THE BIOPROSPECTING WORKFLOW



DISCOVERY PHASE

COMMERCIALISATION PHASE

BIRDS AND EXOTIC PLANTS

Dissemination \rightarrow ecosystem service exploited by exotic plant species to spread their seeds in long range distances



In Lombardy alien plant species have spread a lot within last decades and of the total 3100 plant species in our flora 619 are not native (~20%).

Zoocorous alien plant species are very aggressive due to the capability of disseminating far away from the mother plant (as well as their sprouting capacity)

But the same compounds allowing attractiveness to their fruit are of high nutraceutical value....







BIOPROSPECTING & CIRCULAR ECONOMY

1. Major infesting plants identification: *Prunus serotina* Ehrh., *Lonicera japonica* Thunb., *Phytolacca americana* L. and sampling of unripe and ripe fruit



2. Extraction of phytocomplexes from fruit matrixes. Focus on polyphenols responsible for ripe fruit attractiveness and unripe fruit bitterness

> 3. Incomes deriving from by-products commercialization (herbicides, nutraceuticals, food supplements...)

4. Economical support for local authorities to perform containement activities

Guzzetti et al., Bioprospecting on invasive plant species to prevent seed dispersal. Sci Rep, 7, 1-11

EXPLOITING PLANT PHYSIOLOGY ...



A, C: 1:10 w/v drug:solvent ratio, 70%
v / v EtOH, 3 extr. cycles
indirect sonication
B, D: 6 hours decanted H₂O,
1:10 w/v drug:solvent ratio

Epigallocatechin 3-O- gallate Caffeic acid Kaempferol Rutin Quercetin

1/2 phenolics detected in green berries

MARKET VALUE OF RECOVERED PHYTOCHEMICALS

Plant species	Phytochemical identity (HPLC-UV-MS ⁿ)	ng compound /mg extract [*]	mg compound /g dry matrix ^{**}	Market value
P. serotina	Epigallocatechin-3-O-gallate	402	39,396	€ 1078
P. serotina	Epigallocatechin	1830	179,34	€ 3011
P. americana	Catechin	2420	108,9	€ 490
L. japonica	Caffeic acid	6230	778,75	€ 1612
P. serotina	Chlorogenic acid	7037	689,63	€ 110
L. japonica	trans-piceide	670	83,75	€ 45

* 6 hrs. decated H_2O ** u

** unripe fruits

HOW TO EXPLOIT THIS BIOMASS?



Prunus serotina is a appreciable source of phenolics in its dispersion organs.

Its containment is really expensive: ~ 830.000 € per 500 ha!

Feasability of utilizing its dispersion organs to be used as herbicides or nutraceuticals??

FRUIT EXTRACTS AS NATURAL HERBICIDES

- high occurrence of allelopatic compounds more feasable application than nutraceutics
- ?
 - stability of the amount of phytochemicals need to identify stakeholders