

$$\vec{\tau} = \vec{\mu} \times \vec{B}$$

momento di
dipolo magnetico

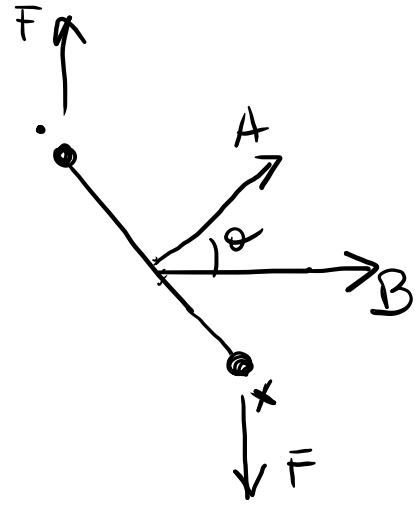
$$\vec{\mu} = I \vec{A}$$

$$\mu_{\text{BOBINA}} = N I \cdot A$$

$$|\tau| = \mu B \sin \theta$$

$$= N I A B \sin \theta$$

$$U_B = -\vec{\mu} \cdot \vec{B}$$



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Bobina composta da 50 spire
circolari di raggio $r = 5 \text{ cm}$

$$N = 50$$

$$B = 0,5 \text{ T} \quad I = 25 \text{ mA}$$

$$\tau_{\text{MAX}} = ?$$

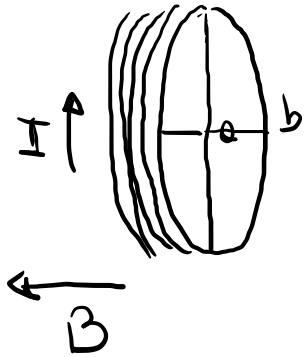
$$|\tau| = I \cdot N \cdot A \cdot B \cdot \sin\theta - 1 \quad \theta = 90^\circ$$

$$|\tau_{\text{MAX}}| = I \cdot N \cdot A \cdot B$$

$$= 25 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 50 \cdot \pi \cdot (5 \cdot 10^{-2})^2 \cdot 0,5$$

$$= \underbrace{2,5 \cdot 5 \cdot \pi \cdot 2,5}_{49,06} \cdot 0,5 \cdot 10^{-4} = 4,906 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$$

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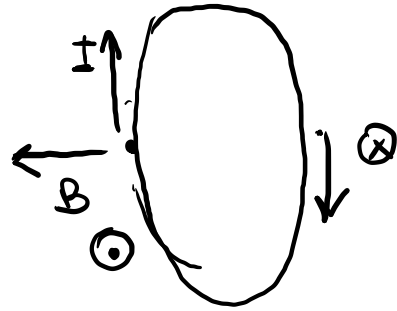
$$N = 8$$

$$e = 40 \text{ cm}$$

$$b = 30 \text{ cm}$$

$$I = 6 \text{ A}$$

$$B = 2 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ T}$$



$$A = \pi \cdot \frac{b}{2} \cdot \frac{e}{2}$$

$$\tau = N \cdot B \cdot I \cdot A$$

$$= 8 \cdot 2 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot 6 \left[\pi \cdot 0,15 \cdot 0,15 \right]$$

$$= 8 \cdot 2 \cdot 6 \cdot \pi \cdot 0,15 \cdot 0,15 \cdot 10^{-4} = 9,04 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$$

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80 spire

rettangolare

$$a = 215 \text{ cm}$$

$$b = 4 \text{ cm}$$

$$B = 0,8 \text{ T}$$

$$I = 10 \text{ mA}$$

$$\vec{A} \perp \vec{B}$$

• τ_{MAX}
sempre che $3,6 \cdot 10^3 \frac{\text{giri}}{\text{minuto}}$

- Potenza massima
- Lavoro su ogni giro
- Potenza media

$$\vec{\tau} = \vec{\mu} \times \vec{B}$$

$$|\tau| = \mu B \sin\theta \quad \theta = 90^\circ$$

$$|\tau_{\max}| = N \cdot I \cdot A \cdot B$$

$$= 80 \cdot (10 \cdot 10^{-3}) \cdot [2,1\pi \cdot 10^{-2} \cdot 4 \cdot 10^{-2}] \cdot 0,8$$

$$= 8 \cdot 1 \cdot 2,1\pi \cdot 4 \cdot 0,8 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$64 \cdot 10^{-5} = \boxed{6,4 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}}$$

$$P = \tau \cdot \omega$$

$$P_{\text{max}} = \tau_{\text{max}} \cdot \omega$$

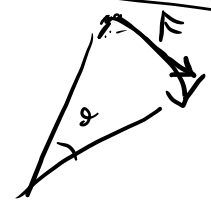
$$\omega = \frac{2\pi}{T} = 2\pi \cdot f$$

$$3,6 \cdot 10^3 \frac{\text{rpm}}{\text{min}}$$

$$3600 \frac{\text{rpm}}{\text{min}} = \frac{3600}{60} [\text{Hz}]$$

↓ 60 Hz

$$P_{\text{max}} = 6,4 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot 2\pi \cdot 60$$
$$= 0,241 \text{ W}$$

$$W = \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$$


$$= \int_{r_1}^{r_2} F \cdot (d\theta \times r)$$

$$= \int_{\theta_1}^{\theta_2} (r \times F) d\theta$$

$$\int_{\theta_1}^{\theta_2} \tau d\theta$$

$$P = \frac{dW}{dt} = \tau \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \tau \omega$$

$$U_B = - \vec{\mu} \cdot \vec{B}$$

$$W = U_f - U_i \quad \text{m. do giro}$$

$$= -\mu B \cos(180^\circ) - (-\mu B \cos(0))$$

$$= 2\mu B$$

$$= 2 \cdot N \cdot I \cdot A \cdot B = 2 \cdot (6,4 \cdot 10^{-4}) = 1,28 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ J}$$

$$W_{\text{giro m. do}} = 2W = 2,56 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ J}$$

$$P_{\text{med. e}} = \frac{W_{\text{giro}}}{T} = \frac{2,56 \cdot 10^{-3}}{1/60} = 0,154 \text{ W}$$

$T = \frac{1}{f}$

$$f = 60 \text{ Hz}$$

$$T = \frac{1}{60} \text{ s}$$

