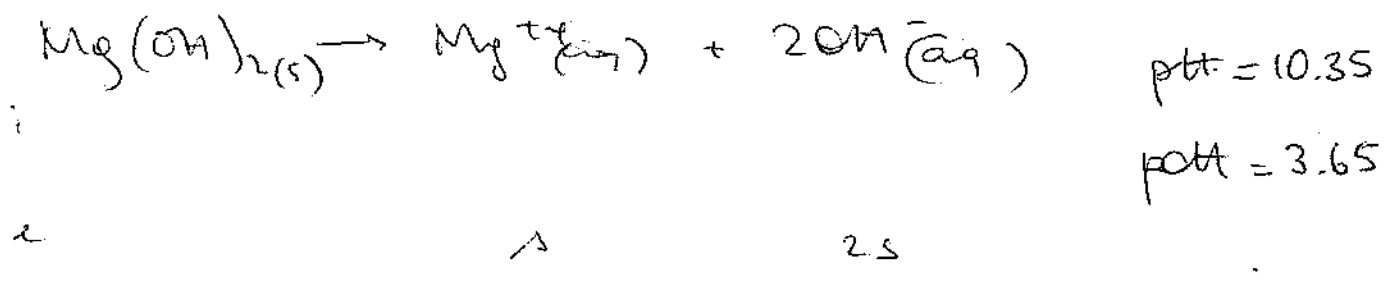
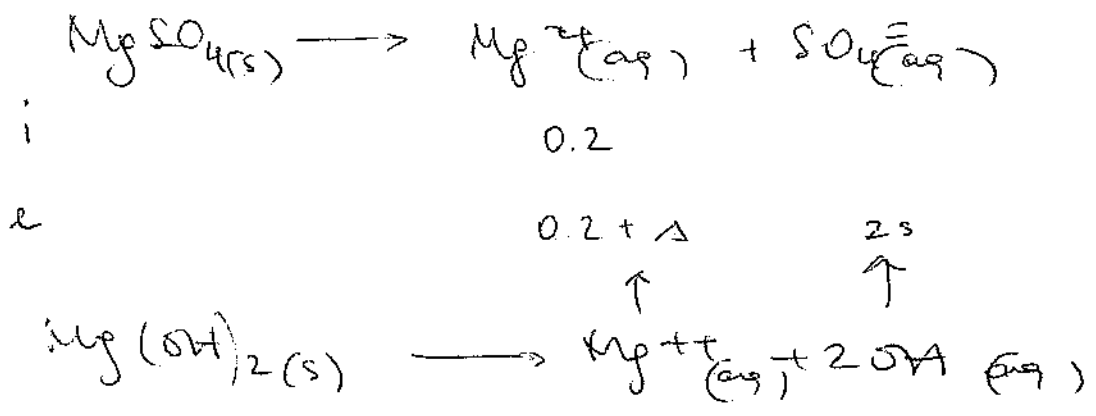


EX 1



$$2s = [\text{OH}^-] = 10^{-3.65} = 2.23 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ M}$$

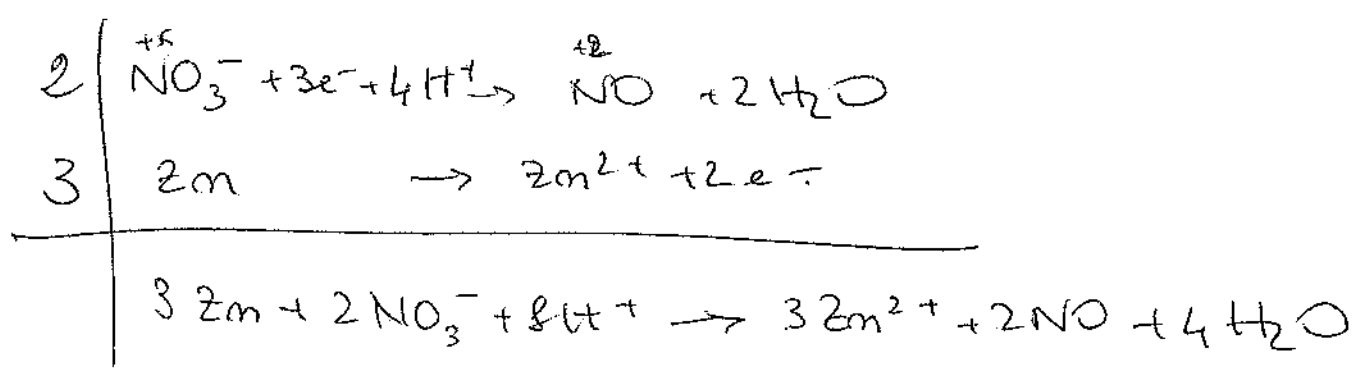
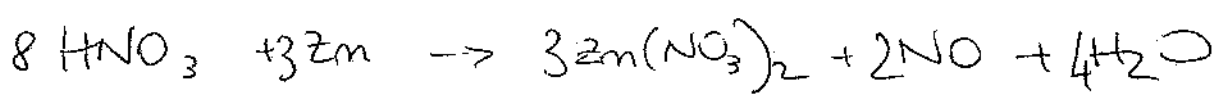
$$\boxed{K_{ps}} = [\text{Mg}^{2+}][\text{OH}^-]^2 = 4s^3 = 4 \cdot \left(\frac{2.23 \cdot 10^{-4}}{2} \right)^3 = \boxed{5.55 \cdot 10^{-12}}$$



$$K_{ps} = 5.55 \cdot 10^{-12} = (0.2 + \cancel{\Delta}) (2s)^2$$

$$5.55 \cdot 10^{-12} = 0.2 \cdot 4s^2 \Rightarrow \Delta = \sqrt{\frac{5.55 \cdot 10^{-12}}{0.2 \cdot 4}} = 2.63 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ M}$$

EX2



?
 $PV = nRT$

$$\text{mol HNO}_3 = 0.107 \text{ L} \cdot \frac{1.50 \text{ mol}}{\text{L}} = 0.160 \text{ mol}$$

$$\text{mol Zn} = \frac{2.75 \text{ g} \cdot 0.90}{65.38 \text{ g/mol}} = 0.037 \text{ mol} \quad \text{LIMITANTE}$$

$$3:2 = 0.037 \text{ mol} : x \text{ mol NO}$$

$$\text{mol NO teoriche} = 0.024 \text{ mol} \cdot 0.98 = 0.023 \text{ mol effettive}$$

$$T = (28 + 273) \text{ K} = 301 \text{ K}$$

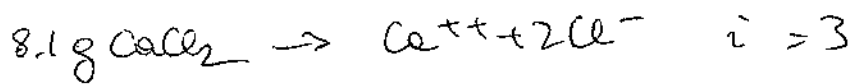
$$P = \frac{750}{760} \text{ atm} = 0.98 \text{ atm}$$

$$V = \frac{nRT}{P}$$

$$V_{\text{NO}} = \frac{0.023 \text{ mol} \cdot 0.0821 \frac{\text{atm L}}{\text{mol K}} \cdot 301 \text{ K}}{0.98 \text{ atm}}$$

$$V_{\text{NO}} = 0.579 \text{ L} = 579 \text{ mL} \quad \text{O}=\overset{\cdot}{\text{N}}-\text{O}$$

AX₂E prepara tp² ②

EX3750 g H₂O

$$\Delta T = N_{ei} \cdot m$$

$$\text{mol CaCl}_2 = \frac{8.1 \text{ g}}{75.53 \text{ g/mol}} = 0.107 \text{ mol}$$

$$m_{\text{soluto}} = \frac{0.107 \text{ mol}}{0.75 \text{ kg}} = \boxed{0.142 \text{ m}}$$

$$\Delta T = T_{\text{sol}} - T_{\text{solvente puro}} = N_{ei} \cdot m \cdot i$$

$$\Delta T = T_{\text{sol}} - 0.00^\circ \text{C} = 1.88^\circ \text{C kg/mol} \cdot 0.142 \frac{\text{mol}}{\text{kg}} \cdot 3$$

$$T_{\text{sol}} = 0.792^\circ \text{C}$$

EX4

$$C = \frac{24}{12} = 2$$

$$\text{Cl} = \frac{71}{35.5} = 2$$

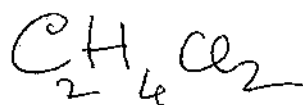
$$H = \frac{4.05}{1.01} = 4$$

CH₂Cl formula minima

$$MM_{\text{min}} = 49.48 \text{ g/mol}$$

$$MM_{\text{reale}} = 98.96 \text{ g/mol}$$

$$\frac{MM_{\text{reale}}}{MM_{\text{min}}} = 2$$

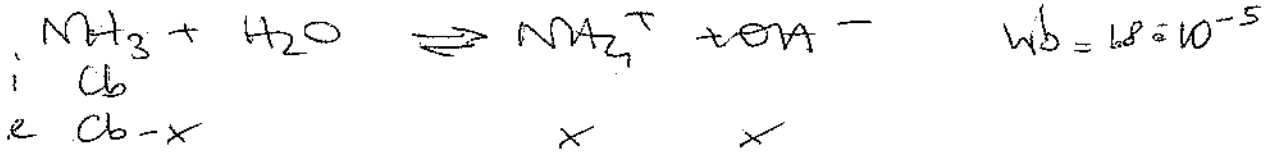


FORMULA
MOLECOLARE

EX 5

$$pH = 9.5 \Rightarrow pOH = 4.5$$

$$[OH^-] = 10^{-4.5} = x$$



$$K_b = 1.8 \cdot 10^{-5} = \frac{x^2}{C_b - x}$$

$$1.8 \cdot 10^{-5} = \frac{(10^{-4.5})^2}{C_b - 10^{-4.5}} \Rightarrow C_b = 8.70 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ M}$$

$$[NH_3] = 8.70 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ M} \Rightarrow 8.70 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ mol in 1 L}$$

$$\frac{8.70 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ mol} \cdot 17.03 \text{ g/mol}}{0.28} = 5.28 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ g } NH_3 \text{ sol}$$

$$V_{\text{mL}} = \frac{m}{d} = \frac{5.28 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ g}}{1.1 \text{ g/mL}} = 4.80 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ mL}$$

$$[OH^-] = K_b \cdot \frac{n_b}{m_s} = 1.8 \cdot 10^{-5} \cdot \frac{0.07 \text{ mol}}{0.280 \text{ mol}} = 4.5 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ M}$$

$$n_b = 0.1 \frac{\text{mol}}{\text{L}} \cdot 0.700 \text{ L} = 0.07 \text{ mol}$$

$$m_s = \frac{15 \text{ g}}{53.5 \text{ g/mol}} = 0.280 \text{ mol}$$

$$pOH = 5.34$$

$$pH = 8.66$$

4

Ex 6



$$i \quad 0.5 \quad 0.5$$

$$x \quad 0.5-x \quad 0.5-x \quad x \quad x$$

$$K_c = 1.6 = K_p$$

$$\Delta n = 0$$

$$K_c = 1.6 = \frac{x^2}{(0.5-x)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{1.6} = \frac{x}{0.5-x} = 1.264$$

$$x = 1.264(0.5-x)$$

$$x = 0.632 - 1.264x$$

$$x + 1.264x = 0.632 \Rightarrow x = 0.279 \text{ mol}$$

$$[\text{H}_2] = [\text{CO}_2] = \frac{(0.5 - 0.279) \text{ mol}}{10 \text{ L}} = 0.0221 \text{ M}$$

$$[\text{H}_2\text{O}] = [\text{CO}] = \frac{0.279}{10 \text{ L}} = 0.0279 \text{ M}$$

$$\% \text{ H}_2\text{O} = \frac{0.279 \text{ mol}}{0.5 \text{ mol}} \cdot 100 = 55.8\%$$

②