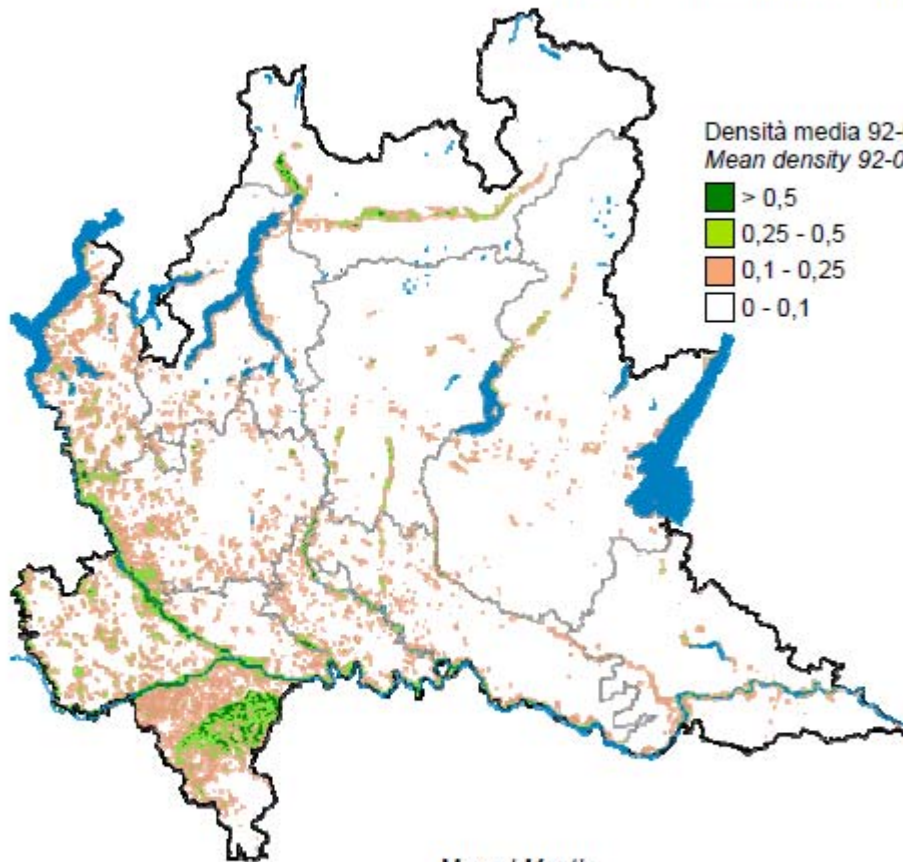


Canapino
Hippolais polyglotta
M reg, B



AVES – Passeriformes – Sylviidae

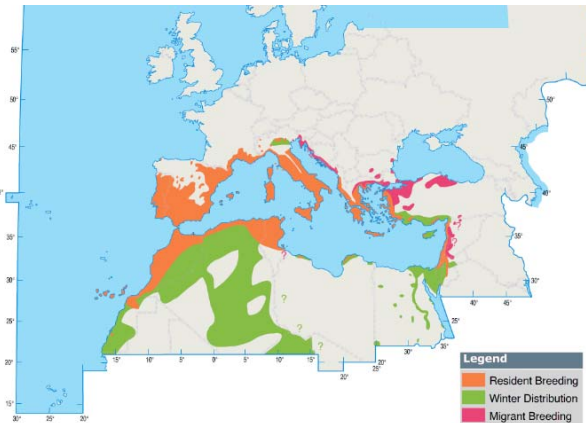
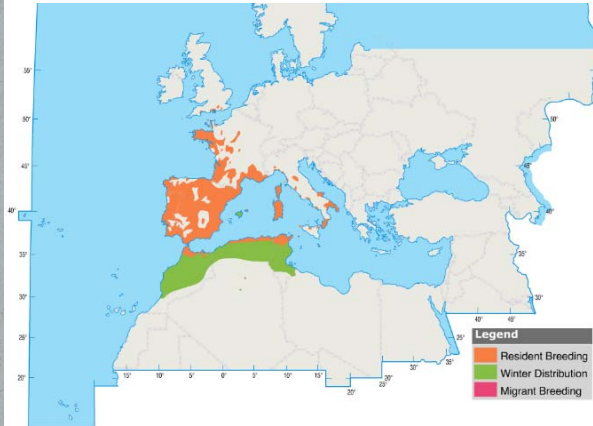
Canapino – *Melodious Warbler* *Hippolais polyglotta*



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 4.000	stabile – fluttuante
2007: 5.300	stable – fluctuating

Passeriformes, Sylviidae (29 spp)



Magnanina sarda
Sylvia sarda
SB, M reg, W par
Allegato I Dir. 79/409/CEE

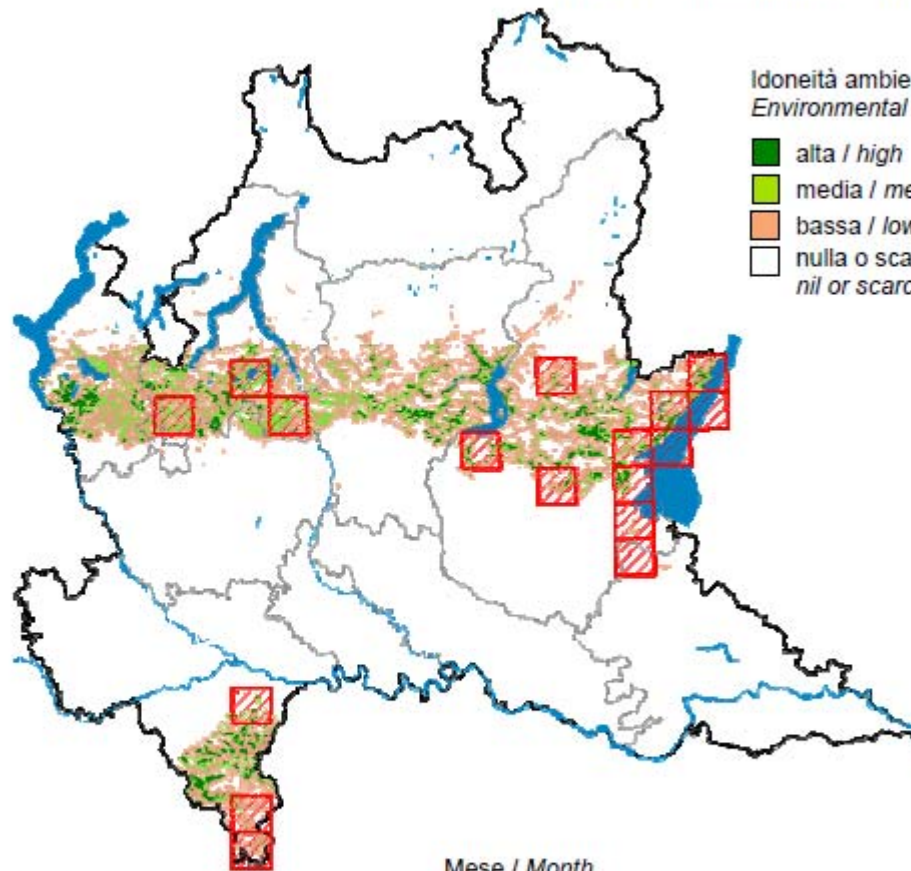
Magnanina
Sylvia undata
SB, M reg, W par
SPEC 2
Allegato I Dir. 79/409/CEE

Occhiocotto
Sylvia melanocephala
SB, M reg, W par



AVES – Passeriformes – Sylviidae

Occhiocotto – Sardinian Warbler
Sylvia melanocephala



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / *high*
- media / *medium*
- bassa / *low*
- nulla o scarsa / *nil or scarce*

FENOLOGIA / *PHENOLOGY*
Riproduzione / *Breeding*

Mese / <i>Month</i>											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / <i>sedentary</i>											

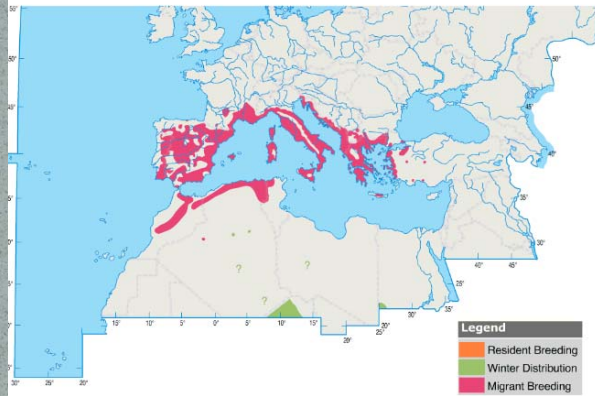
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(500 – 1.000)

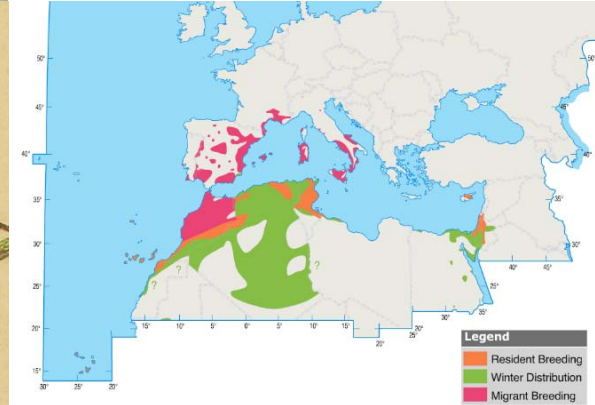
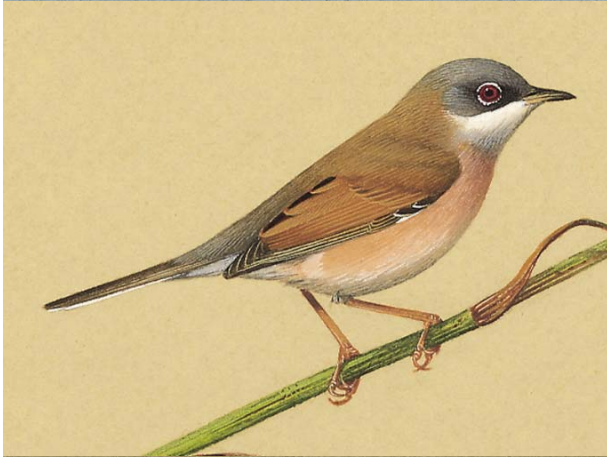
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(in aumento / *increasing*)

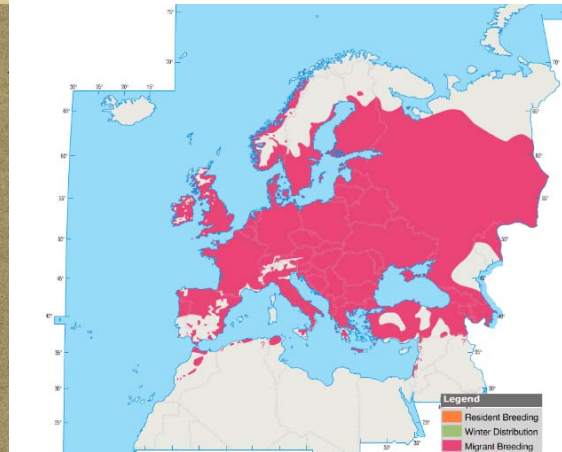
Passeriformes, Sylviidae (29 spp)



Sterpazzolina
Sylvia cantillans
M reg, B



Sterpazzola di Sardegna
Sylvia conspicillata
M reg, B, W par (SB par ?)

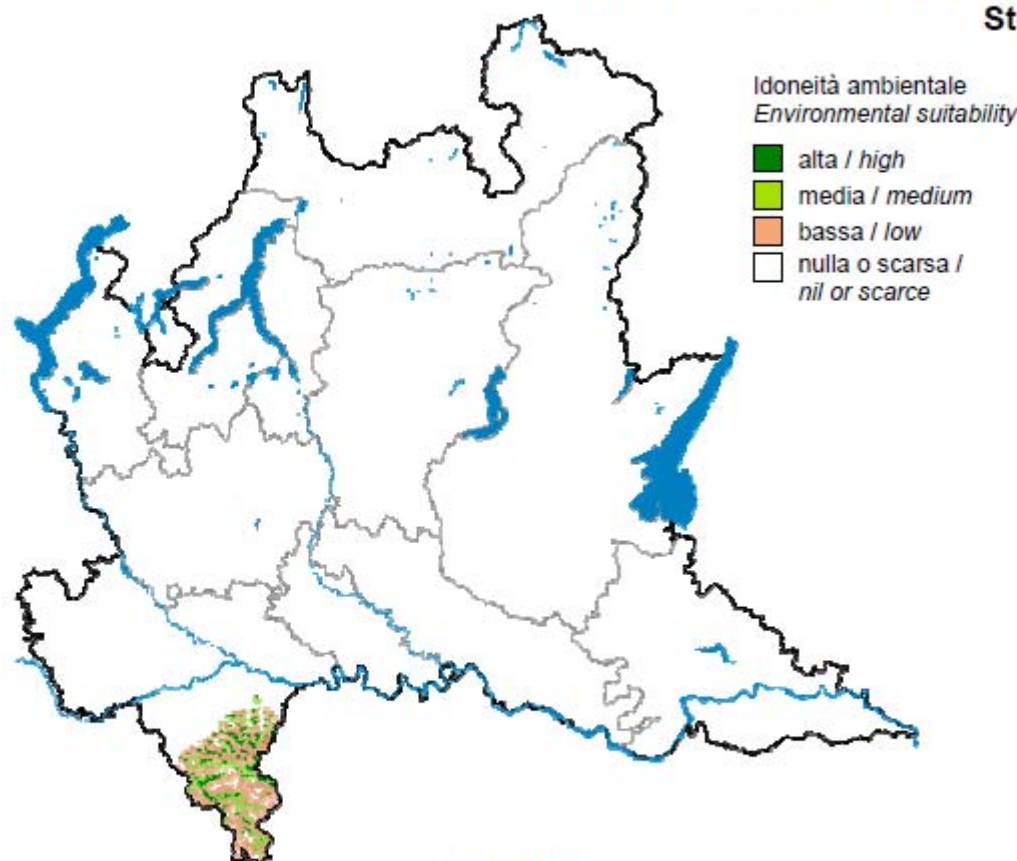


Sterpazzola
Sylvia communis
M reg, B



AVES – Passeriformes – Sylviidae

Sterpazzolina – Subalpine Warbler
Sylvia cantillans



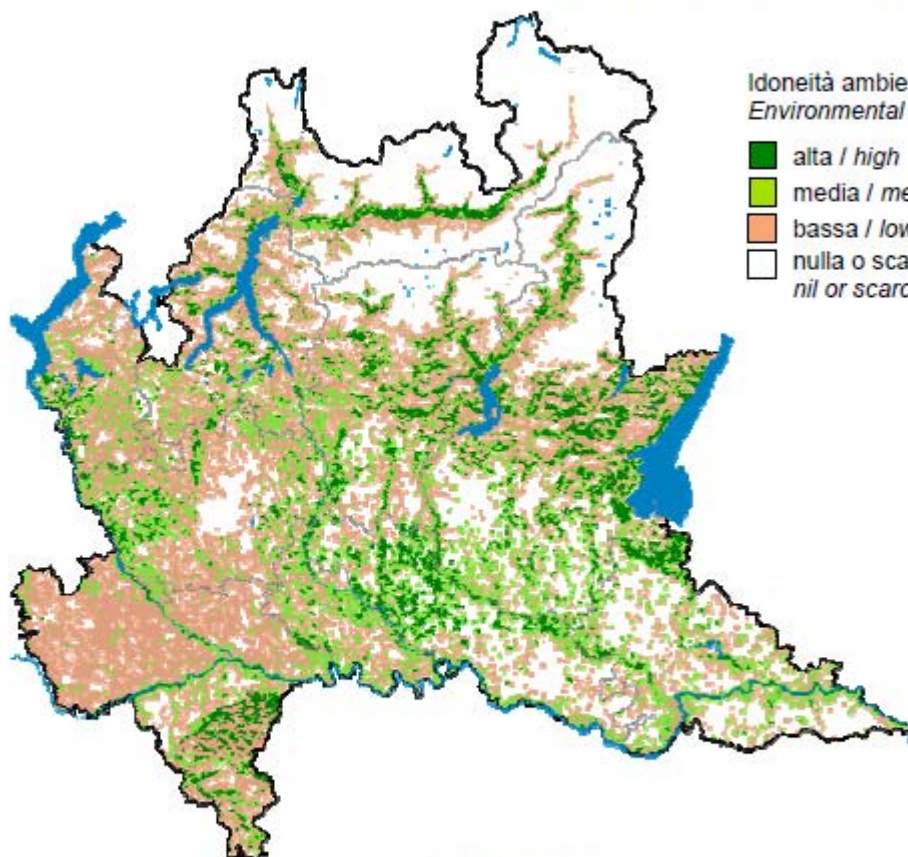
	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(300 – 600)	sconosciuto / unknown



AVES – Passeriformes – Sylviidae

Sterpazzola – *Whitethroat*
Sylvia communis



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / *high*
- media / *medium*
- bassa / *low*
- nulla o scarsa / *nil or scarce*



Mese / *Month*

FENOLOGIA / <i>PHENOLOGY</i>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / <i>Breeding</i>												
Migrazione / <i>Migration</i>												
Svernamento / <i>Wintering</i>												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(1.500 – 3.000)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

sconosciuto – ridotta
unknown - depleted

Passeriformes, Sylviidae (29 spp)



Bigia grossa
Sylvia hortensis
M reg, B, W irr
SPEC 3



Bigia padovana
Sylvia nisoria
M reg, B
Allegato I Dir. 79/409/CEE

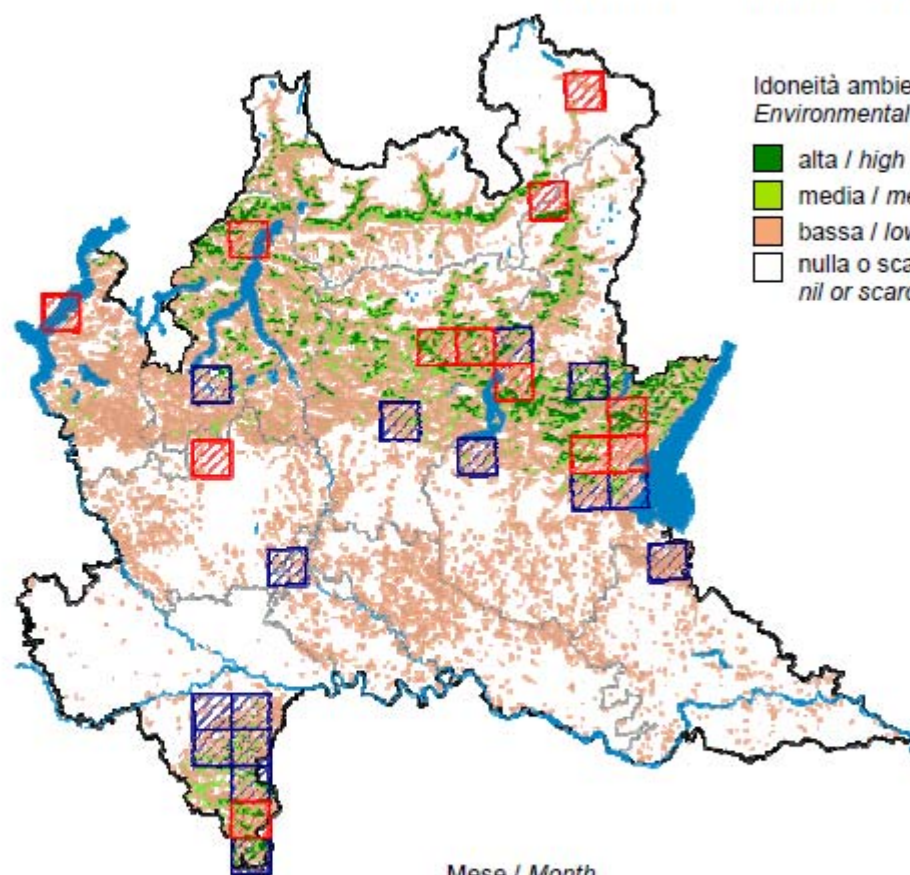


Bigiarella
Sylvia curruca
M reg, B, W irr



AVES – Passeriformes – Sylviidae

Bigia grossa – Orphean Warbler
Sylvia hortensis



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



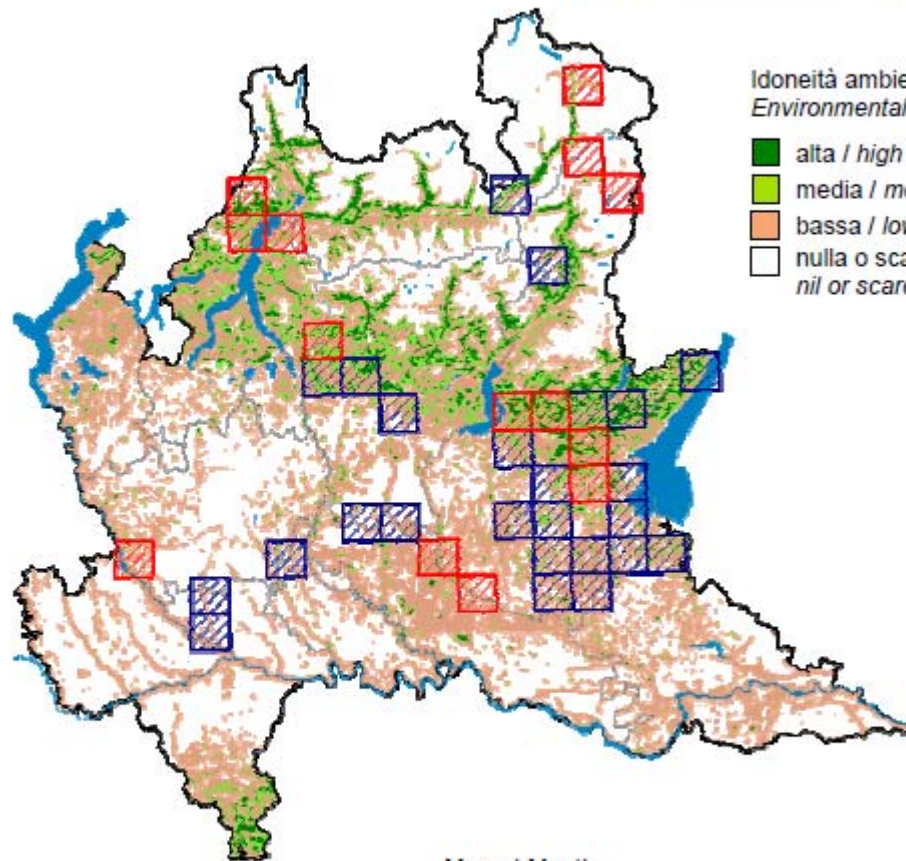
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(<250)	(in diminuzione / declining)



AVES – Passeriformes – Sylviidae

Bigia padovana – Barred Warbler
Sylvia nisoria



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce

FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

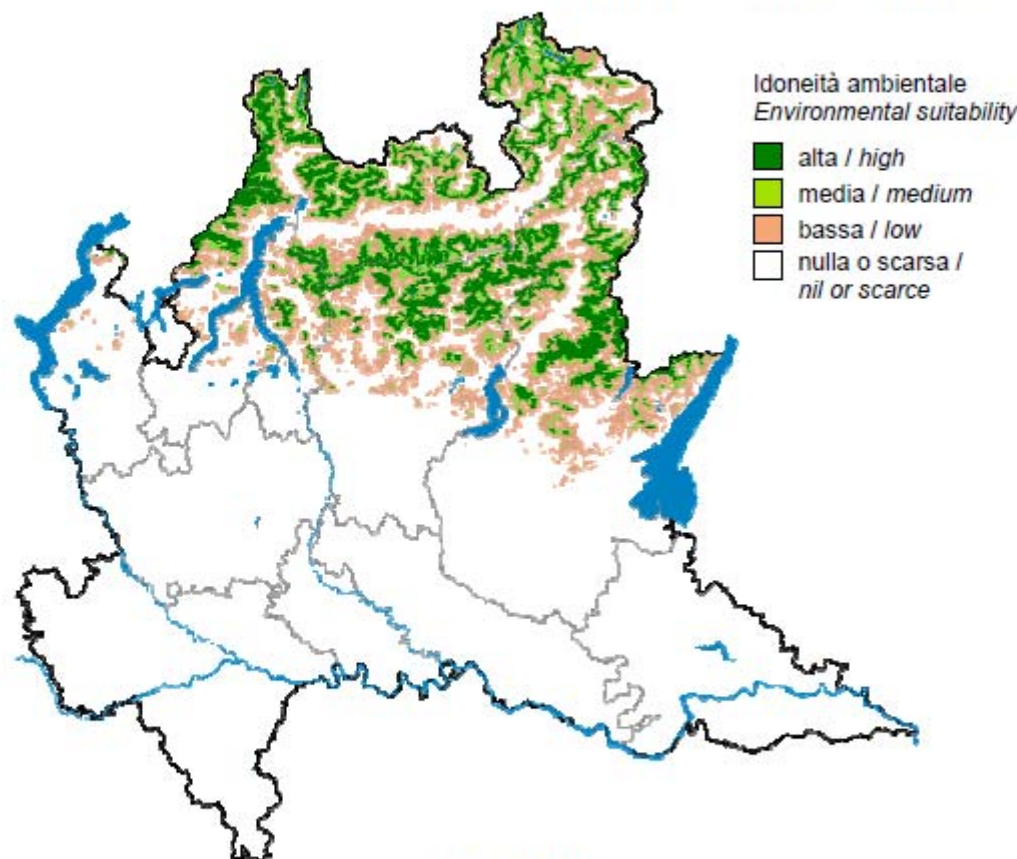
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(<250)	sconosciuto / unknown
--------	-----------------------



AVES – Passeriformes – Sylviidae

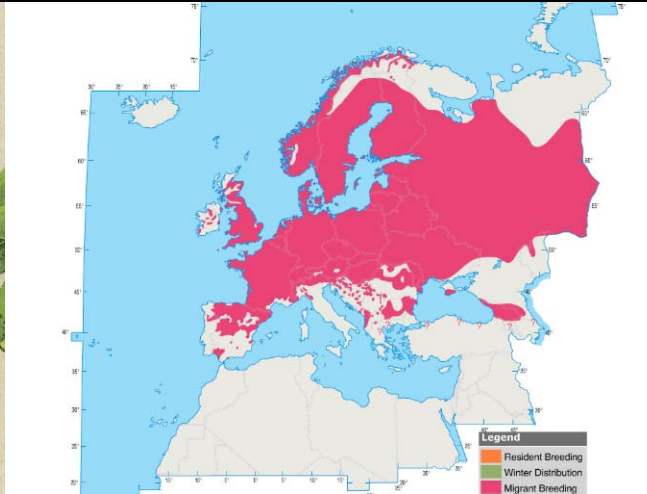
Bigiarella – Lesser Whitethroat
Sylvia curruca



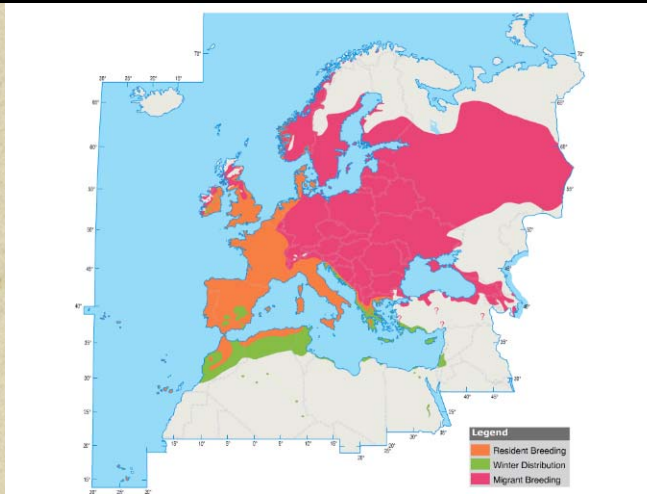
	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(2.500 – 5.000)	(in aumento / increasing)

Passeriformes, Sylviidae (29 spp)



Beccafico
Sylvia borin
M reg, B

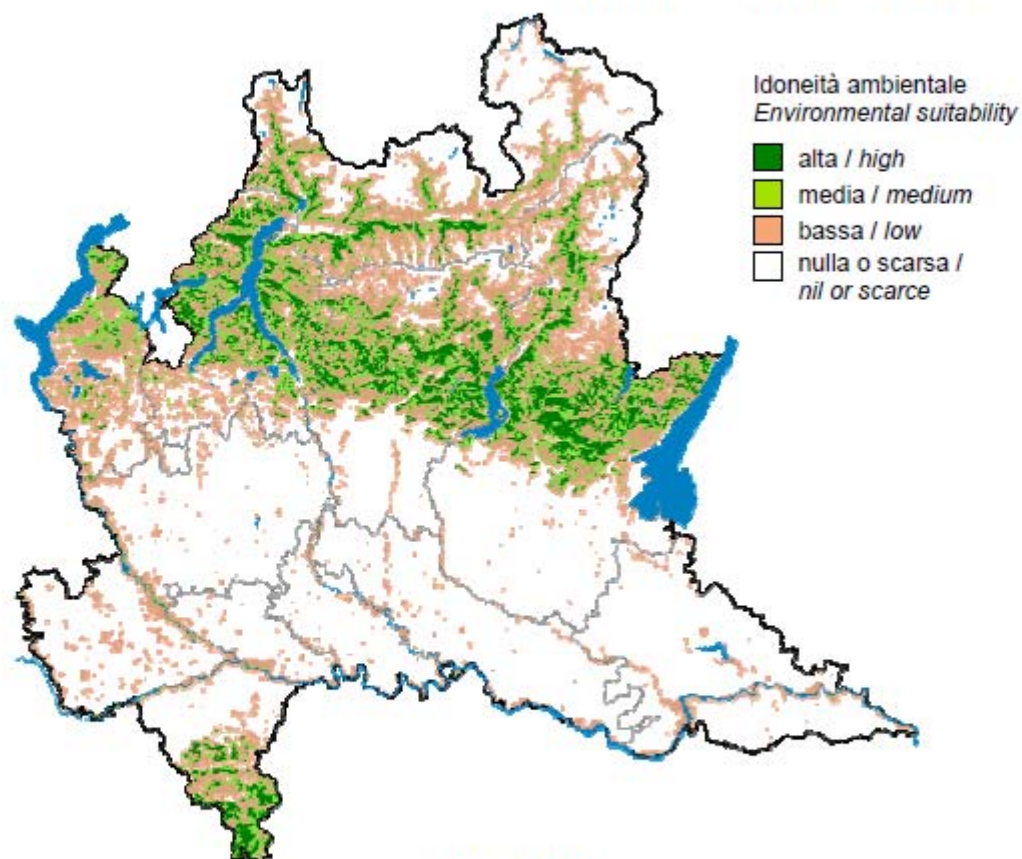


Capinera
Sylvia atricapilla
SB, M reg, W



AVES – Passeriformes – Sylviidae

Beccafico – Garden Warbler
Sylvia borin



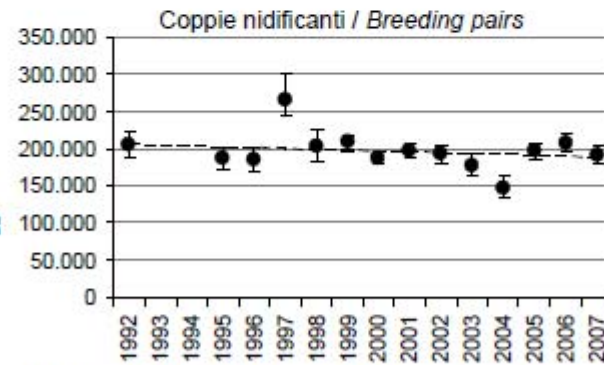
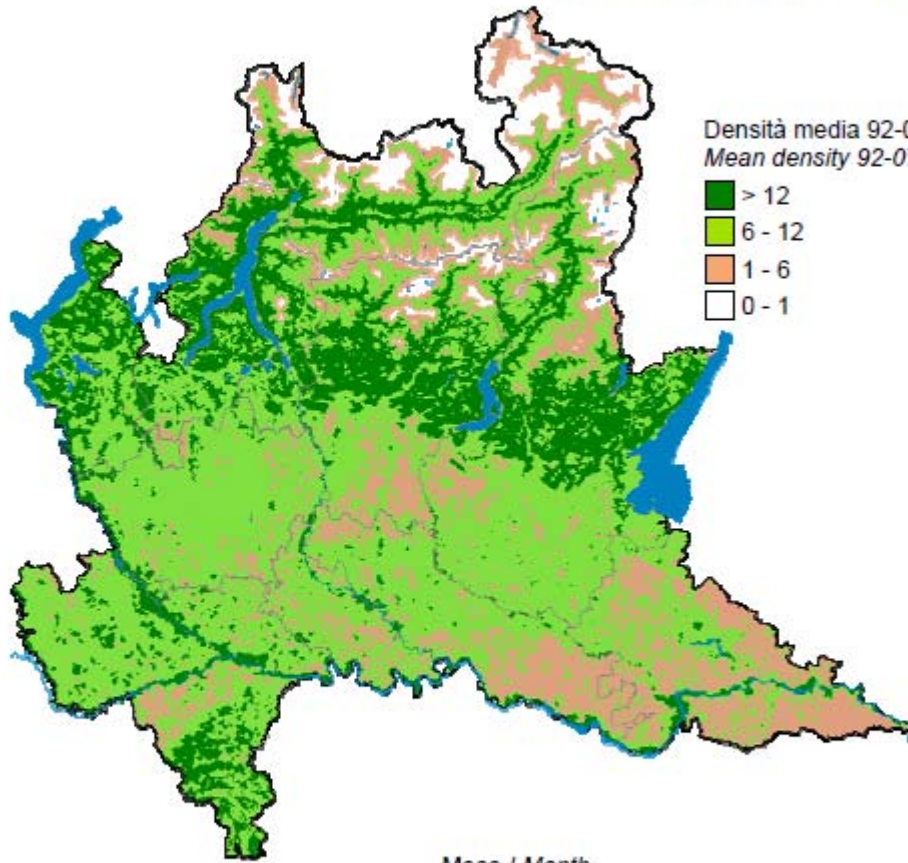
	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(2.500 – 5.000)	sconosciuto / unknown



AVES – Passeriformes – Sylviidae

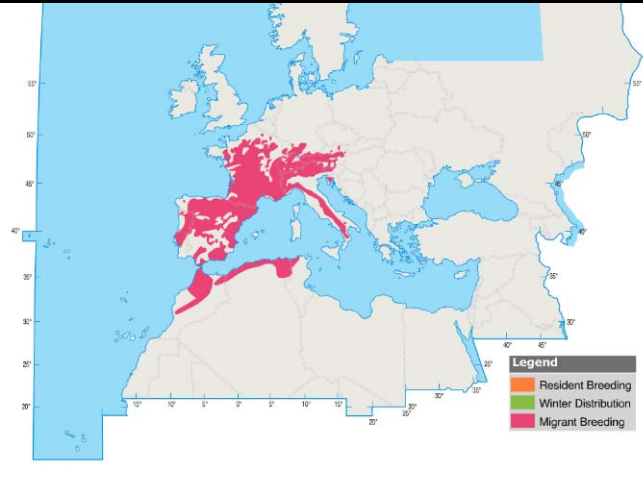
Capinera – *Blackcap*
Sylvia atricapilla



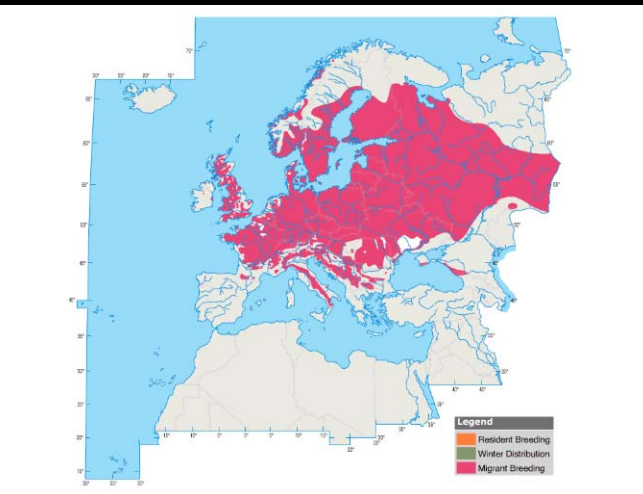
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 186.500	stabile / stable
2007: 191.000	

Passeriformes, Sylviidae (29 spp)



Luì bianco occidentale
Phylloscopus bonelli
M reg, B, W irr
SPEC 2

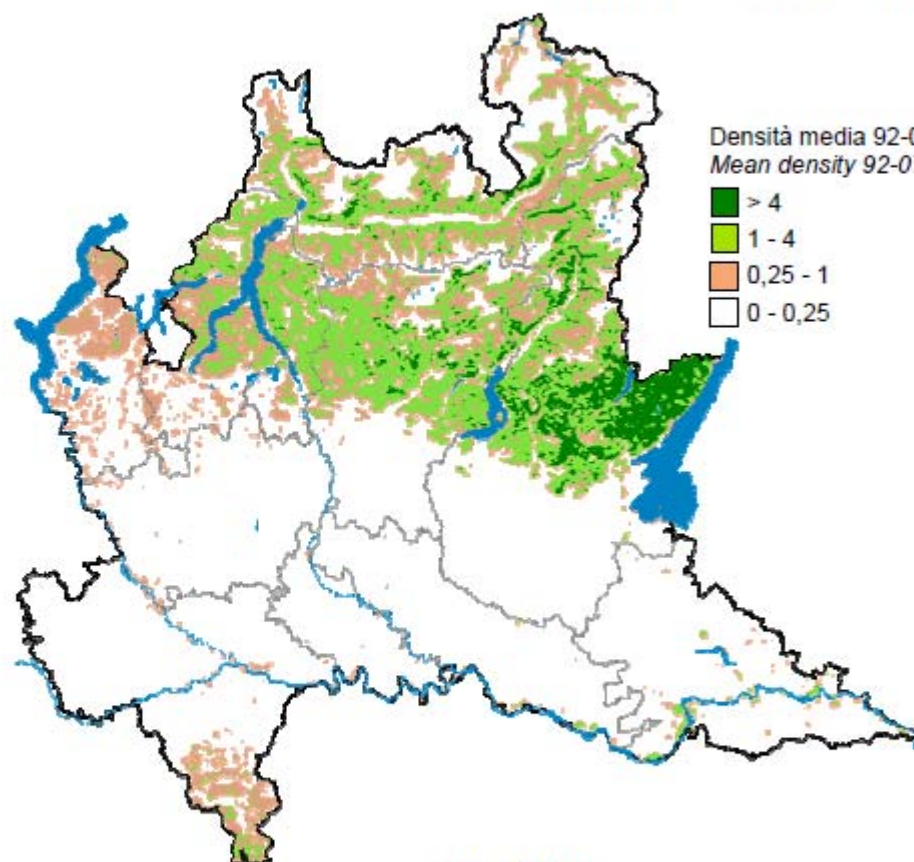


Luì verde
Phylloscopus sibilatrix
M reg, B, W irr
SPEC 2



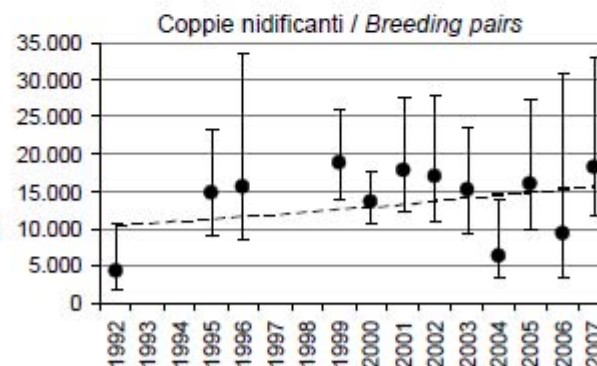
AVES – Passeriformes – Sylviidae

Lui bianco – *Bonelli's Warbler*
Phylloscopus bonelli



Densità media 92-07 (coppie / km²)
Mean density 92-07 (pairs / km²)

- > 4
- 1 - 4
- 0,25 - 1
- 0 - 0,25



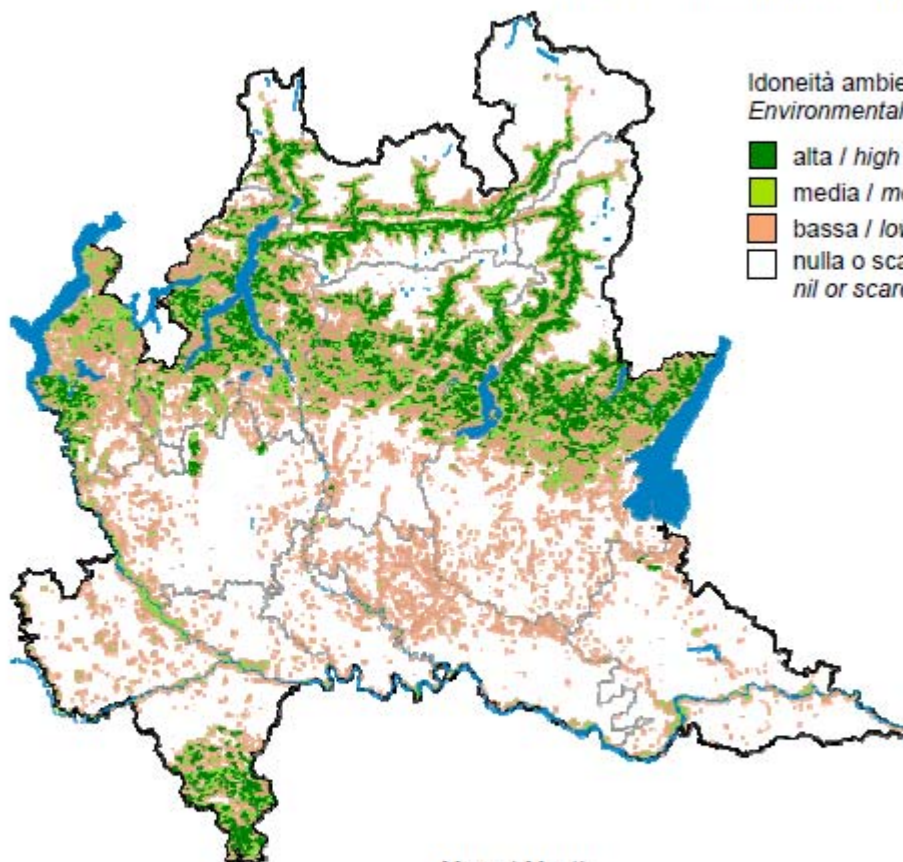
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 14.000	stabile – fluttuante stable – fluctuating
2007: 18.500	



AVES – Passeriformes – Sylviidae

Lui verde – Wood Warbler
Phylloscopus sibilatrix



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

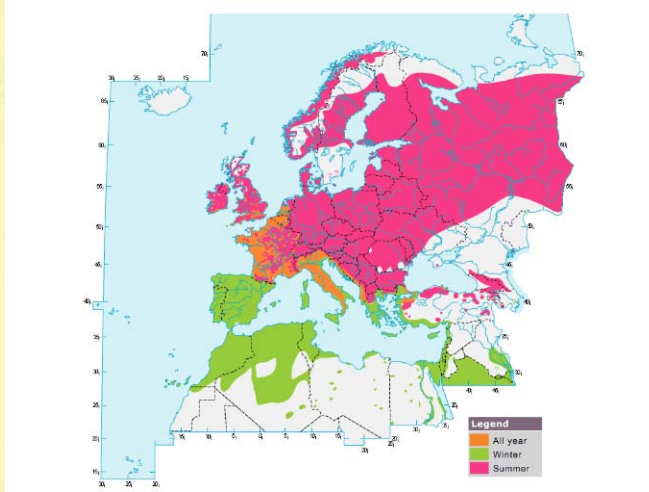
- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



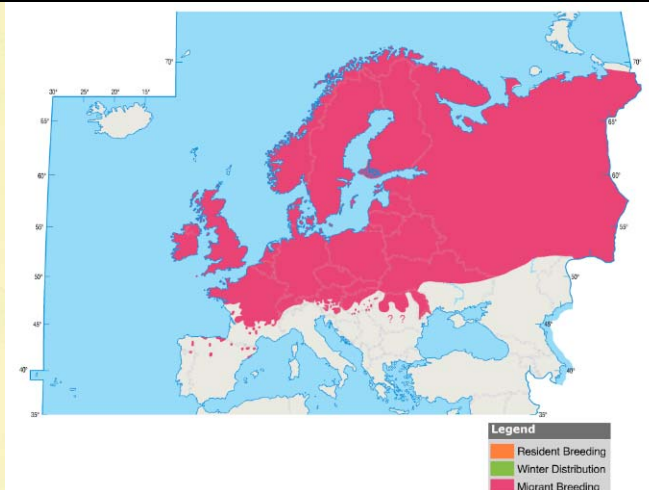
	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) <i>POPULATION (breeding pairs)</i>	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO <i>MEAN ANNUAL TREND</i>
(250 – 500)	sconosciuto / <i>unknown</i>

Passeriformes, Sylviidae (29 spp)



Luì piccolo
Phylloscopus collybita
SB par, M reg, W

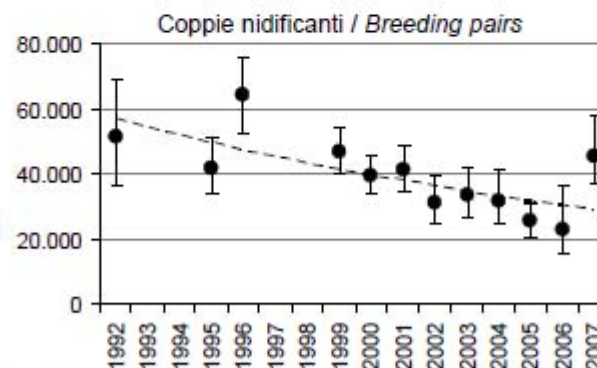
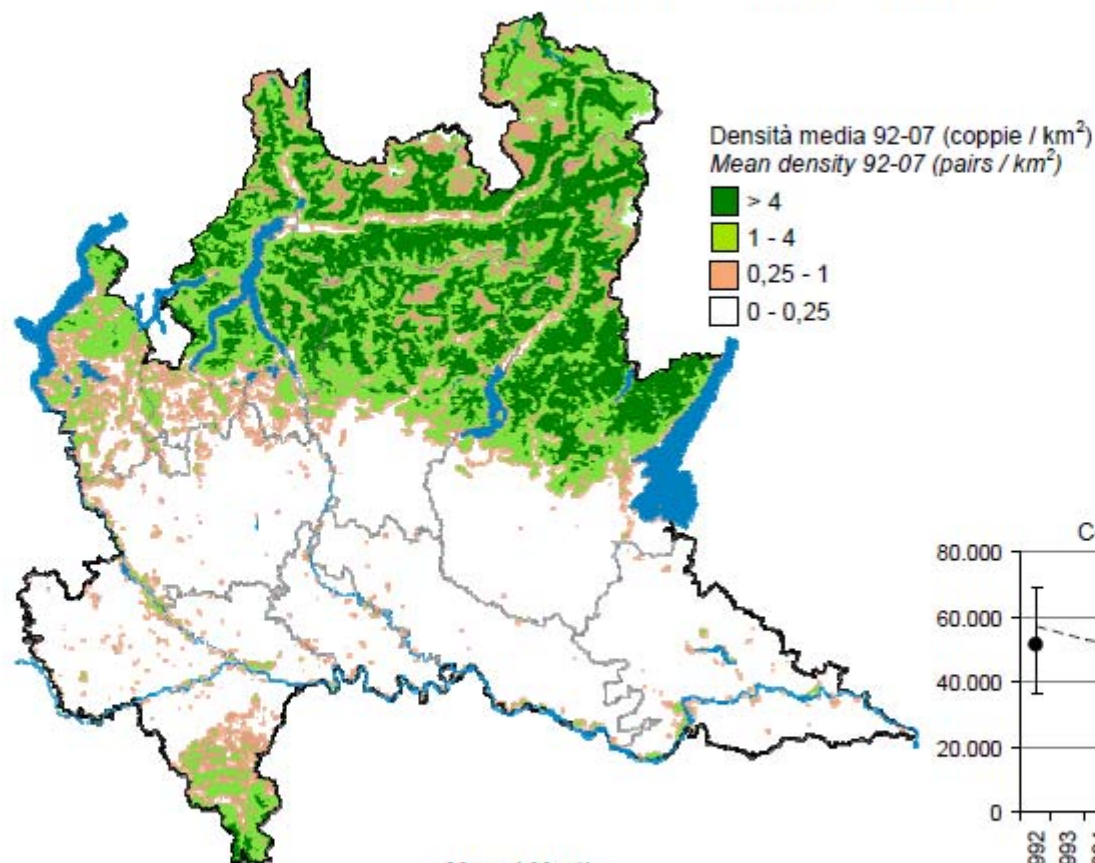


Luì grosso
Phylloscopus trochilus
M reg, W irr



AVES – Passeriformes – Sylviidae

Lui piccolo – Chiffchaff
Phylloscopus collybita

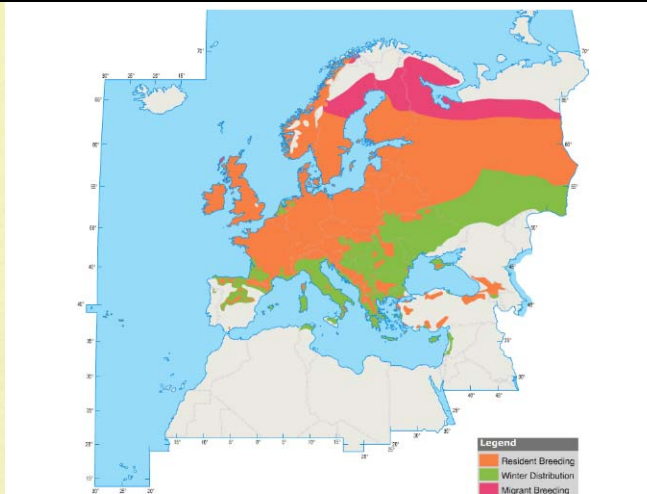


FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY

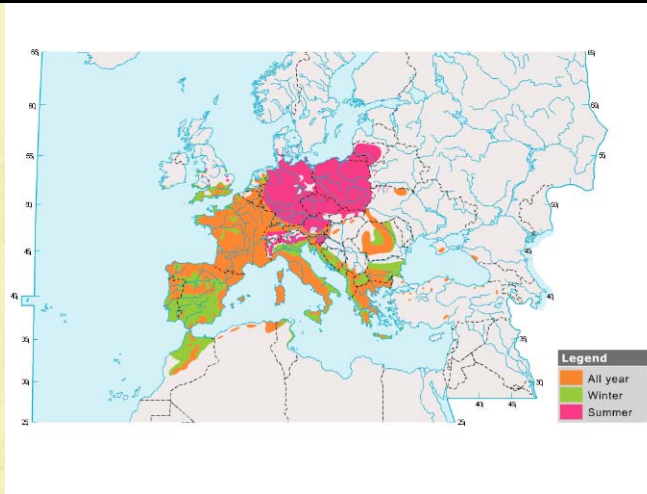
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)		ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07:	38.000	-4,4%
2007:	45.500	

Passeriformes, Sylviidae (29 spp)



Regolo
Regulus regulus
SB, M reg, W

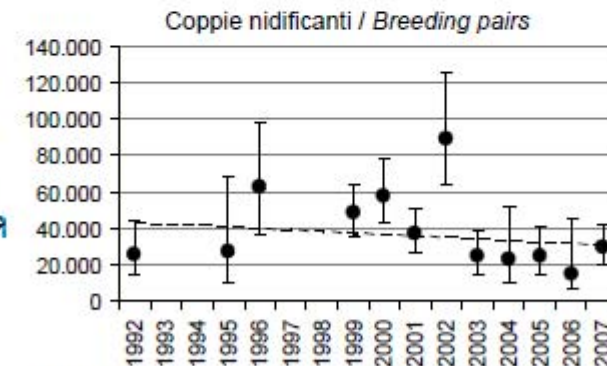
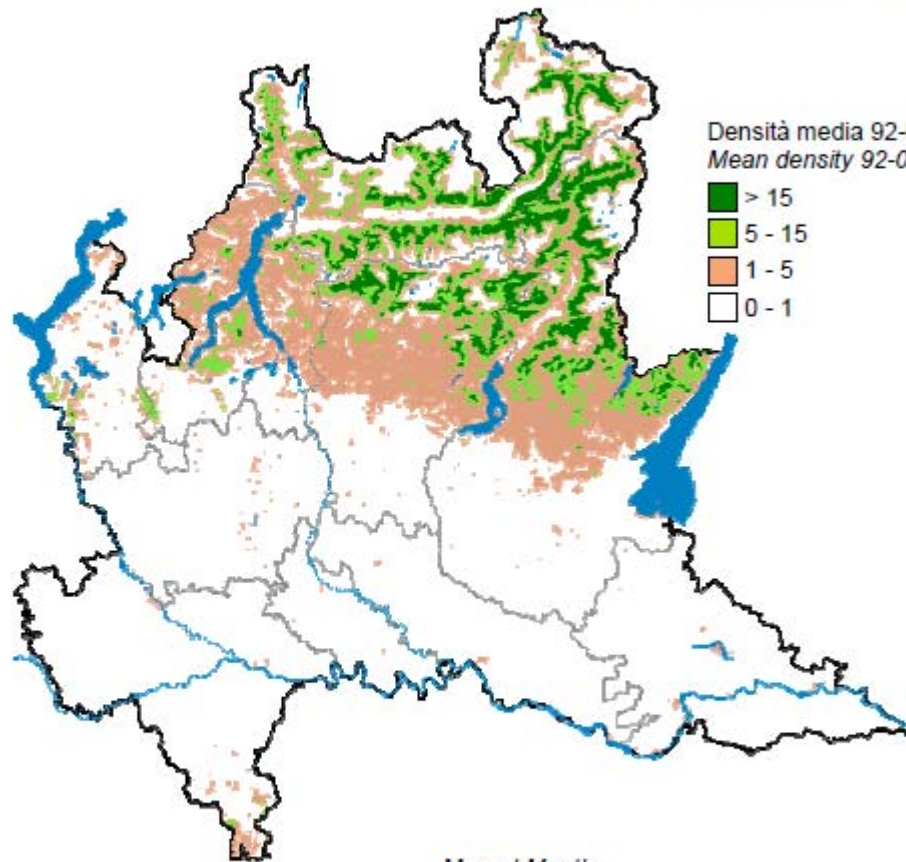


Fiorrancino
Regulus ignicapillus
SB, M reg, W



AVES – Passeriformes – Sylviidae

Regolo – Goldcrest
Regulus regulus



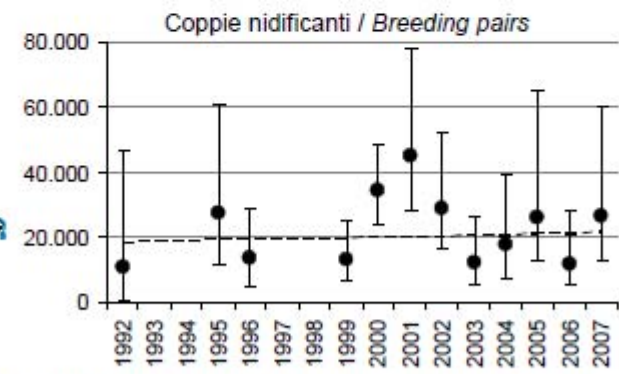
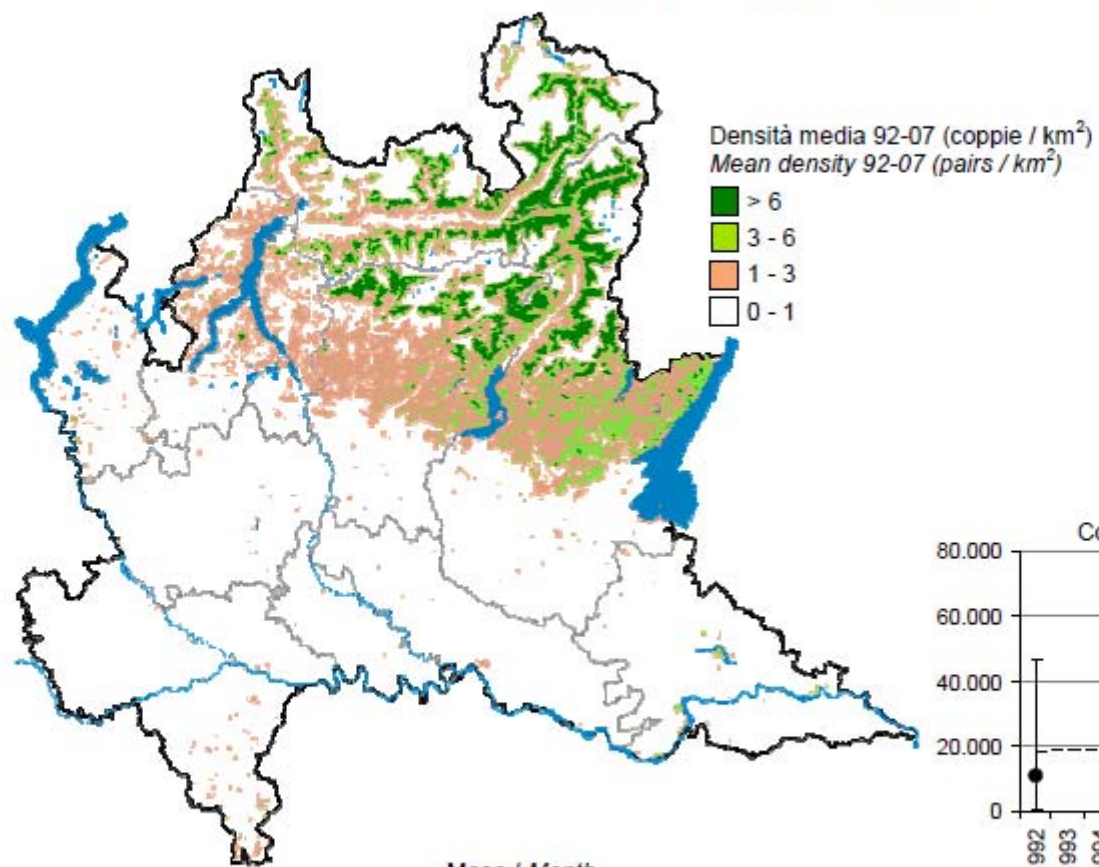
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 46.500	stabile – fluttuante stable – fluctuating
2007: 30.000	



AVES – Passeriformes – Sylviidae

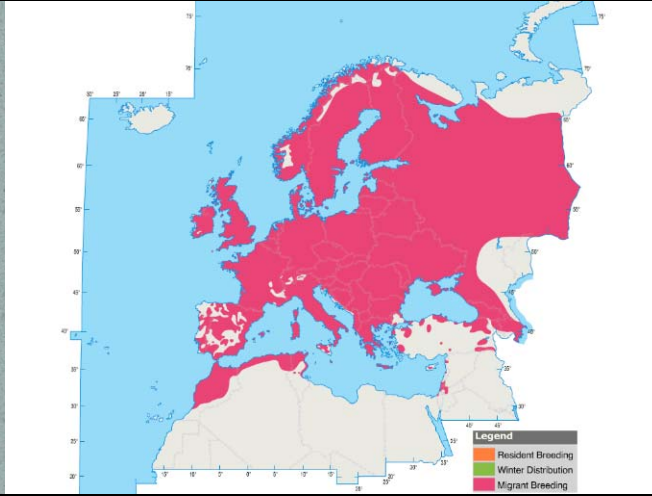
Fiorrancino – Firecrest
Regulus ignicapilla



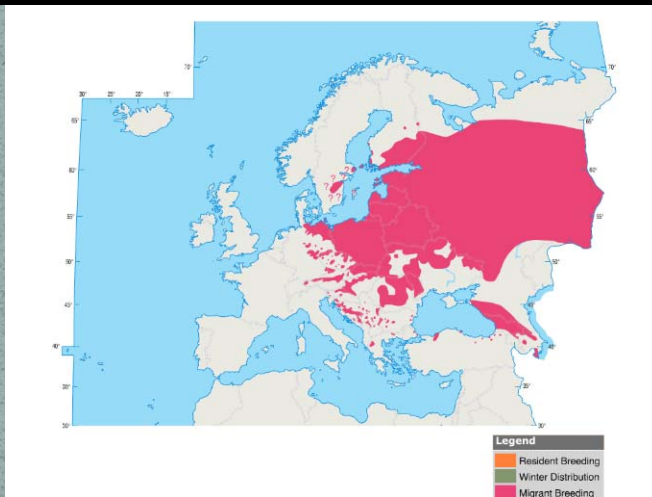
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 22.500	stabile – fluttuante
2007: 26.000	stable – fluctuating

Passeriformes, Muscicapidae (4 spp)



Pigliamosche
Muscicapa striata
M reg, B
SPEC 3

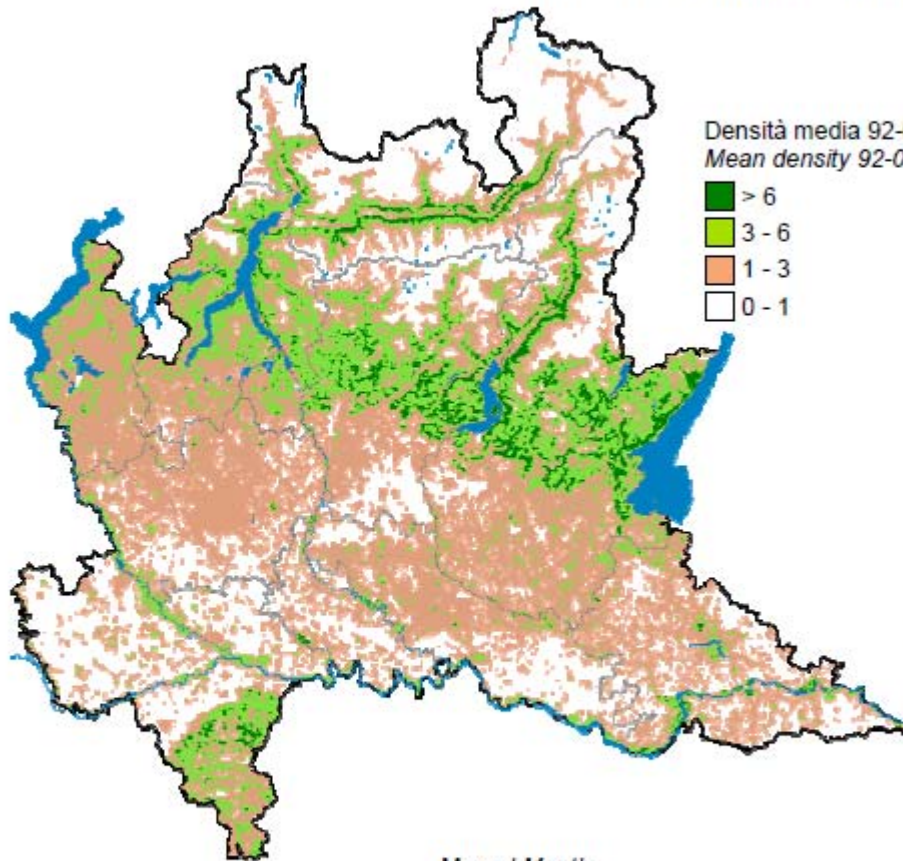


Pigliamosche pettirosso
Ficedula parva
M reg
Allegato I
Dir. 79/409/CEE



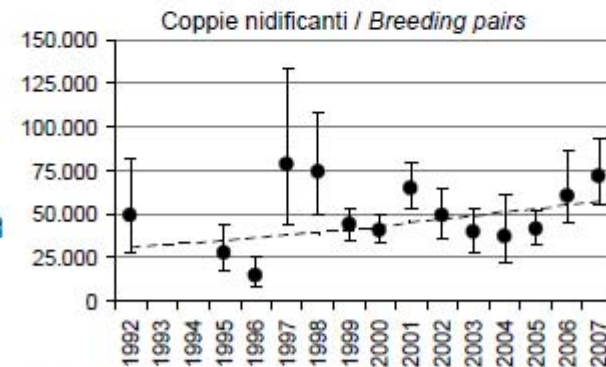
AVES – Passeriformes – Muscicapidae

Pigliamosche – Spotted Flycatcher
Muscicapa striata



Densità media 92-07 (coppie / km²)
Mean density 92-07 (pairs / km²)

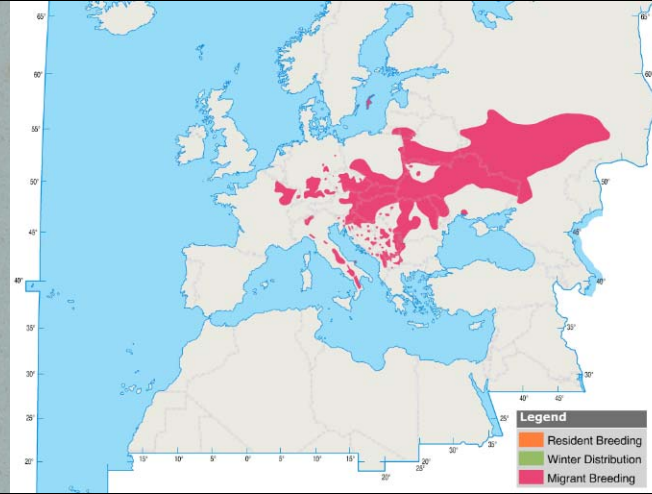
- > 6
- 3 - 6
- 1 - 3
- 0 - 1



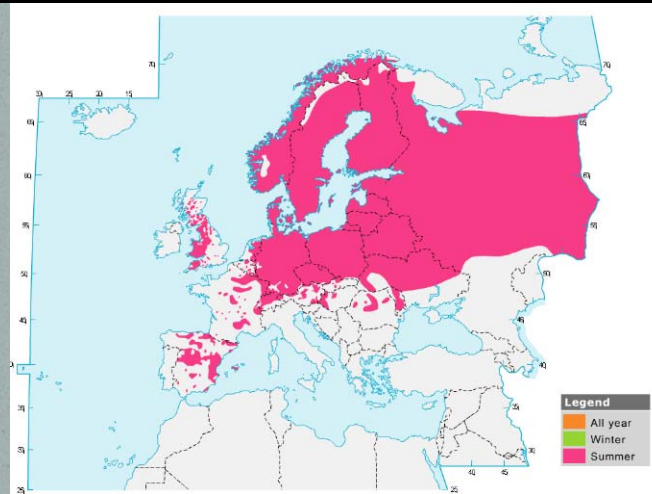
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month												
Riproduzione / Breeding													
Migrazione / Migration													
Svernamento / Wintering													

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 42.000	stabile – fluttuante
2007: 71.500	stable – fluctuating

Passeriformes, Muscicapidae (4 spp)



Balia dal collare
Ficedula albicollis
M reg, B
Allegato I
Dir. 79/409/CEE

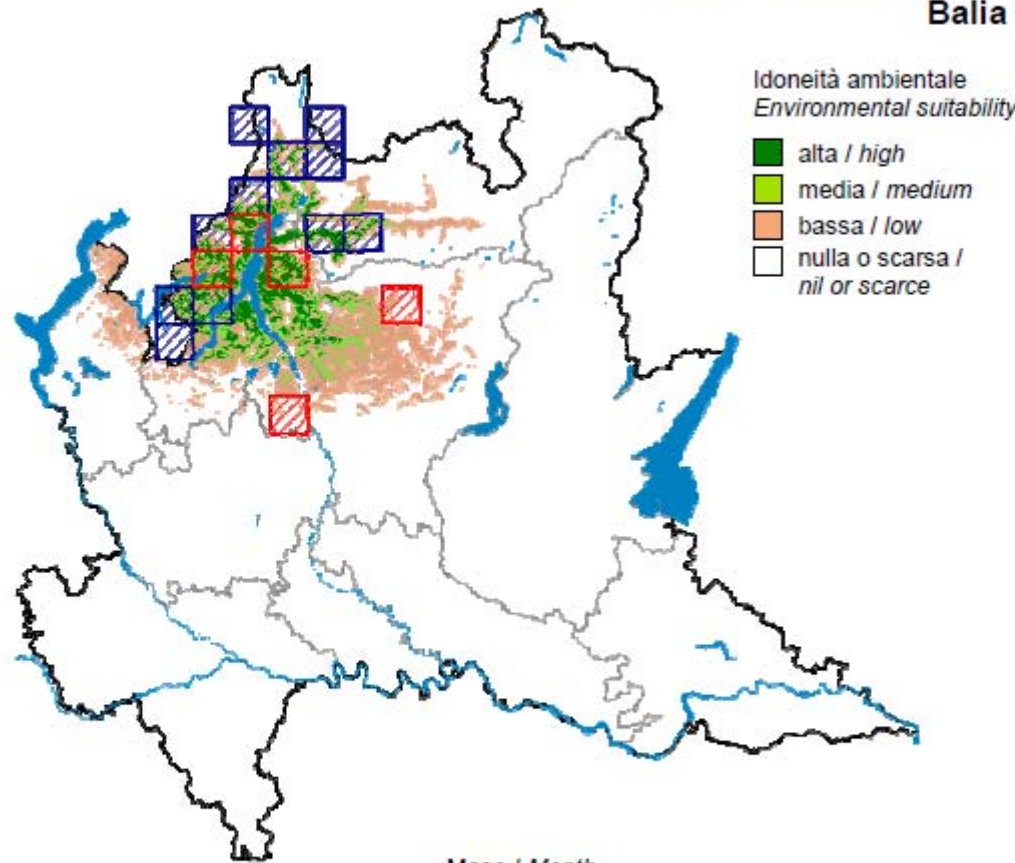


Balia nera
Ficedula hypoleuca
M reg, B irr



AVES – Passeriformes – Muscicapidae

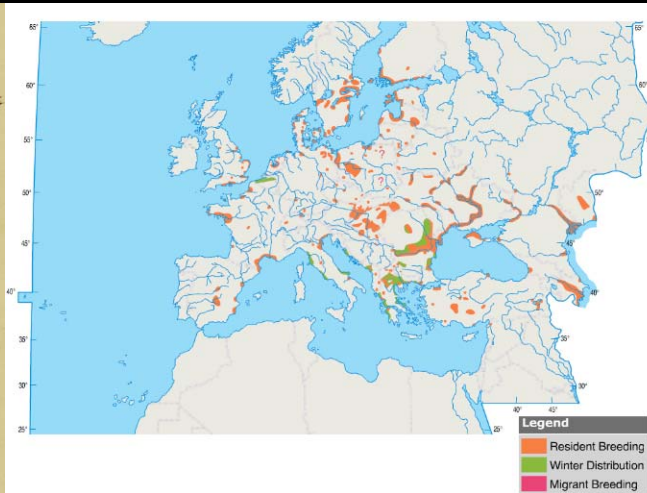
Balia dal collare – Collared Flycatcher
Ficedula albicollis



	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(<250)	sconosciuto / unknown

Passeriformes, Timaliidae (1 sp)



Basettino
Panurus biarmicus
SB, M reg, W

Passeriformes, Aegithalidae (1 sp)

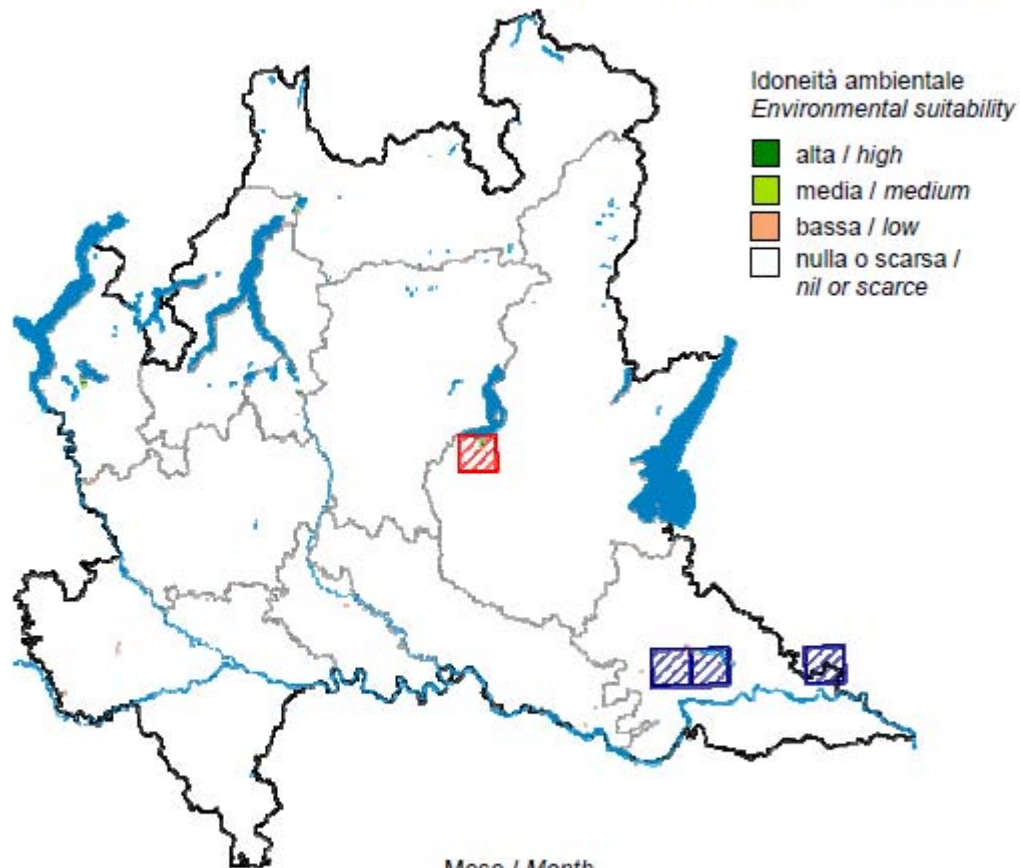


Codibugnolo
Aegithalos caudatus
SB, M reg, W



AVES – Passeriformes – Timaliidae

Basettino – Bearded Tit
Panurus biarmicus



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(<100)

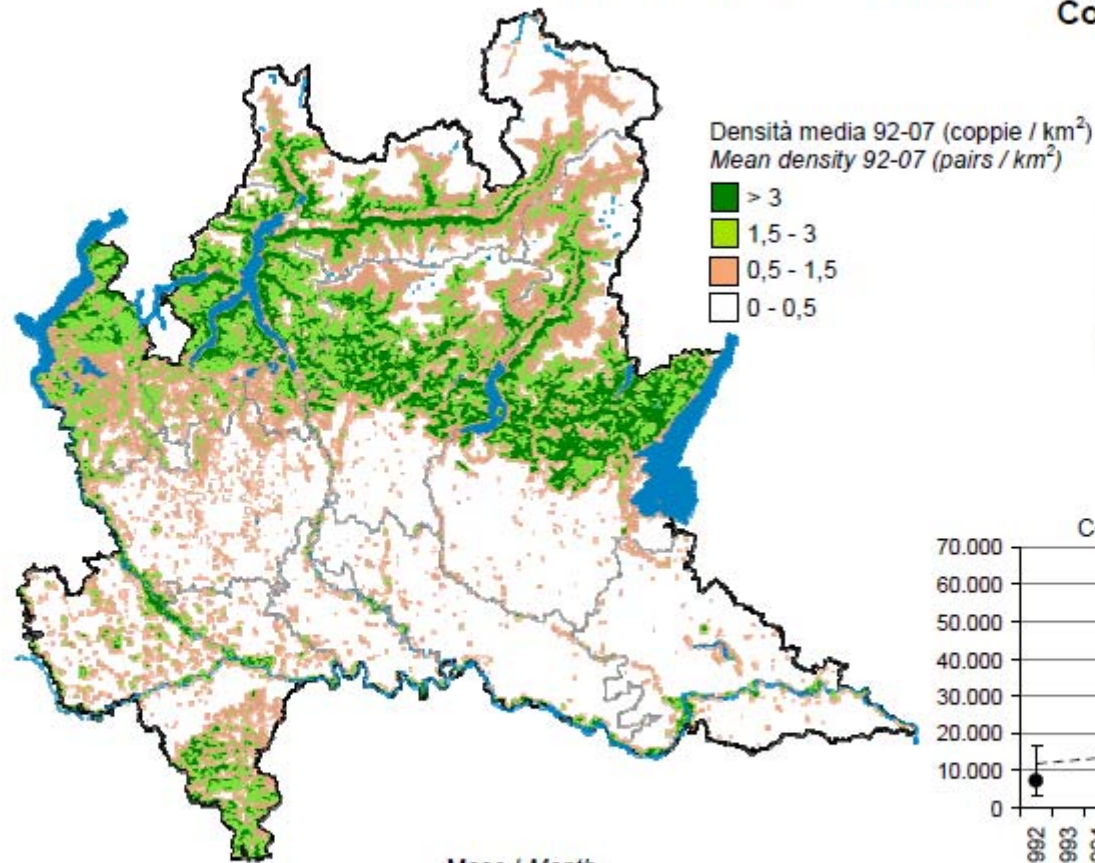
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

sconosciuto / unknown



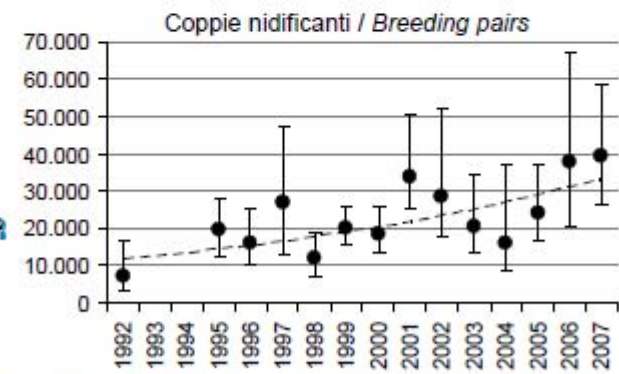
AVES – Passeriformes – Aegithalidae

Codibugnolo – Long-tailed Tit *Aegithalos caudatus*



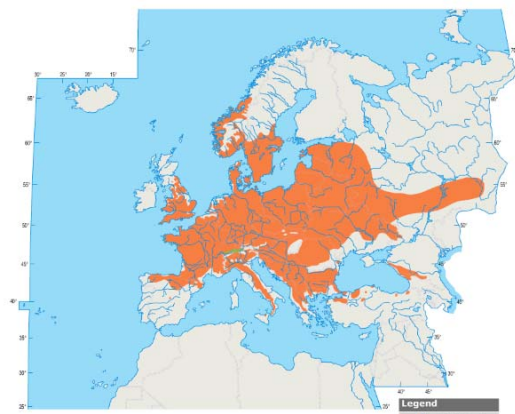
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	sedentaria / sedentary											

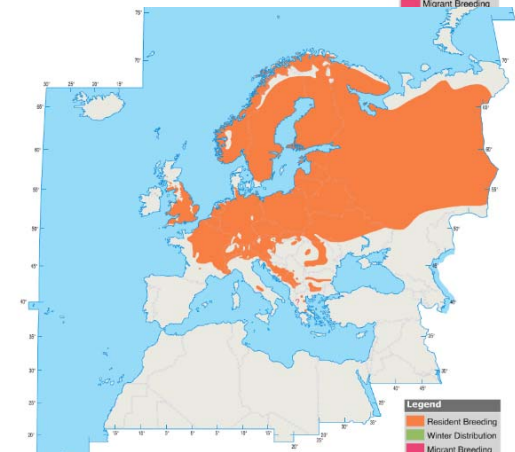


POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)		ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07:	21.500	+7,3%
2007:	39.000	

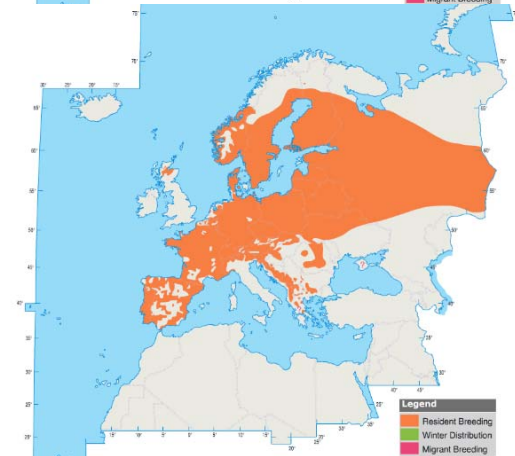
Passeriformes, Paridae (6 spp)



Cincia bigia
Poecile palustris
SB, M reg, W



Cincia bigia alpestre
Poecile montana
SB

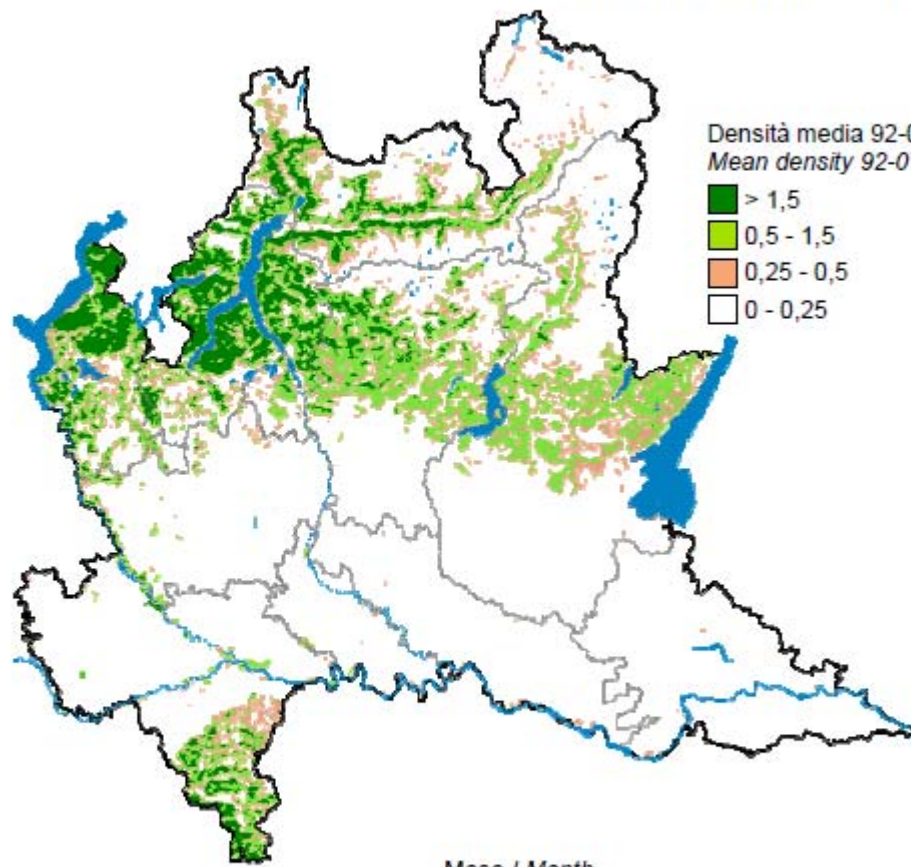


Cincia dal ciuffo
Lophophanes cristatus
SB, M irr, W irr



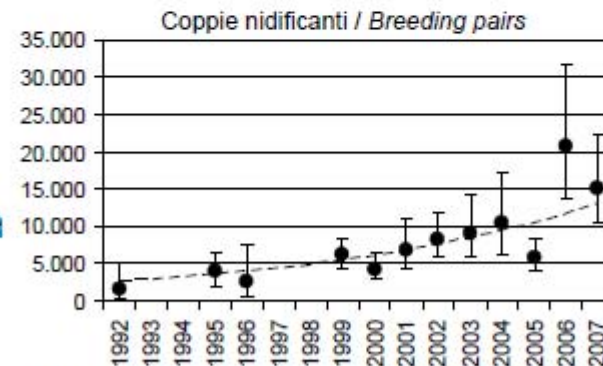
AVES – Passeriformes – Paridae

Cincia bigia – Marsh Tit
Poecile palustris



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY

Mese / Month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
	sedentaria / sedentary											

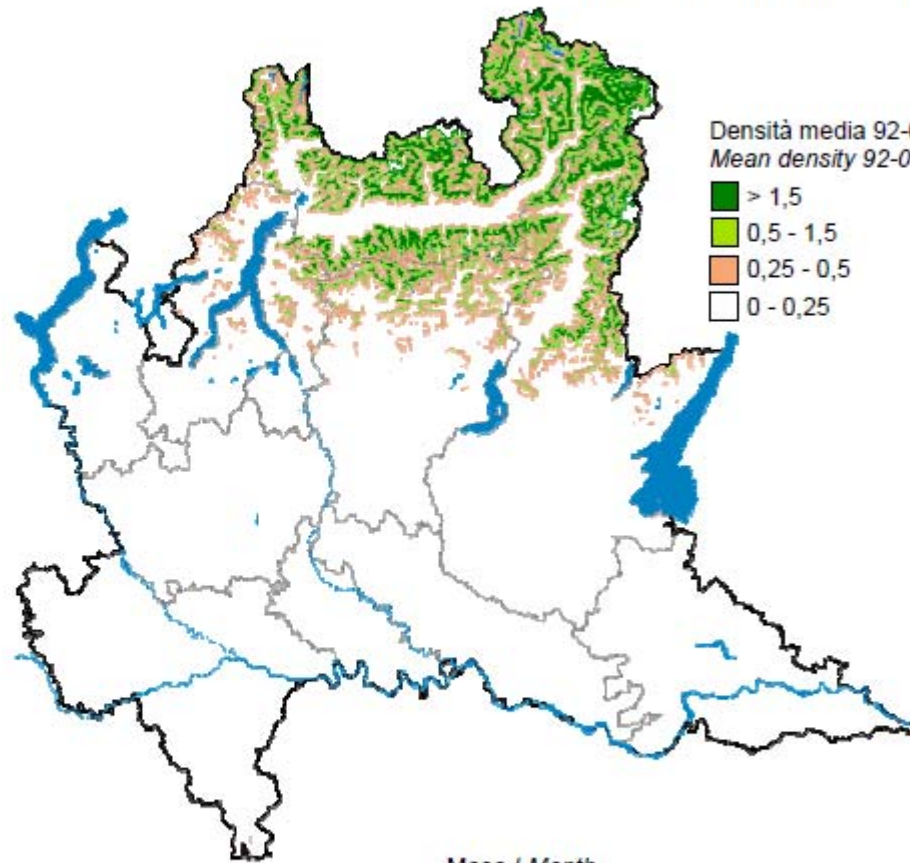


POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)		ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07:	6.700	+11,5
2007:	15.200	



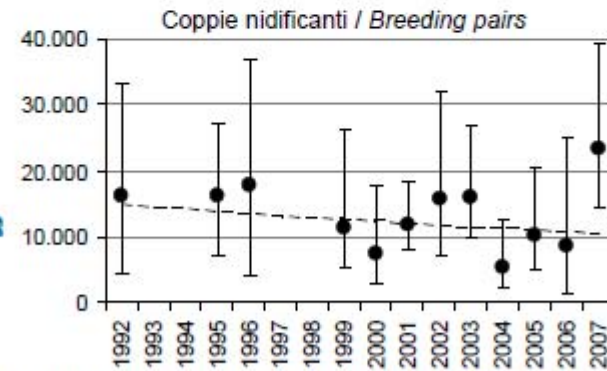
AVES – Passeriformes – Paridae

Cincia bigia alpestre – Willow Tit
Poecile montana



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
sedentaria / sedentary												



POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

media / mean 92-07:	10.500
2007:	23.000

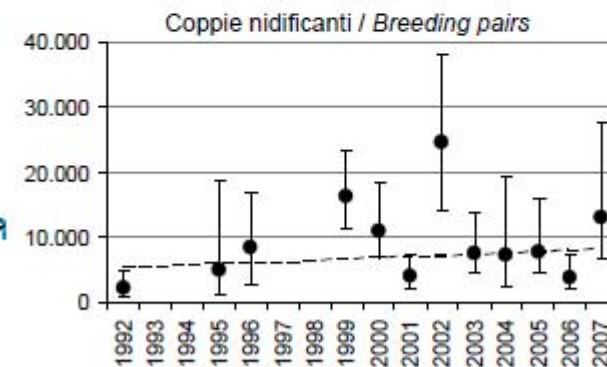
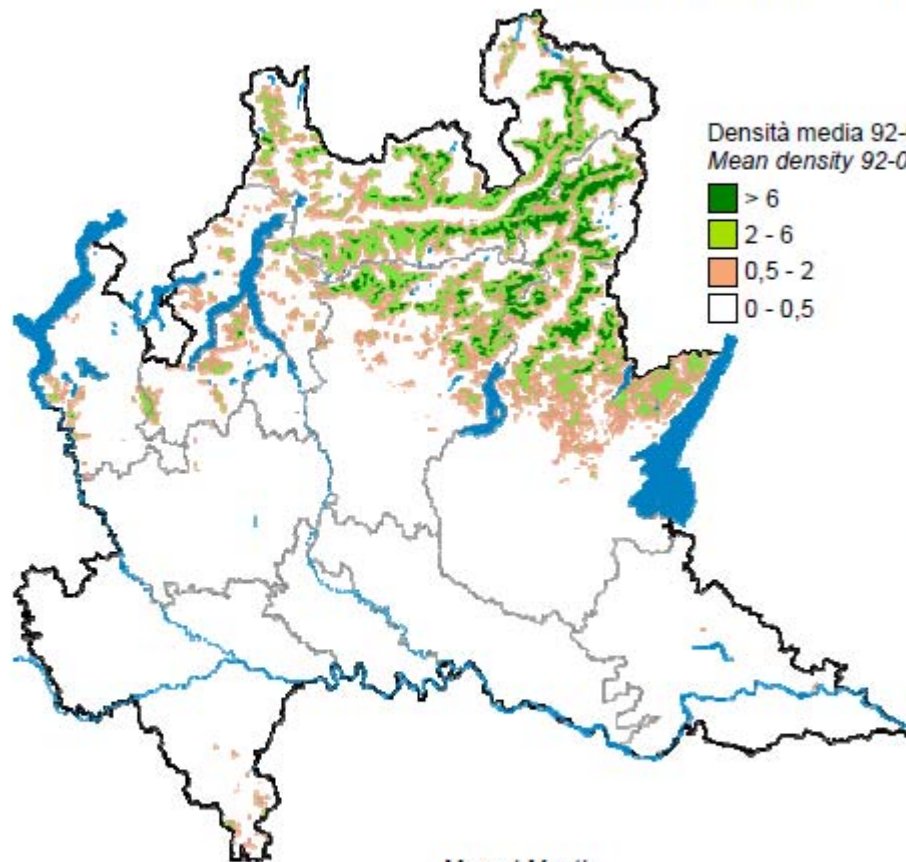
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

stabile / stable



AVES – Passeriformes – Paridae

Cincia dal ciuffo – Crested Tit
Lophophanes cristatus



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

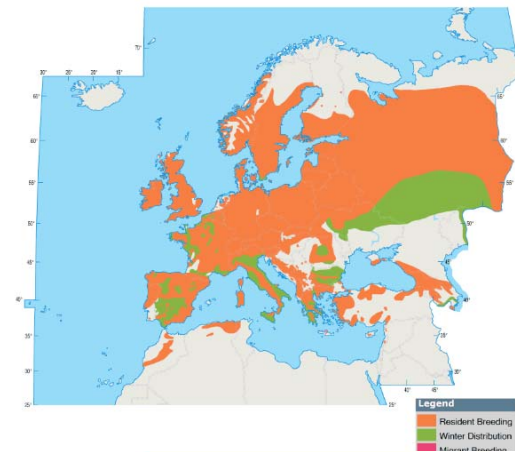
Mese / Month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

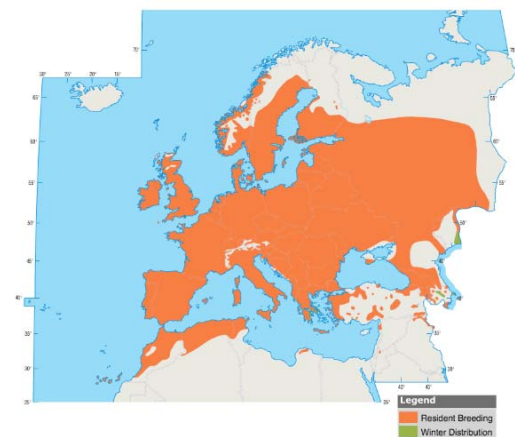
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

media / mean 92-07:	11.000	stabile – fluttuante
2007:	13.000	stable – fluctuating

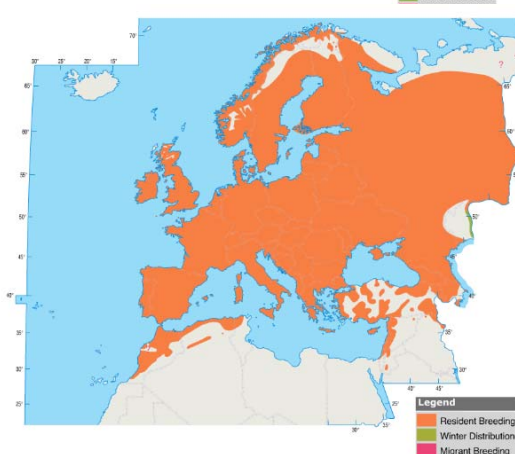
Passeriformes, Paridae (6 spp)



Cincia mora
Periparus ater
SB, M reg, W



Cinciarella
Cyanistes caeruleus
SB, M reg, W

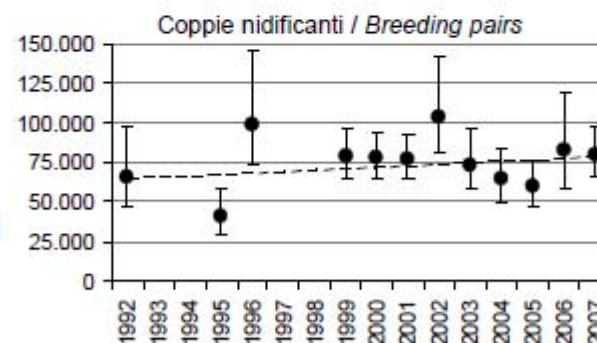
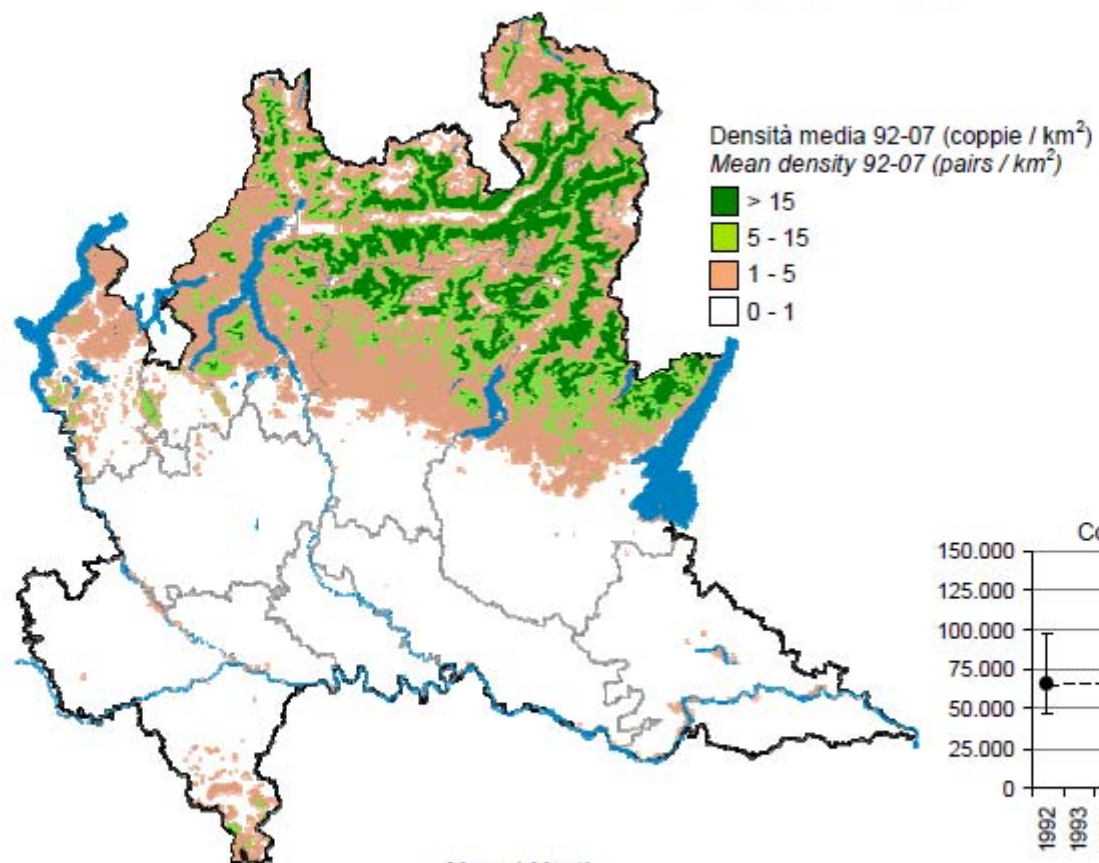


Cinciallegra
Parus major
SB, M reg, W



AVES – Passeriformes – Paridae

Cincia mora – *Coal Tit*
Pariparus ater



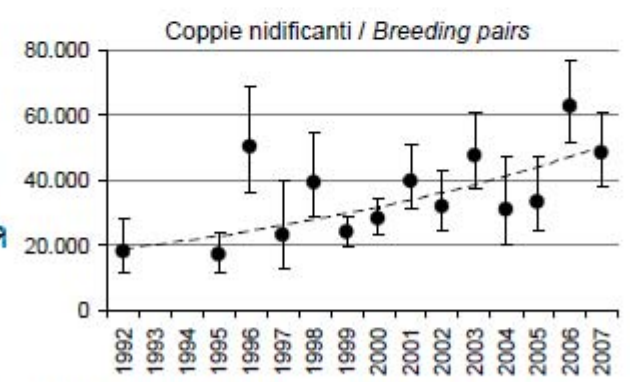
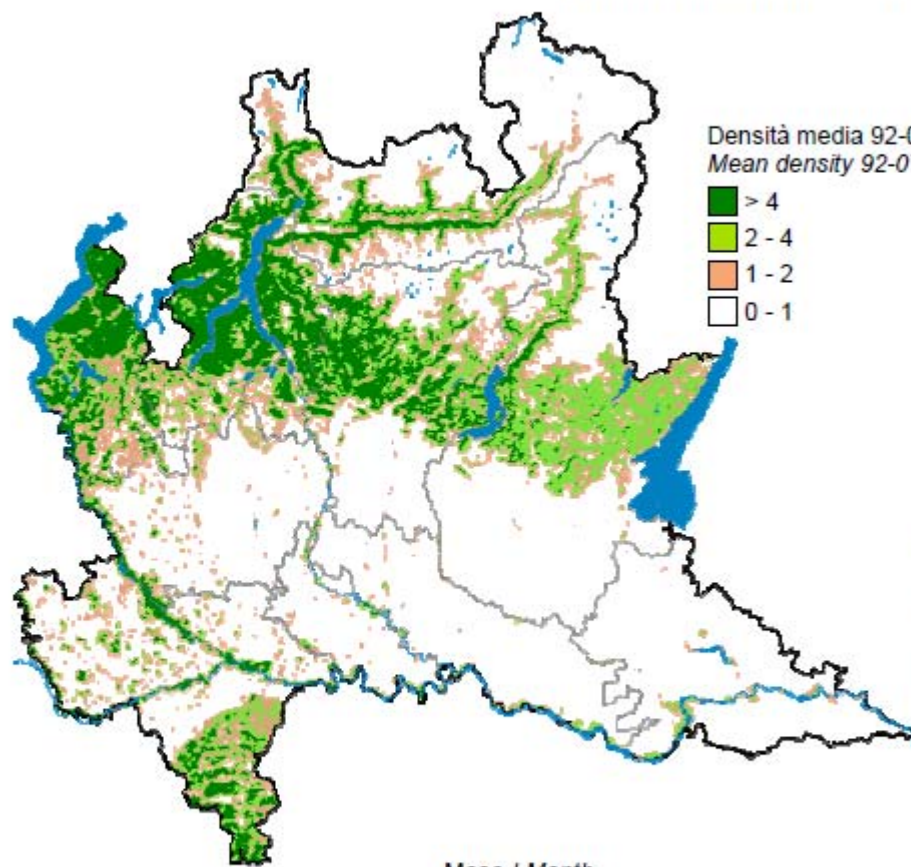
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding												
	sedentaria / sedentary											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 71.000	stabile / stable
2007: 80.000	



AVES – Passeriformes – Paridae

Cinciarella – *Blue Tit*
Cyanistes caeruleus



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY

Riproduzione / Breeding

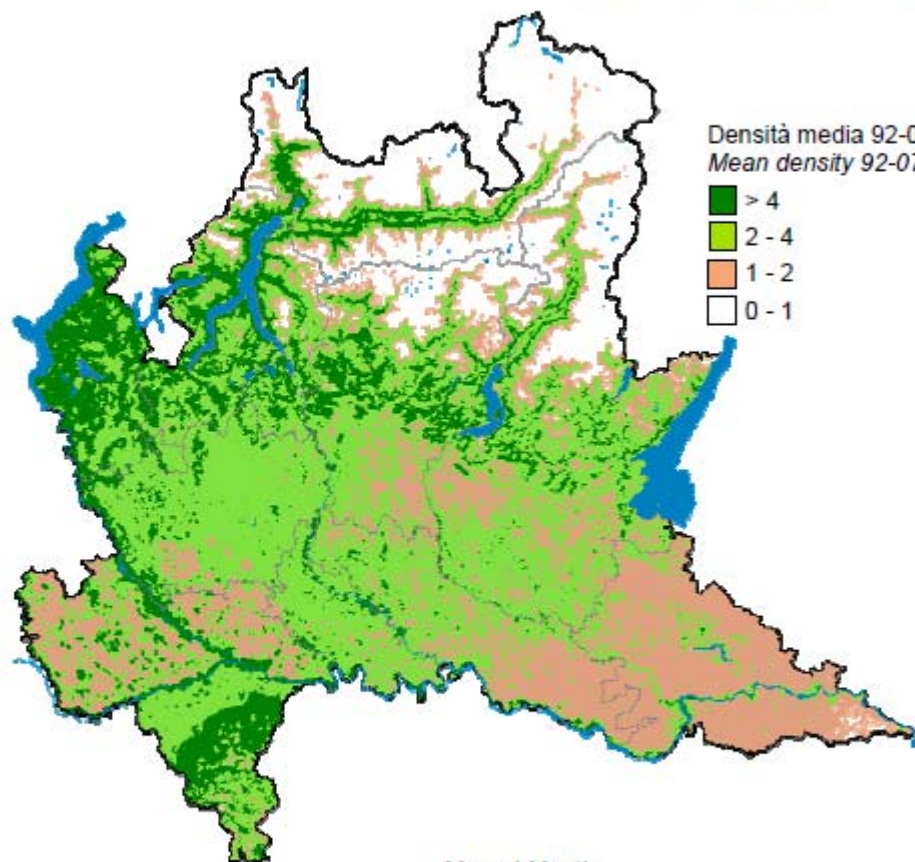
Mese / Month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 30.500	+6,9%
2007: 48.000	

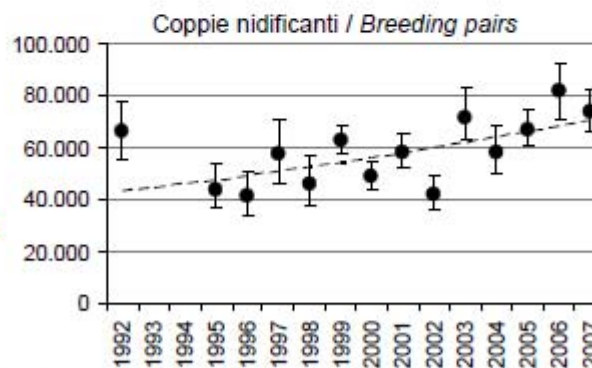
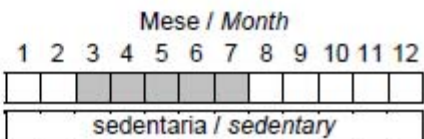


AVES – Passeriformes – Paridae

Cinciallegra – Great Tit
Parus major

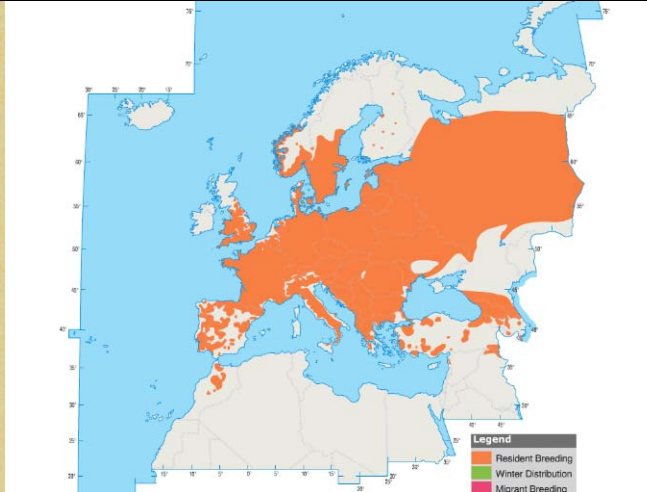


FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding



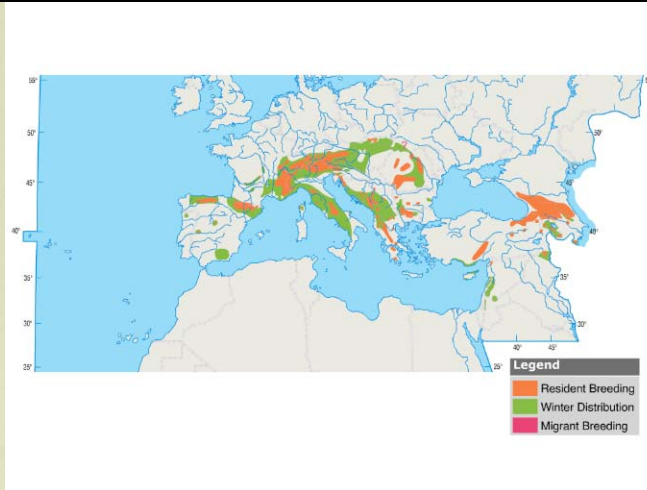
	POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07:	56.000	+3,4%
2007:	74.000	

Passeriformes, Sittidae (1 sp)



Picchio muratore
Sitta europaea
SB, M irr, W irr

Passeriformes, Tichodromididae (1 sp)

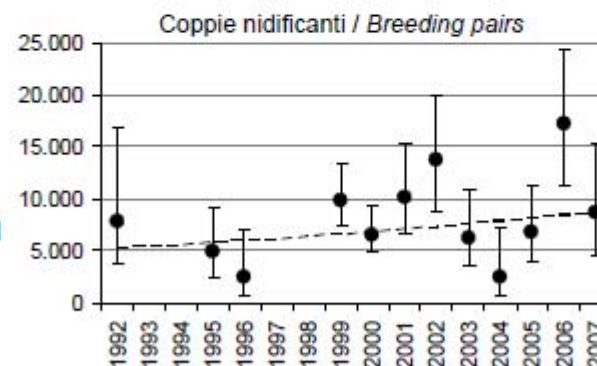
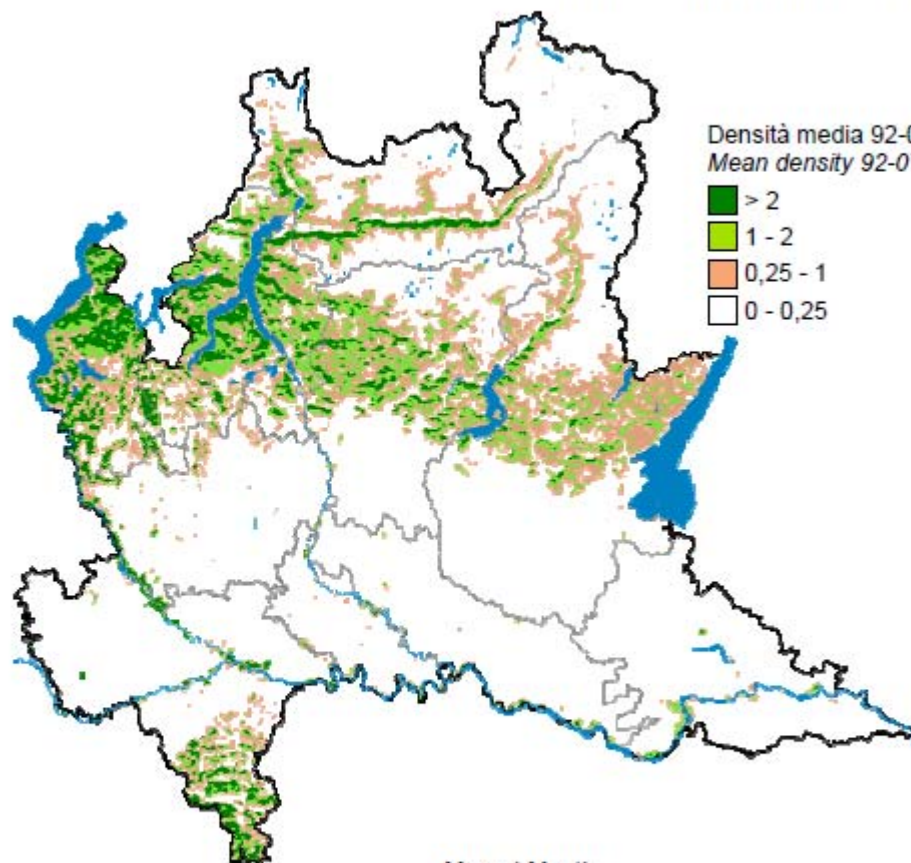


Picchio muriolo
Tichodroma muraria
SB, M reg, W



AVES – Passeriformes – Sittidae

Picchio muratore – Nuthatch
Sitta europaea



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

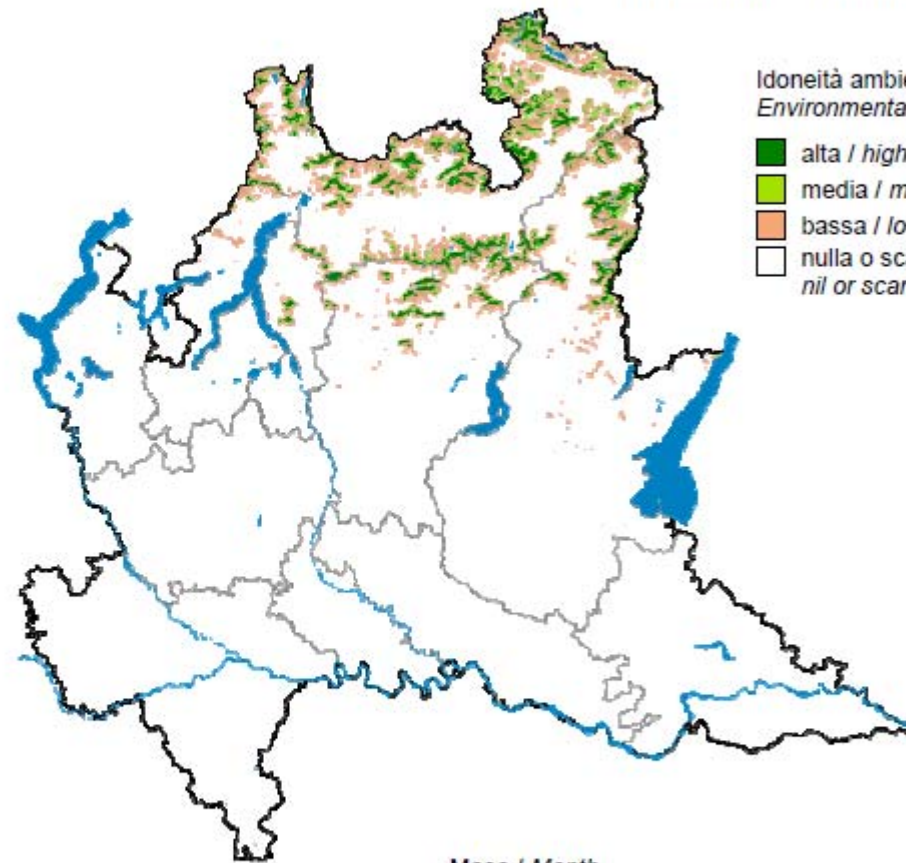
Mese / Month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 8.700	stabile – fluttuante
2007: 8.600	stable – fluctuating



AVES – Passeriformes – Tichodromadidae

Picchio muraiolo – Wallcreeper
Tichodroma muraria



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa /
nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

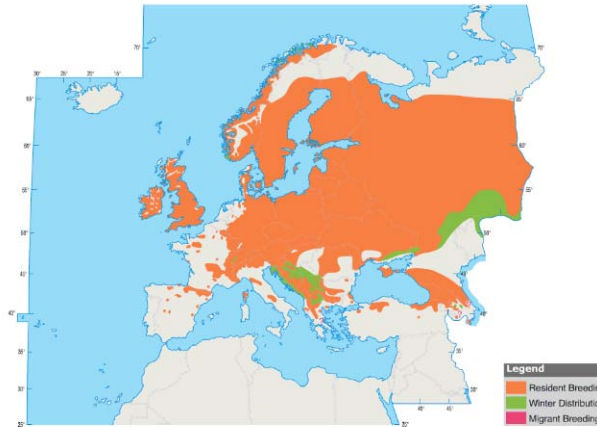
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(500 – 1.000)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(stabile / stable)

Passeriformes, Certhidae (2 spp)



Rampichino alpestre
Certhia familiaris
SB, M irr

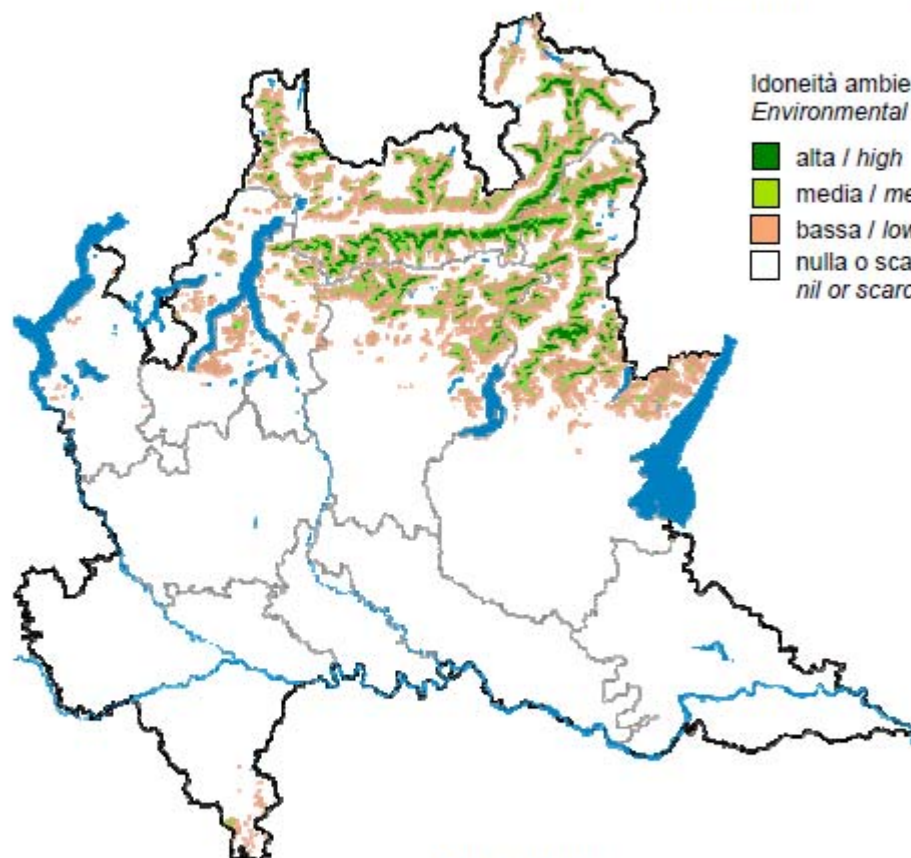


Rampichino
Certhia brachydactyla
SB, M irr



AVES – Passeriformes – Certhiidae

Rampichino alpestre – Treecreeper
Certhia familiaris



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa /
nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(6.000 – 10.000)

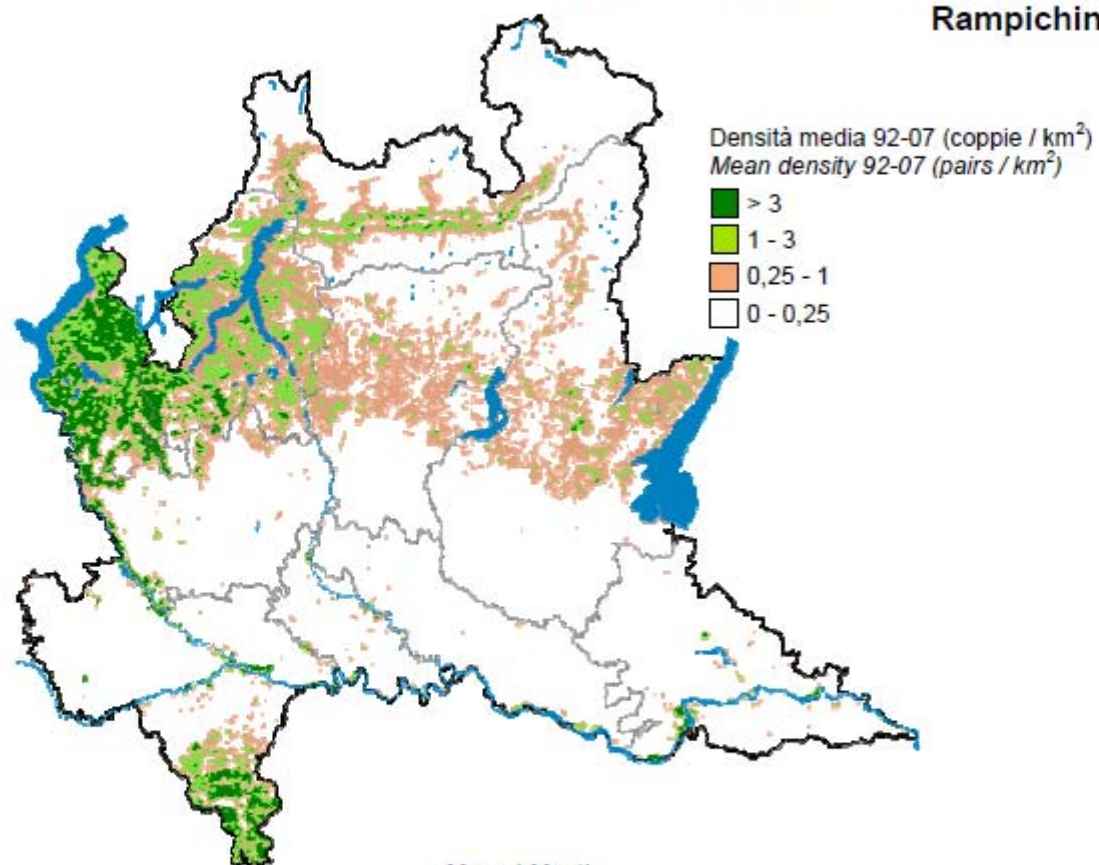
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(stabile – fluttuante)
(stable – fluctuating)



AVES – Passeriformes – Certhiidae

Rampichino – Short-toed Treecreeper
Certhia brachydactyla



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

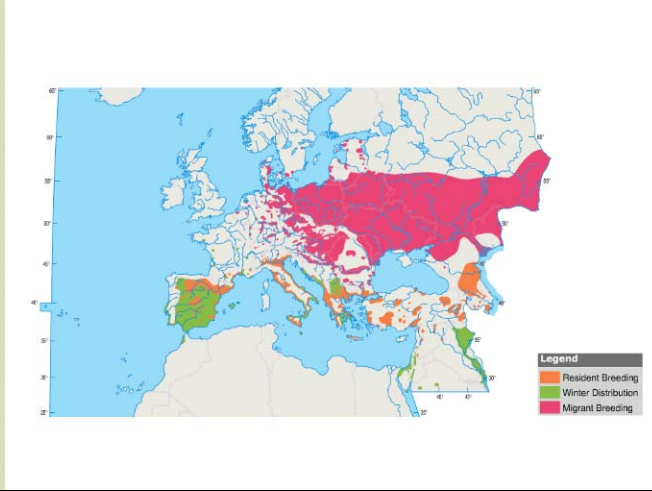
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(8.000 – 12.000)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

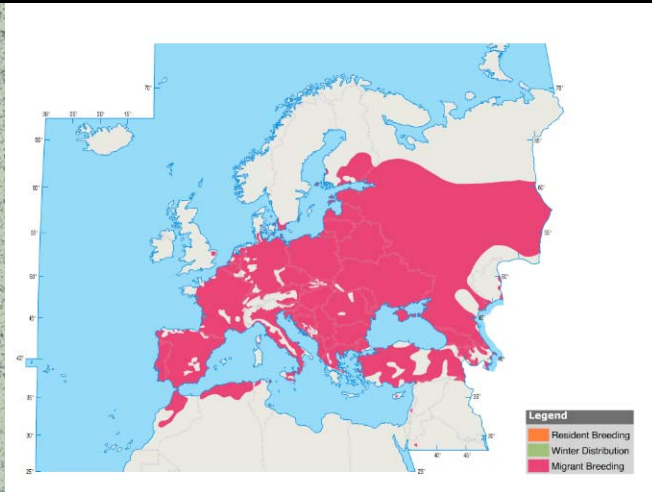
(stabile – fluttuante)
(stable – fluctuating)

Passeriformes, Remizidae (1 sp)



Pendolino
Remiz pendulinus
SB, M reg, W

Passeriformes, Oriolidae (1 sp)

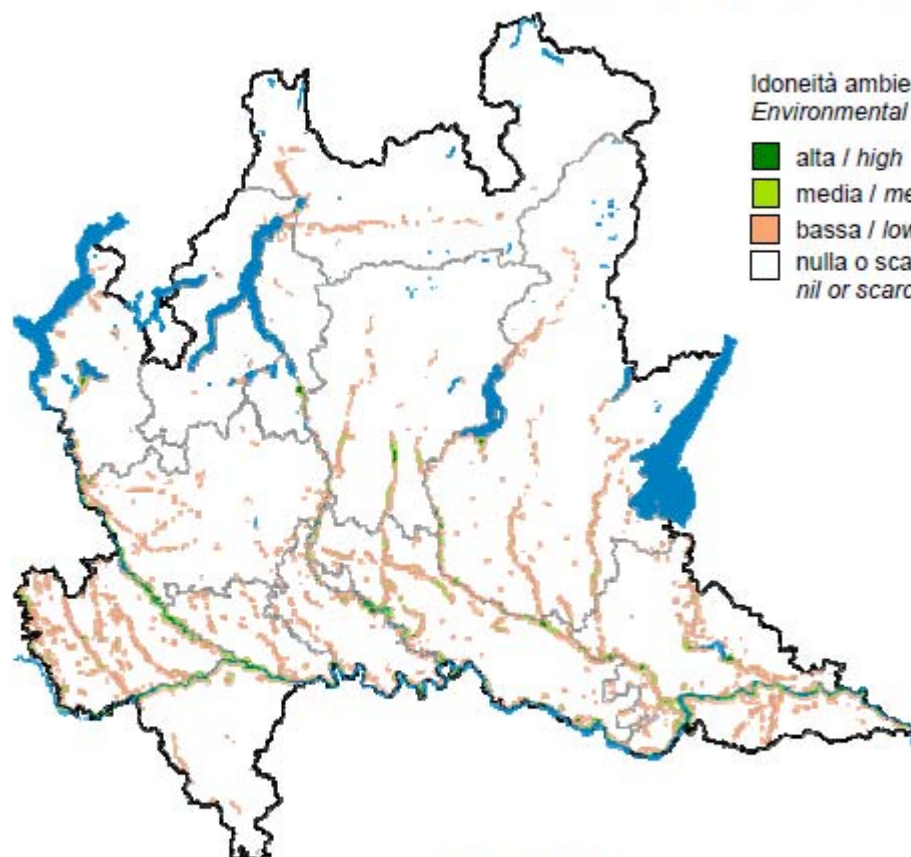


Rigogolo
Oriolus oriolus
M reg, B



AVES – Passeriformes – Remizidae

Pendolino – Penduline Tit
Remiz pendulinus



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / *high*
- media / *medium*
- bassa / *low*
- nulla o scarsa / *nil or scarce*



FENOLOGIA / *PHENOLOGY*
Riproduzione / *Breeding*

Mese / <i>Month</i>											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / <i>sedentary</i>											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(1.500 – 3.000)

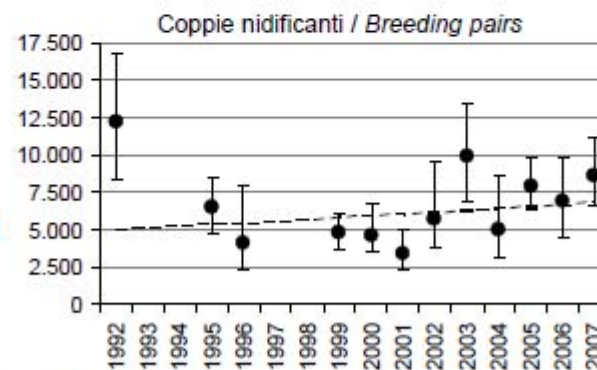
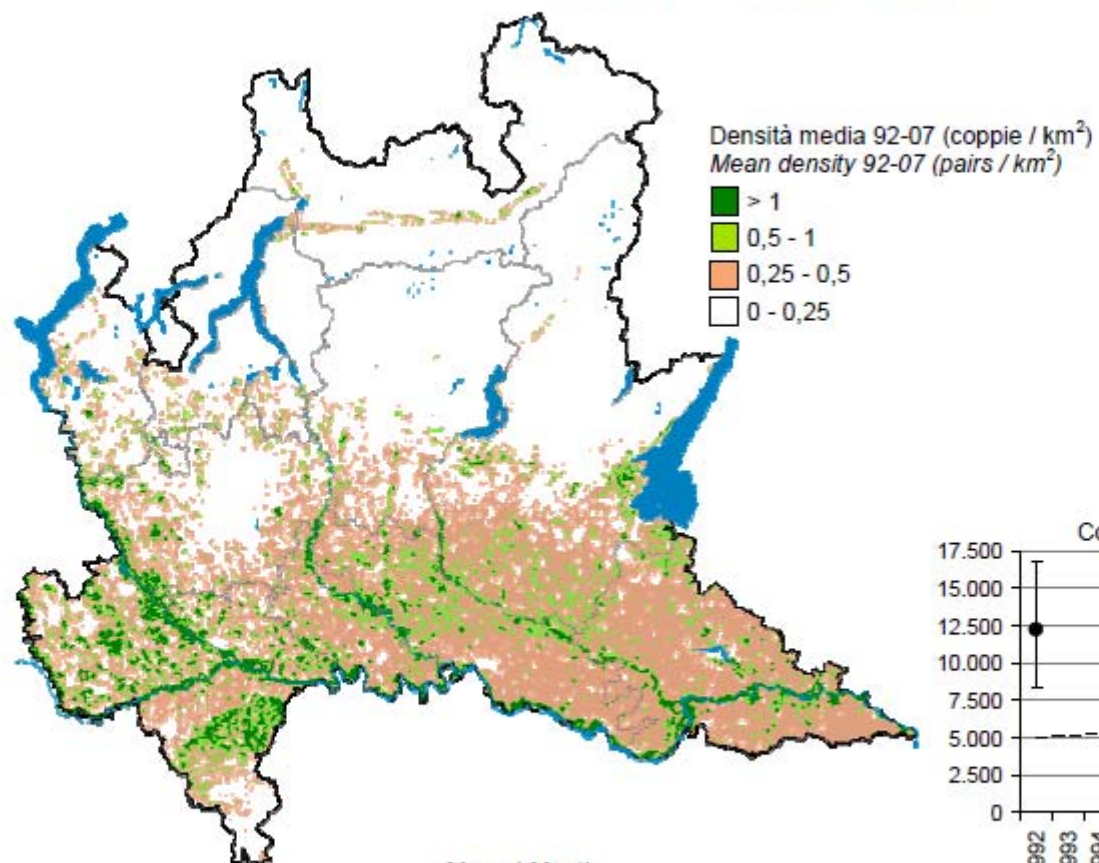
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

sconosciuto / *unknown*



AVES – Passeriformes – Oriolidae

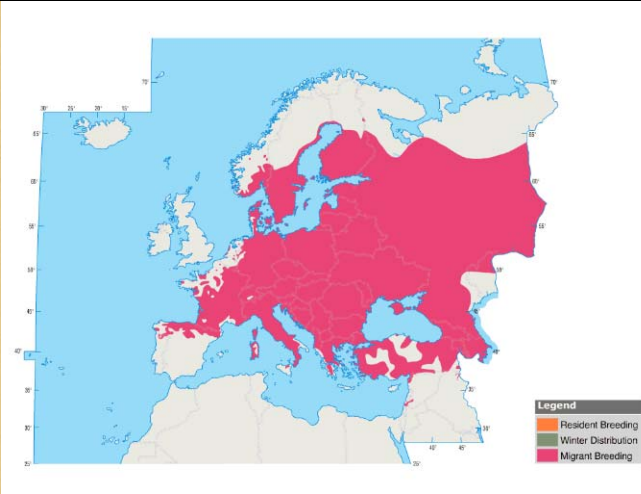
Rigogolo – Golden Oriole
Oriolus oriolus



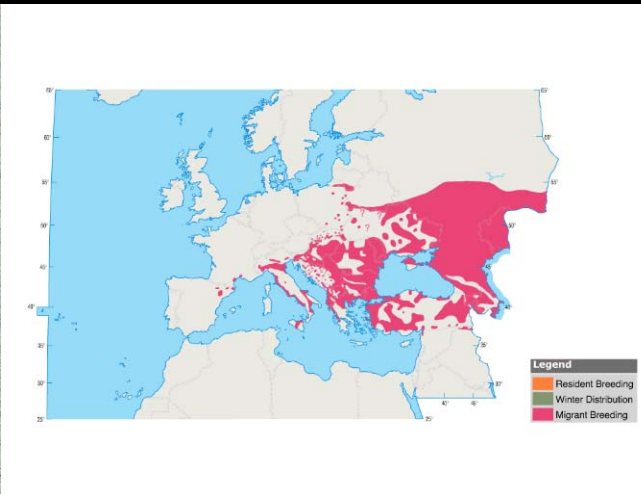
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 6.000	stabile – fluttuante stable – fluctuating
2007: 8.600	

Passeriformes, Laniidae (4 spp)



Averla piccola
Lanius collurio
M reg, B, W irr
SPEC 3
Allegato I
Dir. 79/409/CEE

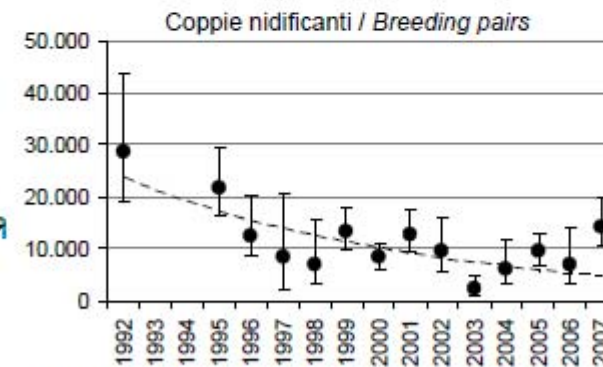
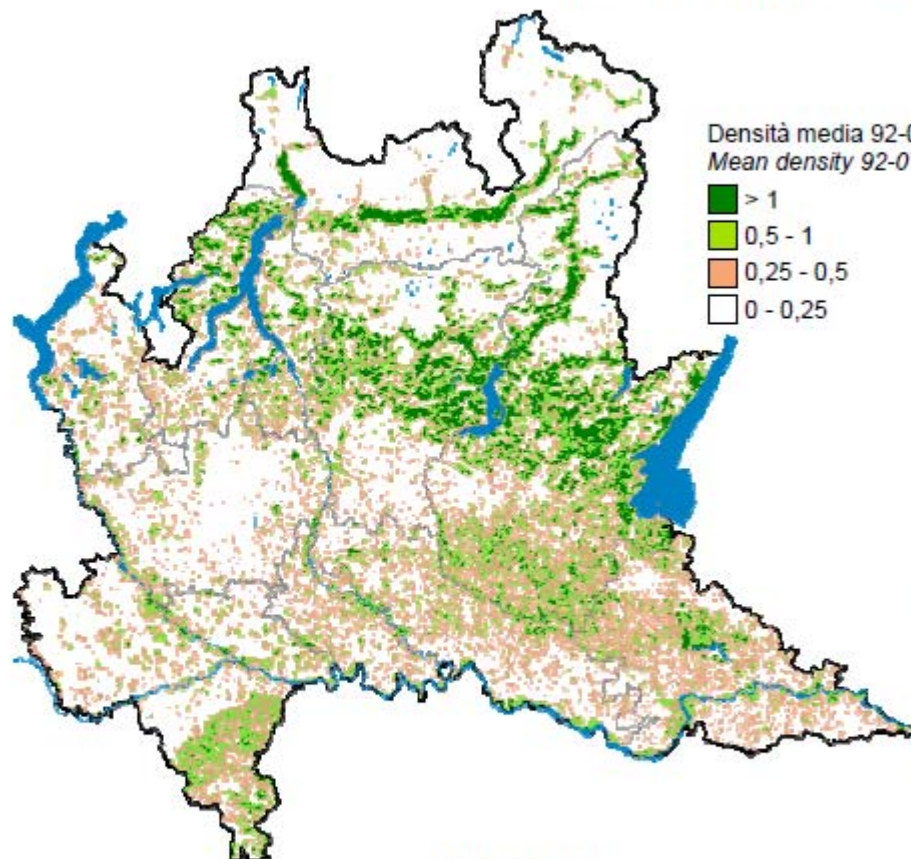


Averla cenerina
Lanius minor
M reg, B
SPEC 2
Allegato I
Dir. 79/409/CEE



AVES – Passeriformes – Laniidae

Averla piccola – Red-backed Shrike
Lanius collurio



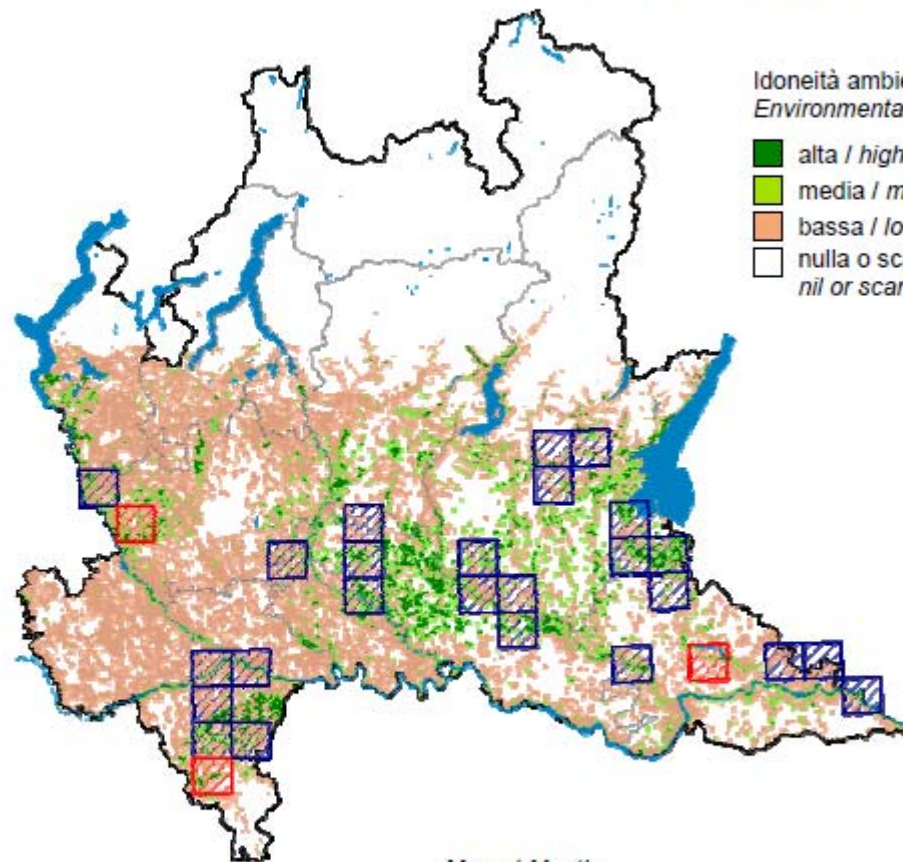
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 11.200	-10,2%
2007: 14.100	ridotta / depleted



AVES – Passeriformes – Laniidae

Averla cinerina – Lesser Grey Shrike
Lanius minor



Idoneità ambientale
 Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



Mese / Month

FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

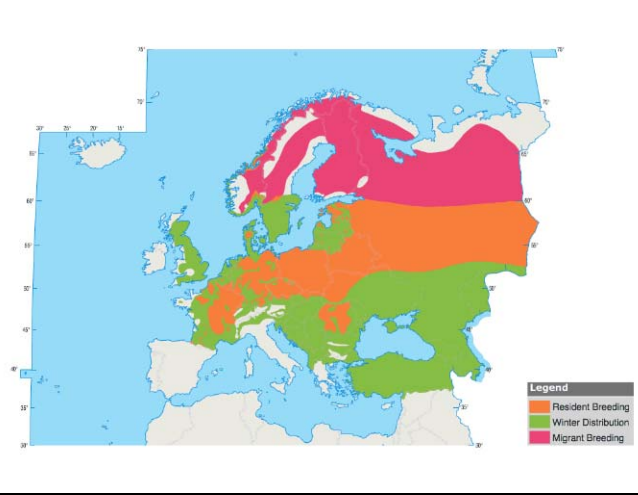
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
 POPULATION (breeding pairs)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
 MEAN ANNUAL TREND

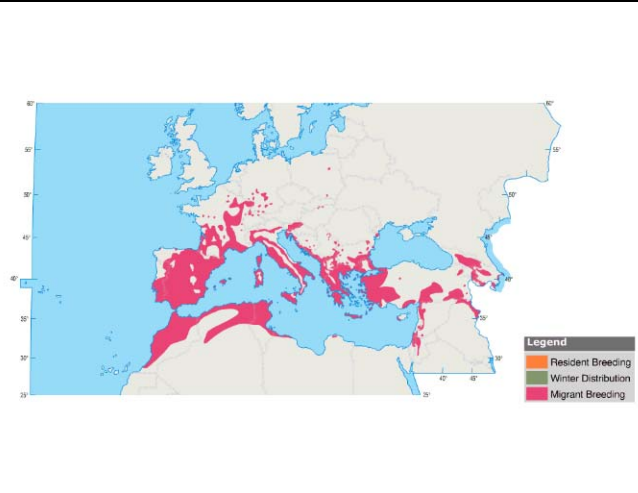
(<100)

(in diminuzione / declining)

Passeriformes, Laniidae (4 spp)



Averla maggiore
Lanius excubitor
M reg, W
SPEC 3



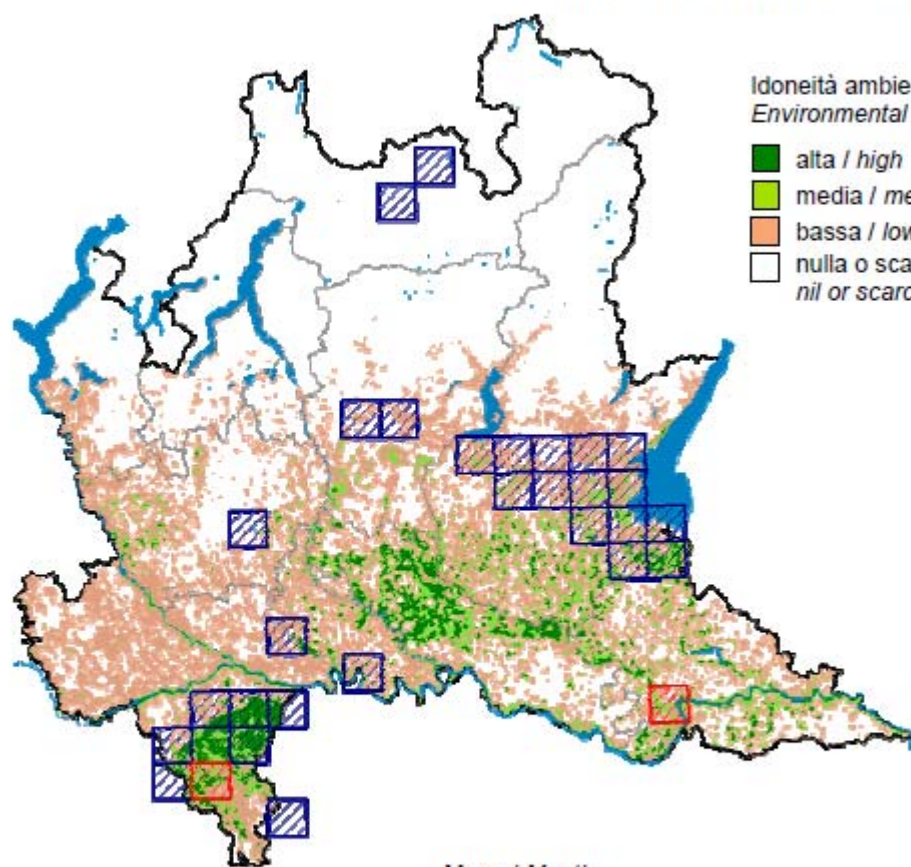
Averla capirossa
Lanius senator
M reg, B, W irr
SPEC 2



AVES – Passeriformes – Laniidae

Averla capirossa – Woodchat Shrike

Lanius senator



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

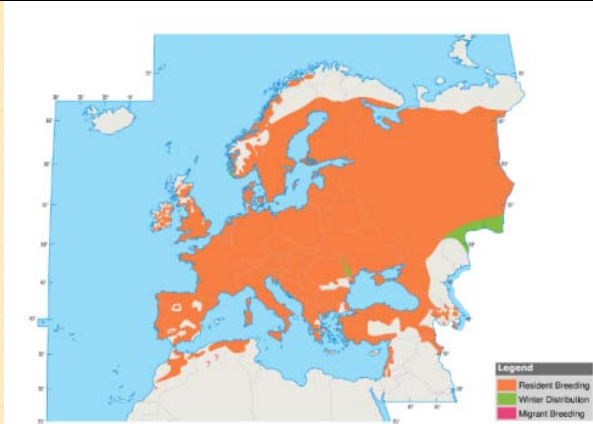
- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



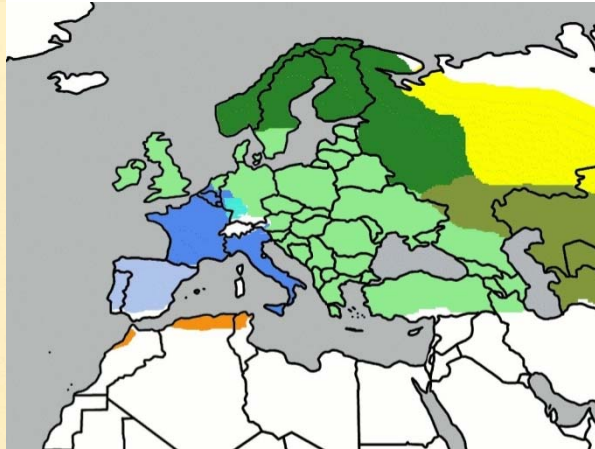
		Mese / Month											
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Riproduzione / Breeding												
	Migrazione / Migration												
	Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(<100)	(in diminuzione / declining)

Passeriformes, Corvidae (10 spp)



Ghiandaia
Garrulus glandarius
SB, M irr



Gazza
Pica pica
SB, M irr

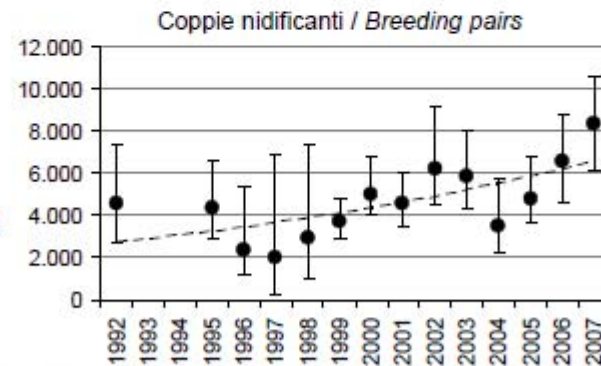
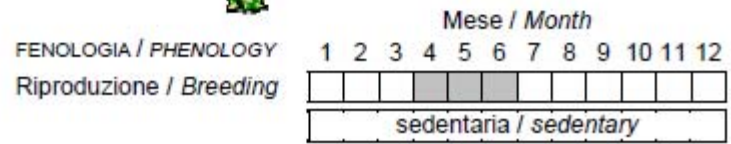
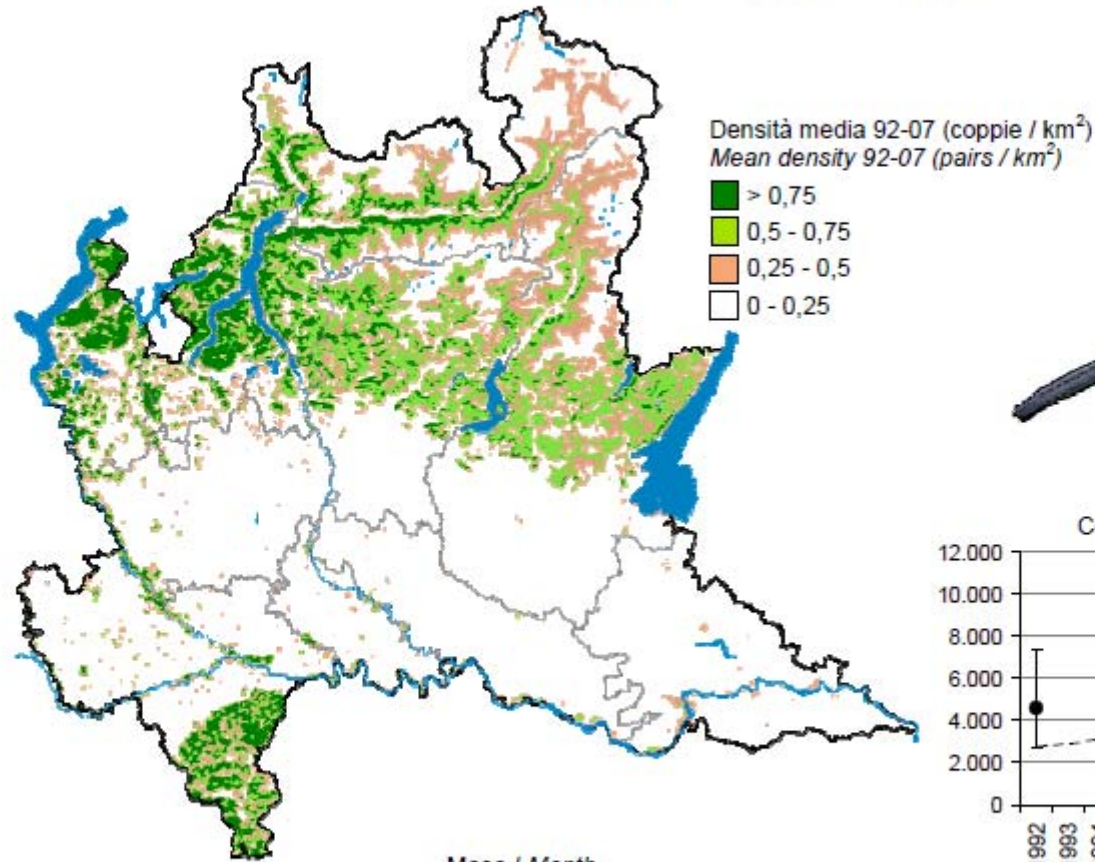


Nocciolaia
Nucifraga caryocatactes
SB, M irr, W irr



AVES – Passeriformes – Corvidae

Ghiandaia – Jay
Garrulus glandarius

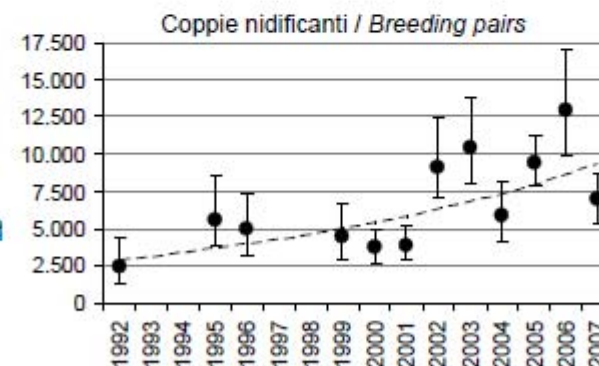
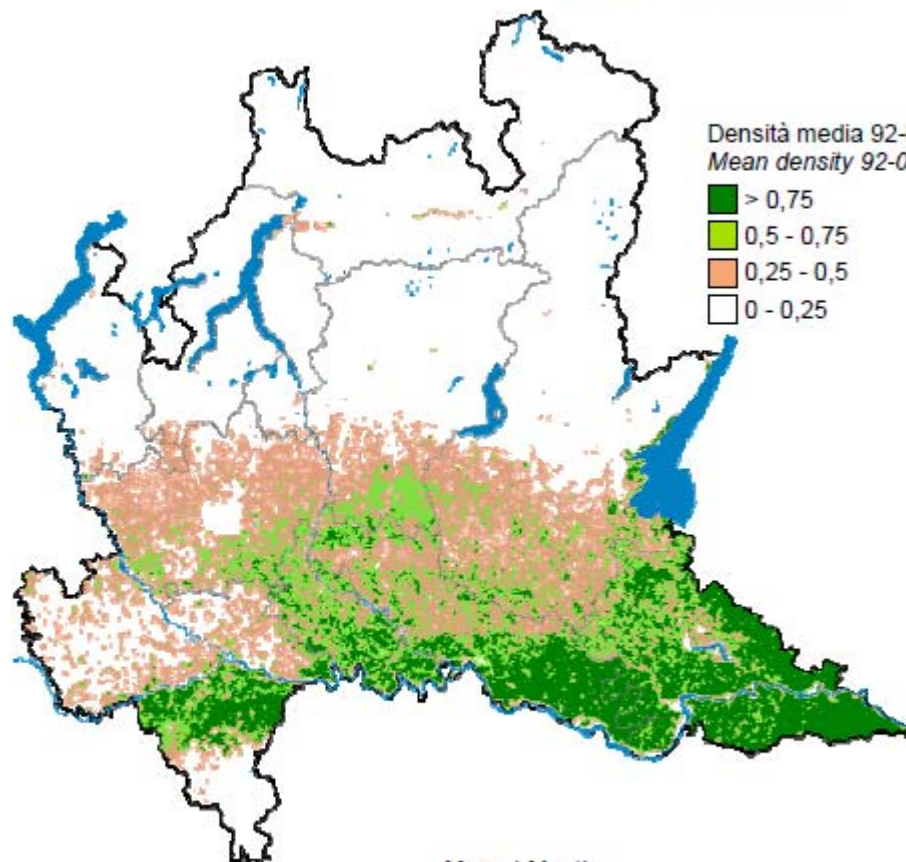


POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)		ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07:	4.600	+6,0%
2007:	8.300	



AVES – Passeriformes – Corvidae

Gazza – Magpie
Pica pica



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

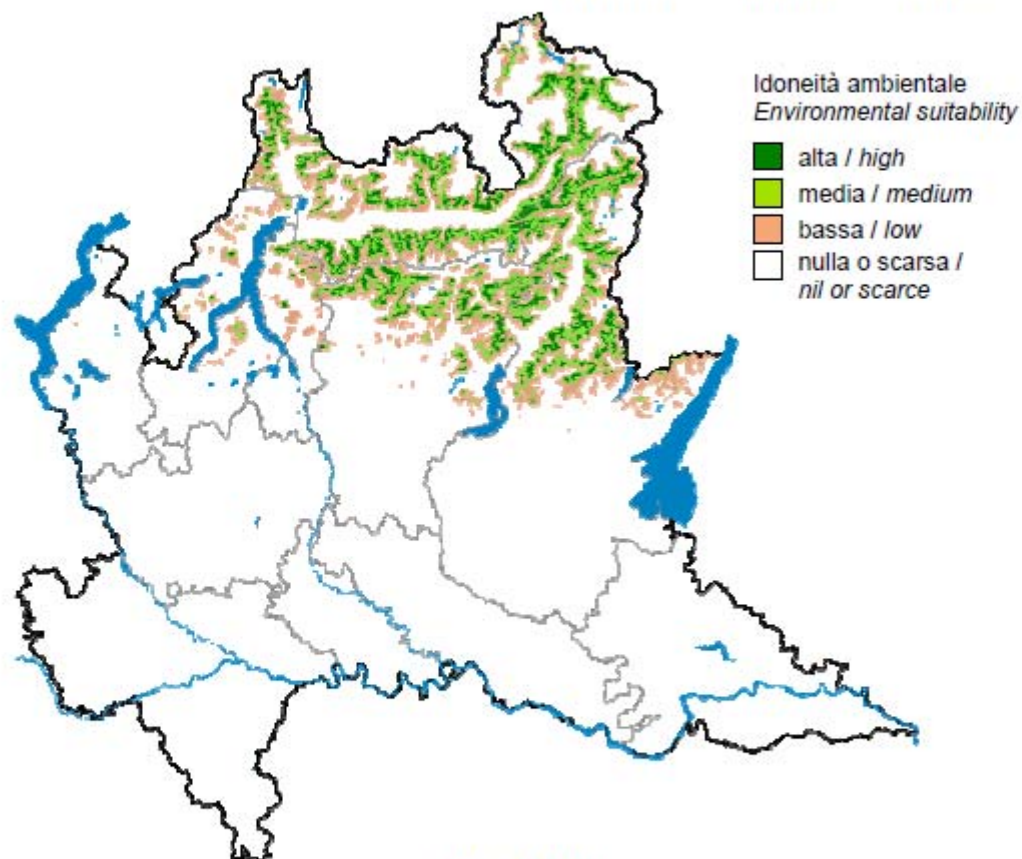
Mese / Month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 6.500	+8,2%
2007: 7.000	fluttuante / fluctuating



AVES – Passeriformes – Corvidae

Nocciolaia – Nutcracker
Nucifraga caryocatactes



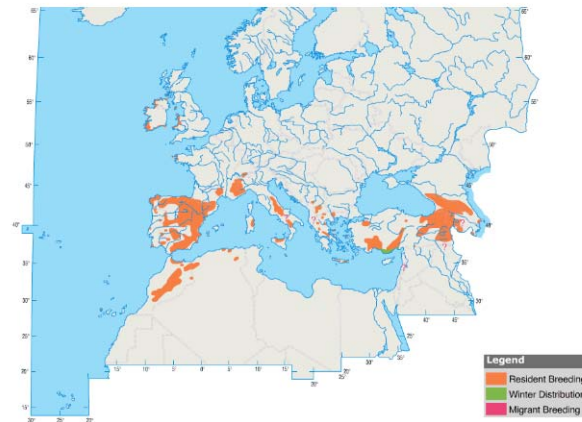
		Mese / Month											
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		sedentaria / sedentary											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(1000 – 1.500)	(stabile / stable)

Passeriformes, Corvidae (10 spp)



Gracchio
Pyrrhocorax graculus
SB, M irr, W irr



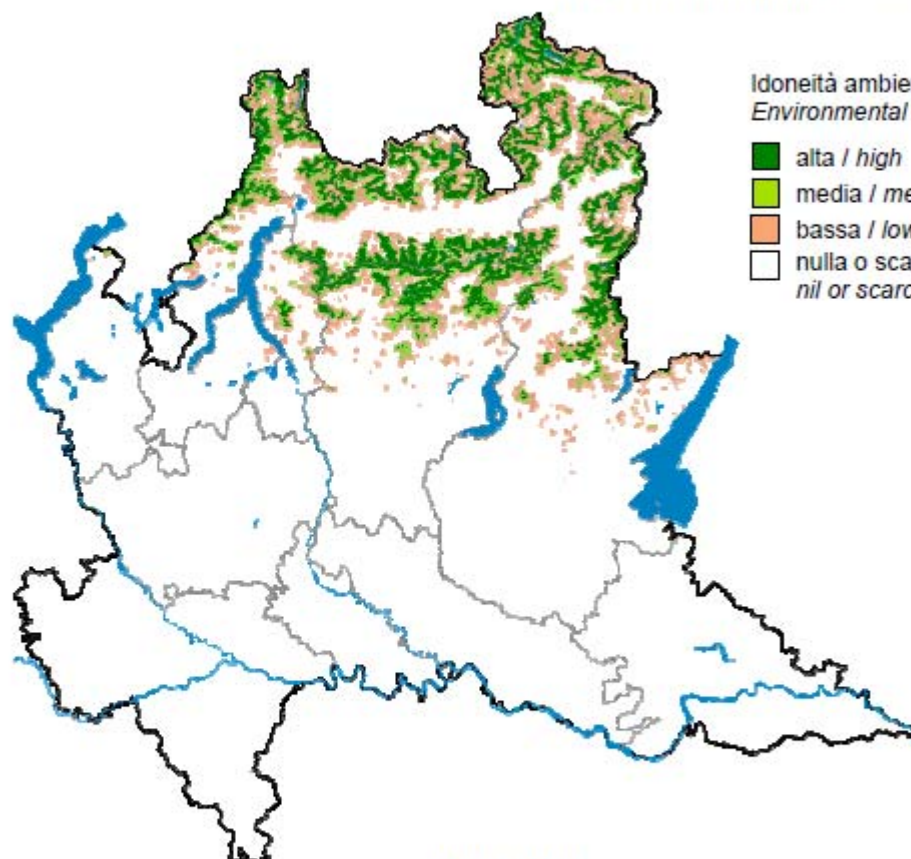
Gracchio corallino
Pyrrhocorax pyrrhocorax
SB

SPEC 3
Allegato I
Dir. 79/409/CEE



AVES – Passeriformes – Corvidae

Gracchio alpino – Alpine Chough
Pyrrhocorax graculus



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa /
nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

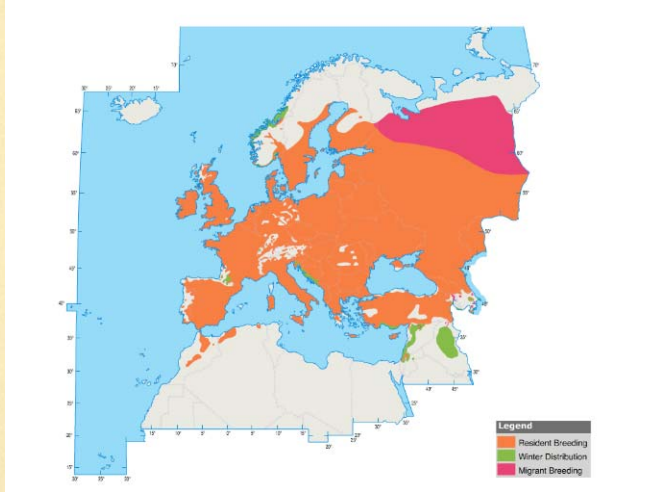
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(3.000 – 6.000)

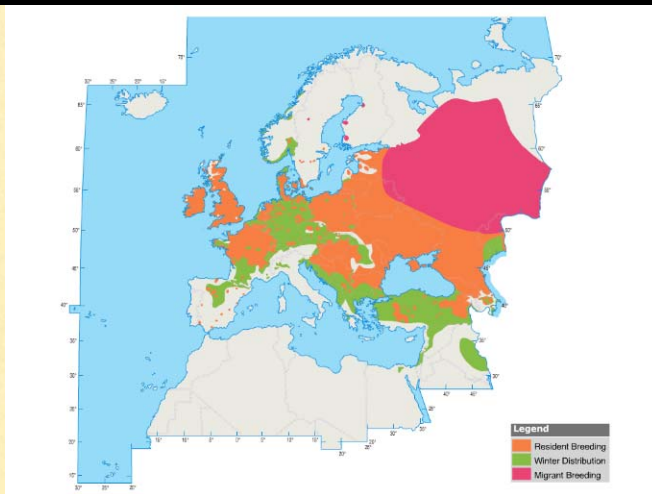
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(stabile / stable)

Passeriformes, Corvidae (10 spp)



Taccola
Corvus monedula
SB, M reg, W par

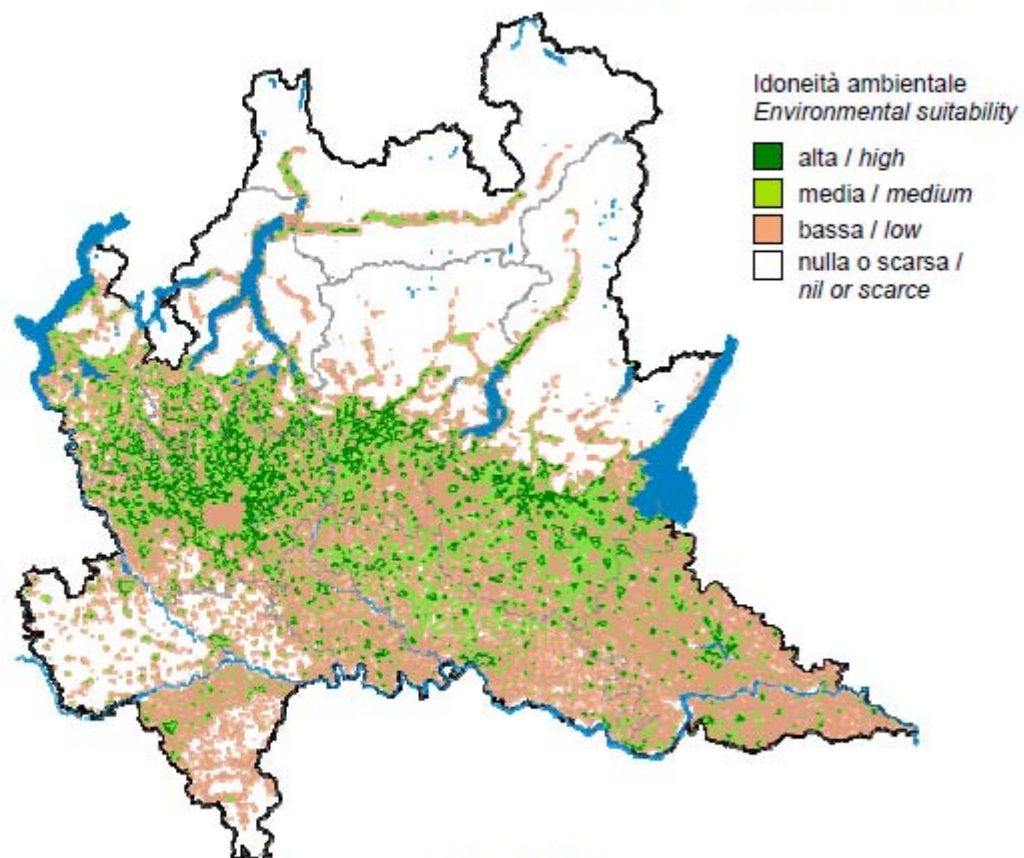


Corvo
Corvus frugileus
M reg, W



AVES – Passeriformes – Corvidae

Taccola – Jackdaw
Corvus monedula



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

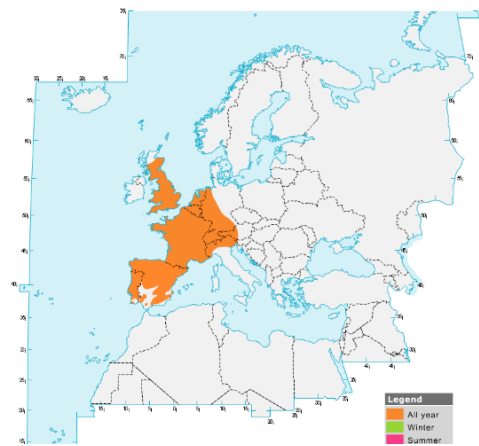
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(1.000 – 2.000)

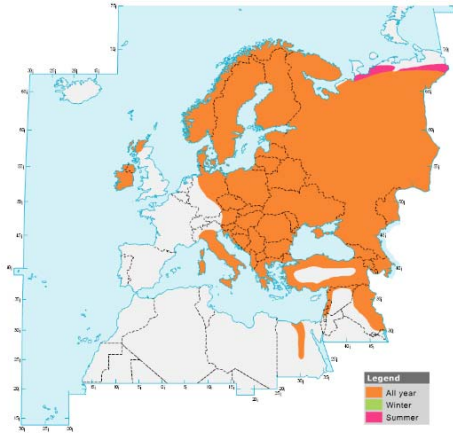
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(in aumento / increasing)

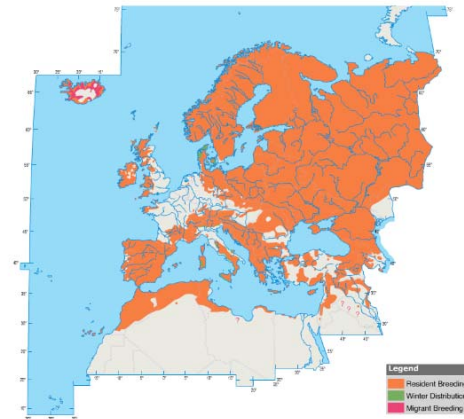
Passeriformes, Corvidae (10 spp)



Cornacchia nera
Corvus corone
SB, M reg, W par



Cornacchia grigia
Corvus cornix
SB, M reg, W par

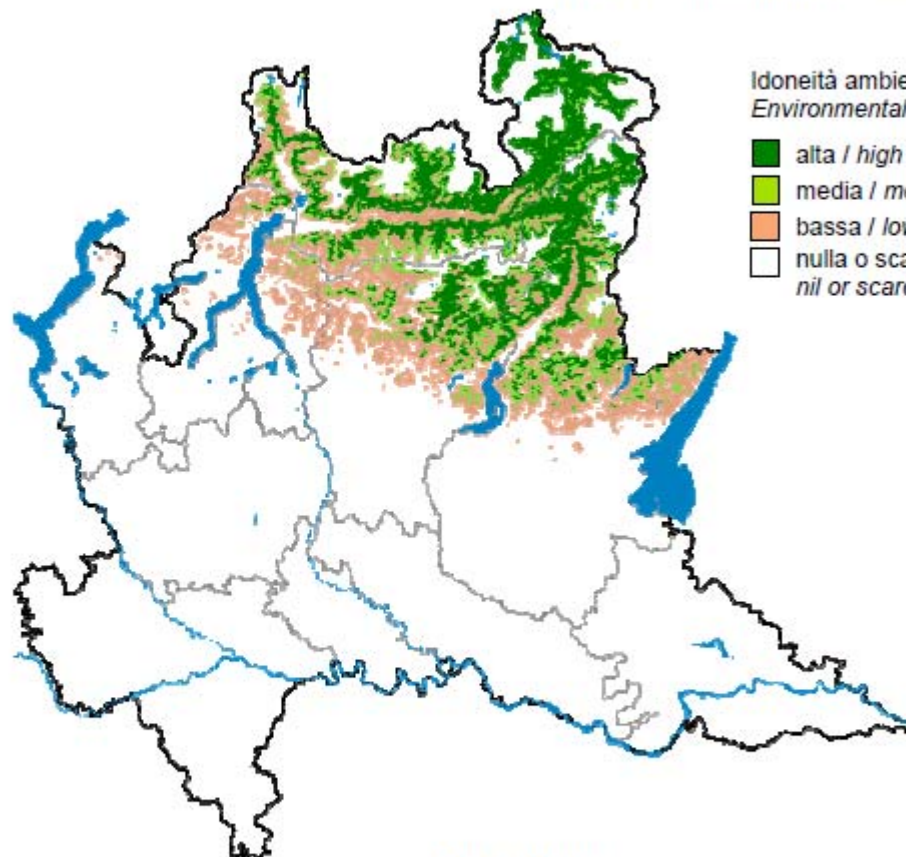


Corvo imperiale
Corvus corax
SB, M irr



AVES – Passeriformes – Corvidae

Cornacchia nera – Carrion Crow
Corvus corone



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa /
nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(1.500 – 2.500)

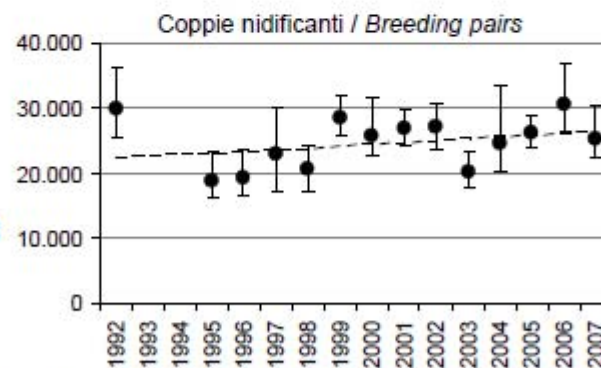
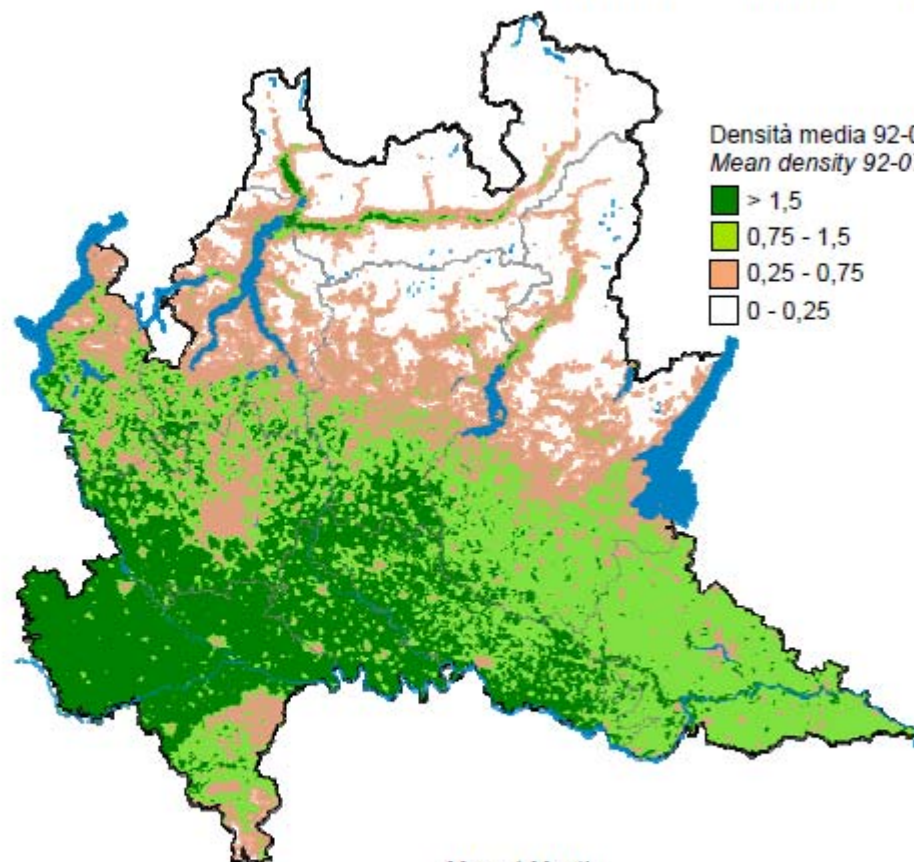
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(in aumento / increasing)



AVES – Passeriformes – Corvidae

Cornacchia grigia – Hooded Crow
Corvus cornix



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

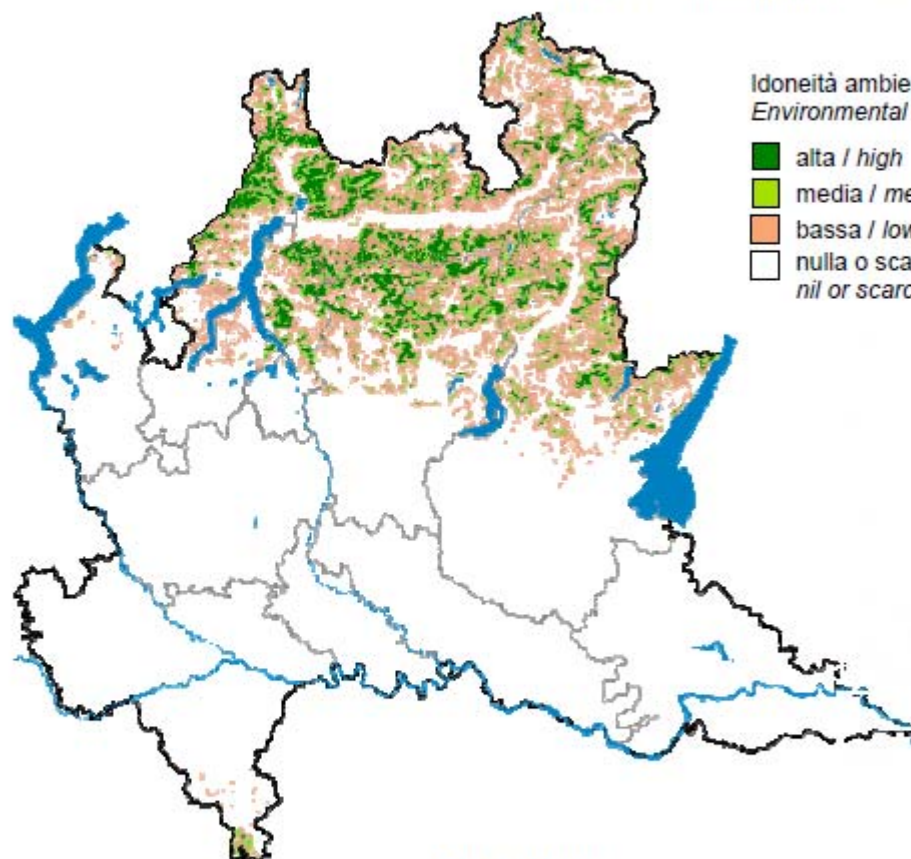
Mese / Month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 25.500	stabile / stable
2007: 25.000	



AVES – Passeriformes – Corvidae

Corvo imperiale – Raven
Corvus corax



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

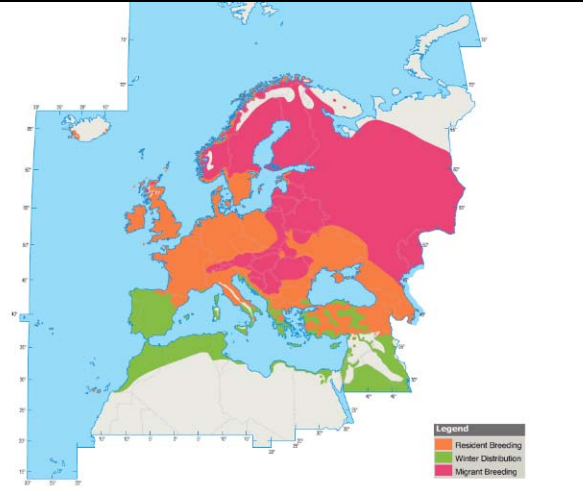
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(600 – 1.200)

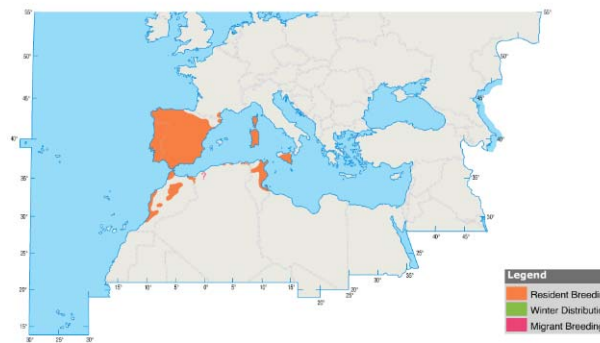
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(in aumento / increasing)

Passeriformes, Sturnidae (2 spp)



Storno
Sturnus vulgaris
SB, M reg, W

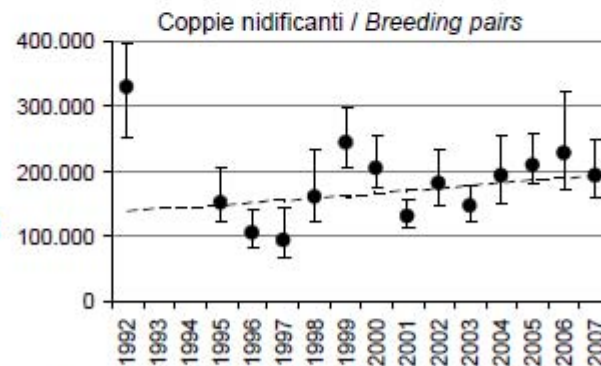
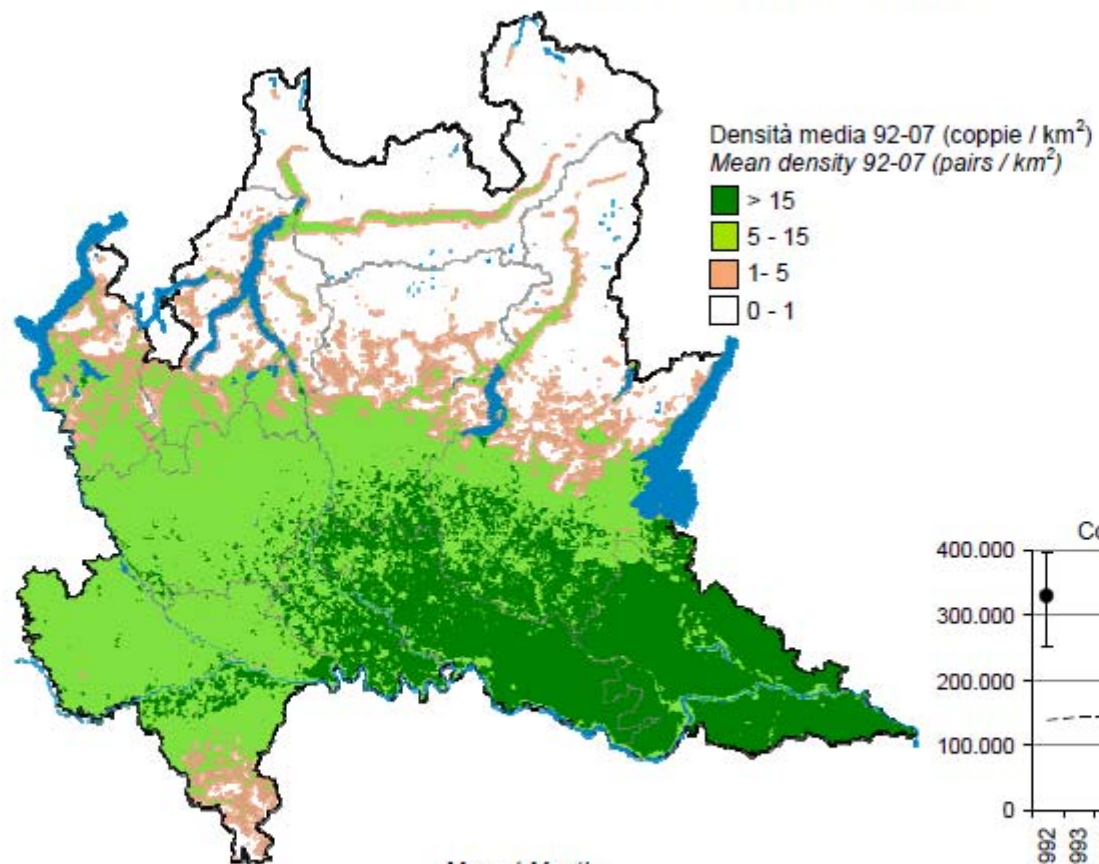


Storno nero
Sturnus unicolor
SB, M irr



AVES – Passeriformes – Sturnidae

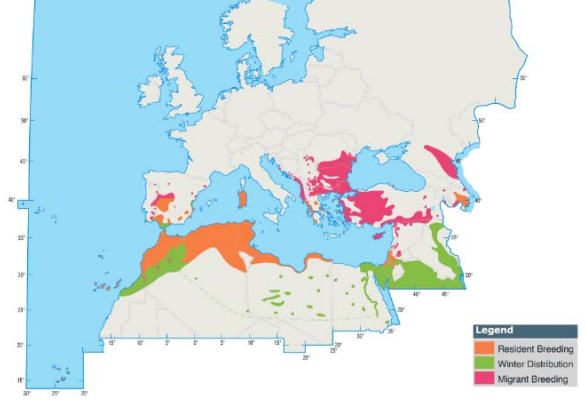
Storno – Starling
Sturnus vulgaris



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / <i>Breeding</i>												
Migrazione / <i>Migration</i>												
Svernamento / <i>Wintering</i>												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (<i>breeding pairs</i>)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / <i>mean</i> 92-07: 188.000	stabile – ridotta
2007: 193.000	stable – depleted

Passeriformes, Passeridae (6 spp)

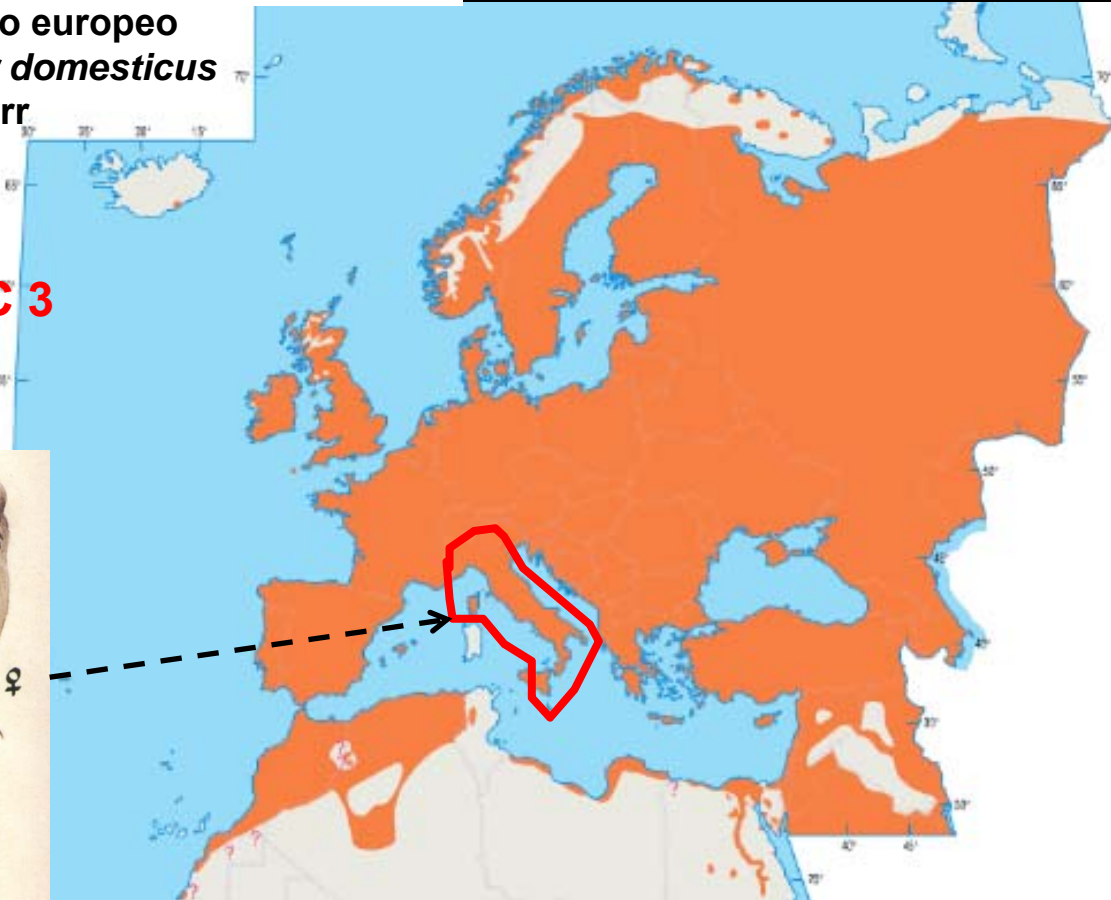


Passero sardo
Passer hispaniolensis
SB, M reg



Passero europeo
Passer domesticus
SB, M irr

SPEC 3



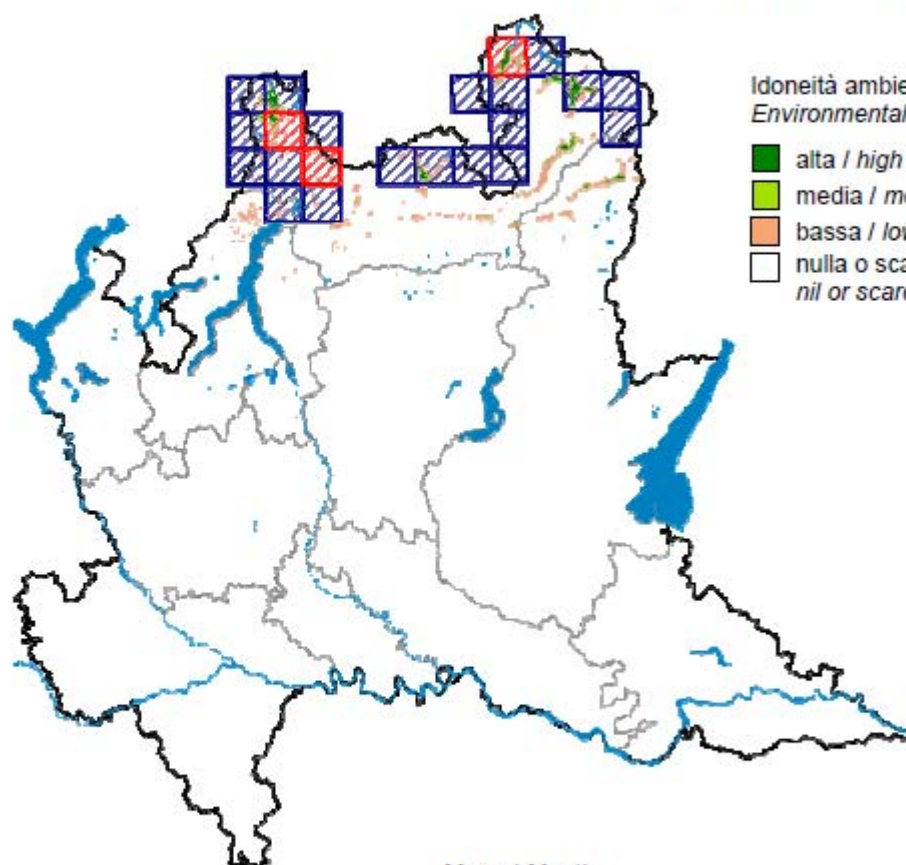
Passero d'Italia
Passer italiae
SB, M reg





AVES – Passeriformes – Passeridae

Passero europeo – House Sparrow
Passer domesticus



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(500 – 1.000)

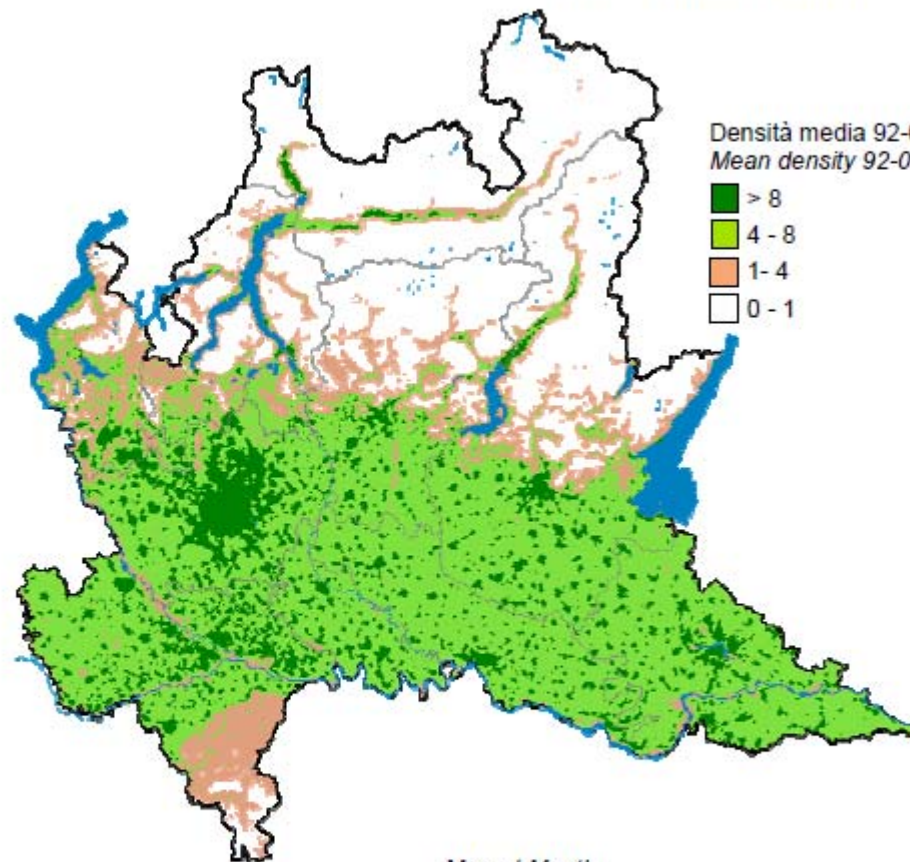
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(stabile / stable)

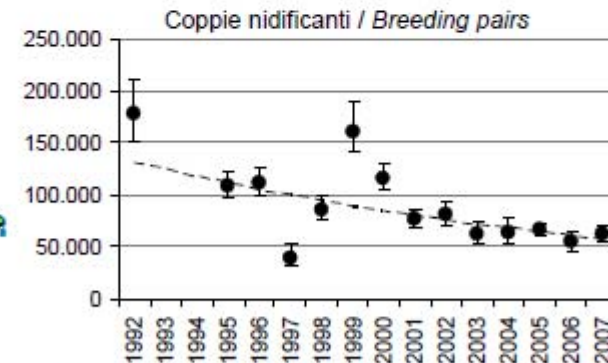
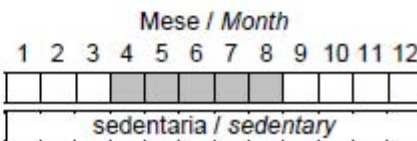


AVES – Passeriformes – Passeridae

Passero d'Italia – Italian Sparrow *Passer italiae*

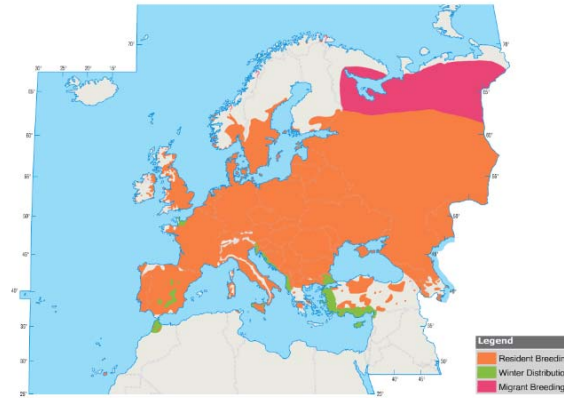


FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

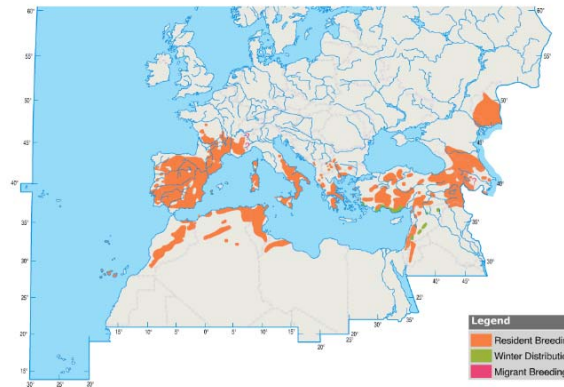


POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 99.000	-5,4%
2007: 62.000	ridotta / depleted

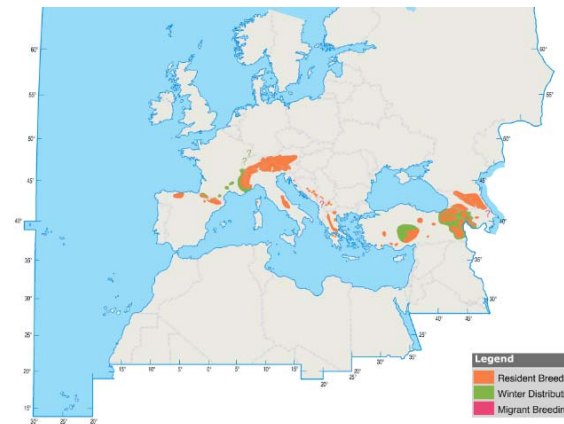
Passeriformes, Passeridae (6 spp)



Passero mattugio
Passer montanus
SB, M reg, W
SPEC 3



Passera lagia
Petronia petronia
SB, M reg, W par

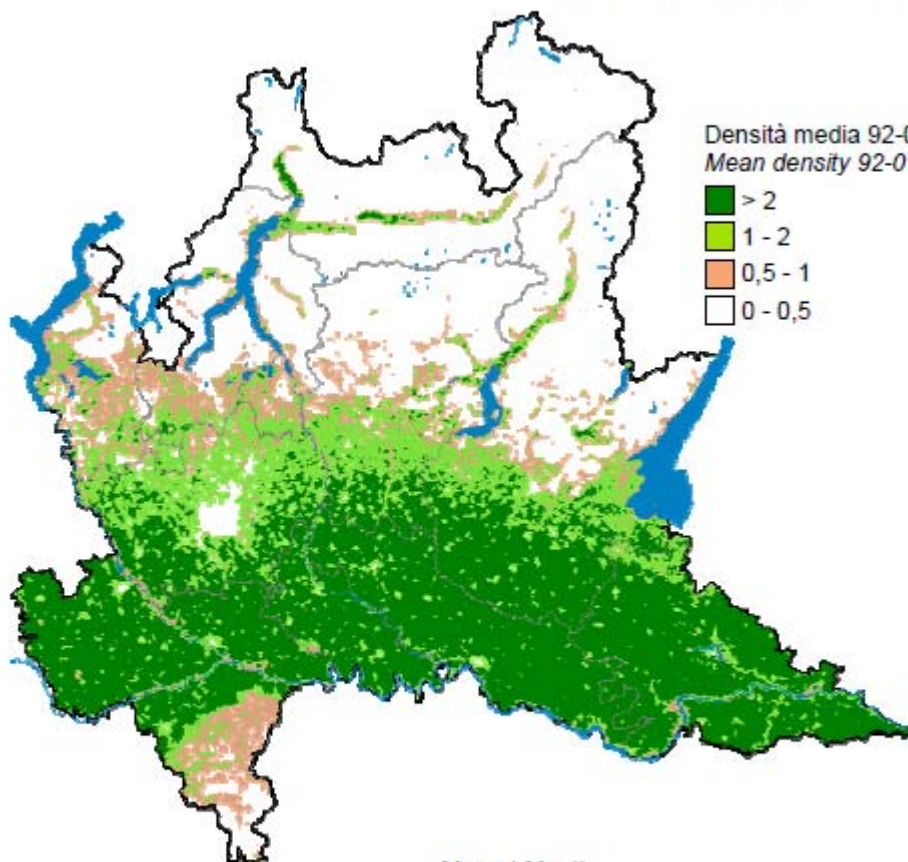


Fringuello alpino
Montifringilla nivalis
SB, M irr, W irr



AVES – Passeriformes – Passeridae

Passero mattugio – Tree Sparrow
Passer montanus



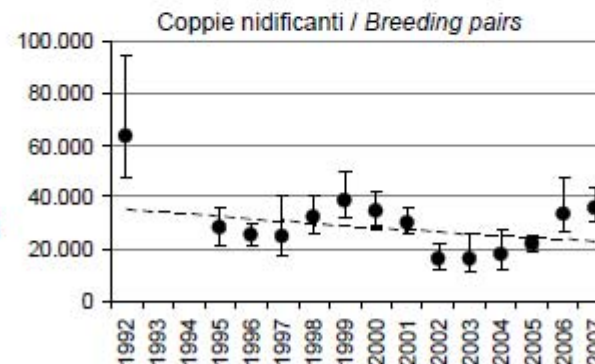
Densità media 92-07 (coppie / km²)
Mean density 92-07 (pairs / km²)

- > 2
- 1 - 2
- 0,5 - 1
- 0 - 0,5



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

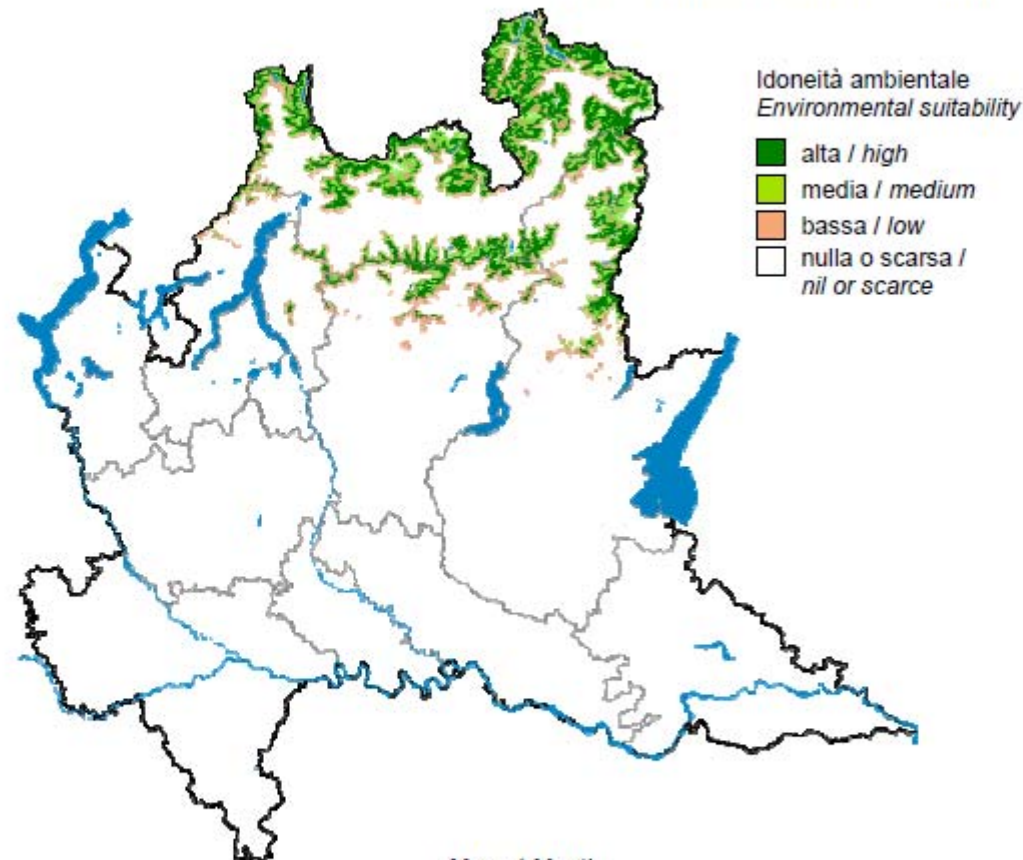


POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 29.000	stabile – ridotta
2007: 36.000	stable – depleted



AVES – Passeriformes – Passeridae

Fringuello alpino – *Snowfinch*
Montifringilla nivalis



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

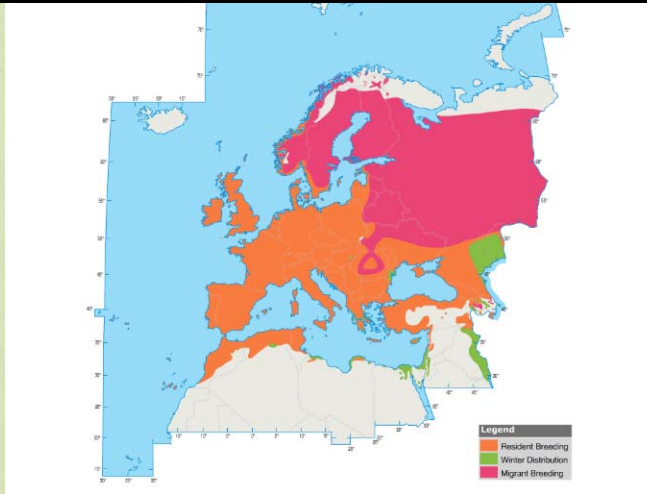
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(1.000 – 1.500)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(in diminuzione / declining)

Passeriformes, Fringillidae (12 spp)



Fringuello
Fringilla coelebs
SB, M reg, W

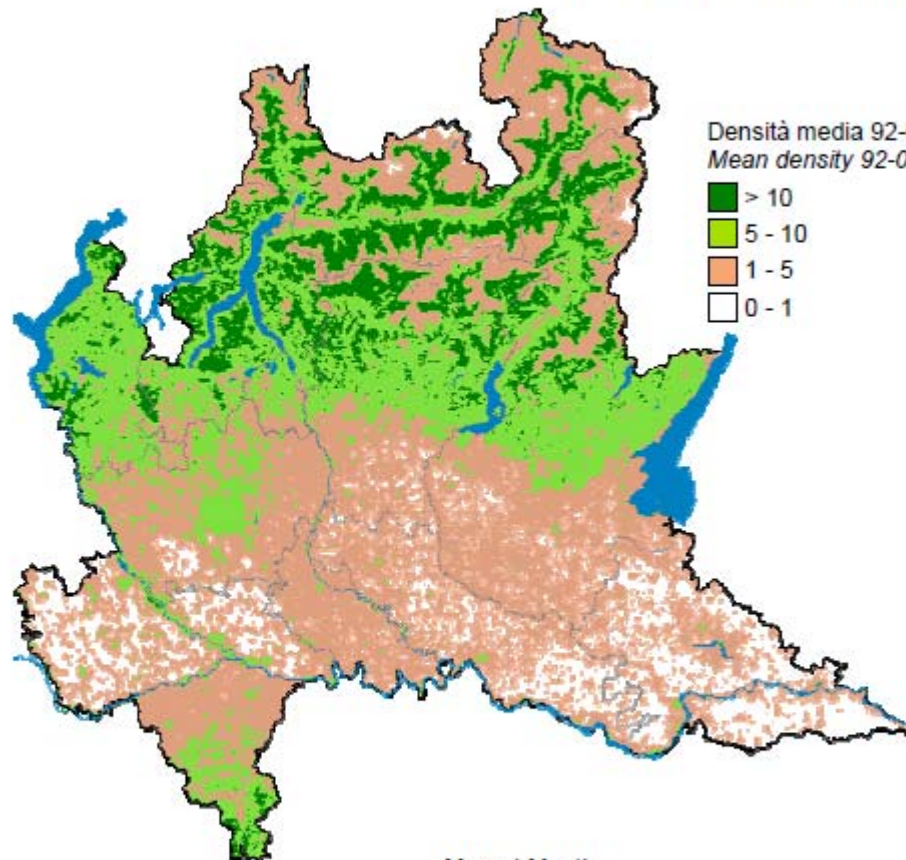


Peppola
Fringilla montifringilla
M reg, W, B irr



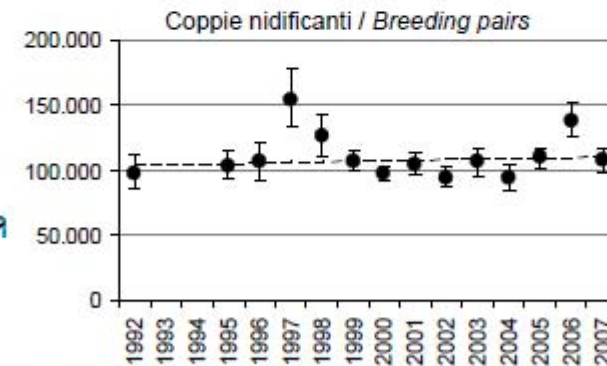
AVES – Passeriformes – Fringillidae

Fringuello – Chaffinch
Fringilla coelebs



Densità media 92-07 (coppie / km²)
Mean density 92-07 (pairs / km²)

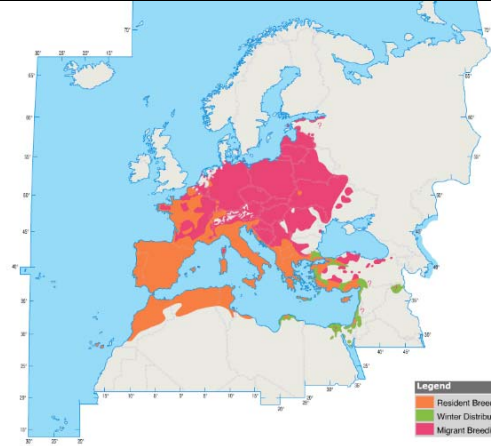
- > 10
- 5 - 10
- 1 - 5
- 0 - 1



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 101.000	stabile / stable
2007: 107.000	

Passeriformes, Fringillidae (12 spp)



Verzellino
Serinus serinus
SB par, M reg, W par



Venturone
Serinus citrinella
SB, M reg, W par

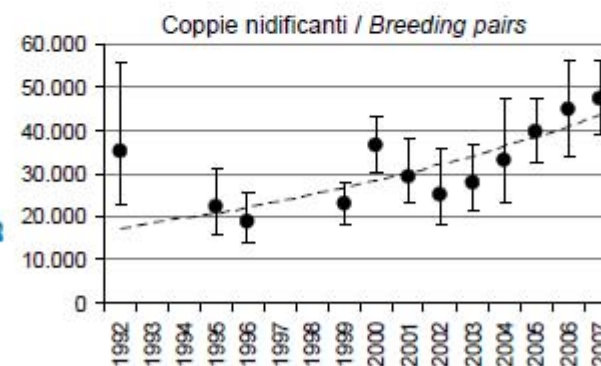
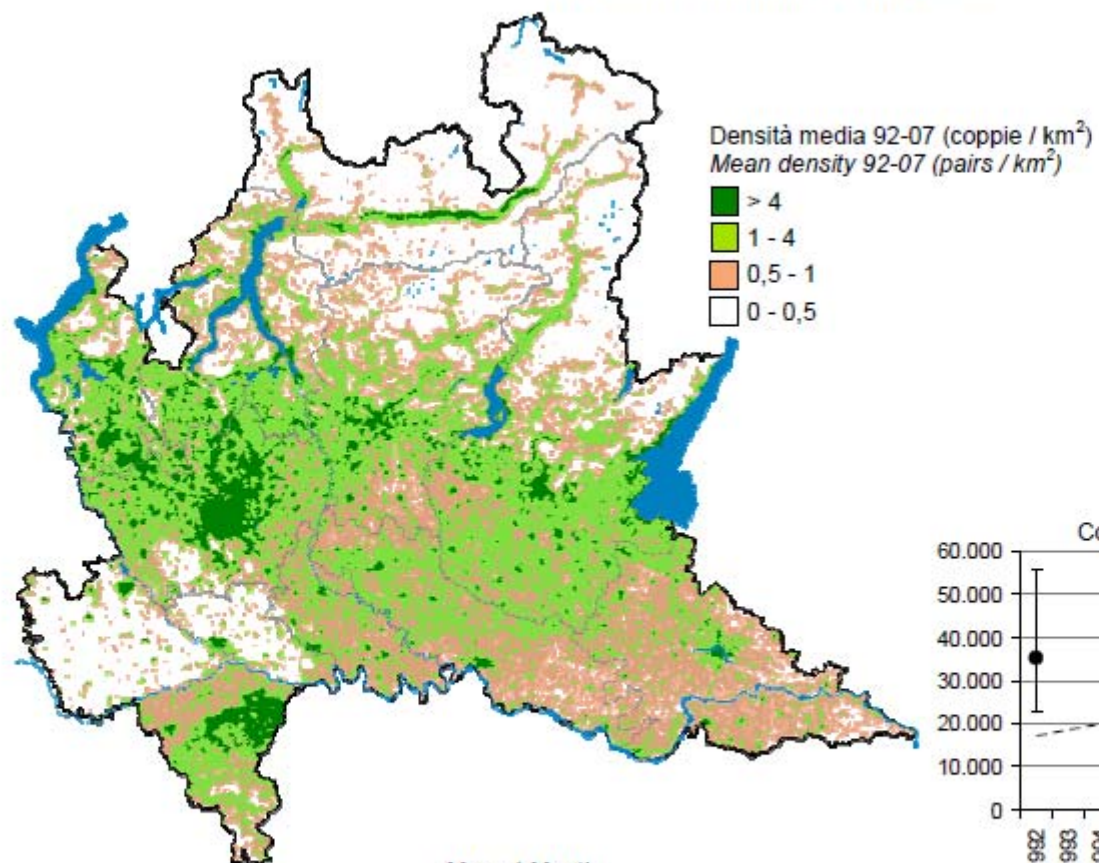


Venturone corso
Serinus corsicana
SB, M reg, W par



AVES – Passeriformes – Fringillidae

Verzellino – Serin
Serinus serinus



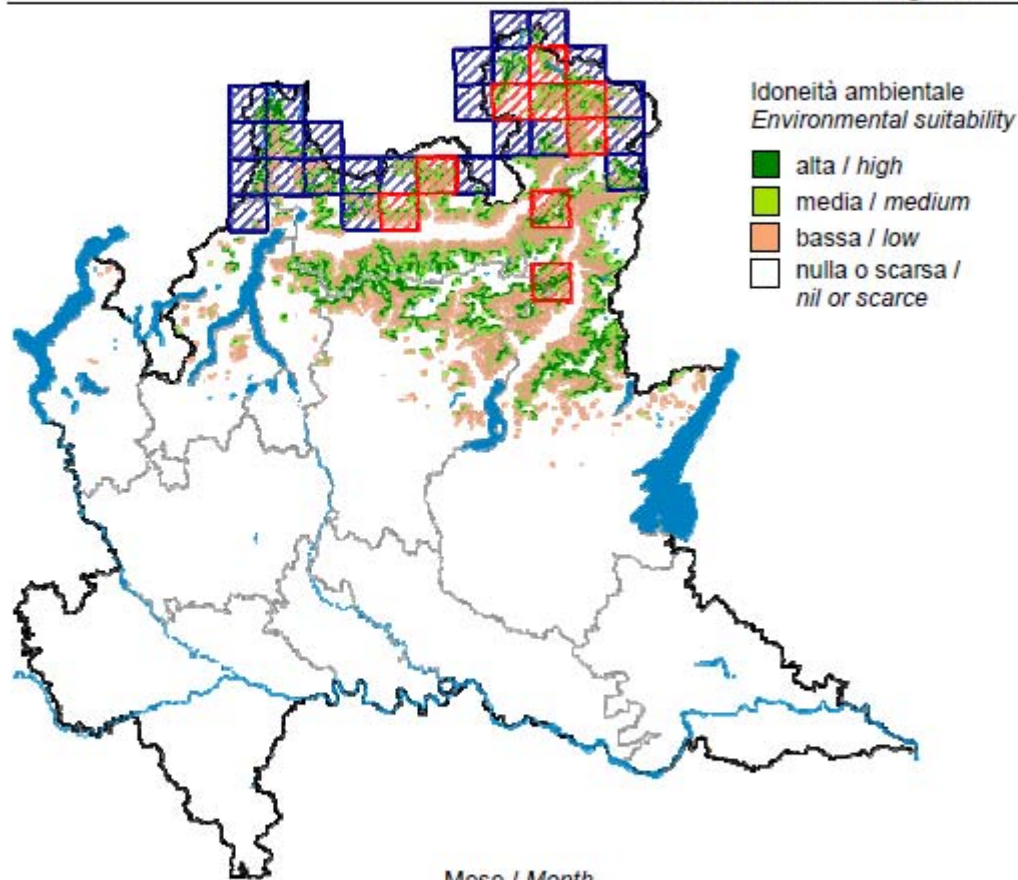
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 29.000	+6,4%
2007: 47.000	



AVES – Passeriformes – Fringillidae

Venturone – Citril Finch
Serinus citrinella



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

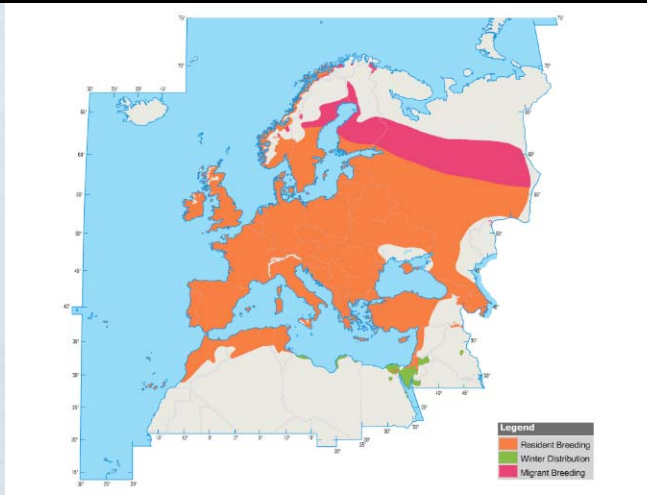
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(200 – 400)

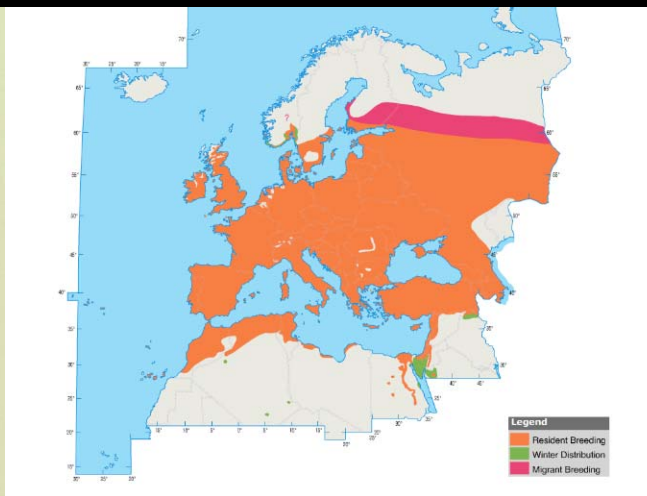
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

sconosciuto / unknown

Passeriformes, Fringillidae (12 spp)



Verdone
Carduelis chloris
SB, M reg, W

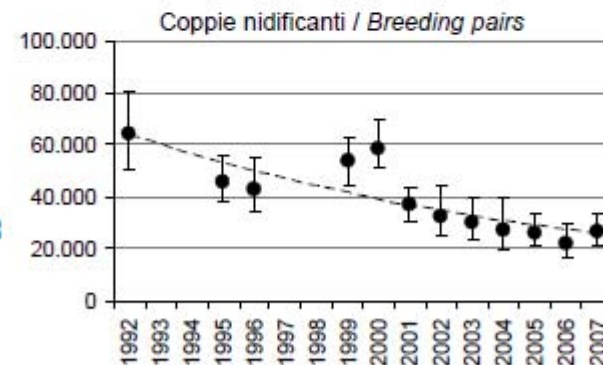
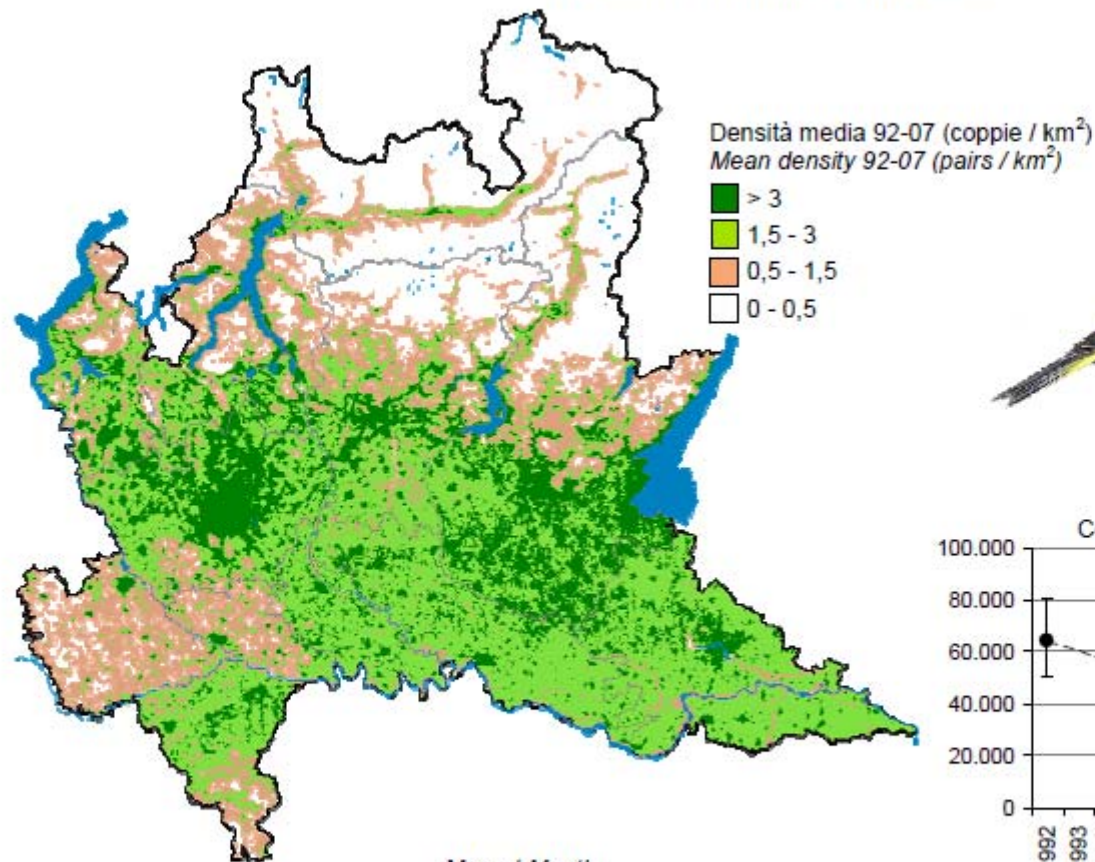


Cardellino
Carduelis carduelis
SB, M reg, W



AVES – Passeriformes – Fringillidae

Verdone – Greenfinch
Carduelis chloris



Mese / Month

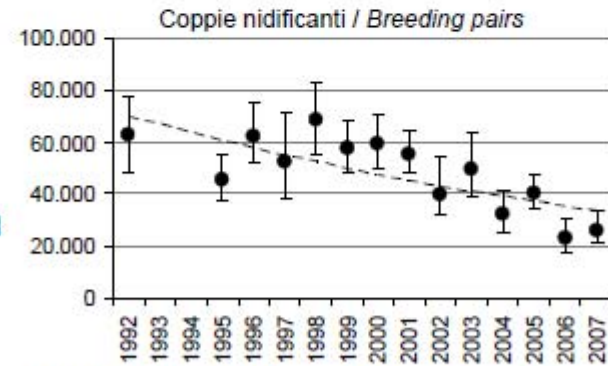
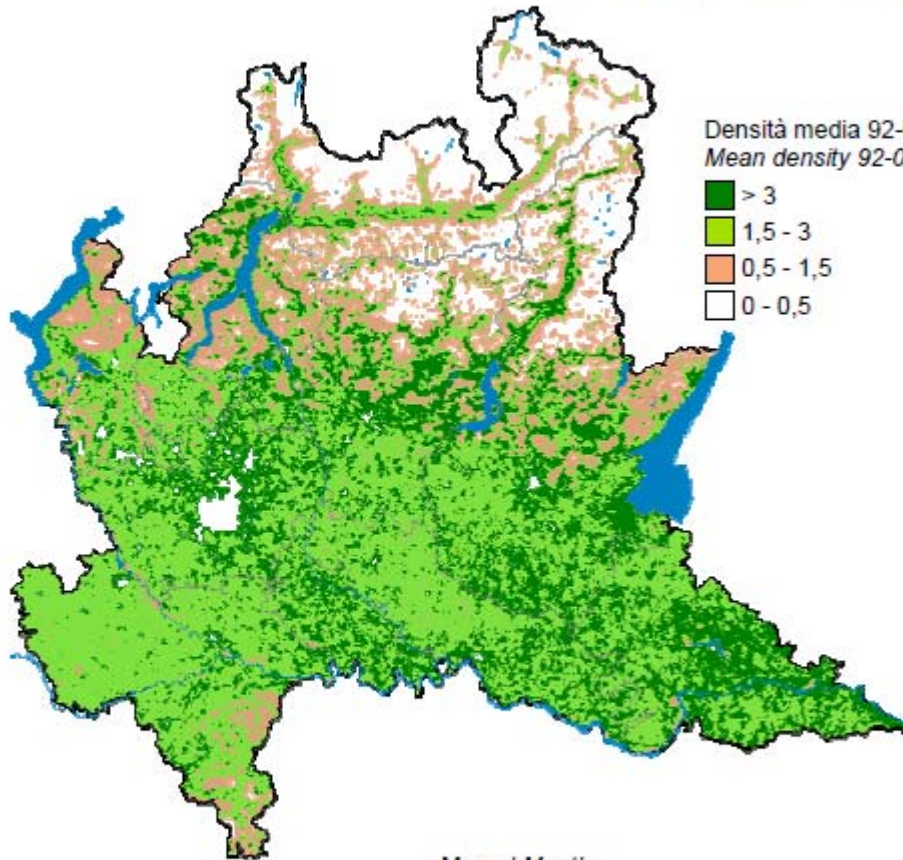
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 42.000	-6,0%
2007: 26.500	ridotta / depleted



AVES – Passeriformes – Fringillidae

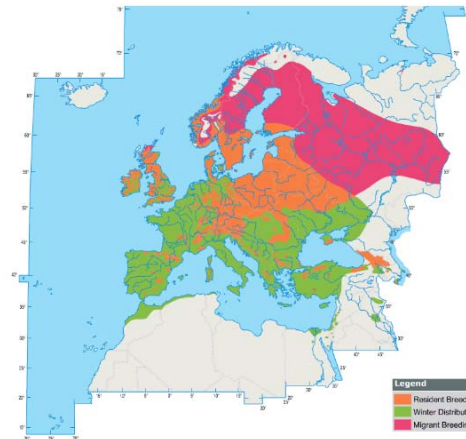
Cardellino – Goldfinch
Carduelis carduelis



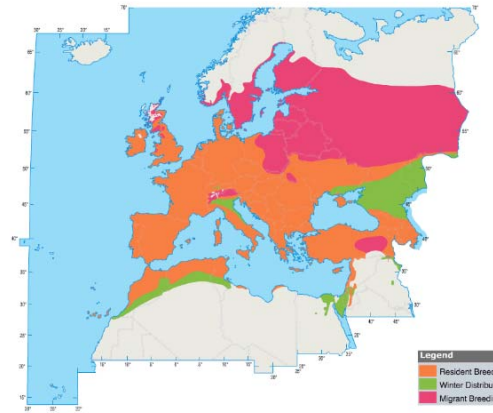
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 50.000	-4,8% ridotta / depleted
2007: 26.000	

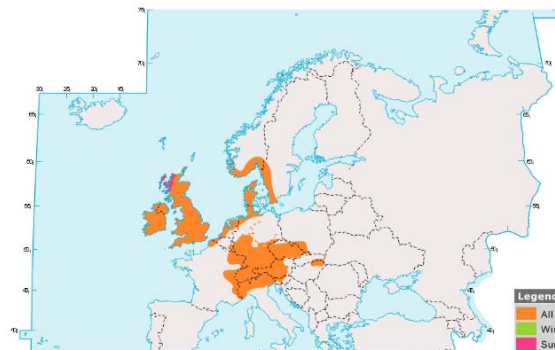
Passeriformes, Fringillidae (12 spp)



Lucherino
Carduelis spinus
M reg, W, SB par



Fanello
Carduelis cannabina
SB, M reg, W

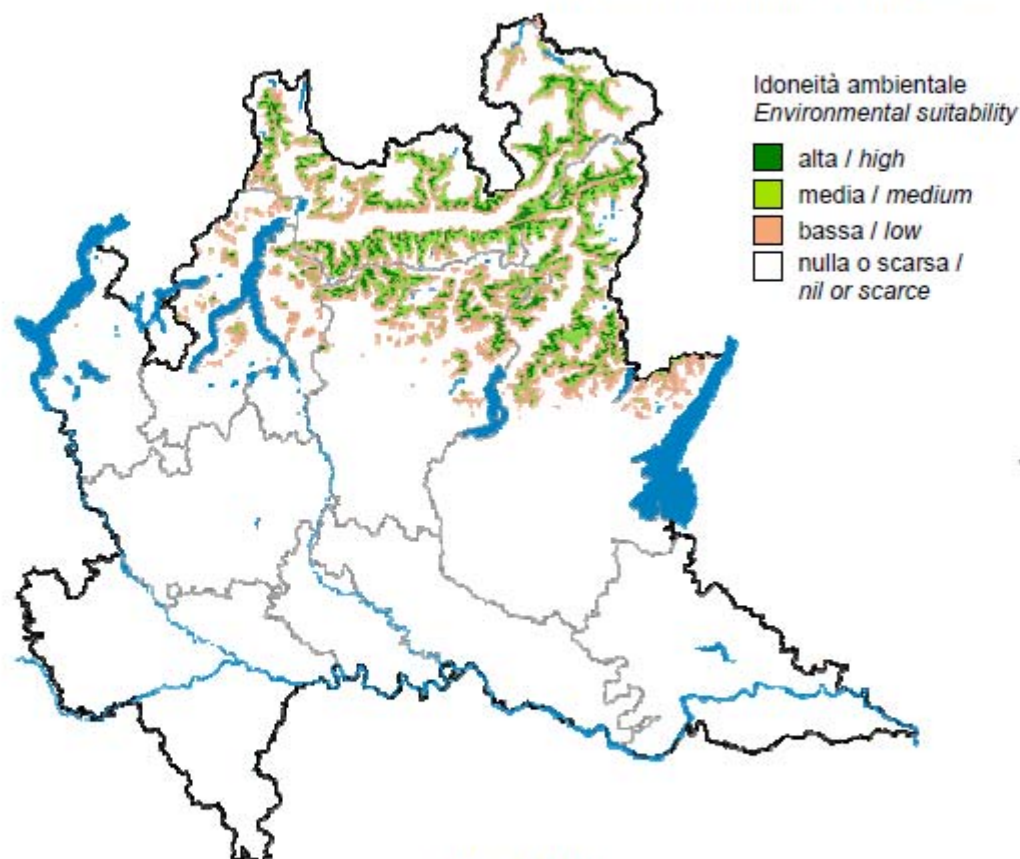


Organetto
Carduelis cabaret [= *C. flammea*]
SB, M reg, W par



AVES – Passeriformes – Fringillidae

Lucherino – Siskin
Carduelis spinus



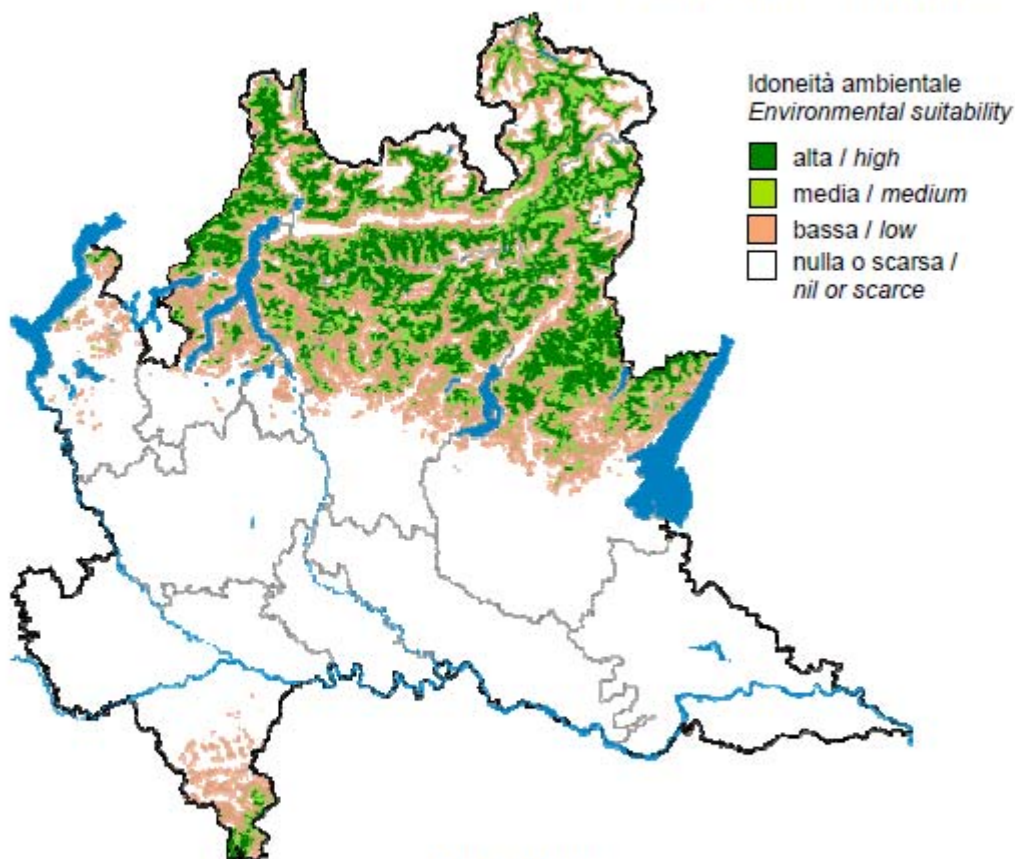
	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) <i>POPULATION (breeding pairs)</i>	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO <i>MEAN ANNUAL TREND</i>
(400 – 800)	sconosciuto / <i>unknown</i>



AVES – Passeriformes – Fringillidae

Fanello – Linnet
Carduelis cannabina



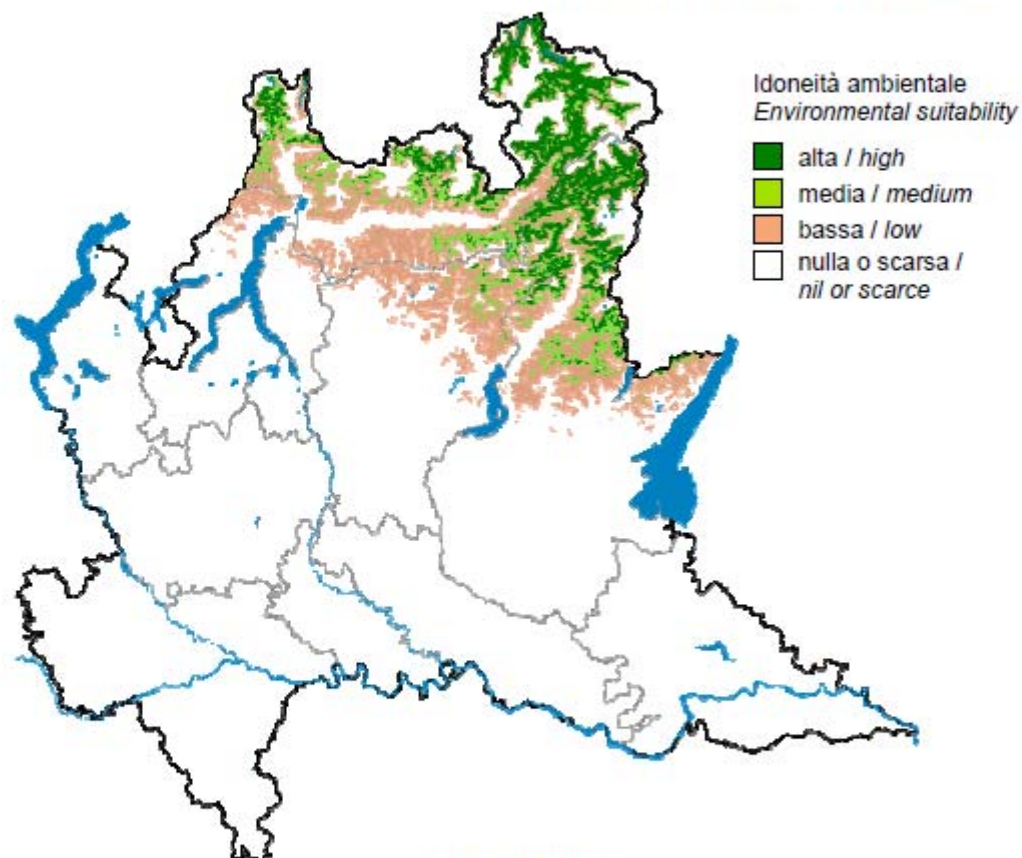
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) <i>POPULATION (breeding pairs)</i>	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO <i>MEAN ANNUAL TREND</i>
(3.000 – 6.000)	(in aumento / increasing)



AVES – Passeriformes – Fringillidae

Organetto – Redpoll
Carduelis flammea



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

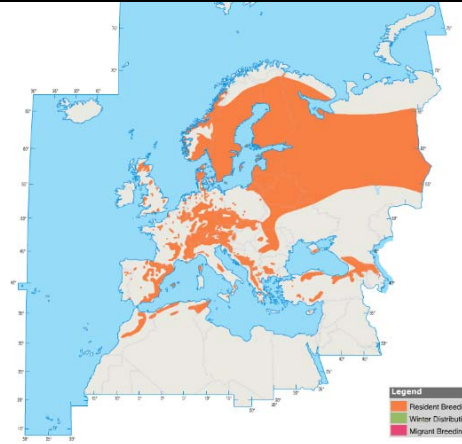
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(6.000 – 12.000)

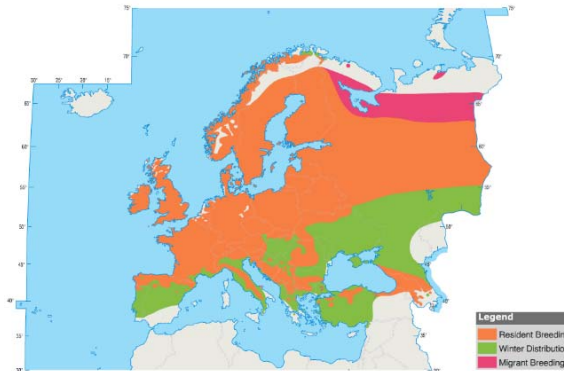
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(in aumento – fluttuante)
(increasing – fluctuating)

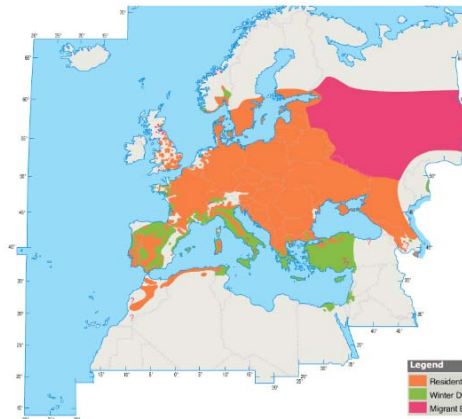
Passeriformes, Fringillidae (12 spp)



Crociere
Loxia curvirostra
SB, M reg, W par



Ciuffolotto
Pyrrhula pyrrhula
SB, M reg, W

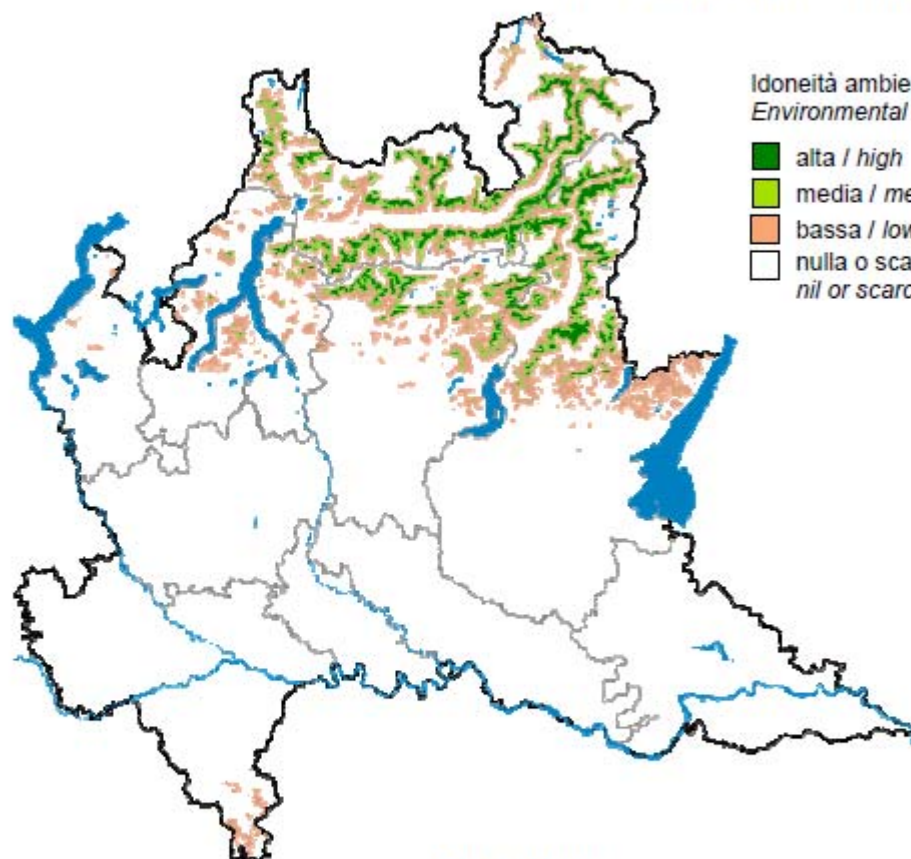


Frosone
Coccothraustes coccothraustes
SB par, M reg, W



AVES – Passeriformes – Fringillidae

Crociere – Crossbill
Loxia curvirostra



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa /
nil or scarce



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria e invasiva <i>sedentary and irruptive</i>											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(800 – 1.500)

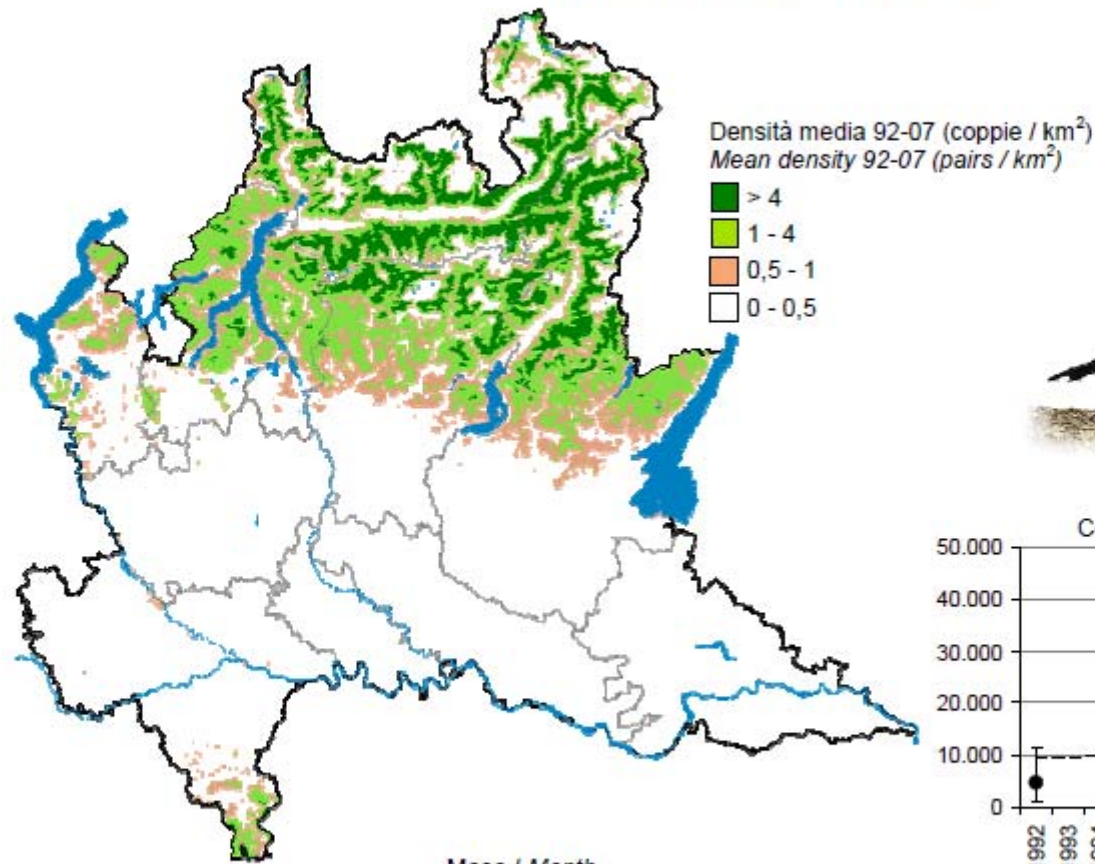
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

sconosciuto – (fluttuante)
unknown – (fluctuating)



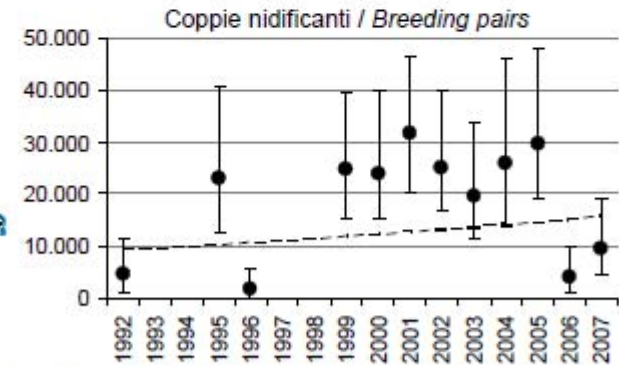
AVES – Passeriformes – Fringillidae

Ciuffolotto – Bullfinch
Pyrrhula pyrrhula



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	sedentaria / sedentary											

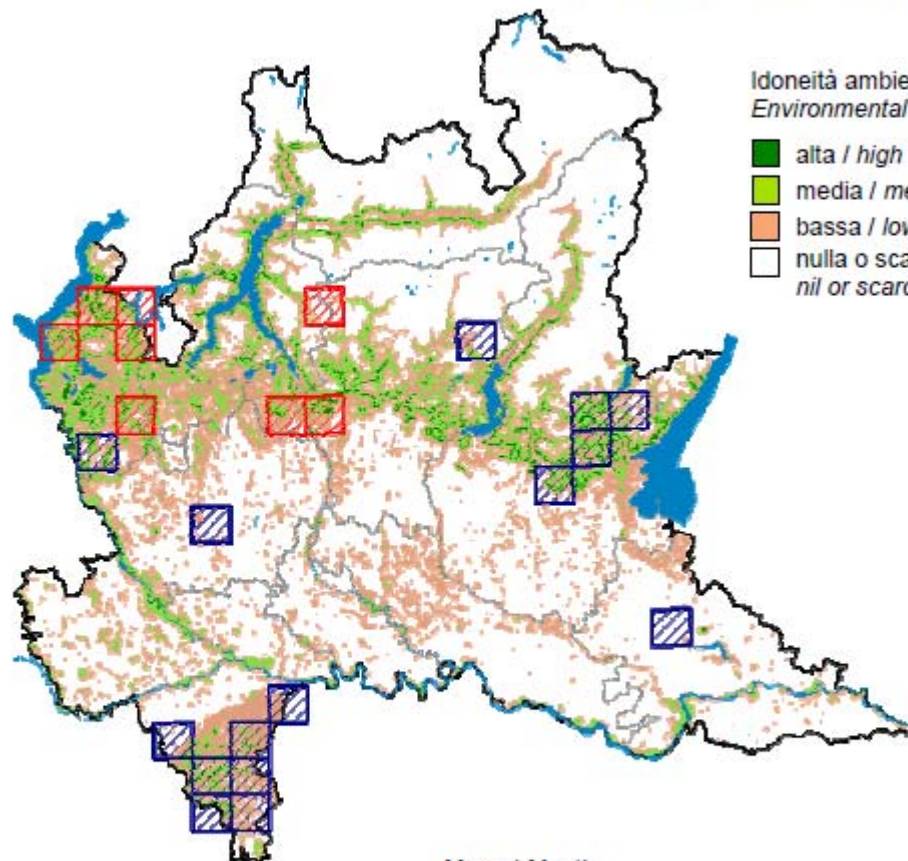


POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
media / mean 92-07: 20.000	stabile – fluttuante
2007: 9.500	stable – fluctuating



AVES – Passeriformes – Fringillidae

Frosone – Hawfinch
Coccothraustes coccothraustes



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

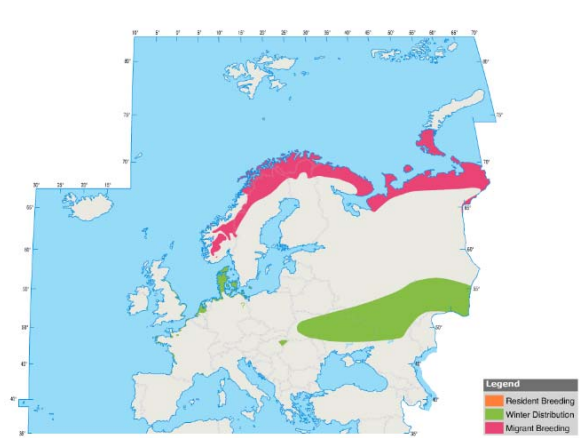
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(<250)

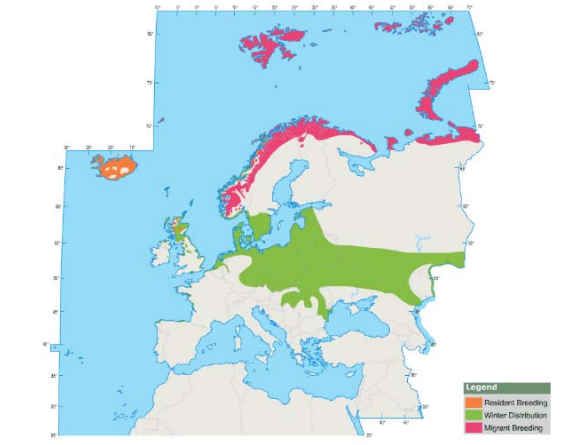
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

sconosciuto / unknown

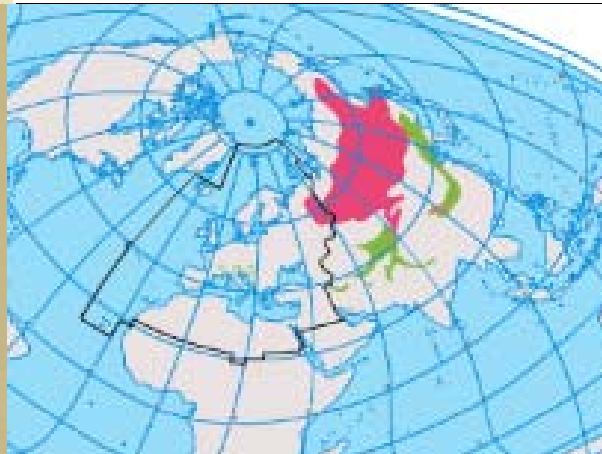
Passeriformes, Emberizidae (10 spp)



Zigolo di Lapponia
Calcarius lapponicus
M reg, W irr

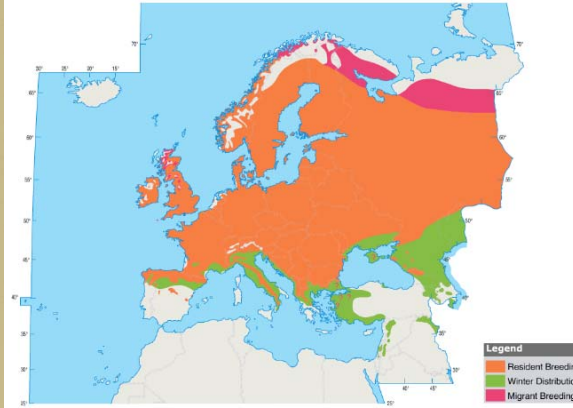


Zigolo delle nevi
Plectrophenax nivalis
M reg, W

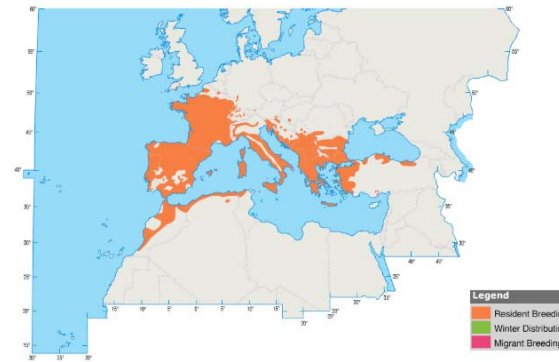


Zigolo golarossa
Emberiza leucocephalos
M reg, W irr

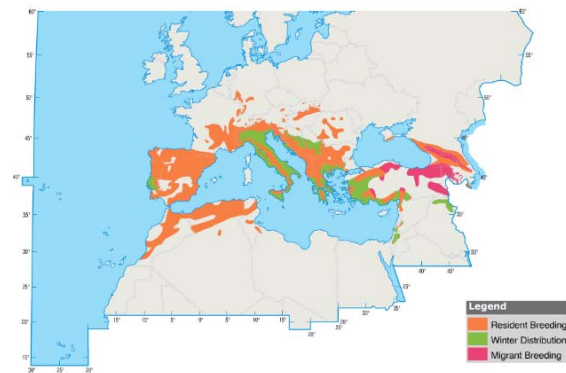
Passeriformes, Emberizidae (10 spp)



Zigolo giallo
Emberiza citrinella
SB par, M reg, W



Zigolo nero
Emberiza cirulus
SB, M reg, W par

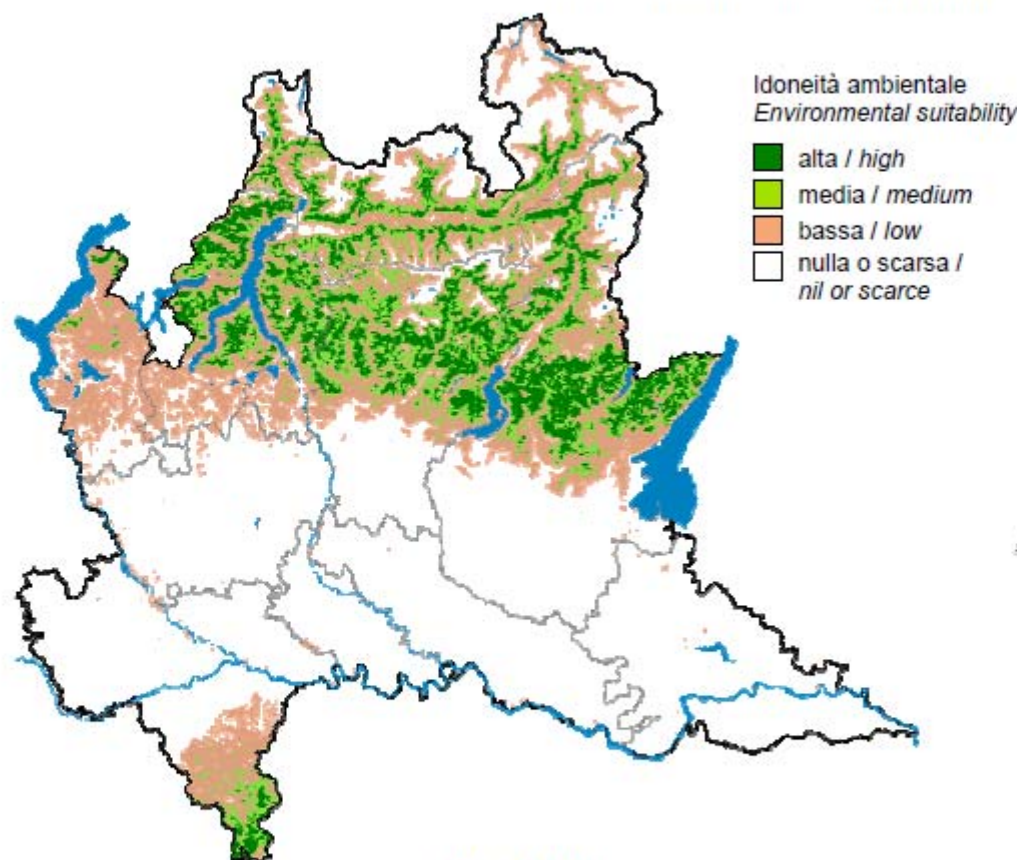


Zigolo muciatto
Emberiza cia
SB, M reg, W
SPEC 3



AVES – Passeriformes – Emberizidae

Zigolo giallo – Yellowhammer
Emberiza citrinella



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



Mese / Month

FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(2.000 – 3.000)

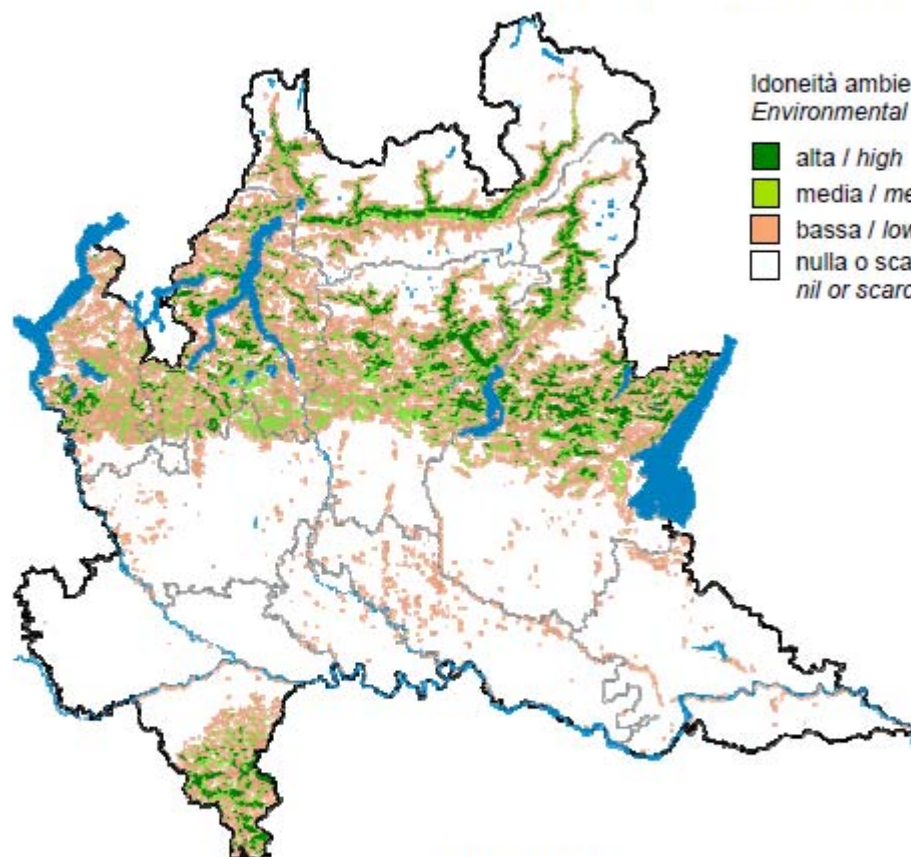
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(in diminuzione / declining)



AVES – Passeriformes – Emberizidae

Zigolo nero – *Cirl Bunting*
Emberiza cirulus



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / *high*
- media / *medium*
- bassa / *low*
- nulla o scarsa / *nil or scarce*



FENOLOGIA / *PHENOLOGY*
Riproduzione / *Breeding*

Mese / <i>Month</i>											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / <i>sedentary</i>											

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(1.500 – 3.000)

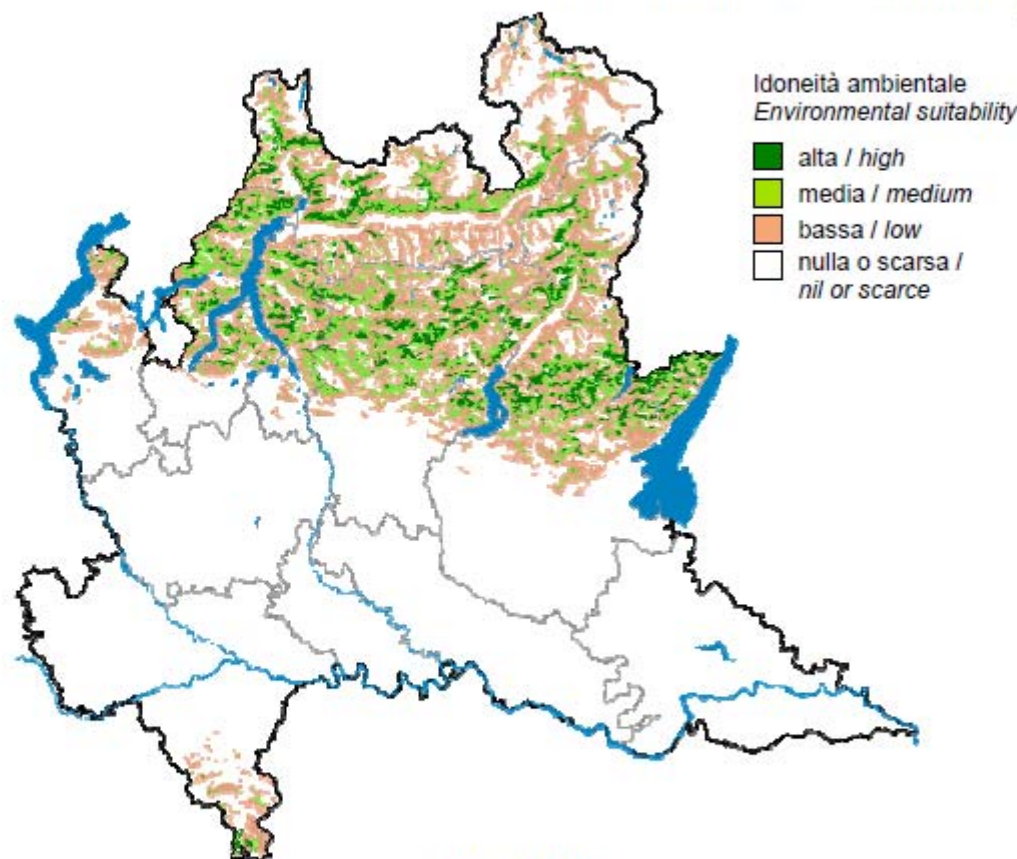
ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

(in aumento – fluttuante)
(increasing – fluctuating)



AVES – Passeriformes – Emberizidae

Zigolo muciatto – Rock Bunting
Emberiza cia



FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY
Riproduzione / Breeding

Mese / Month											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
sedentaria / sedentary											

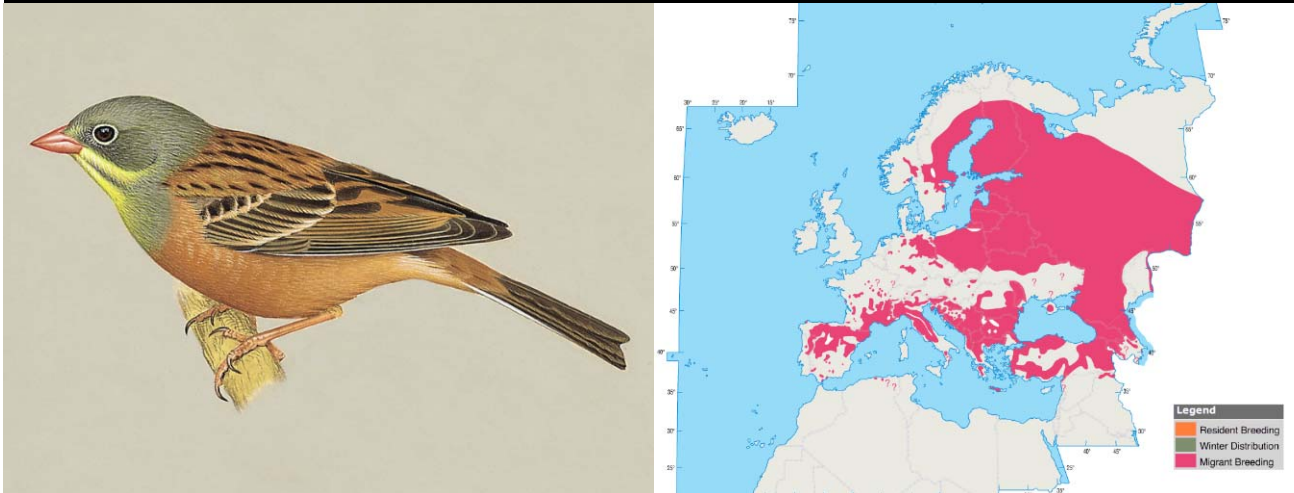
POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti)
POPULATION (breeding pairs)

(1.000 – 2.000)

ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO
MEAN ANNUAL TREND

sconosciuto / unknown

Passeriformes, Emberizidae (10 spp)



Ortolano
Emberiza hortulana
M reg, B, W irr
SPEC 2
Allegato I
Dir. 79/409/CEE

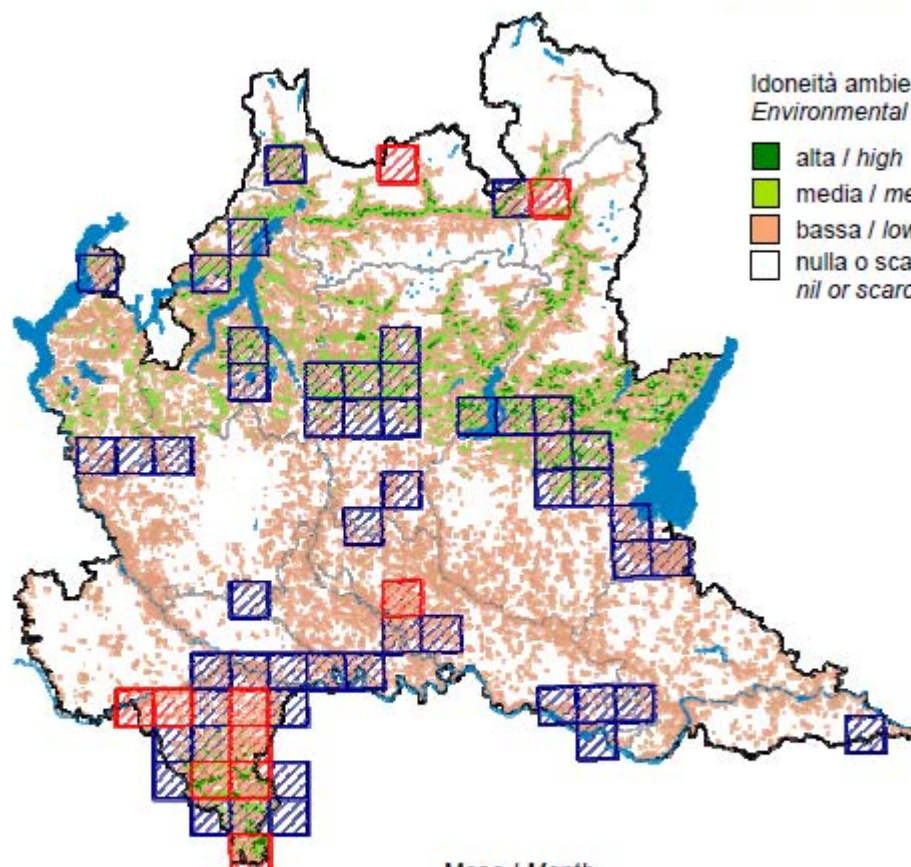


Migliarino di palude
Emberiza schoeniclus
SB, M reg, W



AVES – Passeriformes – Emberizidae

Ortolano – Ortolan Bunting
Emberiza hortulana



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce

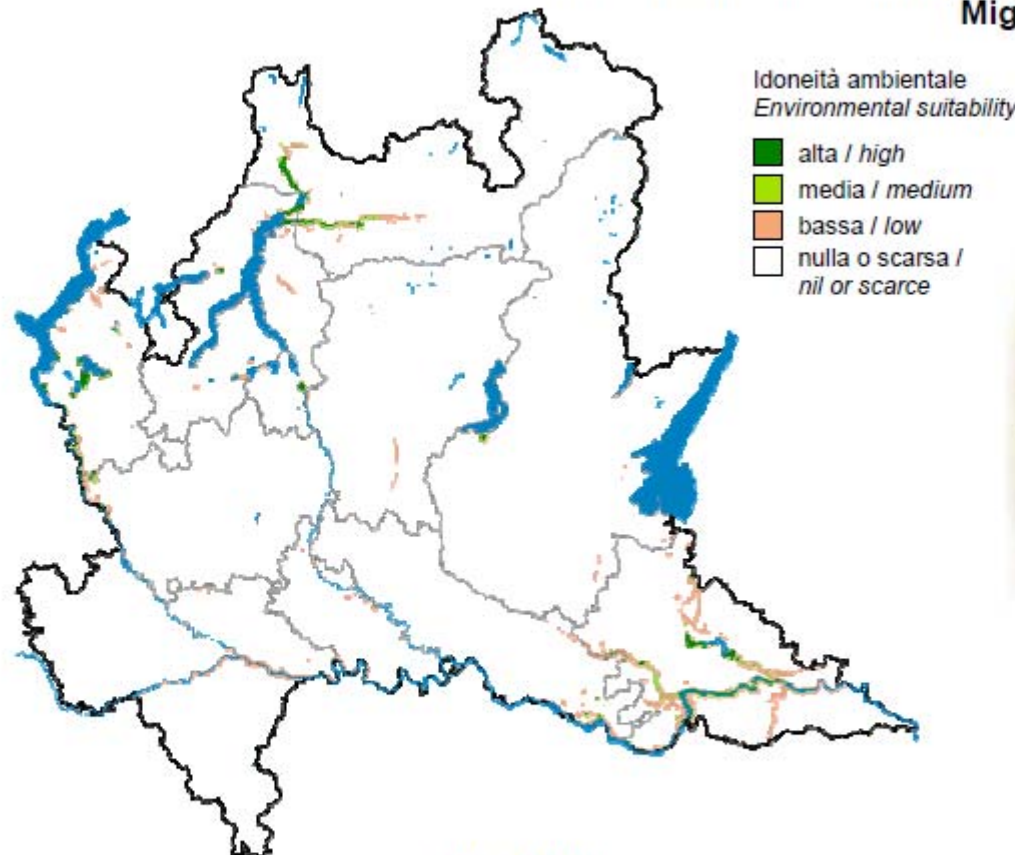
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(<350)	(in diminuzione / declining)



AVES – Passeriformes – Emberizidae

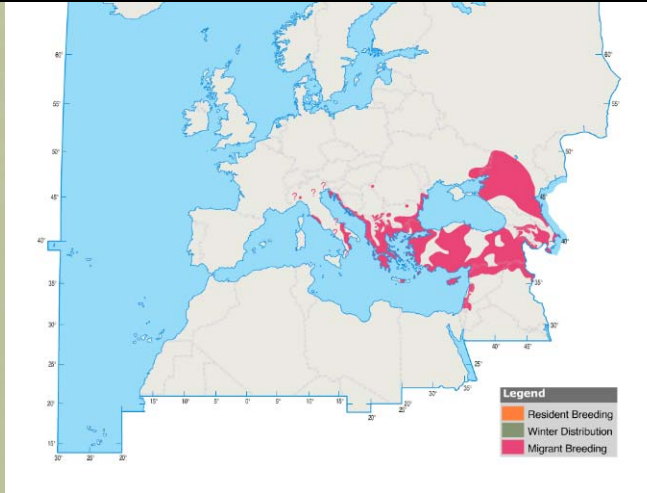
Migliarino di palude – *Reed Bunting* *Emberiza schoeniclus*



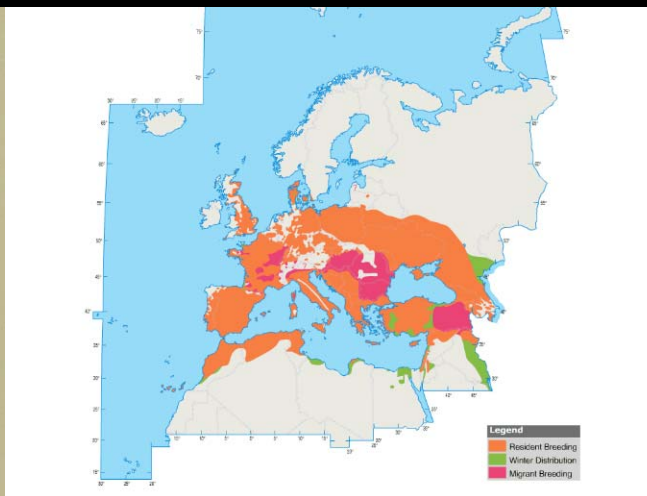
	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
(1.500 – 3.000)	sconosciuto / unknown

Passeriformes, Emberizidae (10 spp)



Zigolo testanera
Emberiza melanocephala
M reg, B
SPEC 2

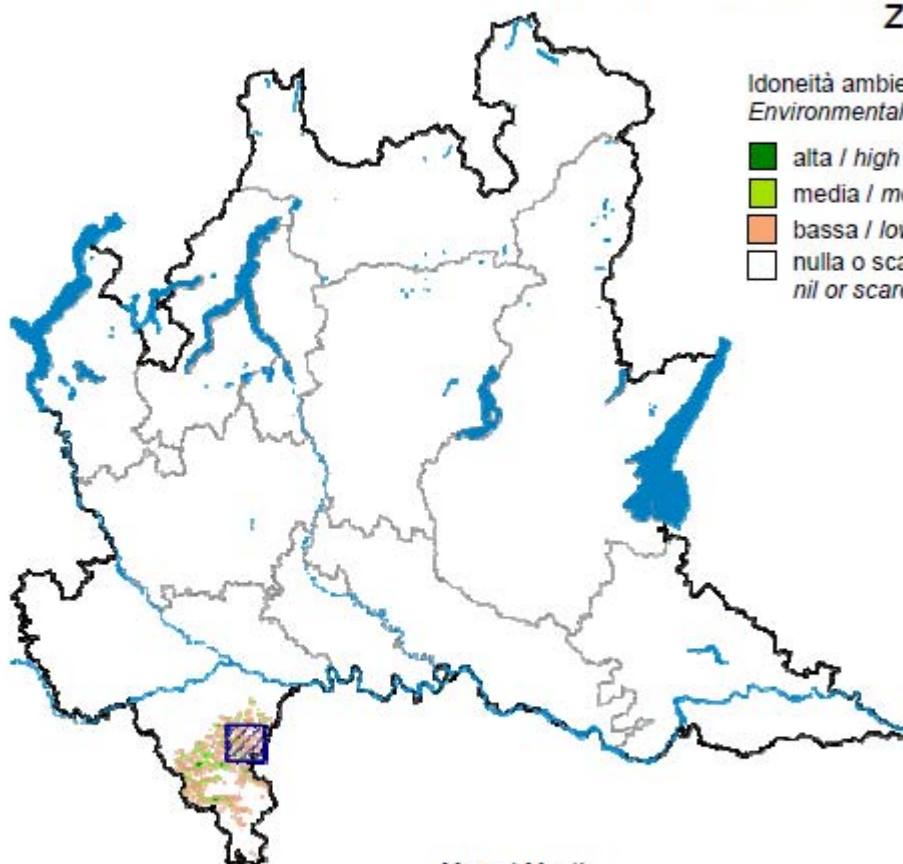


Strillozzo
Miliaria calandra
SB, M reg, W par
SPEC 2



AVES – Passeriformes – Emberizidae

Zigolo capinero – Black-headed Bunting
Emberiza melanocephala



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



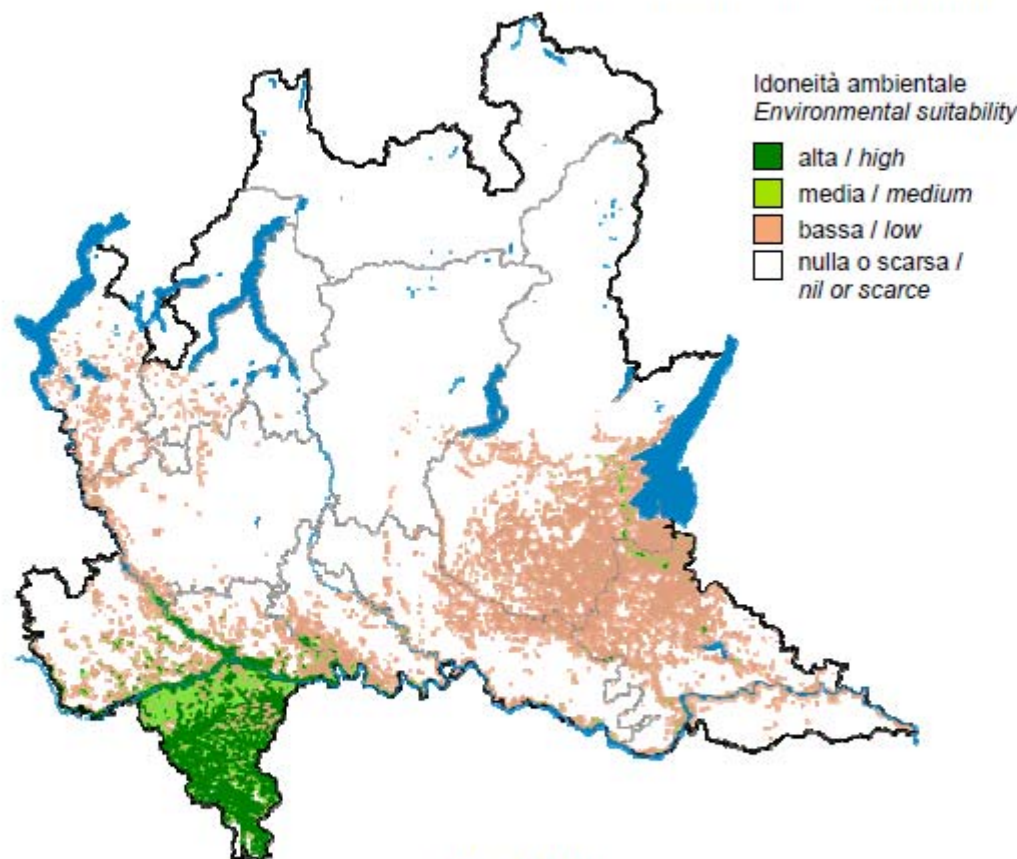
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY	Mese / Month											
Riproduzione / Breeding	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) POPULATION (breeding pairs)	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO MEAN ANNUAL TREND
?	



AVES – Passeriformes – Emberizidae

Strillozzo – Corn Bunting
Miliaria calandra



Idoneità ambientale
Environmental suitability

- alta / high
- media / medium
- bassa / low
- nulla o scarsa / nil or scarce



	Mese / Month											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
FENOLOGIA / PHENOLOGY												
Riproduzione / Breeding												
Migrazione / Migration												
Svernamento / Wintering												

POPOLAZIONE (coppie nidificanti) <i>POPULATION (breeding pairs)</i>	ANDAMENTO MEDIO ANNUO <i>MEAN ANNUAL TREND</i>
(1.500 – 3.000)	(stabile / stable)



BWPi 2.0

Birds of the Western Palearctic *interactive*



BIRGUIDES 

OXFORD
UNIVERSITY PRESS



COLLINS BIRD GUIDE

2ND EDITION



THE MOST COMPLETE
GUIDE TO THE BIRDS
OF BRITAIN AND EUROPE

TEXT & MAPS LARS SVENSSON

PLATES & CAPTIONS KILLIAN MULLARNEY & DAN ZETTERSTRÖM



Regione Lombardia

Agricoltura



La fauna selvatica in Lombardia

*Rapporto 2008 su distribuzione, abbondanza
e stato di conservazione di uccelli e mammiferi*



a cura di Vittorio Vigorita e Laura Cucè



Regione Lombardia COLTIVARE IL FUTURO