

Targeting the A-kinase Anchoring Function of PI3Kγ for Treating Cystic Fibrosis

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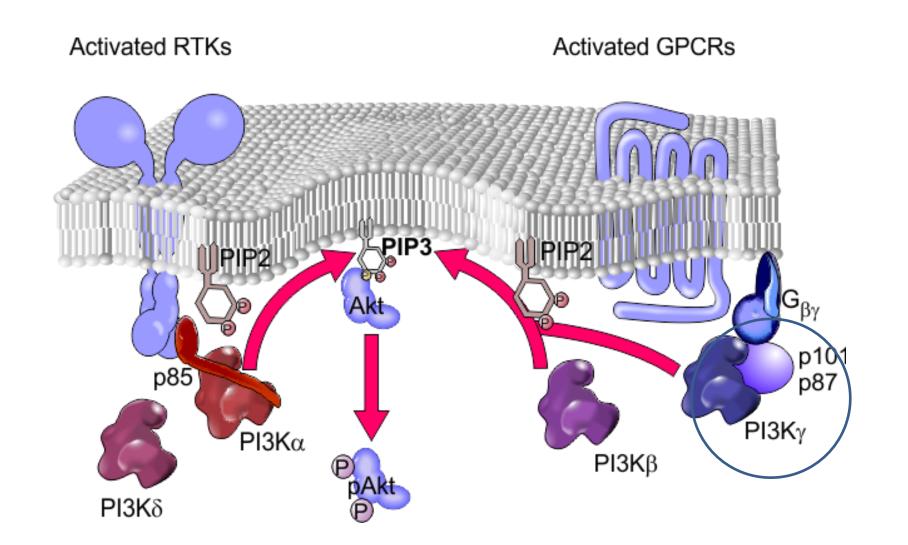


Disclosure

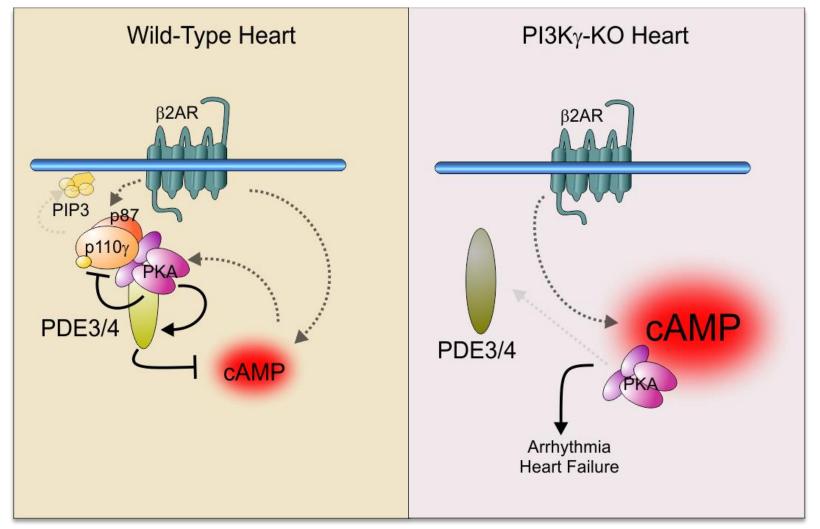
Co-founder and Board Member of Kither Biotech, a spin-off company focused on the development of the PI3K γ Mimetic Peptide for the treatment of respiratory diseases



Class I Phosphatidyl inositol 3-kinases (PI3Ks)

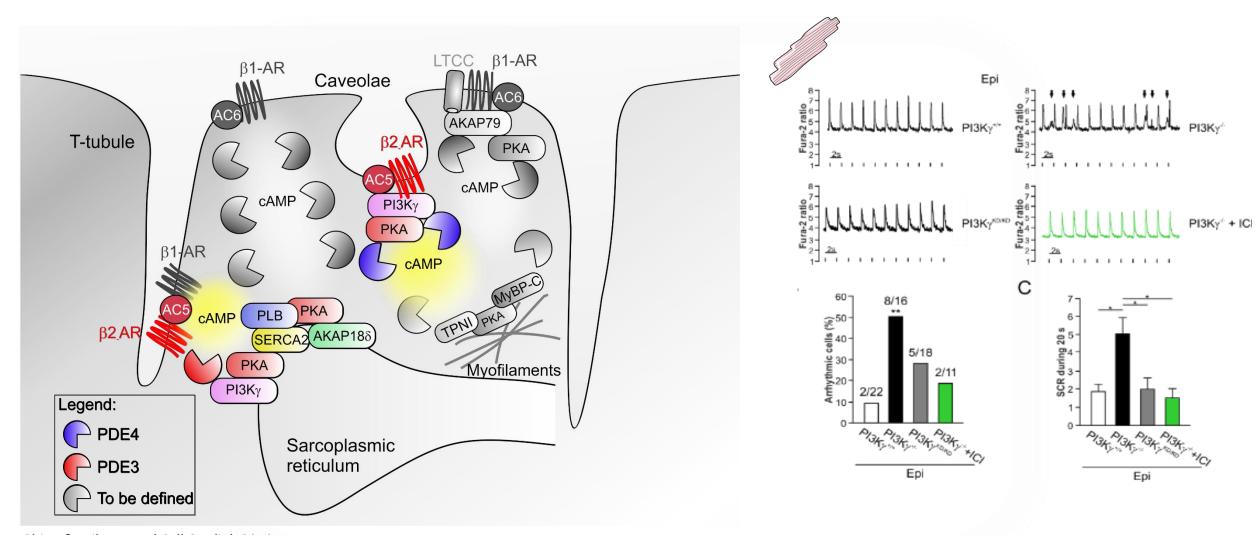


The Kinase-independent Function of PI3Kγ

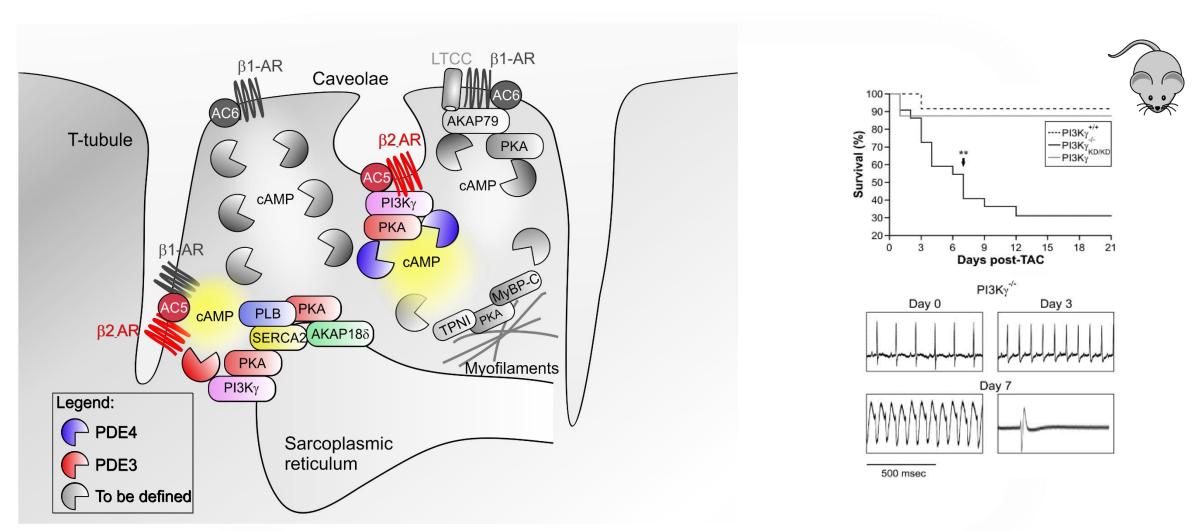


Movsesian et al., & Hirsch, 2018; Ghigo et al, Circulation 2012; Perino et al., Mol Cell 2011; Patrucco et al., Cell 2004

$β_2$ -AR-Induced Lethal Arrhythmias in PI3Kγ KO but not PI3Kγ KD Mice



β_2 -AR-Induced Lethal Arrhythmias in PI3K γ KO but not PI3K γ KD Mice



What's Bad for the Heart Might be Good for the Lungs!

cAMP is:

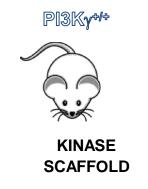


BAD for the Heart Heart failure: β-blockers

BUT

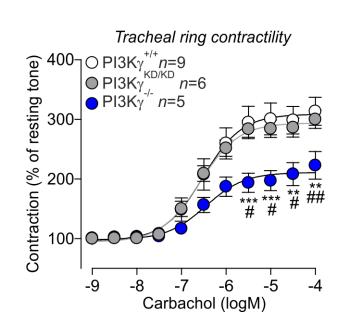


GOOD for the LUNGS Asthma: Albuterol

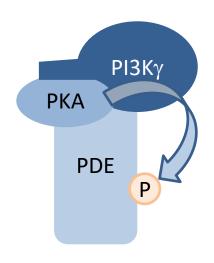








Targeting the AKAP function of PI3Kγ with a Cell-Penetrating Mimetic Peptide



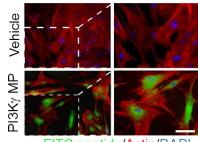
CAMP

PI3Ky MP internalization in Human Bronchial Smooth Muscle Cells

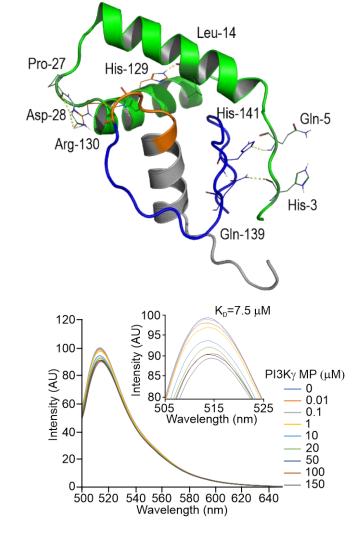
PI3Ky mimetic peptide (MP)

Penetratin 1 PI3Kγ aa 126-150

KATHRSPGQIHLVQRHPPSEESQAF



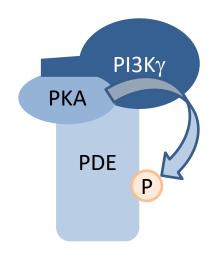
FITC peptide/Actin/DAPI hBSMCs



Hirsch et al., Science 2000 Crackower et al., Cell 2002 Patrucco et al., Cell 2004 Perino et al. Mol Cell 2011 Ghigo et al., Circulation 2012 Ghigo et al. Circ Res 2017 Lupieri et al. J Cell Sci 2020

Targeting the AKAP function of PI3Kγ with a Cell-Penetrating Mimetic Peptide

ΡΙ3Κγ ΜΡ



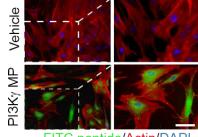
сАМР

PI3Ky MP internalization in Human Bronchial Smooth Muscle Cells

PI3Ky mimetic peptide (MP)

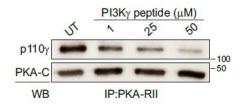
Penetratin 1 PI3Ky aa 126-150

KATHRSPGQIHLVQRHPPSEESQAF

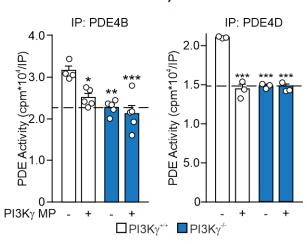


FITC peptide/Actin/DAPI hBSMCs

Disruption of PKA/PI3K γ binding by the PI3K γ MP

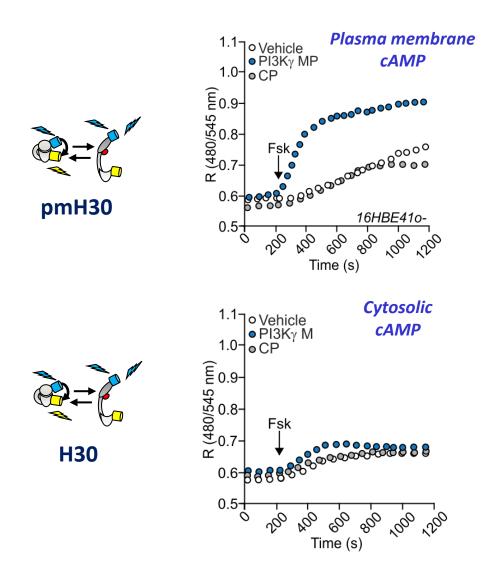


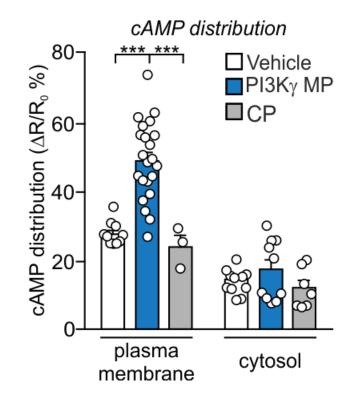
PDE4B and PDE4D inhibition by the $PI3K\gamma MP$



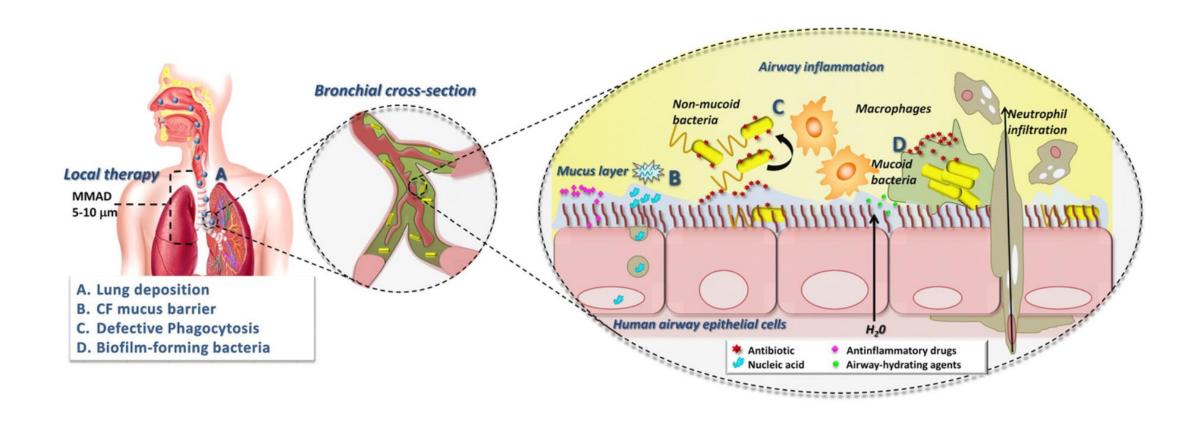
Hirsch et al., Science 2000 Crackower et al., Cell 2002 Patrucco et al., Cell 2004 Perino et al. Mol Cell 2011 Ghigo et al., Circulation 2012 Ghigo et al. Circ Res 2017 Lupieri et al. J Cell Sci 2020

PI3Ky MP Triggers a Compartmentalized cAMP Elevation in Lung Cells



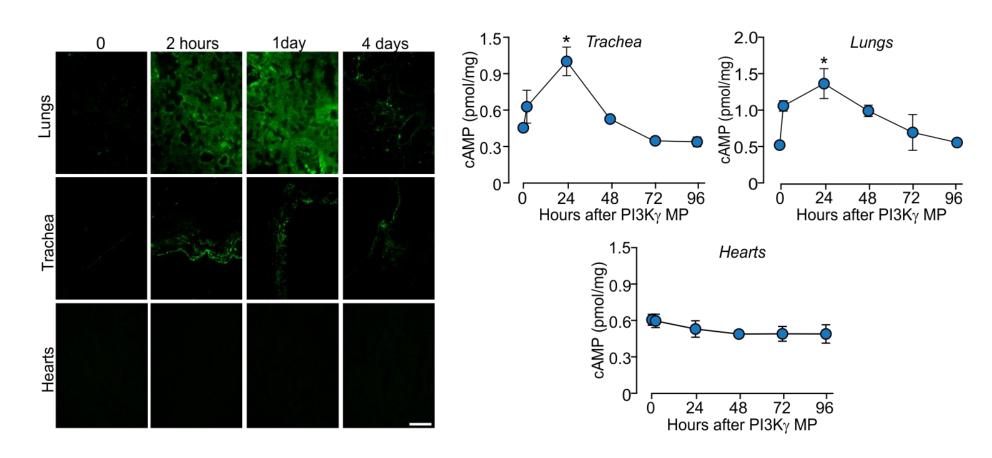


Challenges in the Development of Inhaled Treatments for Airway Diseases

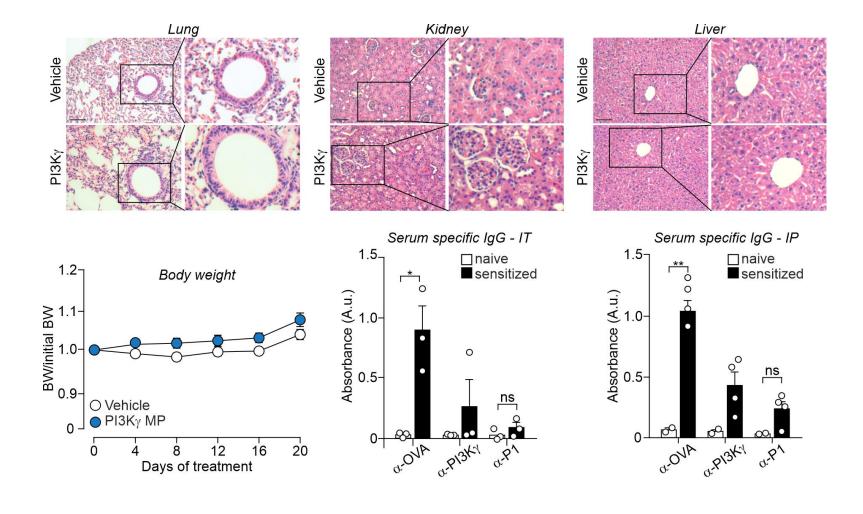


Inhaled PI3Ky MP Promotes Long-lasting cAMP Elevation in the Lungs

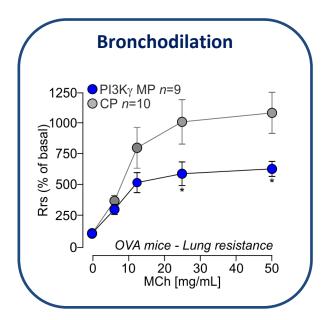




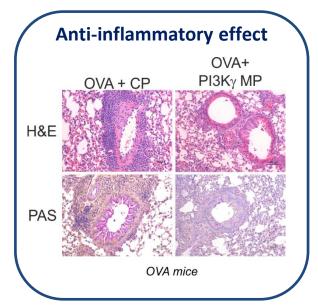
PI3Ky MP has a Good Tolerability Profile



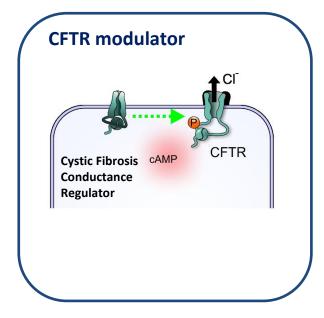






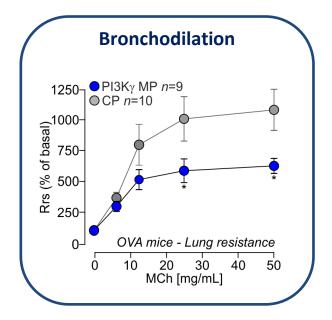




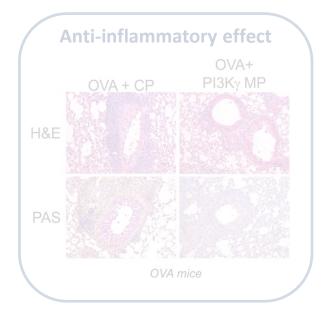




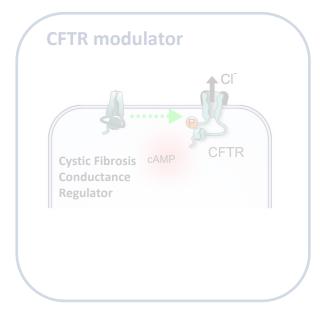
Smooth Muscle Cells



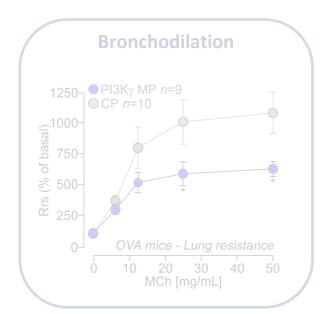




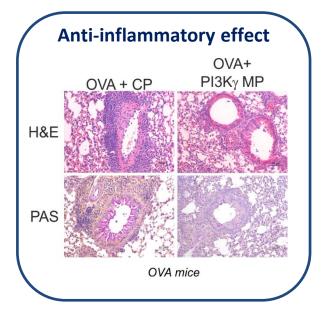




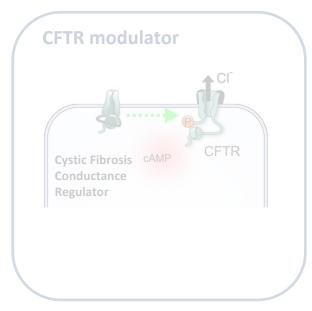






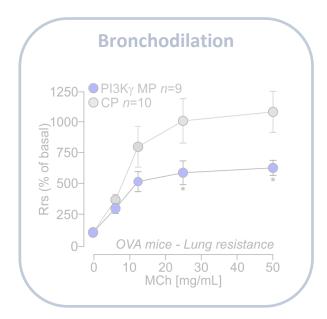




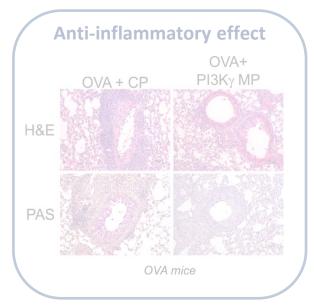




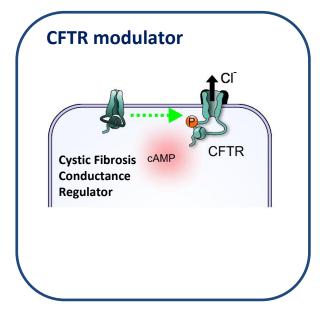




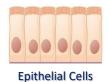


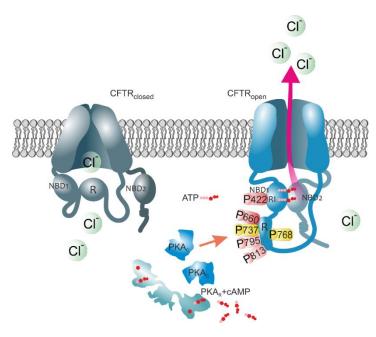




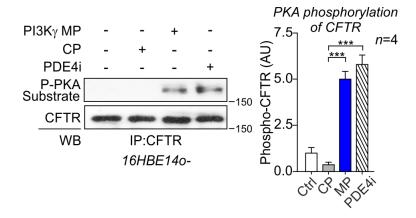


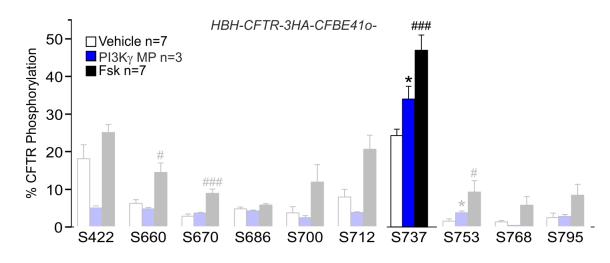
The PI3Ky MP promotes cAMP-mediated phosphorylation of the CFTR





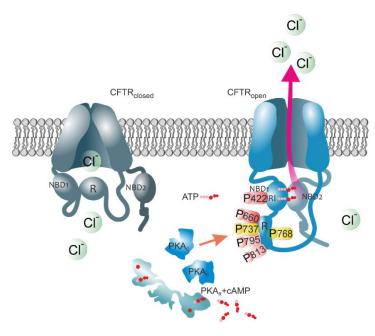
Della Sala A (and Ghigo) Front Physiol 2021



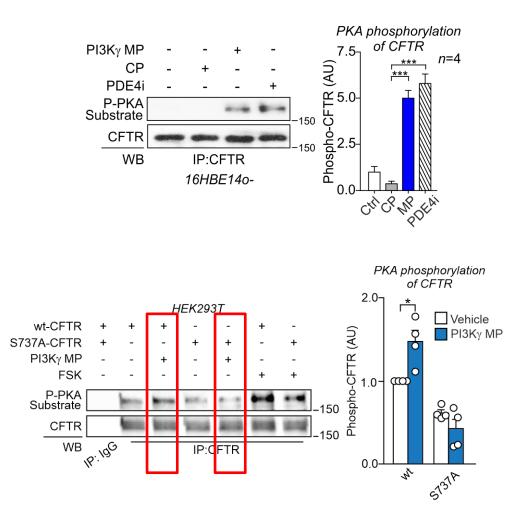


The PI3Ky MP promotes cAMP-mediated phosphorylation of the CFTR



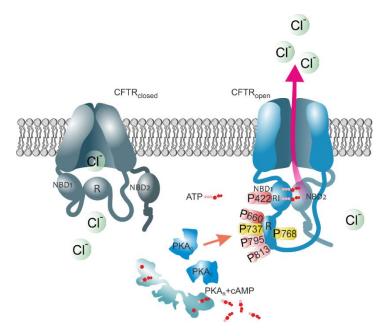


Della Sala A (and Ghigo) Front Physiol 2021

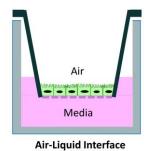


The PI3Ky MP Triggers CFTR Opening

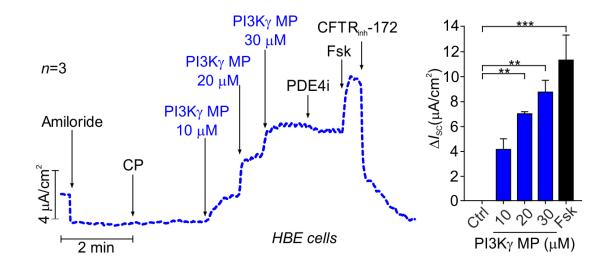




Della Sala A (and Ghigo) Front Physiol 2021



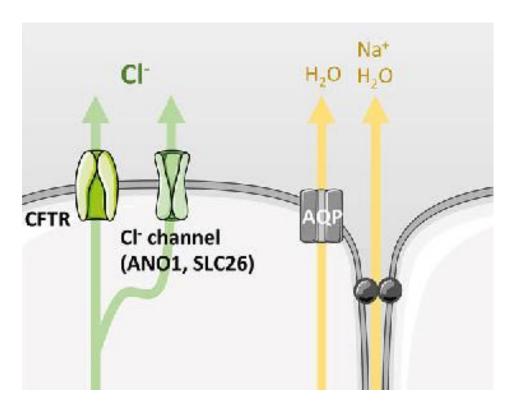
Short circuit current measurements in human primary bronchial epithelial cells



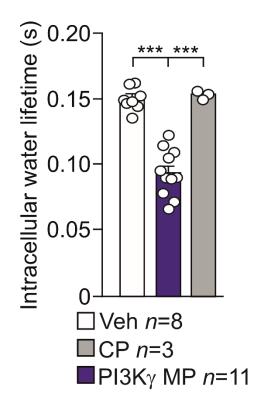
The PI3Ky MP Induces Water Secretion from Epithelial Cells



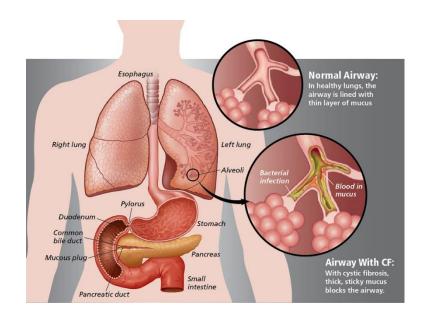
Mucus Hydration



Water residence time (τin) determined by 1H NMR relaxometry

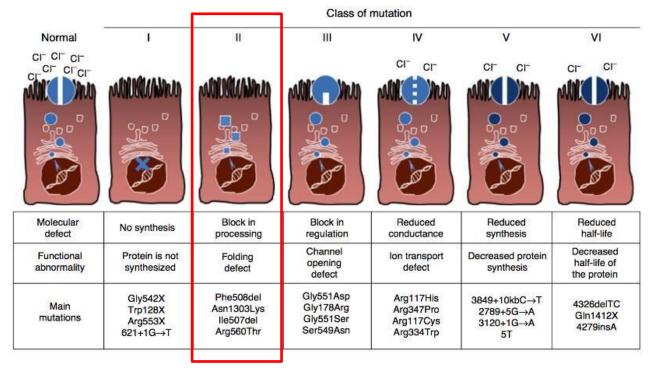


CFTR Dysfunction is the Basic Defect in Cystic Fibrosis

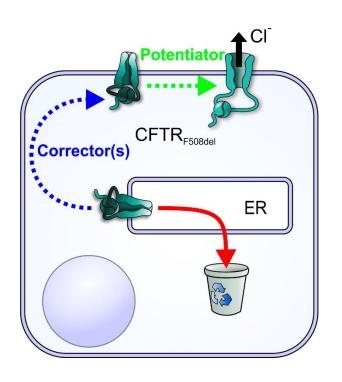


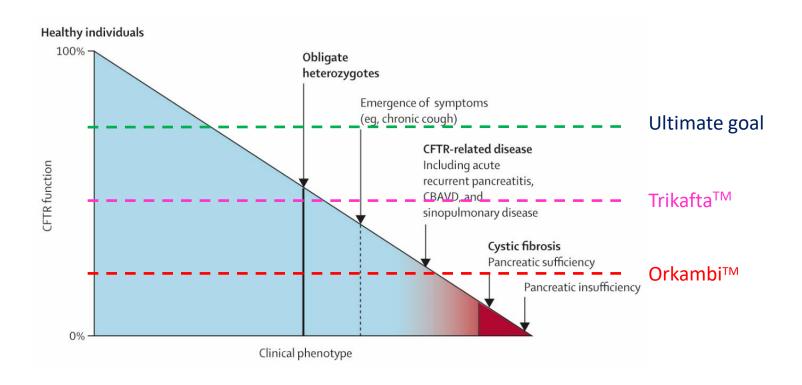
- Cystic Fibrosis is the most common among rare genetic diseases, affecting more than 80000 patients worldwide
- It is caused by mutations in the CFTR gene, encoding for a cAMP-regulated chloride channel
- ➤ It is a multiorgan syndrome, with respiratory failure being the major cause of death
- Median predictive survival: 44 years
- No effective treatment available

90% of patients: F508del

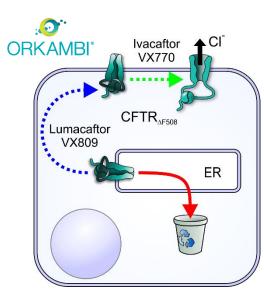


Approved CFTR modulators only Partially Rescue F508del-CFTR Function

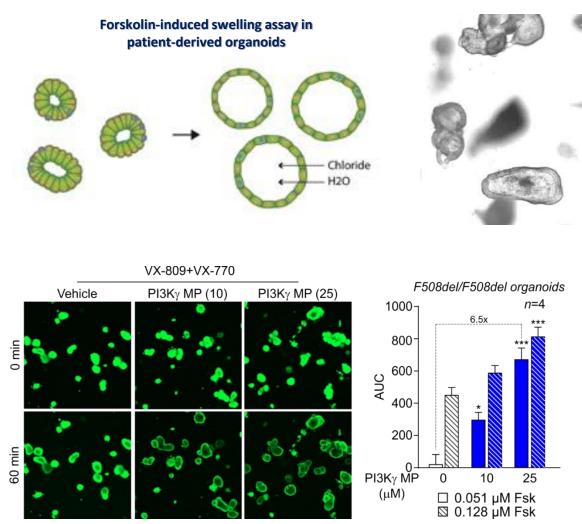




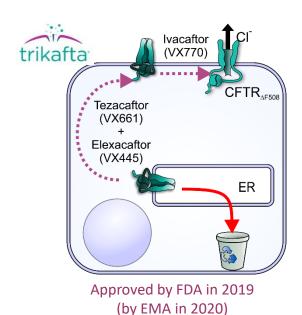
The PI3Kγ MP Potentiates the Effect of CFTR Modulators by 6 folds in F508del Organoids



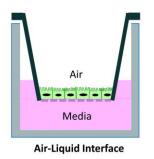
Approved by FDA in 2015 despite limited efficacy (<4% lung function improvement)

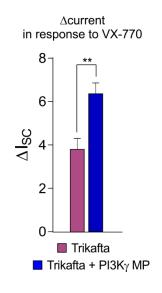


The PI3Kγ MP Doubles the Effect of the Recently Approved Combination TrikaftaTM

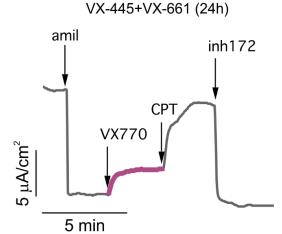


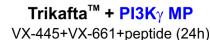
Short circuit current measurements in patient-derived bronchial epithelial cells (F508del/F508del)

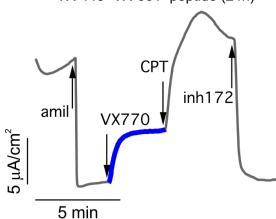




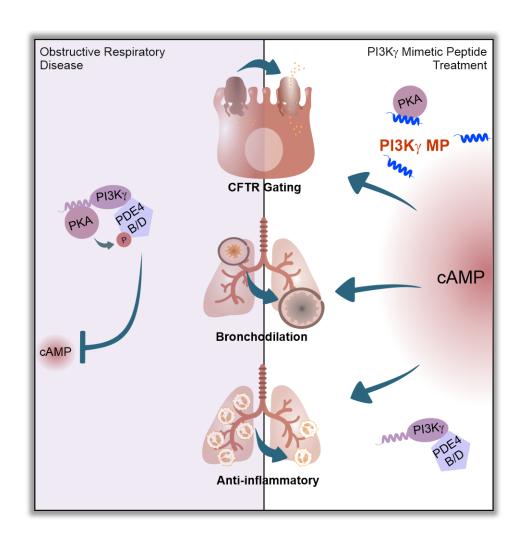
Trikafta[™] alone







Conclusion I



- > PI3Kγ MP inhibits a specific pool of subcortical PDE4B and D increasing cAMP in a compartments that contain β2-ARs
- Inhaled PI3Kγ MP promotes long-lasting cAMP elevation in the lungs, triggering airway smooth muscle relaxation and reduced neutrophil infiltration
- In epithelial cells, PI3Kγ MP elevates cAMP in the vicinity of CFTR triggering PKA-mediated phosphorylation of the activating serine 737
- PI3Kγ MP potentiates the effects of existing CFTR modulators in rescuing F508del-CFTR function

Future directions:

Does PI3Kγ MP directly rescue the function of cAMPresponsive CFTR mutants, like class III-IV R117H, A455E, R334W, T338I, G551D, S549R?

KIT2014 as Orphan Drug

KIT2014 (Pat. Appl. WO 2016/103176)



Patent Approved in EU & USA

 Orphan Drug Designation(Feb. 2017) by European Medicine Agency (EMA)



Orphan Drug Designation

 "Scientific Advice" obtained from EMA for preclinical development (Oct. 2018)



Scientific Advice from EMA



Kither Biotech Plan



EMA Recommendation GLP-certified toxicological and safety studies in rodents and non-rodents

Phase 1/2a clinical trial

Phase 2b clinical trial

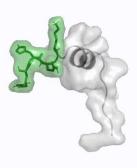
Today







Conclusion





- PI3Kγ/PKA peptide disruptors are valuable tools for manipulating β2-AR/cAMP signaling in the lungs by mimicking the core of the native interaction of PI3Kγ with PKA.
- PI3Kγ/PKA peptide disruptors are suitable for inhalation and can overcome the biological barriers imposed by diseased lungs
- \triangleright PI3Kγ MP (KIT2014) is in advanced stage of preclinical development.
- Further preclinical testing is requited to prove the feasibility and the safety for an inhaled therapy based on DRI-Pep#20.



Acknowledgements

University of Torino - IT

Mentor: Emilio Hirsch

Ghigo's lab

Alessandra Murabito Angela Della Sala Giulia Guerra Marco Mergiotti

Paola Peretto Rebecca Priolo Sophie Cnudde Former members
Valentina Sala
Giulia Prono
Michele Russo

<u> University of Genova - IT</u>

Pietro Ameri Edoardo Lazzarini

University of Napoli - IT

Carlo Gabriele Tocchetti Flora Pirozzi

University of Padova - IT

Marco Mongillo Tania Zaglia Nicola Pianca Anna Di Bona

University of Roma - IT

Sebastiano Sciarretta

<u>Universität Giessen, Giessen –</u>

GERMANY

Rainer Schulz

Universidade Federal de Minas Gerais

Belo Horizonte, BRASIL

Mauro M. Teixeira Braulio H.F. Lima

<u>Universidade Federal do</u> Ceara/UFC, Fortaleza, BRASIL

Roberto Cesar P. Lima-Junior

University of North Carolina at

Chapel Hill - USA

Martina Gentzsch

University of Genova - IT

Nicoletta Pedemonte

University of Montreal - CANADA

Gergely Lukacs

Aiswarya Premchandar

Charité Universitätsmedizin Berlin

- GERMANY

Marcus Mall

University of Bonn - GERMANY

Bernd Fleischmann













